

RumimiR: a detailed microRNA database focused on ruminant species

Céline Bourdon, Philippe Bardou, Etienne Aujean, Sandrine Le Guillou, Fabienne Le Provost, Gwenola Tosser-Klopp

▶ To cite this version:

Céline Bourdon, Philippe Bardou, Etienne Aujean, Sandrine Le Guillou, Fabienne Le Provost, et al.. RumimiR: a detailed microRNA database focused on ruminant species. 70. Annual Meeting of the European Federation of Animal Science (EAAP), European Federation of Animal Science (EAAP). INT., Aug 2018, Gand, Belgium. hal-02738039

HAL Id: hal-02738039 https://hal.inrae.fr/hal-02738039v1

Submitted on 2 Jun 2020

HAL is a multi-disciplinary open access archive for the deposit and dissemination of scientific research documents, whether they are published or not. The documents may come from teaching and research institutions in France or abroad, or from public or private research centers.

L'archive ouverte pluridisciplinaire **HAL**, est destinée au dépôt et à la diffusion de documents scientifiques de niveau recherche, publiés ou non, émanant des établissements d'enseignement et de recherche français ou étrangers, des laboratoires publics ou privés.

RumimiR: a detailed microRNA database focused on ruminant species

Bourdon Céline¹, Bardou Philippe^{2, 3}, Aujean Etienne¹, Le Guillou Sandrine¹, Tosser-Klopp Gwenola² Le Provost Fabienne^{1*}

In recent years, the increasing use of Next Generation Sequencing technologies to explore the genome has generated large quantities of data. For microRNAs, more and more publications have described several thousand sequences, all species included. In order to obtain a detailed description of microRNAs from the literature for three ruminant species (bovine, caprine and ovine), a new database has been created: RumimiR. To date, 2,887, 2,733 and 5,095 unique microRNAs of bovine, caprine and ovine species, respectively, have been included. In addition to the most recent reference genomic position and sequence of each microRNA, this database contains details on the animals, tissue origins and experimental conditions available from the publications. Identity with human or mouse microRNA is mentioned. The RumimiR database enables data filtering, the selection of microRNAs being based on defined criteria such as animal status or tissue origin. For ruminant studies, RumimiR supplements the widely used miRBase database by browsing and filtering using complementary criteria, and the integration of all published sequences described as novel. The principal goal of this database is to provide easy access to all ruminant microRNAs described in the literature.

¹ GABI, INRA, AgroParisTech, Université Paris-Saclay, Jouy-en-Josas, France

² GenPhySE, Université de Toulouse, INRA, ENVT, Castanet-Tolosan, France

³ Sigenae, INRA, Castanet-Tolosan, France