

Autocrine/paracrine IGF-1 plays a critical role in determining bone size prenatally and early postnatally

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Elevated levels of serum IGF-1 restore peak bone properties and mechanical functionality in the absence of autocrine/paracrine IGF-1

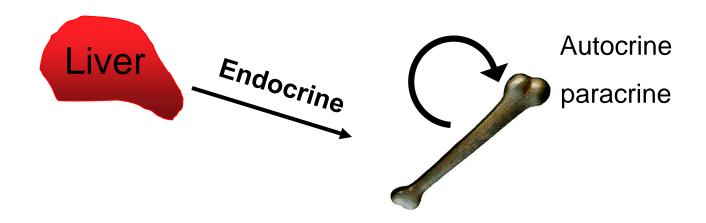


MOUNT SINAI SCHOOL OF MEDICINE

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IGF-1 is an endocrine, and autocrine/paracrine modulator of growth and metabolism

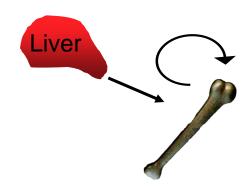


Aim:

To test whether elevated serum IGF-1 levels can support skeletal growth and integrity in the complete absence of tissue IGF-1

Control





Normal serum IGF1 levels

Normal tissue IGF1 levels

HIT

Hepatic IGF-1 Transgene



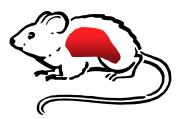
TTR promoter



High serum IGF1 levels **Normal** tissue IGF1 levels

KO-HIT

Total IGF-1 KO+ Hepatic IGF-1 Transgene



TTR promoter

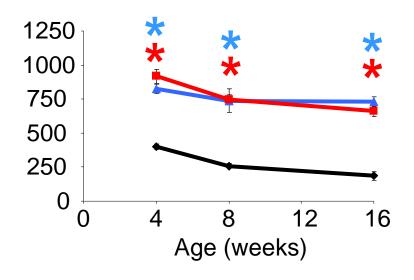


High serum IGF1 levels

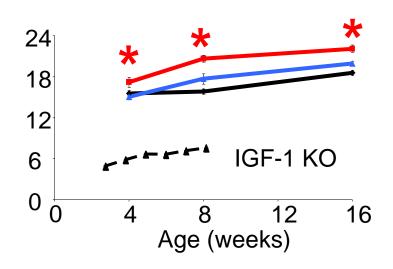
NO tissue IGF1

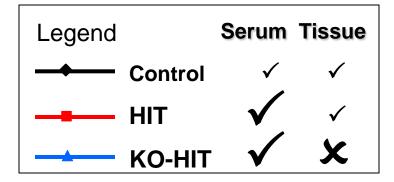
High levels of endocrine IGF-1 increase body weight

Serum IGF-1 (ng/mL)



Body Weight (g)





Micro Computational Tomography

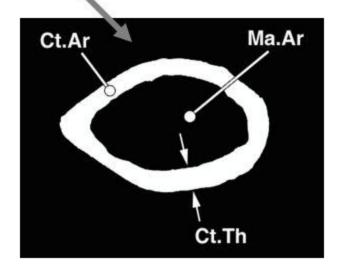


Morphology

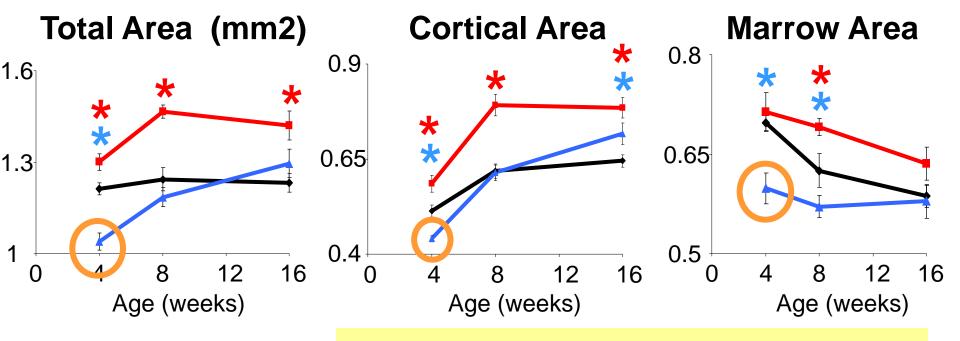
Dynamic µCT

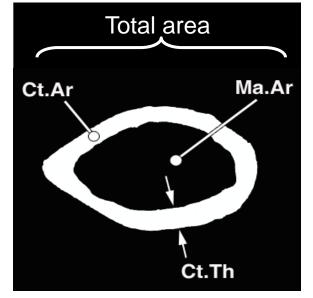
Midshaft of femur

Bone Compartment size

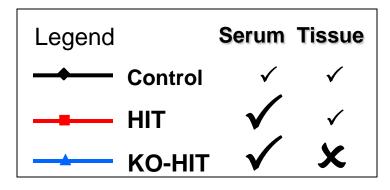


Cortical bone

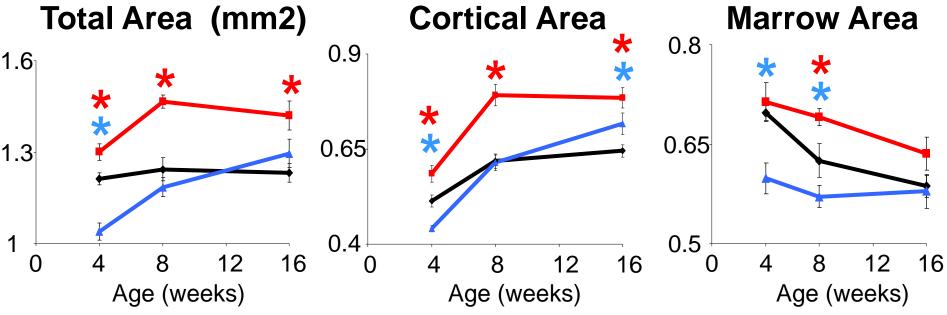


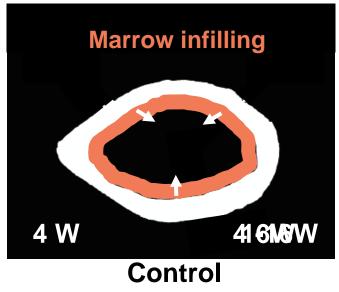


Autocrine/paracrine IGF-1 critical for early growth (before 4w)

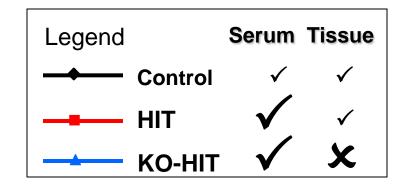


Cortical bone

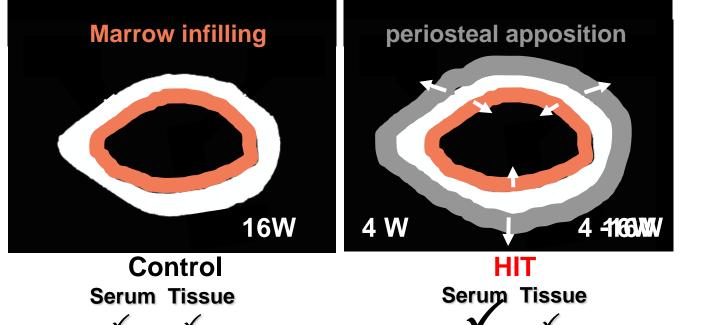




Serum Tissue



Cortical bone Total Area (mm2) **Cortical Area Marrow Area** 8.0 0.9 **1.6**₁ 0.65 0.65 1.3 1 0.4 0.5 16 8 12 8 12 16 8 16 0 Age (weeks) Age (weeks) Age (weeks) **Marrow infilling** periosteal apposition



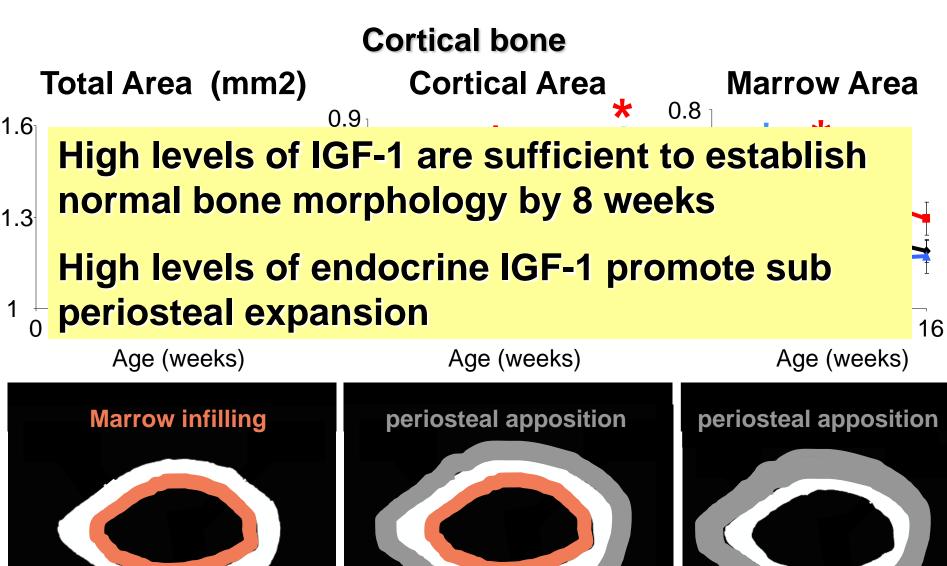
Cortical bone Total Area (mm2) **Cortical Area Marrow Area** 8.0 0.9 1.6 0.650.65 1.3 1 0.4 0.5 16 8 12 12 16 16 0 Age (weeks) Age (weeks) Age (weeks) **Marrow infilling Periosteal apposition Periosteal apposition** 16W 16W 4 W **Control** HIT

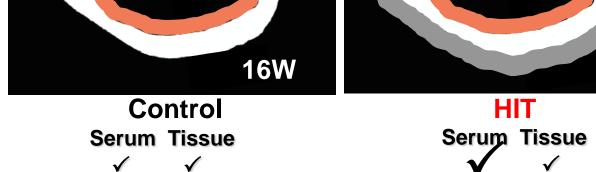
Serum Tissue

Serum Tissue

KO-HIT
Serum Tissue

6

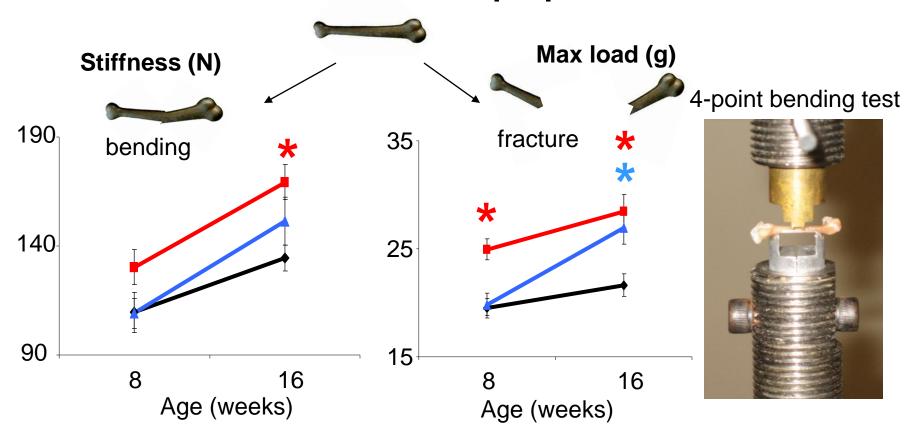






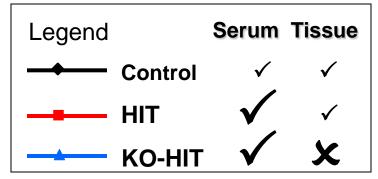
16W

Mechanical properties

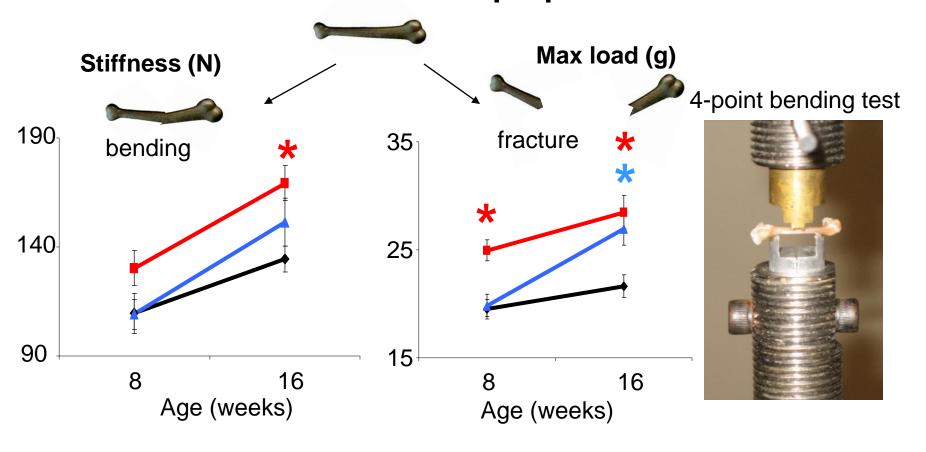




HIT cortices max load KO-HIT cortices = max load =

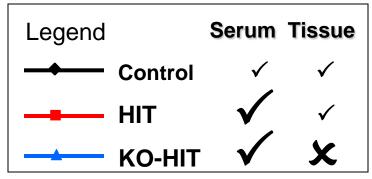


Mechanical properties

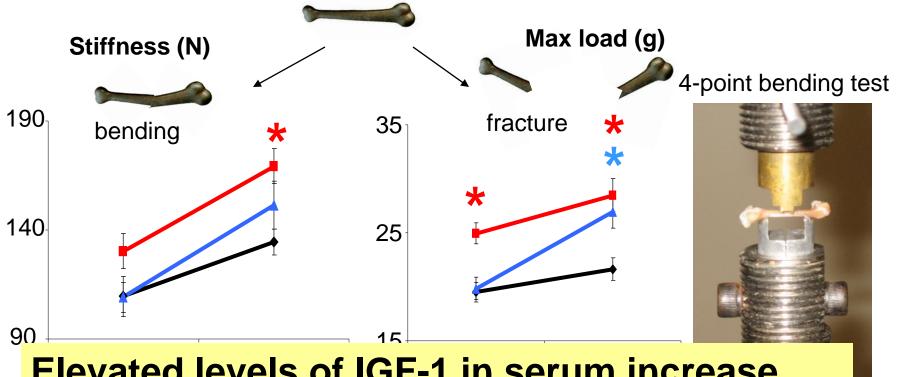




HIT cortices max load KO-HIT cortices max load



Mechanical properties



Elevated levels of IGF-1 in serum increase bone mechanical properties

Elevated levels of IGF-1 compensate for a lack of local IGF-1 both morphologically and mechanically







Summary

Postnatally, elevated serum IGF-1 levels:

- > increase in body weight.
- > increase bone morphological traits
- > increase in mechanical properties.

Tissue IGF-1 is critical for neonatal and early postnatal growth (before 4w).

Elevated serum IGF-1 levels fully compensate for a postnatal absence of tissue IGF-1:

Morphologically & Mechanically

Acknowledgments

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Hui Sun

Yingjie Wu

Clifford Rosen



Valerie Williams



Karl J Jepsen

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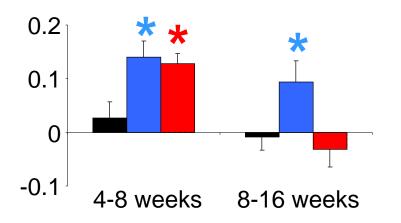


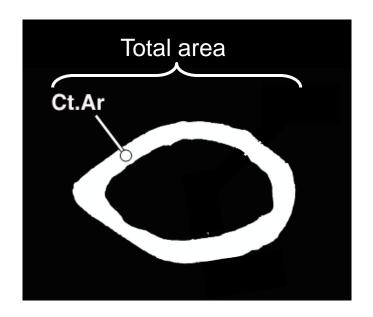
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THANK YOU

Increased serum IGF-1 levels accelerate growth rate

Growth rate of TtAr





Growth rate of CtAr

