

A new french infrastructure for satellite and in situ data and services on the earth system

M. Diament, F. Huynh, R. Moreno, Nicolas Baghdadi, C. Blanke, E. Deschamps Ostanciaux, G. Maudire, N. Papineau, A Chambodut

▶ To cite this version:

M. Diament, F. Huynh, R. Moreno, Nicolas Baghdadi, C. Blanke, et al.. A new french infrastructure for satellite and in situ data and services on the earth system. 27th IUGG (International Union of Geodesy and Geophysics) General Assembly, Jul 2019, Montreal, Canada. pp.1, 2019. hal-02609808

HAL Id: hal-02609808 https://hal.inrae.fr/hal-02609808v1

Submitted on 16 May 2020

HAL is a multi-disciplinary open access archive for the deposit and dissemination of scientific research documents, whether they are published or not. The documents may come from teaching and research institutions in France or abroad, or from public or private research centers.

L'archive ouverte pluridisciplinaire **HAL**, est destinée au dépôt et à la diffusion de documents scientifiques de niveau recherche, publiés ou non, émanant des établissements d'enseignement et de recherche français ou étrangers, des laboratoires publics ou privés.



DATA:: A New French Infrastructure for Satellite and in situ Data and Services on the Earth System

M. Diament¹, F. Huynh², R. Moreno³, N. Baghdadi⁴, C. Blanke⁵, E. Deschamps-Ostanciaux⁶, G. Maudire⁷, N. Papineau⁸, A. Chambodut⁹



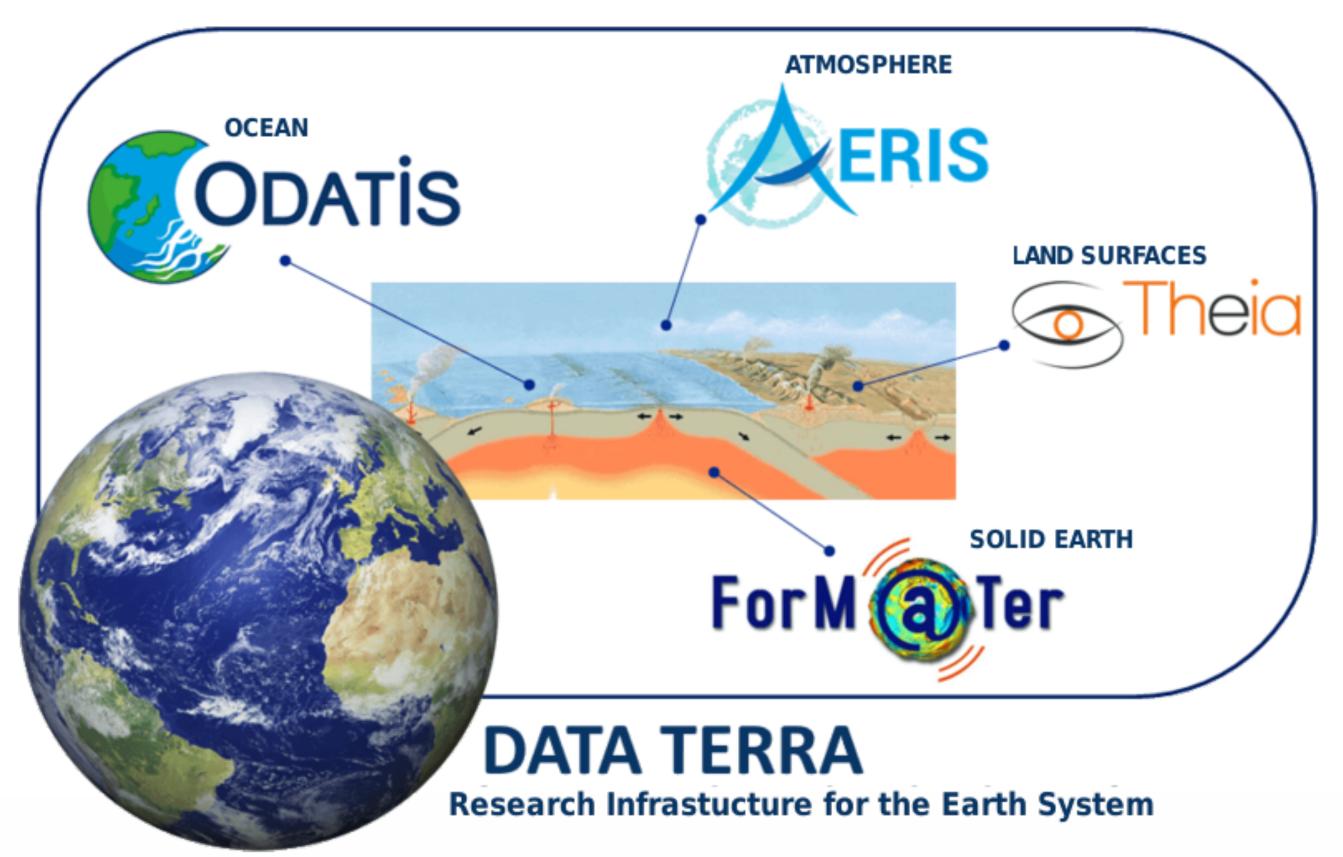


(1) Institut de Physique du Globe de Paris, Université de Paris, ForM@Ter, Paris, France; (2) Infrastructure de Recherche Data Terra, CNES-CNRS-IFREMER-IGN-IRD-IRSTEA-METEO France; (3) CNES, 18-Avenue E. Belin, Toulouse, France; (4) IRSTEA, Université de Montepellier, Théia, Montpellier, France; (5) CNRS, Aeris, Paris, France; (6) CNRS, Institut de Physique du Globe de Paris, Paris, France; (7) IFREMER, Odatis, Brest, France; (9) EOST, Université de Strasbourg-IPGS, ForM@Ter, Strasbourg, France

Context

Studying the structure and understanding processes acting in the Earth system at various temporal and

spatial scales in order also to predict its evolution and extreme events demand an easy and interoperable access to the numerous observation data acquired on ground, in oceans, from space,... regardless their nature and mode of collection. Indeed, to study the Earth System today requires to take into account processes acting in each terrestrial component but also to understand how they interact. In the meantime, the fantastic evolution of the observation techniques results in an unprecedented increase of the rate and volume of data acquisition. This requires innovative plan easing analysis, dissemination and smart use of data and models from national and international observing systems on the entire Earth System and their access by the scientific community, public policy actors and citizens.



Scientific and technical objectives

Our project federates for the time being four data and services poles dedicated to the four physical compartments of the Earth System: Aeris for the atmosphere, Odatis forthe oceans, Theia for continental surfaces and ForM@Ter for the solid Earth. Our goal is to give an easyaccess to data (mainly satellite and in situ) and to generate derived products usable byall modeling) (including scientific communities studying our globe as well as by public policy actors.





















Data and Services poles



30

Scientific expertises centers

150

Scientific, ingineers, technicians

Activities

Technical working axes

Data search and access

- Catalog and metacatalog
- Ontologies
- ° Thesaurus
- ° Data model

Authentication & authorization

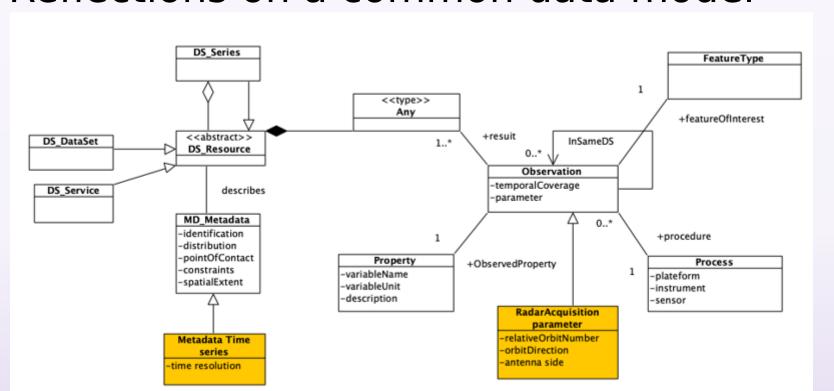
Architecture

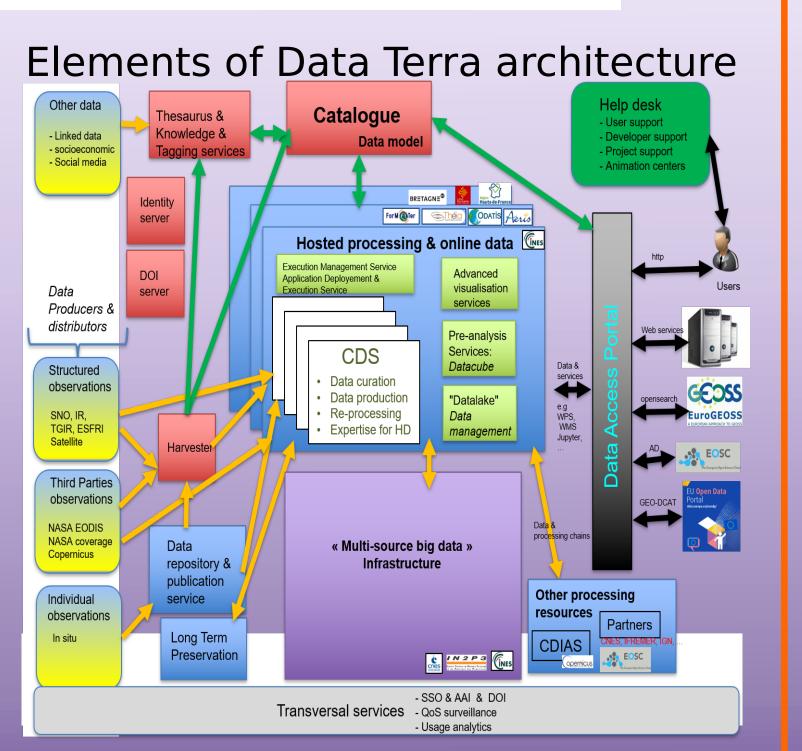
Digital Object Identifier

Licences

Data Warehouse and advanced delivery tools

Reflections on a common data model





GLImpSE - A new generation of lonked Earth Search Engine

EOSC-PILLAR

GO FAIR

ANR Flash Open data science

Prototype of HPC (High Performance Computing)/ **Data Infrastructure for On-demand Services**

This project aims to develop and implement prototypes for the exploitation of Earth Sciences spatial and environmental data of by relying on intensive computing capabilities (HPC).

It will start in November 2019 until 2022.

Data Terra manages the WorkPackage 3 for technical coordination of the whole project.

The project will develop datasets which will be ad into the EOSC catalogues.

European Open Science Cloud

The EOSC Pillar project is based on the Open Science concept and FAIR data services and

practices to promote them in all communities using scientific data. The kick-off meeting held in early July 2019.

Data Terra is particularly involved in WP6 EOSC in action: Use cases and community-driven pilots

This Work Package collects use cases based on the requirements of scientific communities.

Each use case "demonstrator" will analyze different tools and services for data FAIRisation and the type of governance according to the needs of the user community.

ENVRI-FAIR

PHIDIAS

years?