Reduced Models (and control) of in-situ decontamination of large water resources

Antoine Rousseau, Alain Rapaport

Reduced Models (and control) of in-situ decontamination of large water resources

Antoine ROUSSEAU,
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In honor of my "brother in sciences" Claudius

June 9th, 2017, SFC2MAC, Xiamen

Joint work with Alain Rapaport (INRA)

Outline

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Applicative Framework

Polluted Taihu (algae), Yangtze Delta plain, Wuxi, China.

Courtesy Desert Research Institute

Objectives :

- use a bioreactor to remove pollution from the lake
- do it as efficiently as possible

Bioremediation problem

Flow rate Q

Lake

Bioreactor
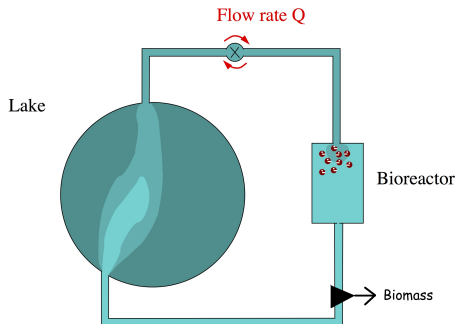
Biomass

Parameters and unknowns

- V_L and V_R the volumes of the resource and bioreactor,
- X_R the biomass concentration in the bioreactor,
- S_L and S_R the pollutant concentrations,
- $\mu(\cdot)$ the biomass growth law,
- $Q = Q(t)$ the pump discharge, controlled by the user.

Outline

ODE-based model : the homogeneous case $S_L = S_L(t)$

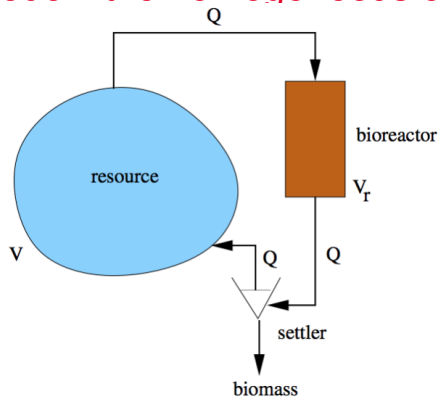$$\begin{cases} \dot{X}_R &= \mu(S_R)\,X_R &- \dfrac{Q}{V_R}\,X_R, \\[2mm] \dot{S}_R &= -\mu(S_R)\,X_R &+ \dfrac{Q}{V_R}(S_L - S_R), \\[2mm] \dot{S}_L &= \dfrac{Q}{V_L}(S_R - S_L), \end{cases}$$

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Chemostat equations :

J. Monod (1910-1976)

ODE-based model : the homogeneous case $S_L = S_L(t)$

$$
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\dot{X}_R &=& \mu(S_R)\,X_R & -\dfrac{Q}{V_R}\,X_R, \\[2mm]
\dot{S}_R &=& -\mu(S_R)\,X_R & +\dfrac{Q}{V_R}(S_L - S_R), \\[2mm]
\dot{S}_L &=& \dfrac{Q}{V_L}(S_R^\infty - S_L), &
\end{cases}
$$

Slow-fast approximation :

$$
\varepsilon = V_R/V_L \ll 1
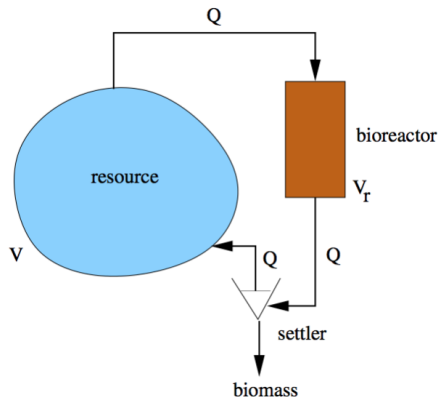$$

Reference : Gajardo et al, Automatica 2011.

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Slow-fast approximation :

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Theorem (case $\mu(X) = \mu X$)

For any $X_R(0) > 0$ and $S_R(0) = S_L > 0$, our system has a unique global solution. In addition, there exists a critical flow rate $Q_c > 0$, depending on S_L, such that asymptotically :

- if $Q > Q_c$, then $\big(S_R(s), X_R(s)\big)$ converges towards $(S_L, 0)$,
- if $0 < Q < Q_c$, then $\big(S_R(s), X_R(s)\big)$ converges towards (S_R^∞, X_R^∞) with $S_R^\infty = \dfrac{Q}{\mu V_R} < S_L$.

Optimal flow rate for the bioremediation (linear μ)

Back to the lake equations...

$$\dot{S_L} = \frac{Q}{V_L}\left(\frac{Q}{\mu\,V_R} - S_L\right),$$

What is the best flow rate Q?

Optimal flow rate for the bioremediation (linear μ)

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$$\dot{S_L} = \frac{Q}{V_L}\left(\frac{Q}{\mu V_R} - S_L\right),$$

What is the best flow rate Q?

$$Q(t) = \frac{\mu V_R}{2} S_L(t)$$

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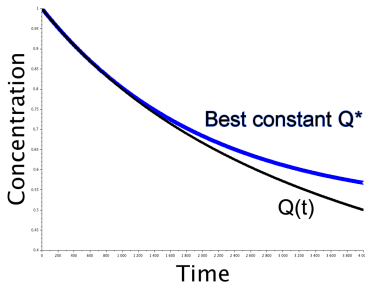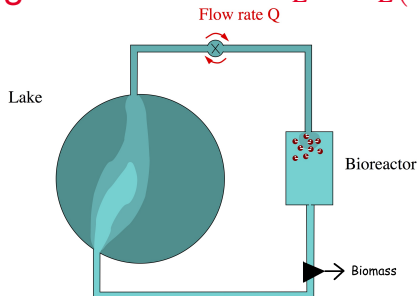What is the best flow rate Q?

$$Q(t) = \frac{\mu\,V_R}{2}S_L(t)$$

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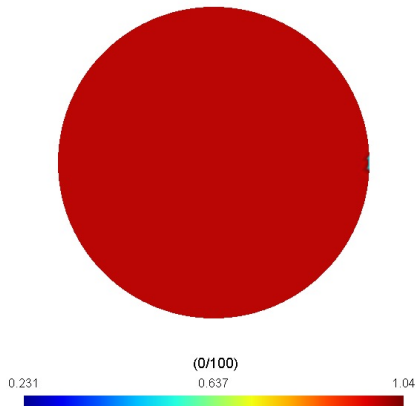# The non-homogeneous case : $S_L = S_L(t, x, y)$

Navier Stokes & transport equations in the resource

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{rcl} \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + u \cdot \nabla u - \nu_u \Delta u + \nabla p & = & 0, \\[2mm] \nabla \cdot u & = & 0, \\[2mm] \frac{\partial S_L}{\partial t} + u \cdot \nabla S_L - \nu_S \Delta S_L & = & 0. \end{array} \right.$$
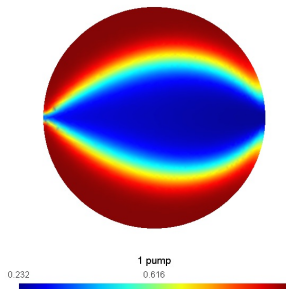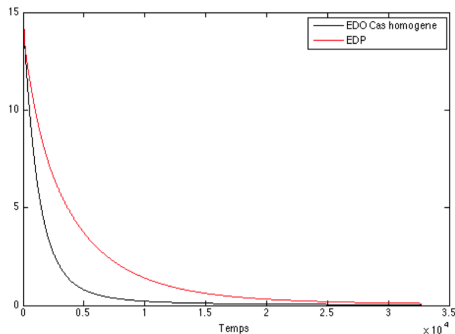
Boundary conditions

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} u_{in}(t) = \mathcal{A} \times Q(t), \\ u_{out}(t) = \mathcal{A} \times Q(t), \\ \text{B.C on } S_L \end{array} \right.$$

Simulations

Circular lake : 1 pump

Comparing models

Pollution concentration in the lake
with ODE (black) and PDE (red)

Outline

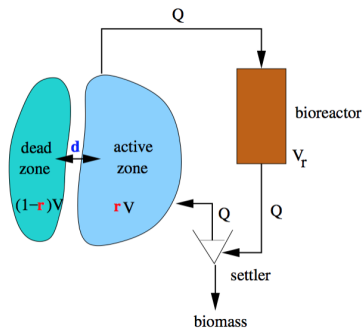# Active and dead zones model

New ODE model

$$\dot{X} = \mu(S_R)X - \frac{Q}{V_R}X,$$

$$\dot{S_R} = -\mu(S_R)X + \frac{Q}{V_R}(S_1 - S_R),$$

$$\dot{S_1} = \frac{Q}{V_1}(S_R - S_1) + \frac{d}{V_1}(S_2 - S_1),$$

$$\dot{S_2} = \frac{d}{V_2}(S_1 - S_2).$$

Active and dead zones model

New ODE model
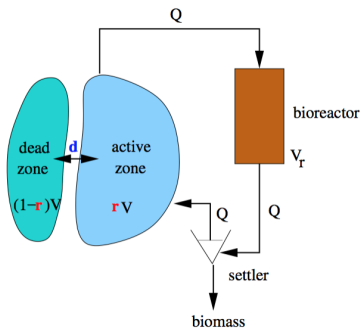
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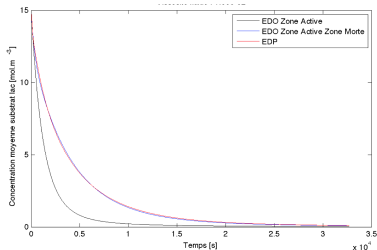Existence, uniqueness, optimal control for two zones

Gajardo, Ramírez, Rapaport, Riquelme. Bioremediation of natural water resources via optimal control techniques.
BIOMAT 2011, 178-190, World Sci. Publ., Hackensack, NJ, 2012.

Two parameters we can play with : $\dfrac{V_1}{V_1 + V_2}$ and d.

Comparing models (with A. Rapaport and S. Barbier)

Optimization on the parameters $\dfrac{V_1}{V_1 + V_2}$ and d

Pollution concentration in the lake
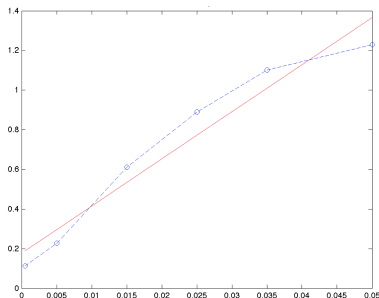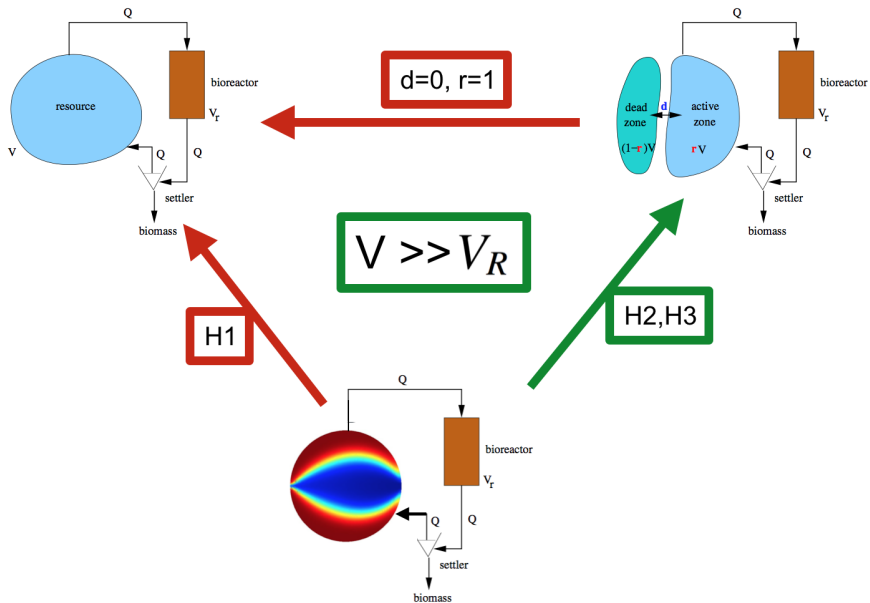1 ODE (black)
2 ODEs (blue)
PDE (red)

Best parameter d vs viscosity ν_S (dashed blue)
Best meansquare fit (plain red)

In summary...

Conclusion

The "take home" message is...

- we have designed a first model and questioned it,
- we proposed a more complicated (too much?) one,
- we took an intermediary model, which seems satisfactory, on which optimal control can be done.

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Certainly not...

Sino-French project ANSWER:

Analysis and Numerical Simulation of Water Ecosystems in Response to anthropogenic environmental changes
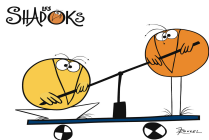
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The more we fail, the more chances we have to succeed

Thank you for your attention

A few references...

- P. Gajardo, J. Harmand, H. Ramírez, A. Rapaport and V. Riquelme
  Minimal time bioremediation of natural water resources. Automatica 2011

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  BIOMAT 2012

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  http://agreg.org/Textes/public2016-B4.pdf, 2012.

- A. Rapaport, A. Rousseau and J. Harmand.
  Procédé de traitement d'une ressource fluide, programme d'ordinateur et module
  de traitement associés. Patent No : FA 78 4546 - FR 13 55129, 2014.

- S. Barbier, A. Rapaport et A. Rousseau.
  Modelling of biological decontamination strategies of a water resource in natural
  environment. Journ. Sci. Comp, 2016.

- A. Rousseau, A. Rapaport, A. Pacholik and C. Leininger
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