

UMR Agroecology's research

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UMR 'AGROÉCOLOGIE' RESEARCH INRA, Dijon, France

Christophe Salon, UMR Agroécologie, INRA, Dijon, France

Context and Challenges

Context

- Increase of the world population: 2010=6.8 Md→2050~9 Md ⇔ Increased demand of food provision
- Decrease of the arable lands: Arable land/person 0.38 ha (1970) \rightarrow 0.23 ha (2000) \rightarrow 0.15 ha (2050)
- Increase of the inputs
 - ✓ fertilizers with limited resources (P) or with high energy cost (NO_3^-, NH_4^+)
 - ✓ pesticides with possible threats for agricultural products, soils and water
 - ✓ water contributing to geopolitical tensions
- Acceleration of climate change, to which agriculture is subjected but also contributes.
 Lack of sustainability of the current situation
- On the top of food provision, expectation of agro-ecosystems to deliver :
 - supporting services (primary production)
 - regulation services (climate regulation, pest regulation, water purification



- Necessity for a paradigm change
- Agronomic and environmental challenges
 - Provide agricultural products in high enough quantity and quality
 - ✓ Decrease the use of inputs
 - ✓ Preserve the environment (sol/water/air) / Deliver ecosystem services
- Bring together Agronomy and Ecology
 - Design cropping systems : respect and valorize the biodiversity, the regulations and interactions among communities (biotic interactions)
 - ✓Adapt the crop to the environment rather the environment to the crop

Semergence and promotion of **Agroecology**



Scientific project

Understand, preserve and valorize biodiversity and biotic interactions for development of agroecological systems

- Analyze, understand and act on the interactions and regulations among communities (microbes & plants) at different spatial and temporal scales
- Design and assess innovative cropping systems delivering agricultural products with a quantity and quality high enough, while preserving the environment quality



Scientific project

Integrating different levels of organisation & spatio-temporal scales
 Different levels of organization



- Different spatial scales



- Different temporal scales



Human Resources



Teams

- BIOME: Microbial ecology and biotic interactions supporting soil ecosystemic functions in agro-ecosystems
- GESTAD: Agronomy, ecology and genetics of arable weeds, design of agroecological cropping systems & landscapes
- **GEAPSI**: Genetics and ecophysiology of cultivated (legumes) plants
- IPM: Plant-microbe interactions at the molecular and cellular levels, plant immunity, fungal ecology & biocontrol



Large Research Unit « Agroecology »

⇒ Largest INRA research unit gathered around knowledge for conception & evaluation of the performance of innovative cropping systems



P Lemanceau





F Martin



C Salon



S Jeandroz



S Petit

General organization





Platforms & Biological Resource Center

GenoSol

microbial diversity

Statistical tools



4 ETP (3 permanent IR, AI, TR et 1 CDD) from april 2016



An integrated platform

AnaEE

collaborators





4PMI

- Aims: Develop innovative automated techniques for high throughput morphometry of plants produced in controlled conditions with a focus on plant root-microbe interactions
- **Staff:** 1 Research Manager, 1,5 Engineer, 1 Assistant Engineer, 6 technicians
- Equipments:
 - 4 automated greenhouse and 1 climatic chamber high CO₂

UBFC

- High throughput shoot and root phenotyping and their imaging cabins



Platforms & Biological Resource Centre

Microscopy platform, part of the Campus Imaging Center



- Aims: Multi-user microscopy facility, *in situ* localization of molecules, cellular dynamics and molecular interactions
- Staff: 3 Engineers INRA, 2 technicians (INRA & uB)
- Equipments: confocal microscopy, laser capture microdissection, TE & SEM, equipments for sample preparation including cryo-technologies







Biological Ressource Centre Platforms & Biological Resource Centre

Missions

- Preservation of biodiversity and collected related information
- Opening collection to the scientific community for the purpose of research, development and identification.
- Staff: 0.7 Engineer, 1.5 technicians, goodwill of researchers, but lack of a real curator
- 35 000 accessions to characterize, preserve, multiply, manage and distribute:
 - Microorganisms of Agro-Environmental Interest
 - Large-seed legumes (42%) iover 5,000 accessions, pea mutants (tilling). This collection is part of a national certified CRB for legumes
 - **Weeds** (12%): "libraries" of seeds, nuts, and photo allowing taxonomic identification of most of weeds
- Databases including continuous ecological characteristics and the added value provided by resource users.













Strong international cooperation (54 countries)



Geographical distribution of UMR publications co-authored with international scientists (47%).



Academic reputation and appeal

Collaborations with French Institutes: INRA labs (17 out of 55)

INRA_LEM_Ecologie_Microbienne_USC1364_Villeurbanne	
INRA_GDEC_G INRA_URGV_Rech_Genom_Vegetale_UMR1165_Evry	enet_Divers_et_EcophysicI_Cereals_UMR1095_Clermont-Ferrand
INRA_Agronomie_UMR211_AgroParisTech_Versailles-Grignon	INRA_Lab_Sols_Environ_UMR120_Vandoeuvre_Les_Nancy
INRA_IJPB_Inst_J-P_BOURGIN_UMR_1318_Versailles UMR_1347_Agroecologie UMR_1347_Agroecologie	
INRA_Bio3P_Biostat_et_Proc_Spatiaux_UR546_Avignon INRA_Biodiversite_Genes_et_Communautes_UMR1202_Cestas	INRA_IGEPP_Génét_Environ_Protect_Plantes_UMR1349_Le_Rheu
INRA_COGA_Centre_Sciences_ud_Gout_Annentation INRA_IAM_Interact_Arbres_ INRA Ameliorat Genet et Adaptat Plantes Medit UMR1334 Montpell	INRA_TCEM_UMR1220_Villenave_d_Ornon Microorganismes_UMR1136_Nancy ier
INRA_CBGP_Ct_Biologie_Gestion_des_Populations_U	sol_UMR1106 MR_1062_Montferrier_Sur_Lez

Collaborations with French Institutes (40) excluded INRA labs



Collaborations with international Institutes (25 out of 242)



GEAPSI TEAM

Genetic and Environmental determinisms of Plant Adaptation to Innovative cropping Systems



Leader : C. Salon



Scientific objectives

Mechanisms underlying the adaptation of plants to agroecosystems

- multidisciplinary approaches : genetics, genomics, ecophysiology, molecular physiology
- different species : target species and model species, depending on available genetic and genomic resources



Project centered on legumes



A sulfur deficient budget

Merits for agroecology

- Reduction of nitrogen fertilizer; greenhouse gas and nitrate leaching
- Positive effects on following crop
- Diversification of cropping systems



- → Exploit nitrogen symbiotic fixation with legumes in cropping systems
- Essential in Agroecology cropping systems

Merits for nutrition:

- Protein source
 - Grain legumes of proximity rich in proteins

But under represented:

• 3 % EU arable land, < other continent

Main objectives: increased profitability through higher and more stable yield and protein content, and new uses.

> Stabilize yield and seed quality in a fluctuating environment ex. water and nutrient availability (e.g. sulfate)

Background and aims: objectives

> Finalized objectives:

- Identify **plant ideotypes** for lower input agriculture
- Improve crop **adaptation and resilience** to environmental constraints
- Implement breeding programs towards these aims



Research topics :

 optimization (time x space) of soil resource uptake by legumes in a context of fluctuating resources (soil N, S, water) in connection with soil microflora.





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- understanding of legume functioning to improve and/or stabilize yield components, including seed composition and quality, particularly during heat, water-stress and nutrient deficiencies (N, S, Fe, others).

Research topics :

- optimization (time x space) of soil resource uptake by legumes in a context of fluctuating resources (soil N, S, water) in connection with soil microflora.
- understanding of legume functioning to improve and/or stabilize yield components, including seed composition and quality, particularly during heat, water-stress and nutrients deficiencies (N, S, Fe, others).
- study of the genetic bases and processes enabling plant adaptation to agrosystem habitats.



Background and aims

Tools & ressources

- Plant phenotyping tools
- Plant modeling tools

- Genetics and genomic tools
- Legume genetic resources



H₂O Temp. Nitrogen Sulfur

The path...



Tools for growth culture and phenotyping



Growth pouches, hydroponics



C, N, S flux measurement



Labeling chamber ¹³C/¹⁵N/³⁴S

Mechanistic models : PEA NOD (coll. L Pagès)



Integrative Model: Medicago

Decomposing integrative variables in physiological processes



Integrative Model: Medicago

Decomposing integrative variables in physiological processes



Integrative Model: Medicago

Decomposing integrative variables in physiological processes



Integrative Model: *Medicago*

Decomposing integrative variables in physiological processes



Moreau et al. JExp Bot 2008





RhizoTubes







High Throughput RhizoCab



The path...



Background and aims : Among available tools

Pea genetic and genomic tools for functional & structural approaches

NVERSITE CURCOME FRANCHE-COMP

An impressive phenotypic diversity available in the Pisum genus





The path...



Detect contrasted N nutrition: "archeo phenomics"



Genotypes of Medicago RIL ranked for ability to uptake N

Model

Dynamic leaf area measurement

Moreau et al. (2006), Plant, Cell and Envir., 29:1087-1098. Moreau et al. (2007), Plant, Cell and Envir., 30:213-224. Moreau et al. (2008), J. Exp. Bot., 59:3509-3522.

Identify a strategy: "archeo phenomics"

Adaptative strategy of plants faced to a N constraint

Morphometry versus functional strategy identifcation

Split roots

Nodules number and size, appearance

Ruffel et al. (2008), Plant Physiol. 146: 2020-2035. Salon et al. (2009), CRAS, 332 :1022-1033. Jeudy et al. (2010), New Phytol, New Phytol., 185:817-828.

Legume-microbe interactions to improve plant growth and nutrition

= a new breeding target

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Agroécologie

Legume-microbe interactions to optimize plant growth and nutrition

Impact of Pea genotypes on associated Rhizobial symbiotic strains :

Coll BPMP, Montpellier

INRA SYMBIOPEA project

Pea genotypes selected different symbiotic strains

Symbiotic strains have different efficicencies

Perspective : identification of plant genetic determinants of rhizobial selection by pea

Genome Wide Association Study on a wider ranger of plant genetic variability

+ candidate gene approach

GRASP project (ANR)

→ Towards breeding of pea varieties with improved symbiosis for N₂ fixation

Legume-microbe interactions to improve plant growth and nutrition

(1) Impact of plant genotype on the selection of soil microbes

not only rhizobia : whole microbiome

Agroécologie

(2) Impact of soil microbe diversity on plant growth

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N nutrition and tolerance to other stresses

Final aim: drive plante-microbe interactions through plant genotype

= a new breeding target

Legume-microbe interactions to optimize symbiotic N₂ fixation

has no impact on pea drought tolerance...

... but provides better pea resilience after stress

 Similar response with or without symbioses: non symbiotic communities play a role in this response

The GEAPSI Group...

FILEAS (molecular biology and physiology)

Proteaginous target crop (genetics, genomics)

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