

Dynamic and structural studies of lipid droplets using synchrotron light

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DYNAMIC AND STRUCTURAL STUDIES OF LIPID DROPLETS USING SYNCHROTRON LIGHT **##**jpb

∆groParis**Tech**

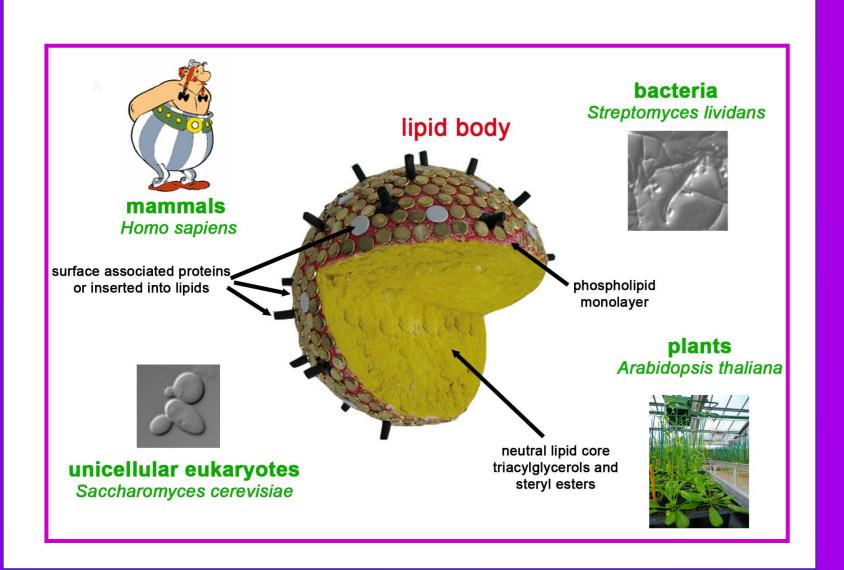


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CONTEXT

Lipid droplet: a complex and dynamic organelle

In cells, neutral lipids (triglycerides and steryl esters) are stored in organelles called lipid droplets (LDs) [1]. They are present in all organisms, from bacteria to plants and animals.



Lipid droplets: not well known but with rising interest

From biologists

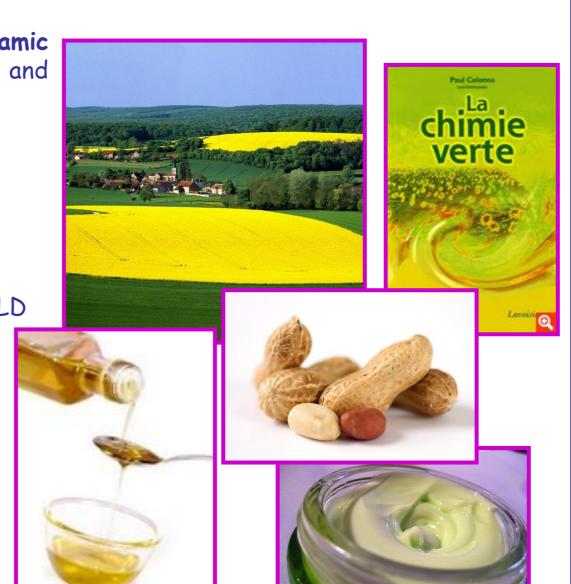
→ LD is not an inert fat depot but a dynamic organelle which regulates cell metabolism and signaling

From medical field

- → LDs have a crucial role in diseases with increasing prevalence (obesity, diabetes) [2]
- →Oleosins (from peanut and hazelnut), seed LD associated proteins are allergens [3].

From industrials

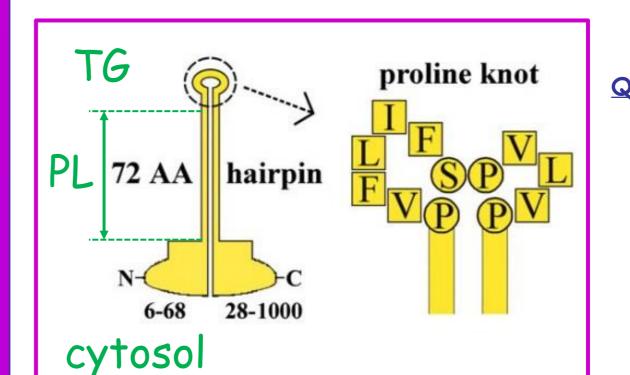
- crushing: oils for food and non food productions are extracted from seed LDs
- ⇒ food processing industry, cosmetic and health: oleosins harbor interfacial properties and could be use as emulsifying agents or in drug delivery systems [4]



Oleosins, seed lipid body associated proteins

Oleosins, AtOle1 and AtClo1, are LD integral proteins Predicted structure = tri-block organization [5]:

- → variable N-terminal and C-terminal part, exposed at the surface and in contact with the cytosol
 - ⇒ highly hydrophobic central part inserted into the phospholipid (PL) monolayer and/or the triacylglycerol (TG) core.

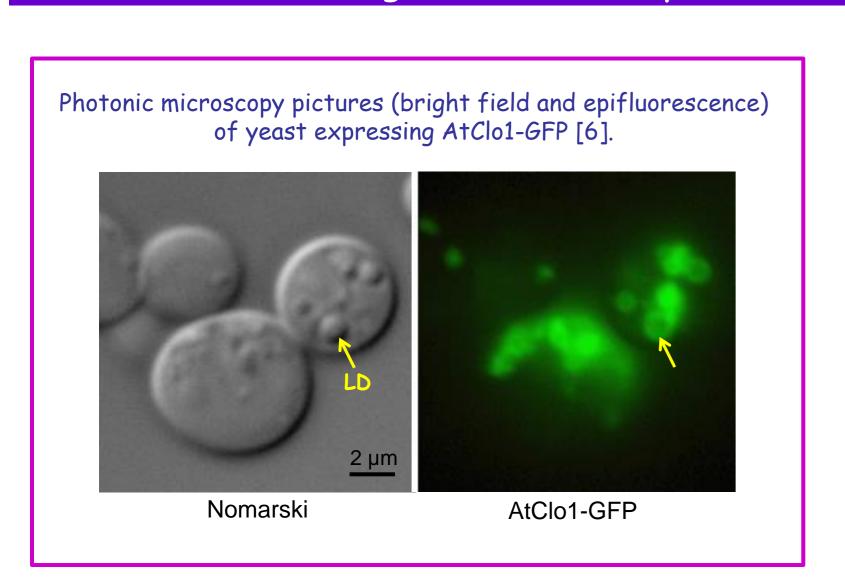


Questions and objectives

- → Role on lipid filling
- → Role on LD structure and stabilization
- → Structural data on oleosins inserted into LD (natural environment)

HETEROLOGOUS EXPRESSION OF PLANT OLEOSINS IN YEAST

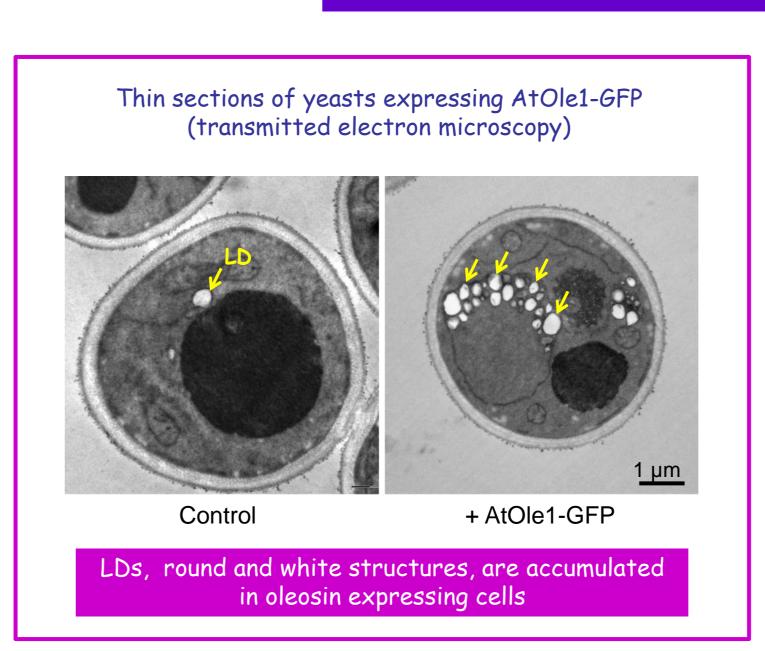
Oleosins are targeted to LDs in yeast

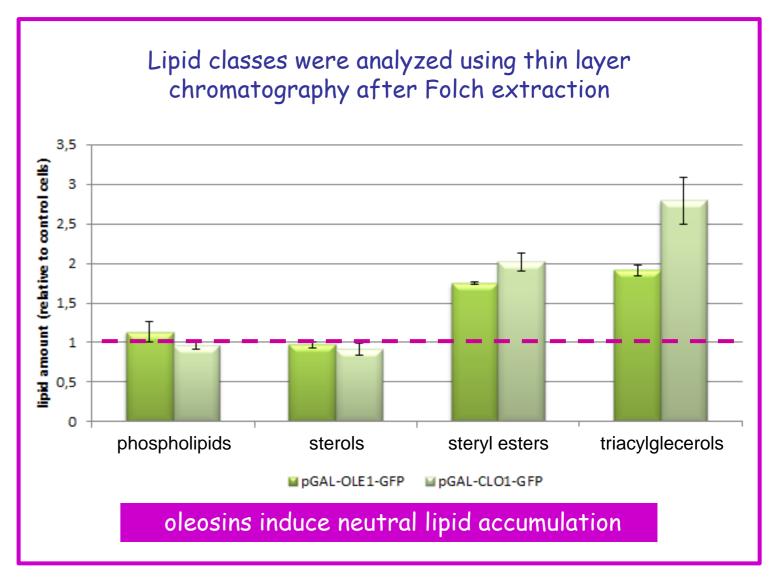


Ole1 and Clo1 become the major proteins associated with yeast LDs

SDS-PAGE protein profiles of LDs purified on sucrose gradient 200 kDa 1 control **2** + Ole1 116.3 kDa 97.4 kDa **3** + Ole1-GFP 66.3 kDa ----55.4 kDa Ole1-GFP 36.5 kDa 31 kDa 21.5 kDa ← Ole1 14.4 kDa

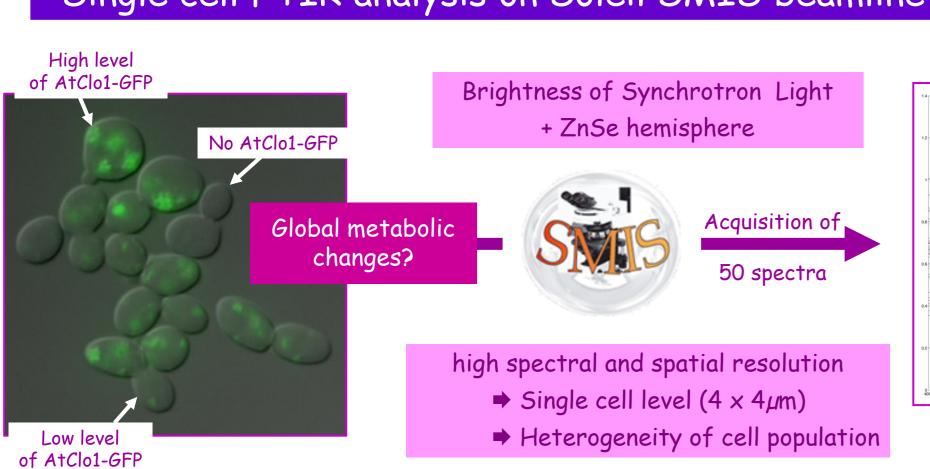
Oleosins induce LDs and lipid accumulation

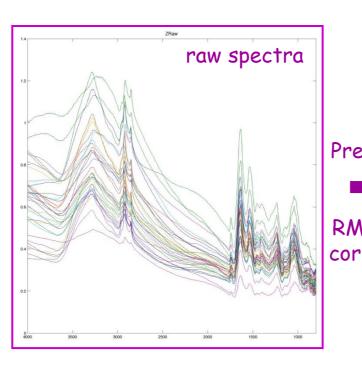


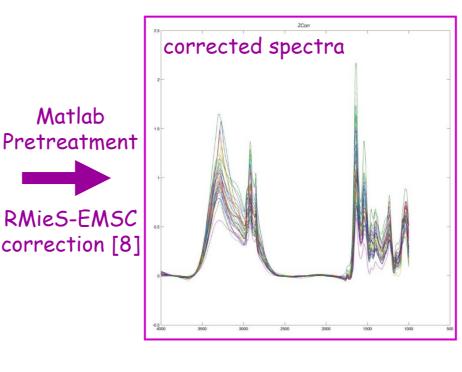


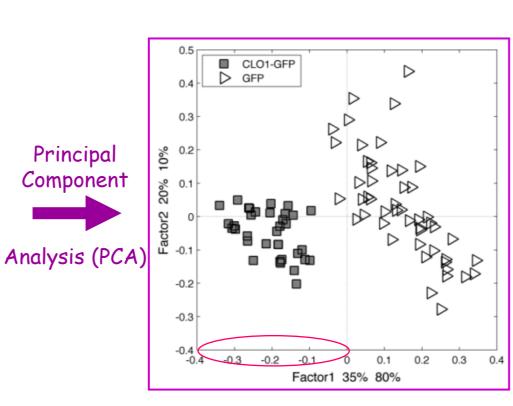
DYNAMIC STUDY USING SYNCHROTRON FTIR

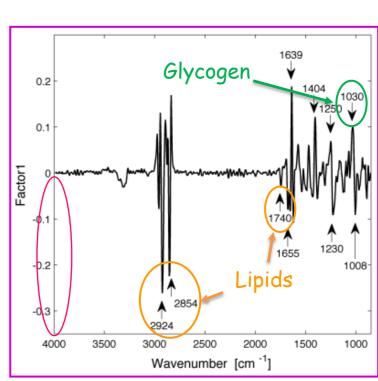
Single cell FTIR analysis on Soleil SMIS beamline revealed a link between neutral lipid and carbohydrate fluxes [7].













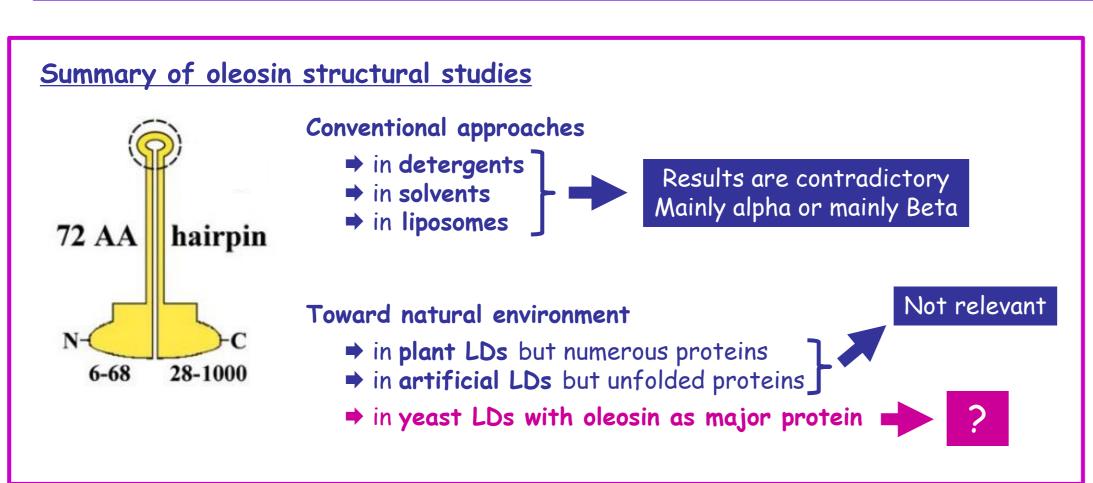
Metabolic modifications were

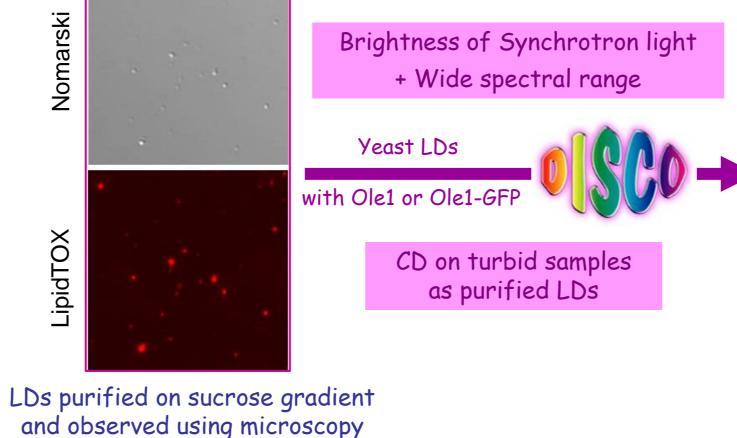
confirmed using biochemical analysis

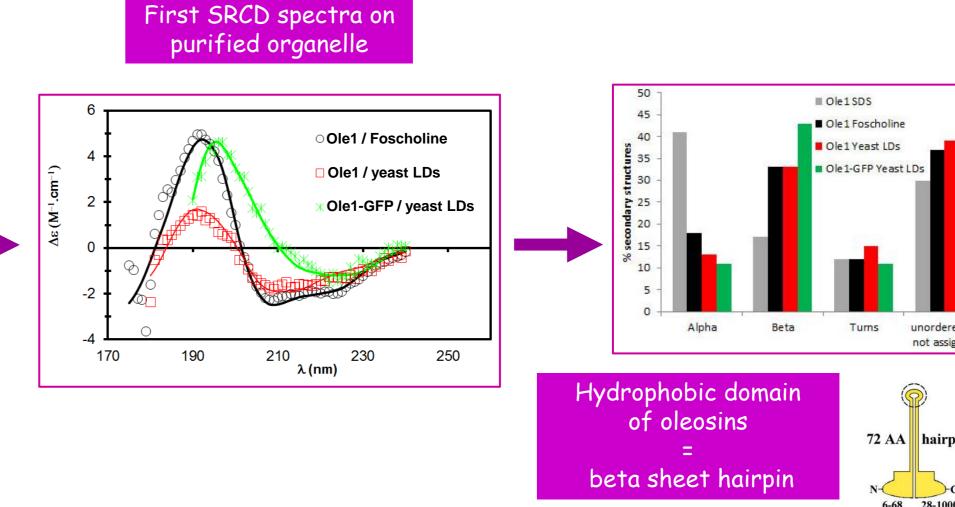
steryl esters glycogen

STRUCTURAL STUDY USING SRCD

SRCD at DISCO beamline revealed that Ole1 is mainly beta folded when inserted in LDs [9]





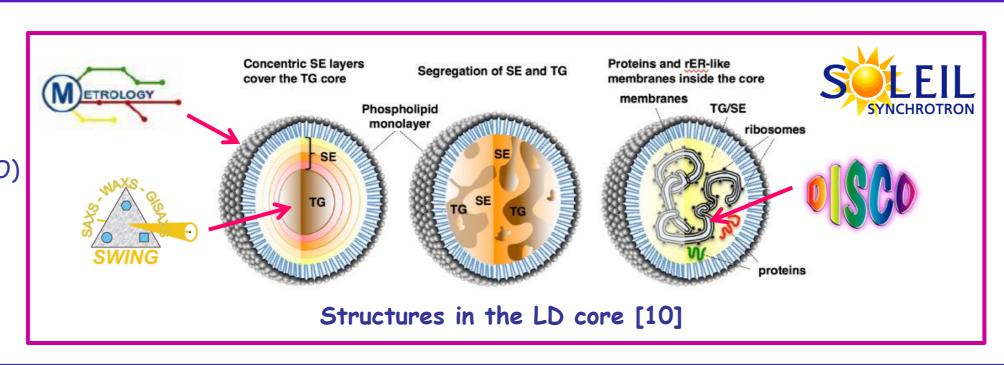


Perspectives on LD study

Lipid core organization?

- ⇒ Small-angle X-ray scattering SAXS (SWING)
- → Membrane fluidity using fluorescence anisotropy (DISCO) → Protein mapping using Deep UV (DISCO)
- ⇒ 3D imaging with UV (DISCO)

LD and other cell compartments? ⇒ 3D imaging with UV (DISCO)



Structural studies on LD proteins

Other oleosins ⇒ SRCD on Ole3 in LDs (DISCO)

⇒ Synchrotron water radiolysis footprinting of accessible amino-acids (METROLOGY)

Protein with hairpin hydrophobic core ⇒ Stomatin in progress, caveolin?, GPAT4? HCV core protein?

Other LD proteins → Perilipins, Apolipoproteins

