



# The French Dairy Sector Facing the End of Dairy Quotas



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2

## Outline

- 1- Market trends and their effect on the French dairy sector
- 2- The end of dairy quotas
- 3- Farm restructuring and strategies



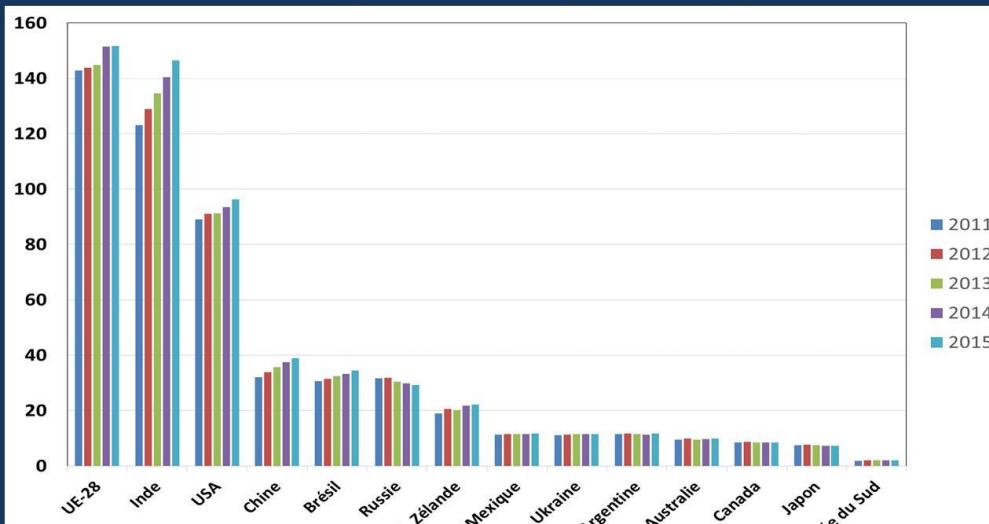
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## 1- Market trends and their effect on the French dairy sector



4

Dairy production by country (millions of tons)

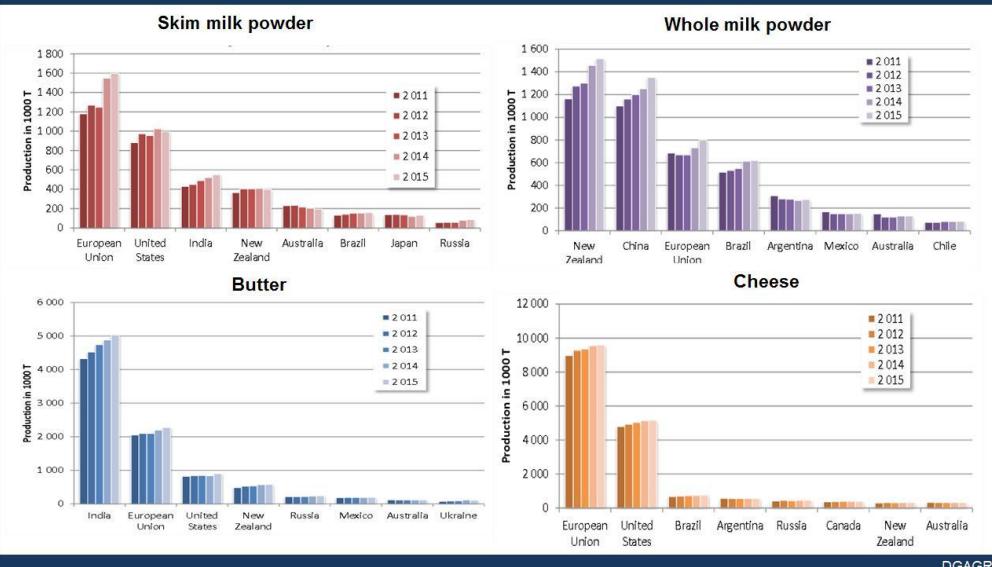


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5

## Dairy production in key countries (thousand of tons)

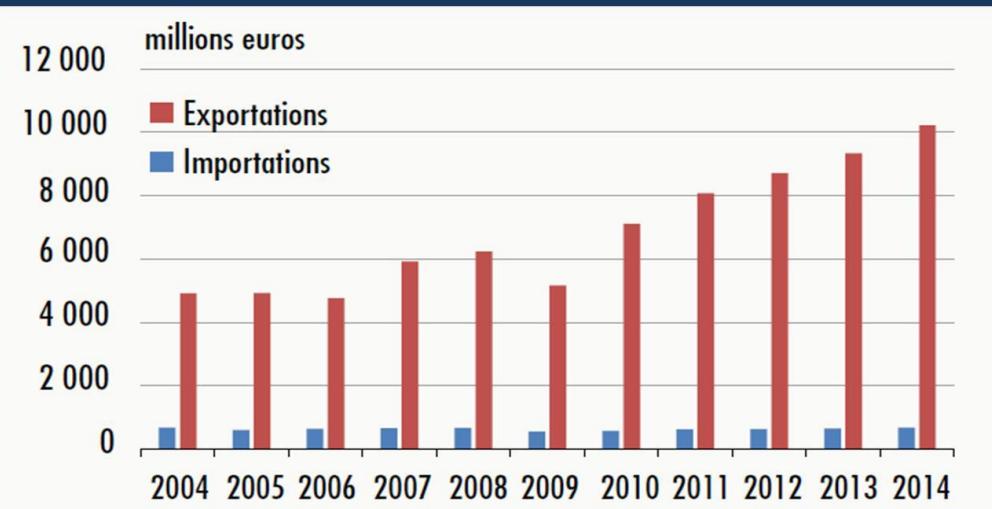


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6

## Trade of dairy products in EU-28 (millions Euros - current, 2000 to 2014)



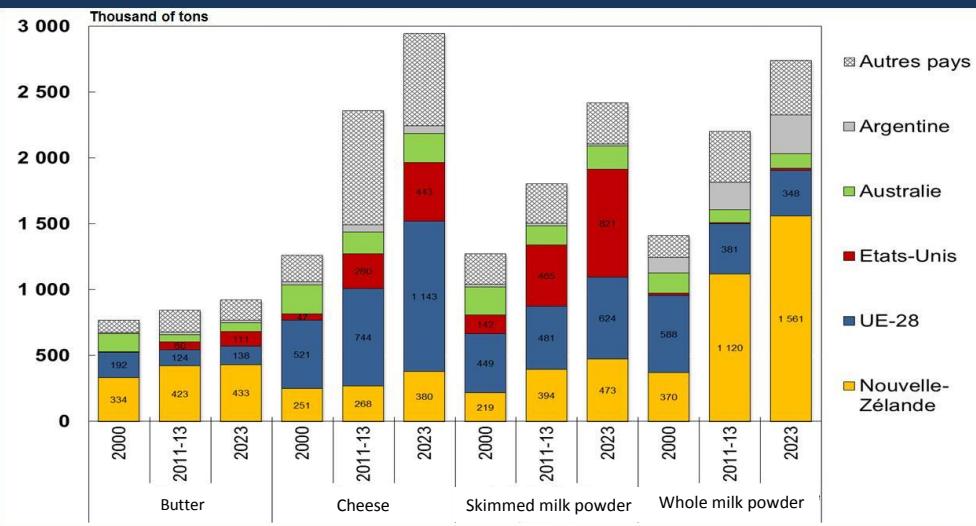
GEB-Institut de l'élevage d'après Eurostat

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7

## Dairy exporter countries

(thousand of tons, 2000, 2013 and 2023 projections)

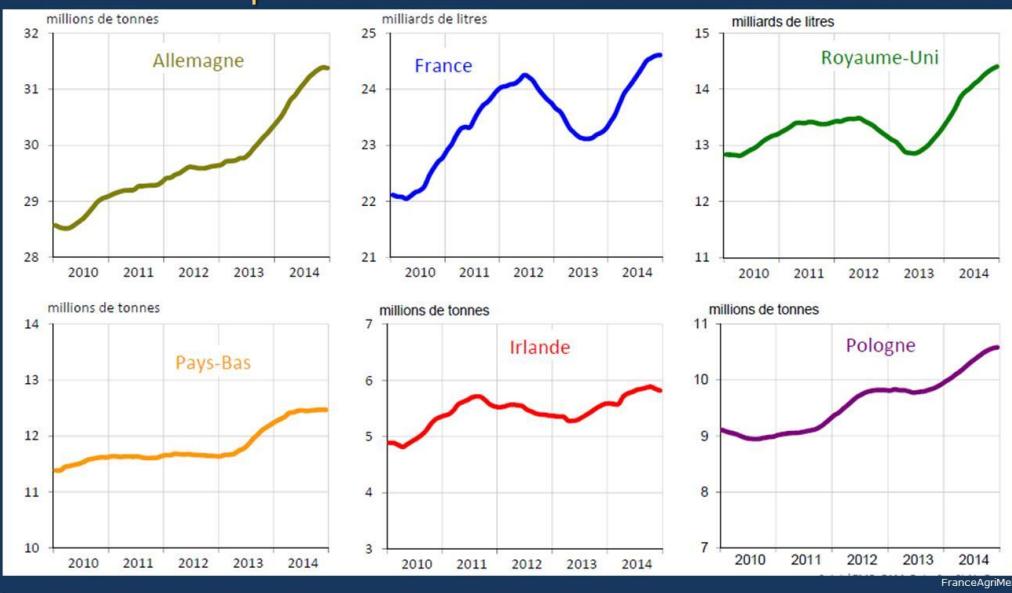


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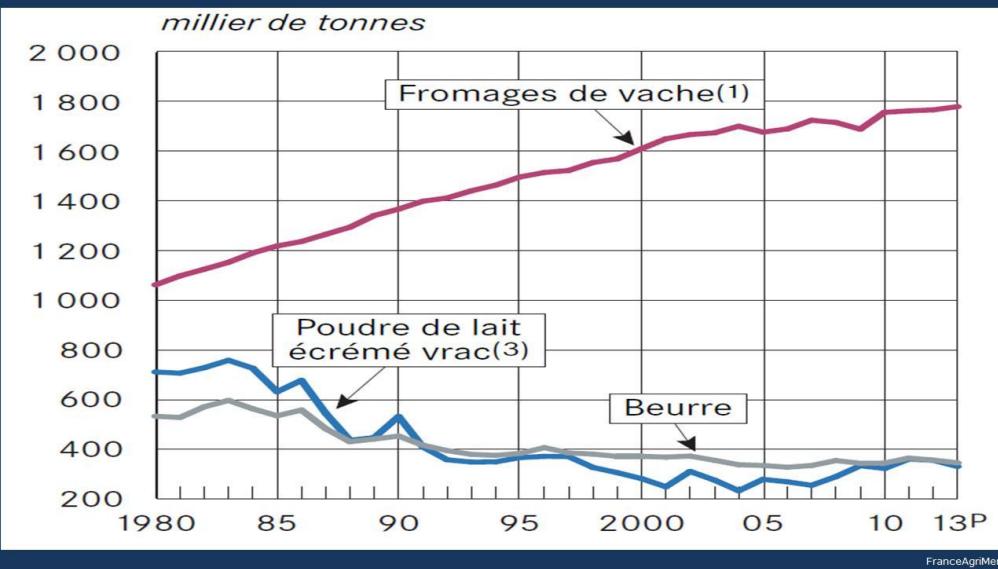
8

## Milk production in France and other EU countries

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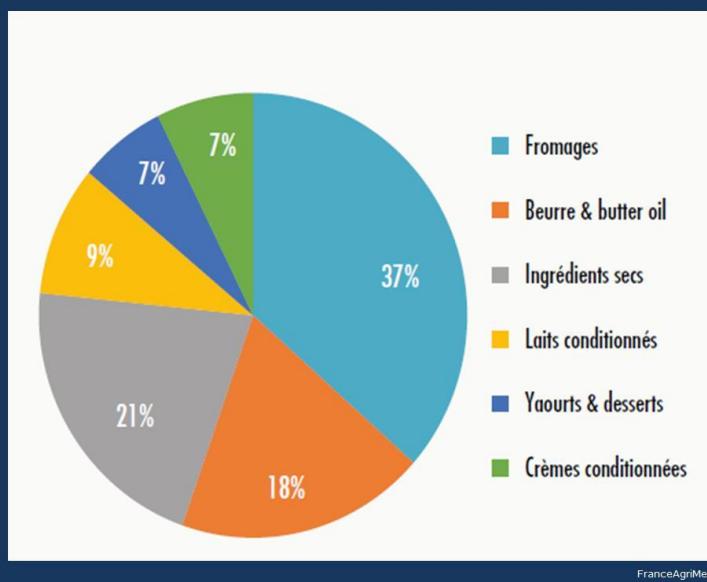
9

## Milk use by industry - France



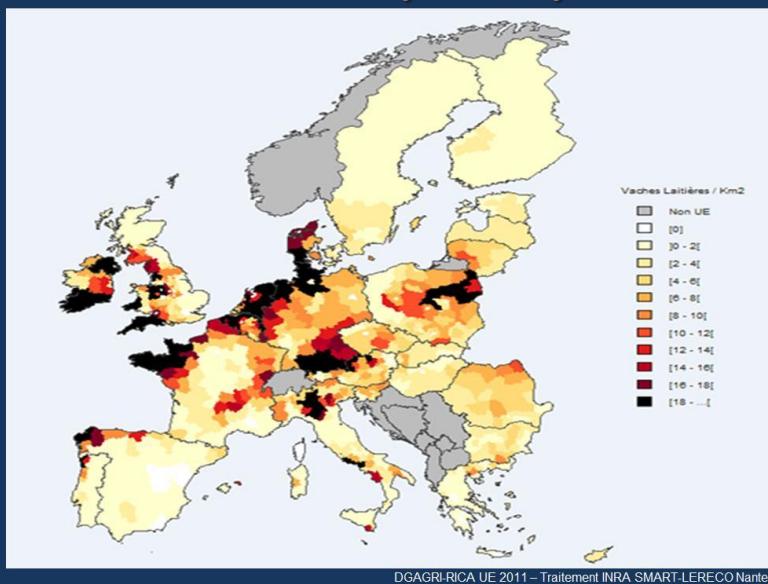
10

## End use of milk - France



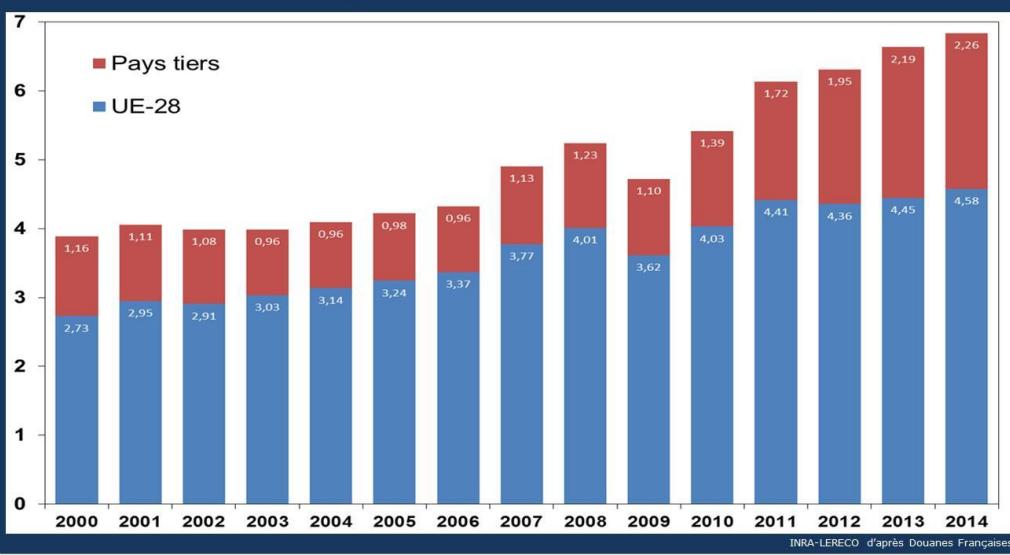
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## Number of dairy cows by KM<sup>2</sup>



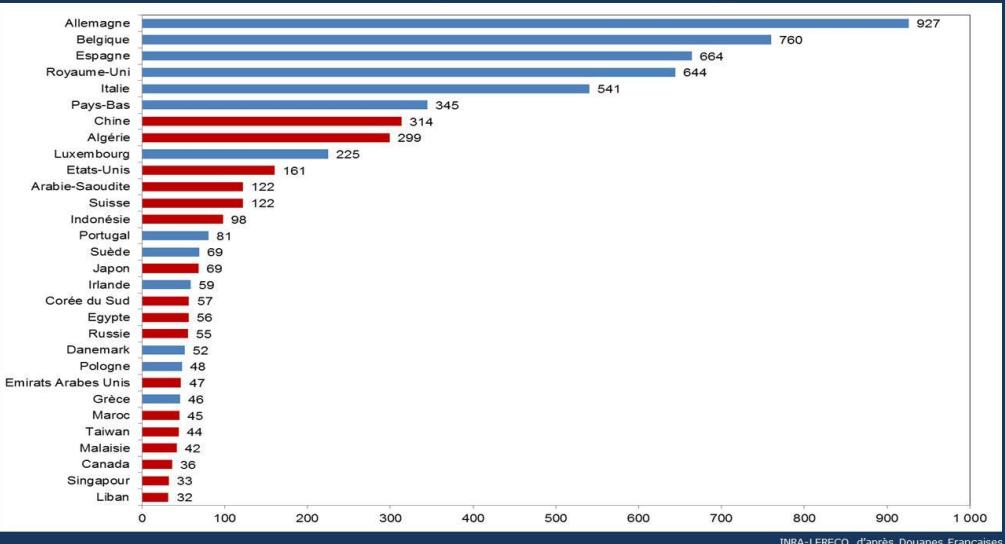
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## Dairy exports from France (Billions Euros – current, 2000 to 2014)



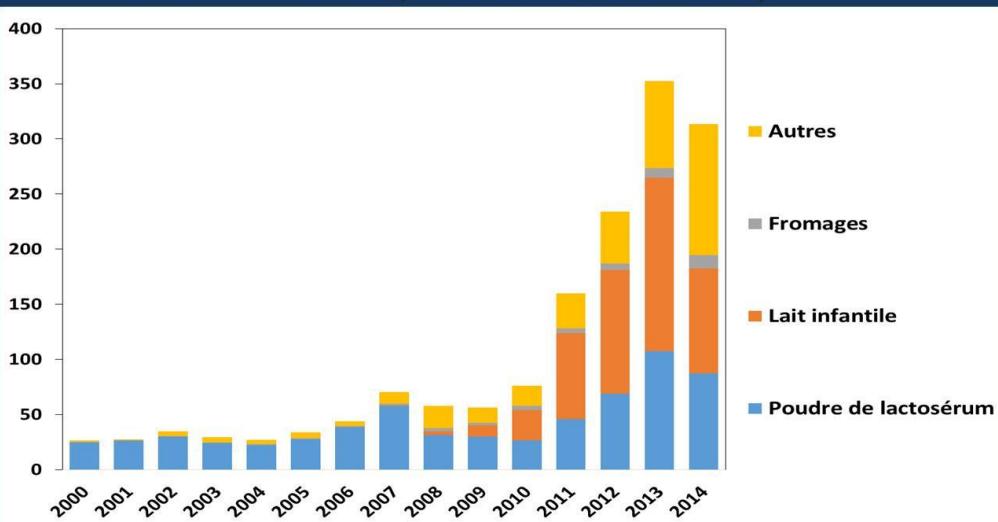
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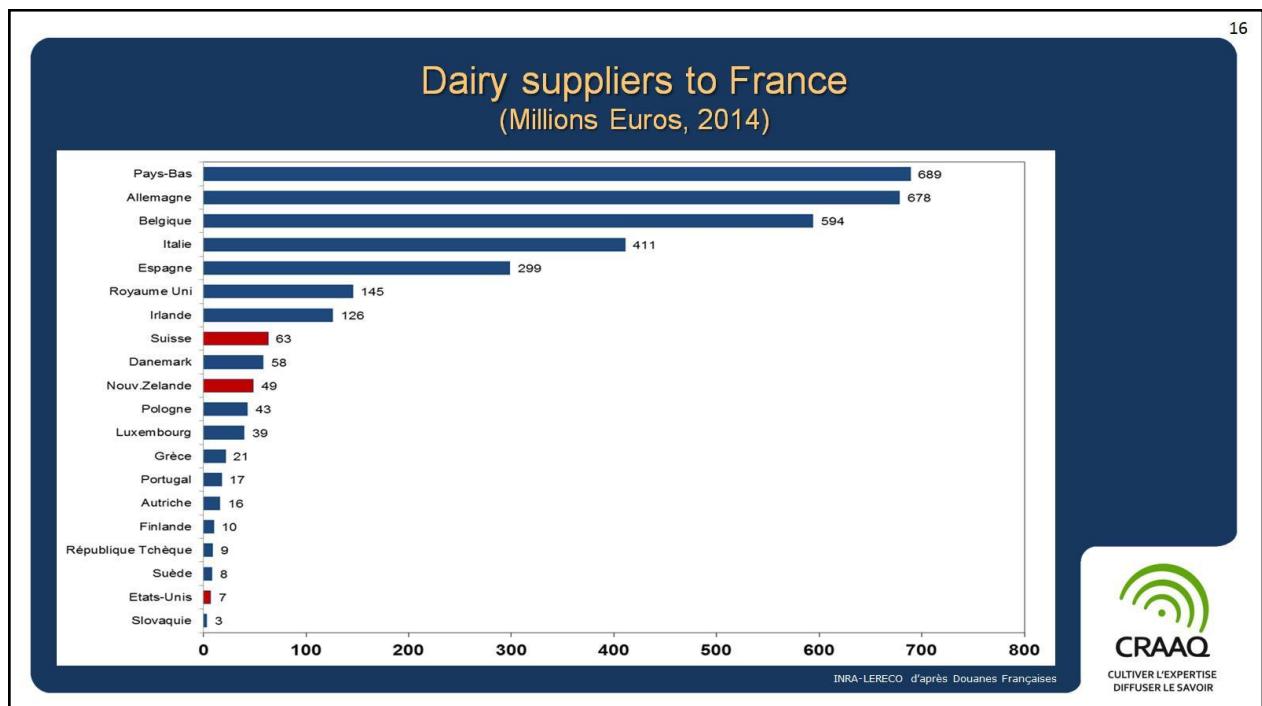
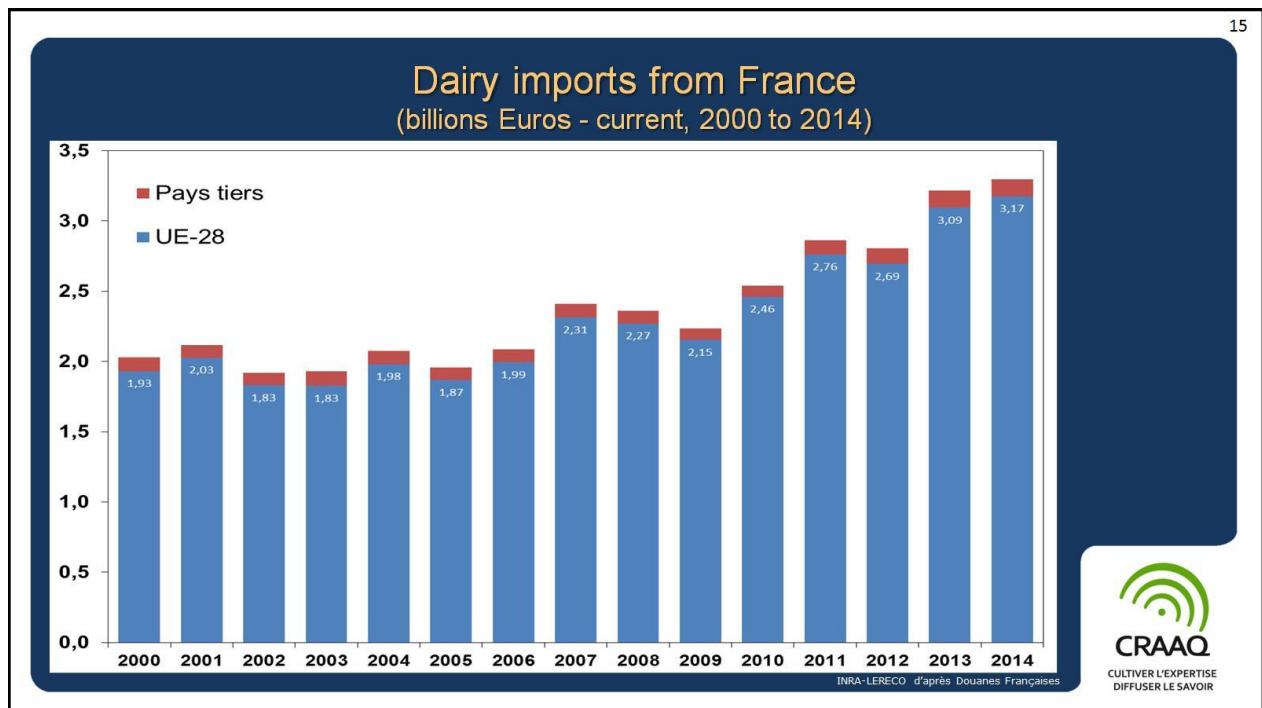
## Exports markets of dairy products from France (millions Euros in 2014)

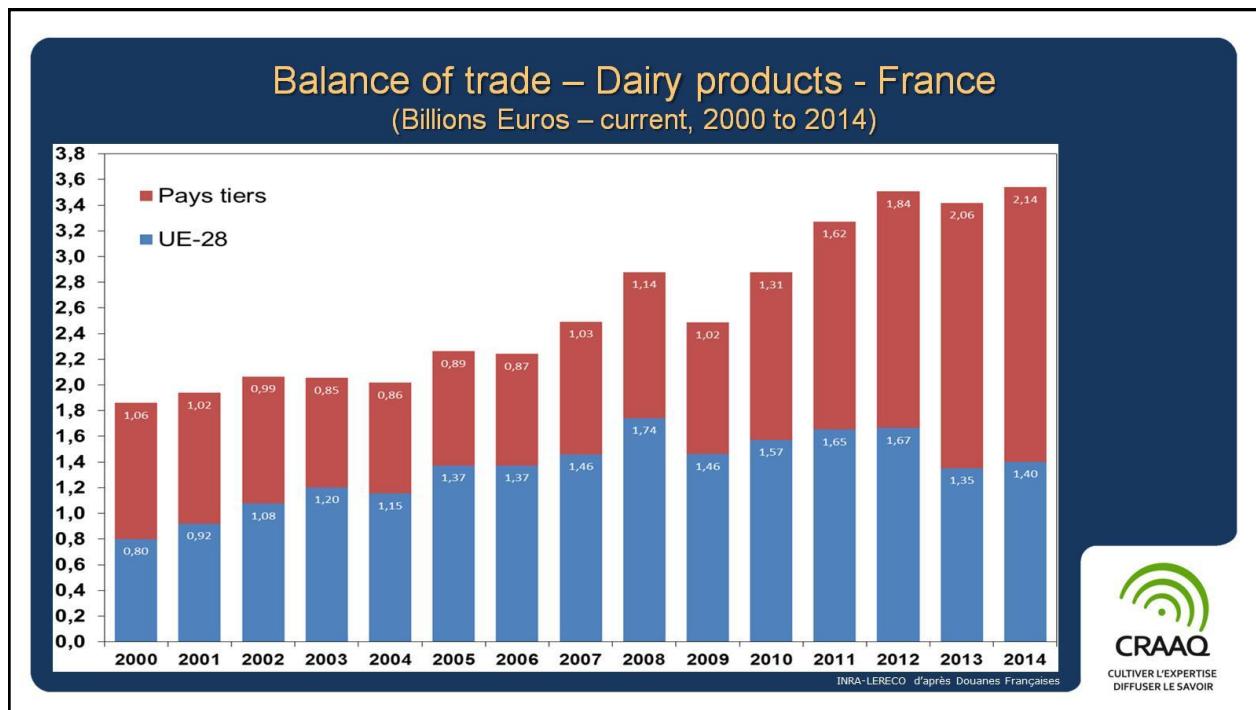


14

## Dairy exports from France to China (millions Euros, 2000 to 2014)







18

## Key Lessons Learned from Current Market Trends

- ➔ Increasing intra-community competition (northern countries)
  - Germany is geographically at the centre of Europe
  - Development of “competitiveness/energy/environment” strategies
  - Standards (social, environmental, etc.) sometimes less stringent than in France
- ➔ Real growth is only in foreign markets
  - Export competition is at the centre of the growth
  - The strongest growth is in developing countries (especially in Asia)
- ➔ How can we ensure/maintain a competitive advantage?
  - Reduce production costs to remain attractive against the competition
  - Make imitation difficult (technology, quality, ambiguity, integrate into the culture)
  - Use non-transferrable resources (AOC)
  - Innovate and reinvest profit margins to ensure differentiation



19

## 2- The end of dairy quotas



20

### The End of Dairy Quotas

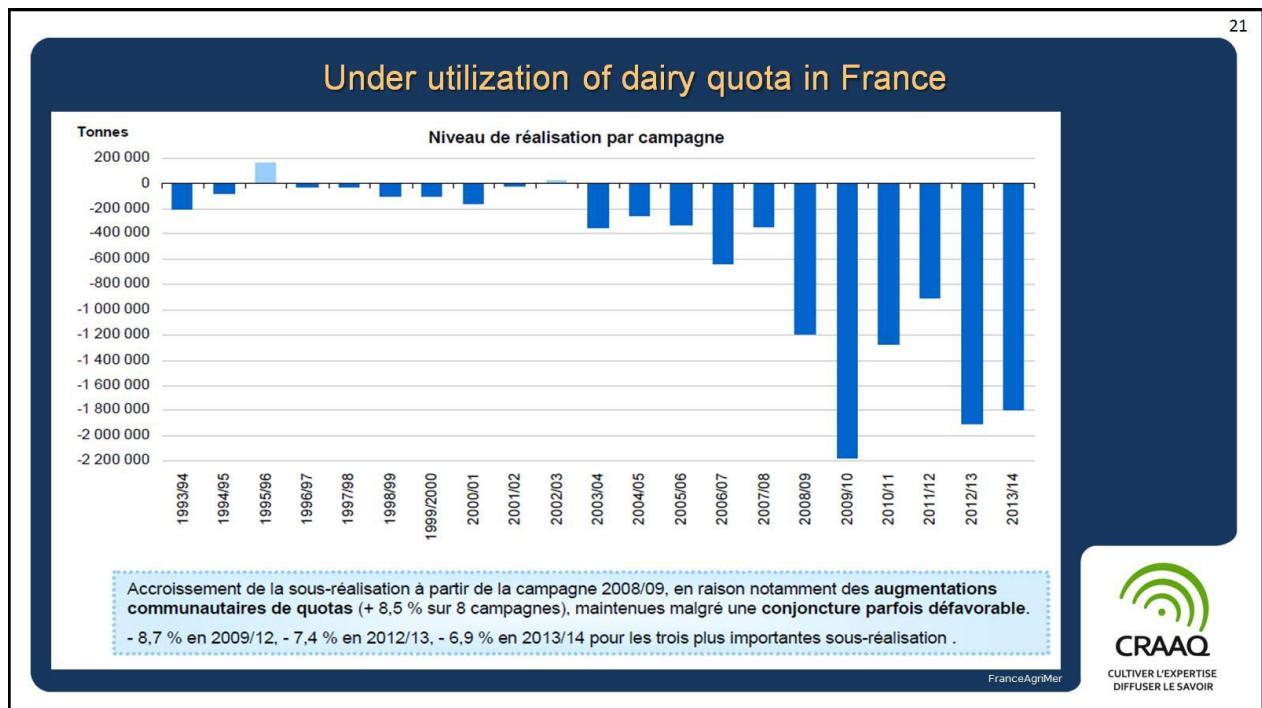
#### → Major change in framework, especially in France

- Progressive transfer of supply management to processors
- Contract economy replacing administrative economy
- Development of vertical coordination between deliverers and processors

#### → Contracts at the centre of the “Milk Package”

- Producers' right to organize and negotiate contracts
- Recognition of joint trade organizations, but with limited leverage
- Possible management of collective supply for cheeses AOP/PGI
- Maintenance of public market management tools in case of a serious crisis





- 22
- ## Towards New Relations Between Producers and Manufacturers
- ➔ Key points for manufacturers
    - The geographical location of investments
    - Dairy density (transportation costs, but also consumer proximity)
    - Production cost and economic performance of the area
  - ➔ Processors will have new levers for action
    - Redistribution of volume following production cessation
    - Reference flexibility as a function of market opportunities
    - More or less restrictive seasonality framework terms
  - ➔ Producers will be more dependent on farms
    - Growth opportunities (or the lack thereof) will depend on the company
    - The price of milk will depend on criteria more internal to the company
    - The most productive producers will be favoured in the short term
- CRAAQ**  
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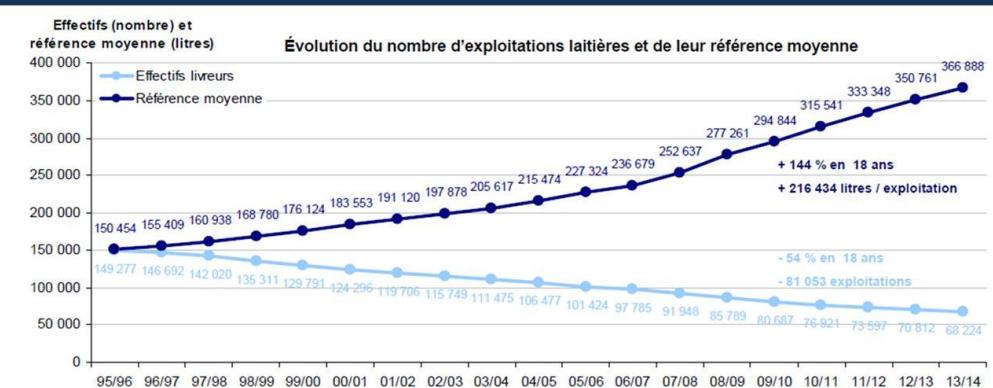
23

### 3- Farm restructuring and strategies



24

#### Number and size of dairy farms in France (1995 à 2014)



Depuis 1983/84, - 83 % sur les effectifs d'exploitations livreurs.

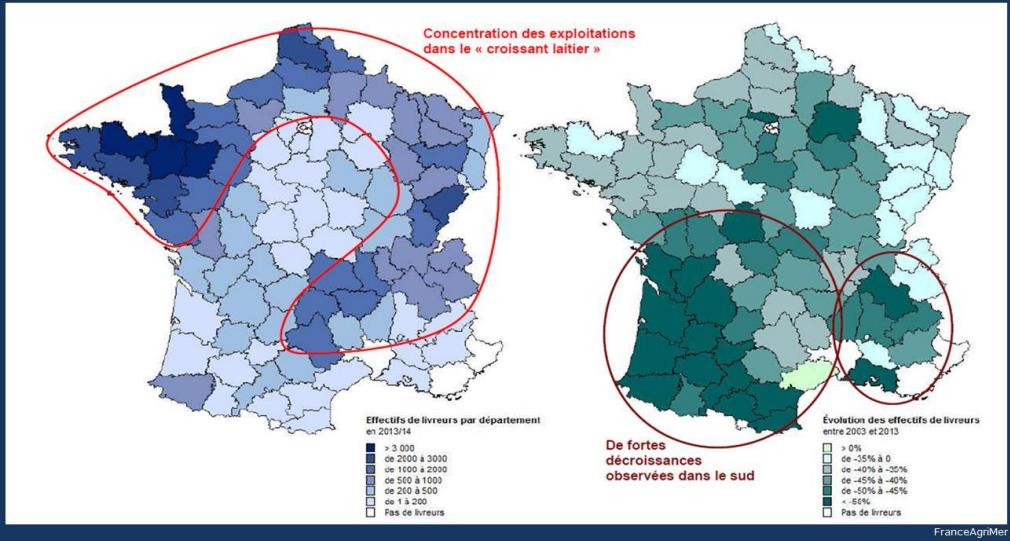
Sur 1995-2013 : taux d'évolution annuel moyen de - 4,3 % pour les effectifs (4 500 exploitations de moins par an)  
+ 5,1 % pour la référence moyenne (+ 12 000 litres)

FranceAgriMer



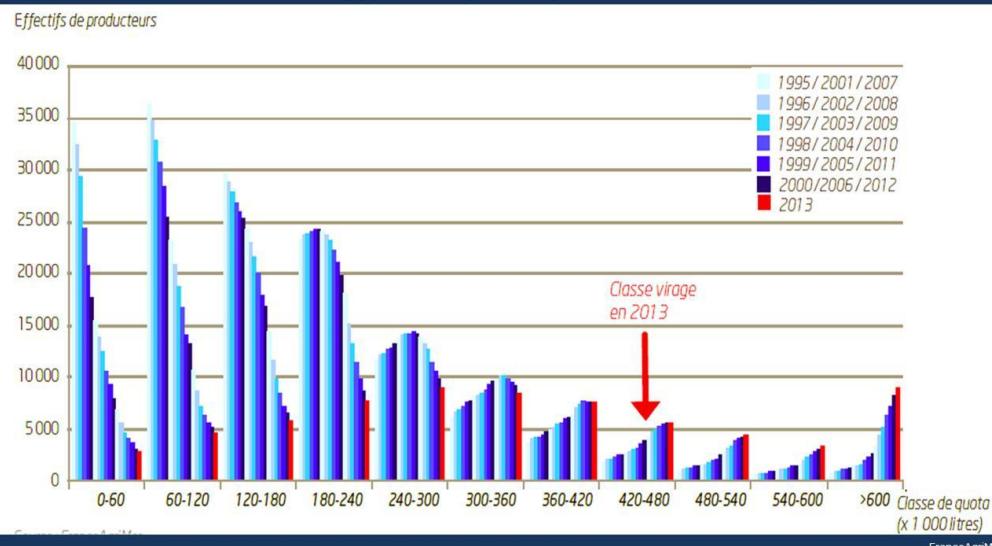
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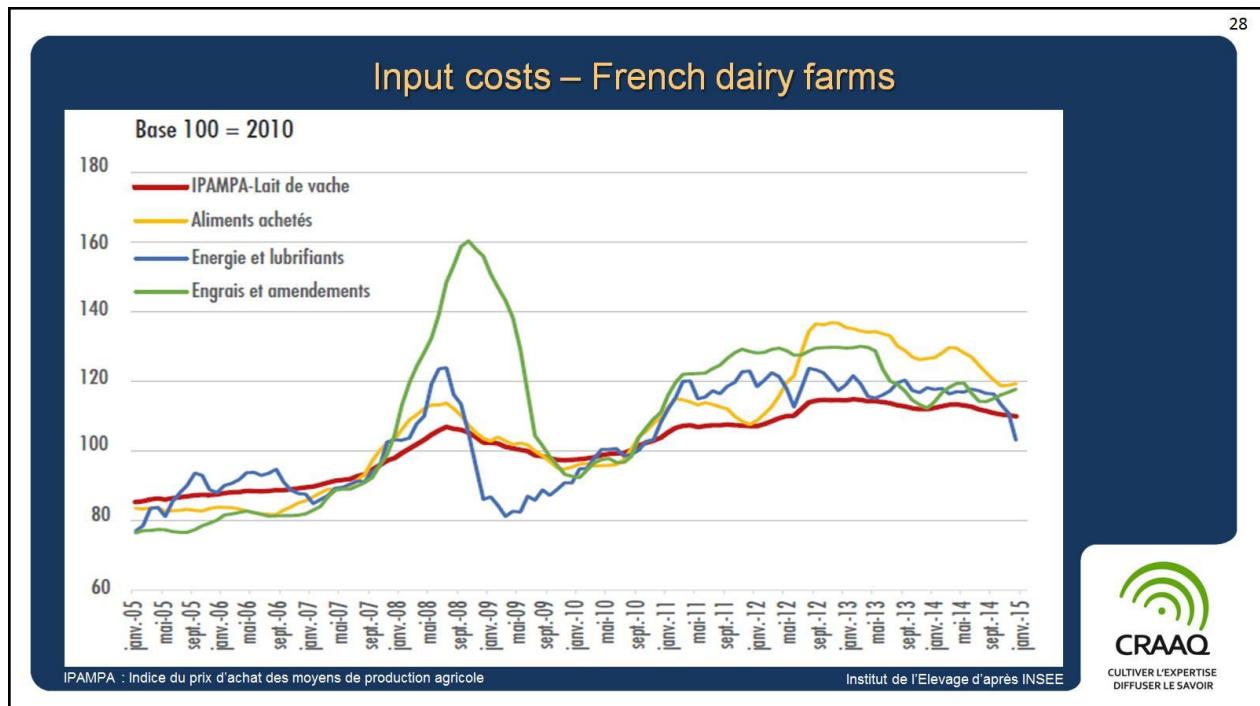
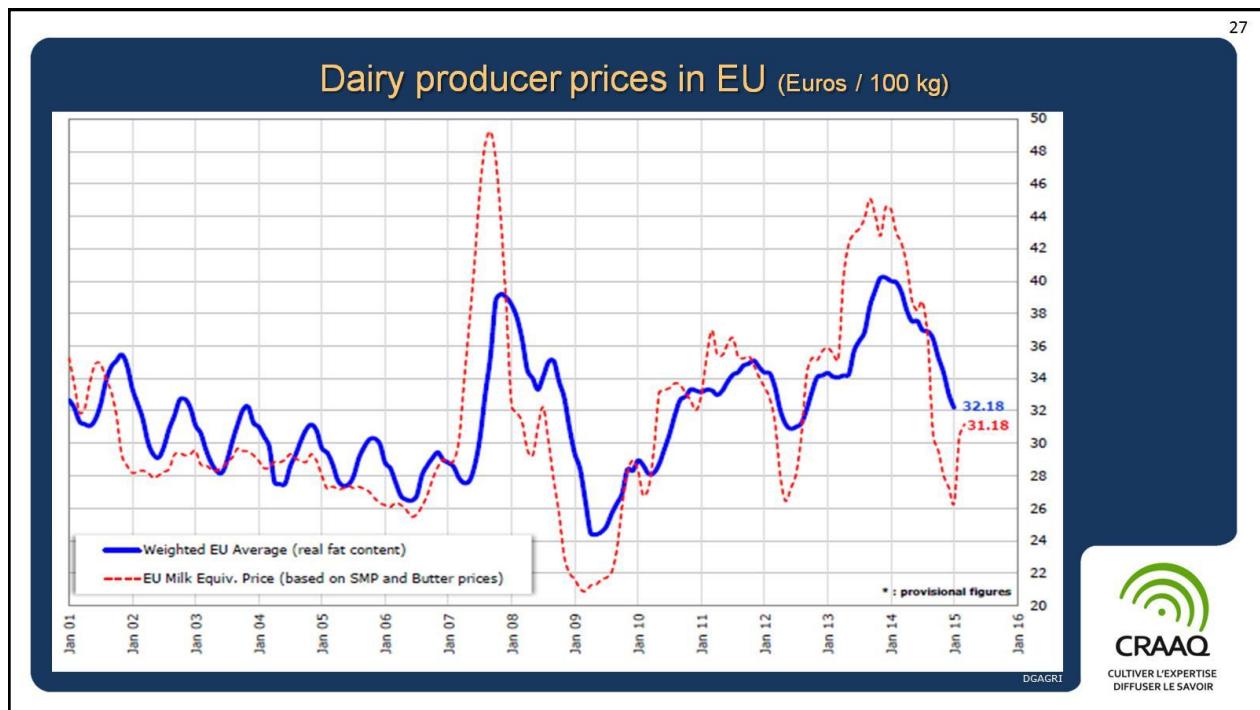
## Number of dairy farms in France in 2014 and evolution from 2003 to 2013



26

## Number of dairy farms in France by quota (types of quota by farm, 1995 to 2014)





## Direct Assistance to French Dairy Farms

### ➔ Some perspective

- 39,500 euros per farm
- 20,000 euros per job
- 18% of sales
- Approximately 60-80 euros per tonne of milk (price of milk in 2014: 326 euros/t)

### ➔ Changes to expect from the future CAP (2014-2020)

- Redirection of direct assistance to production in mountainous areas
- Slight decrease of direct assistance to intensive dairy farming operations
- Assistance will not help competitiveness in tomorrow's markets
- Modest rise in importance of insurance mechanisms



## Dairy Farm Strategies

### ➔ Three major complementary strategies

- Technical strategy (optimization, rather than maximization of technical performance)
- Entrepreneurial strategy (land acquisition, choice of productions, investments)
- Heritage strategy (farm's transferability and appreciation of accumulated capital)

### ➔ A strategy adapted to each farm

- Effectiveness of inputs (energy, fertilizer, feed, etc.)
- Diversification of productions and activities *versus* specialization (economies of scope)
- Labour productivity (economy of scale; intensification; work organization models)

### ➔ Avenues and new directions

- Creation of added value at the centre of investment strategies
- Structure relationships with the downstream, contract, enhance sales (quality)



31

## Conclusion Weaknesses Strengths and Challenges



32

### The French Dairy Sector: Weaknesses

#### ➔ Considerable European competition

- The development of supply (flexibility) and competitive industrial tools
- Standards that are sometimes more advantageous: fiscal, social and environmental policies

#### ➔ Exports still insufficiently directed to third country markets

- Product diversity that can at times oppose mass expansion of supply

#### ➔ High heterogeneity of performance among farms

- Necessary control of production costs (dilution of fixed charges)
- The price of milk is only one variable among others that affect profitability

#### ➔ Vulnerabilities to integrate...

- Environmental standards will weigh on the concentration of supply
- An age pyramid that entails "seducing" new generations



## The French Dairy Sector: Strengths and Challenges

### ➔ Competitive strengths

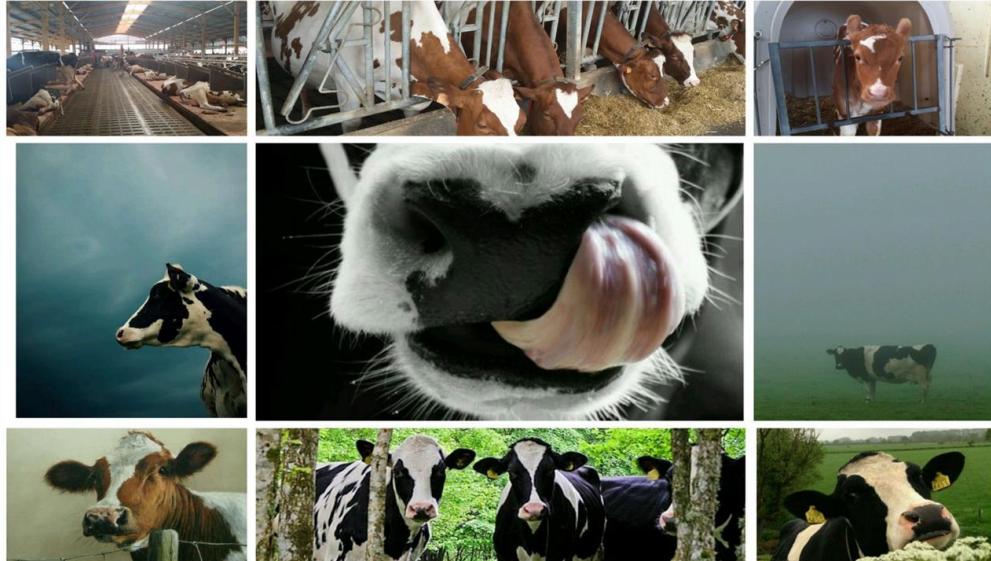
- Favourable geographic location (climate, proximity of the ocean and deficit countries)
- Moderate cost of acquisition of production factors (land/farm and contracts/non-market services)
- Reserves of productivity (at times) in farms and certain territories
- High consumption level and solid demand (diversity of products)
- Innovative enterprises with solid technological experience

### ➔ Challenges for the dairy industry

- The crucial role of technical know-how (including sanitary control)
- Boosting product innovation to appeal to tomorrow's consumers
- Strengthen ties among the various industry stakeholders (contracting)
- Favour long-term financing of structural investments
- Improve the quality of the debate between Agriculture, Science and Society



Thank you



## For more information...

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