



## Structural species distribution models contrast tree responses to land use and climate changes

Nicolas Martin-StPaul, Jean-Sauveur Ay, Joannès Guillemot, Luc Doyen, Paul W. Leadley

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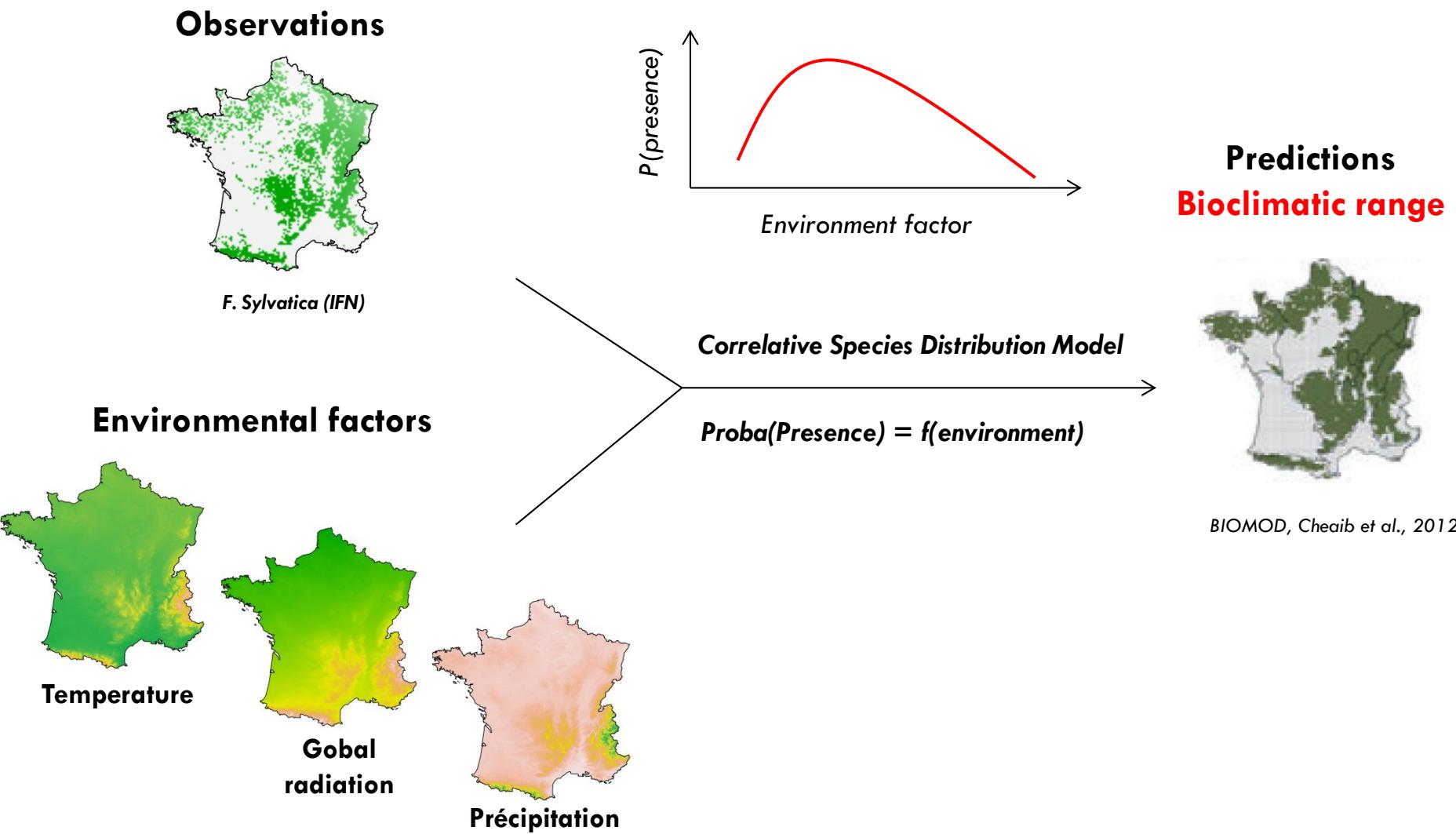


# *Structural species distribution models contrast tree responses to land use and climate changes*

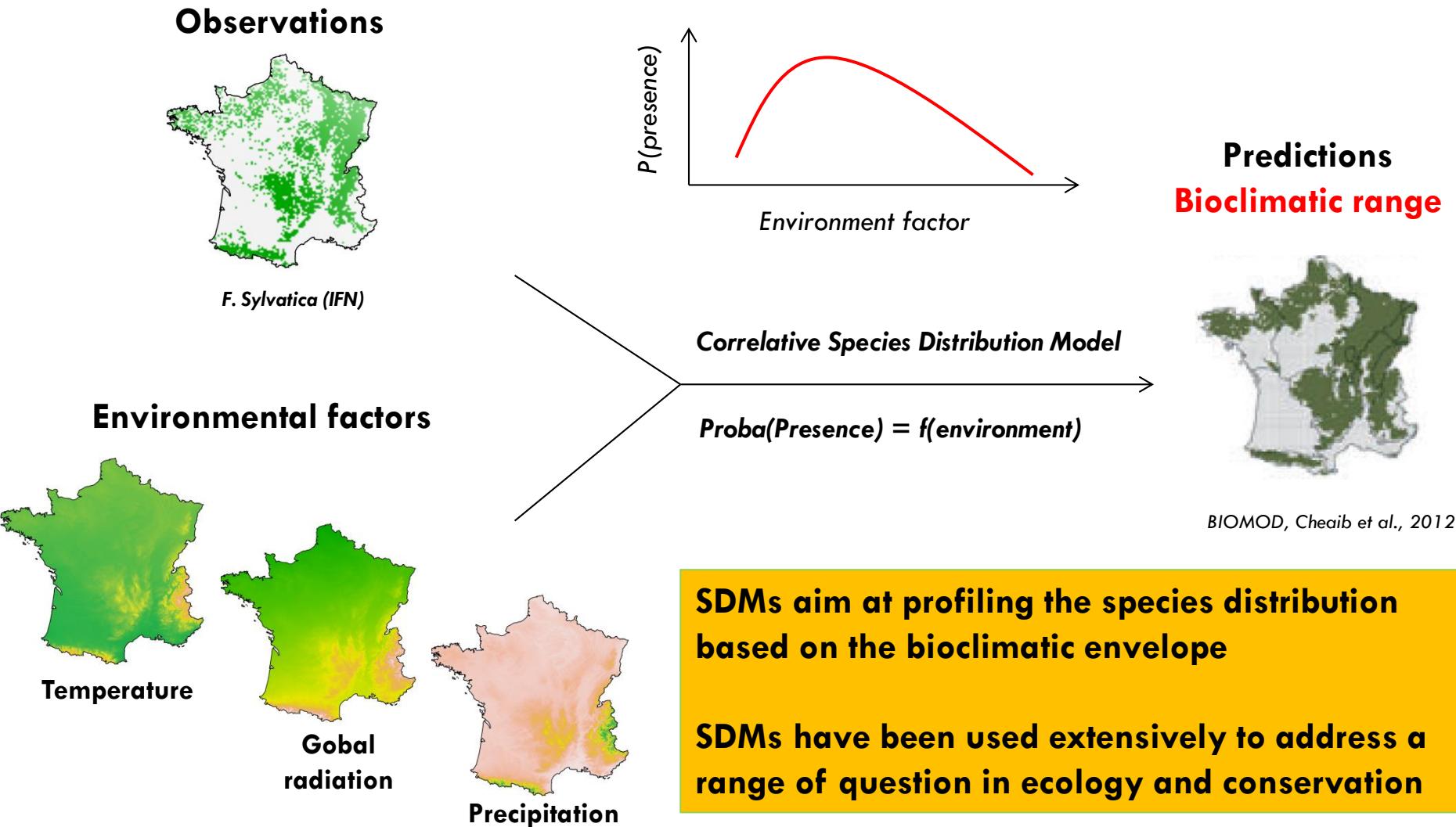
12 Juin 2014

Martin-StPaul NK; Ay J-S; Guillemot J; Doyen L; Leadley P

# 1. Introduction: What do classic SDMs do?



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# What do classic SDMs project under climate change?

nature  
climate change

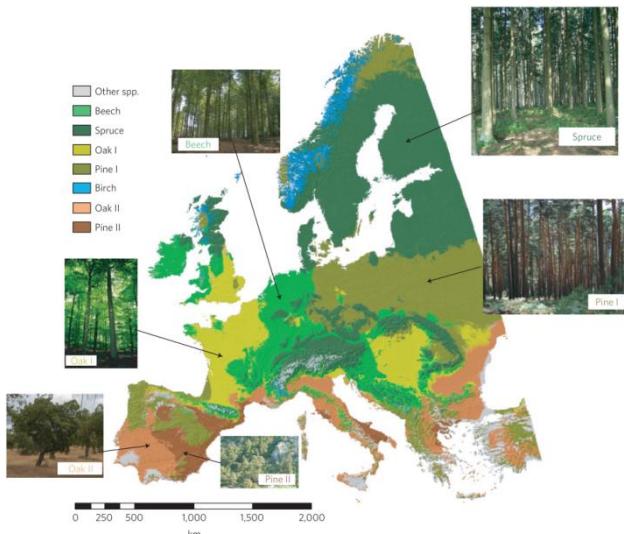
LETTERS

PUBLISHED ONLINE: 23 SEPTEMBER 2012 | DOI: 10.1038/NCLIMATE1687

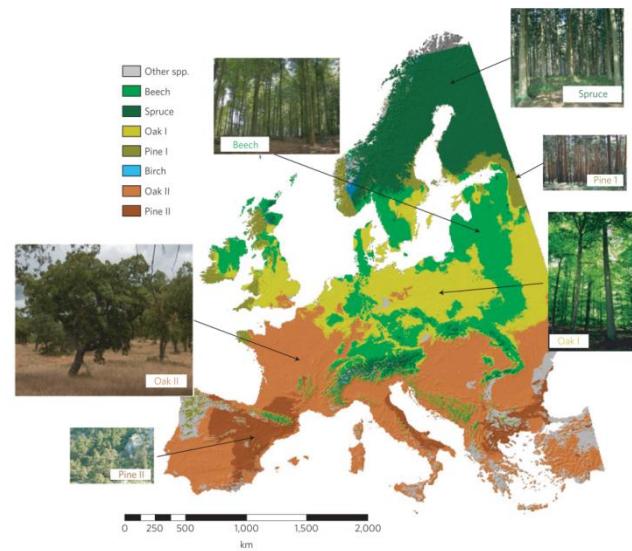
Hanewinkel et al., 2012 NCC

Climate change may cause severe loss in the economic value of European forest land

Marc Hanewinkel<sup>1,2\*</sup>, Dominik A. Cullmann<sup>3</sup>, Mart-Jan Schelhaas<sup>4</sup>, Gert-Jan Nabuurs<sup>5</sup>  
and Niklaus E. Zimmermann<sup>6</sup>

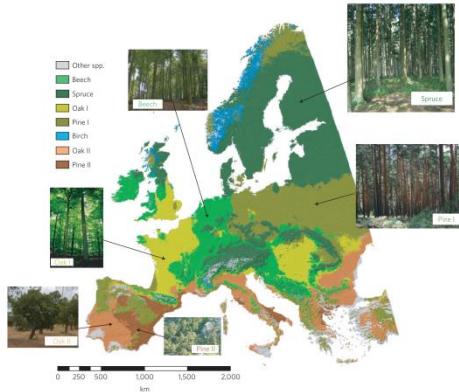


Bioclimatic ranges (1950-2000)

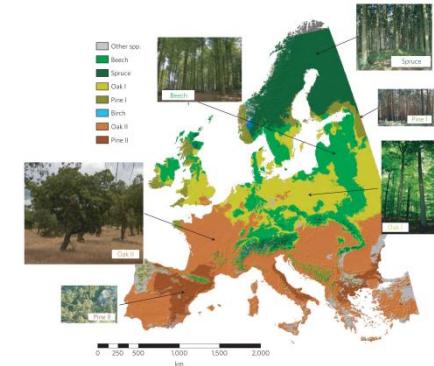


Bioclimatic ranges (2070-2100)

# What do classic SDMs project under climate change?



Projection of the future of  
species distribution under  
global changes



Valuable tool to project the outcome of global changes on

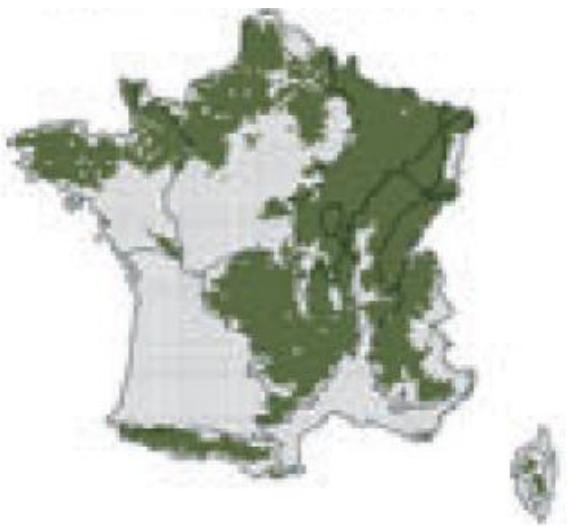
- Forest biodiversity
- Forest productivity
- Forest economic value
- Conservation cost

See also :

Cheaiib et al 2012; Keenan et al 2012

# Motivation : land use may trigger selection biais in SDM calibration?

BIOMOD



PHENOFIT



CASTANEA



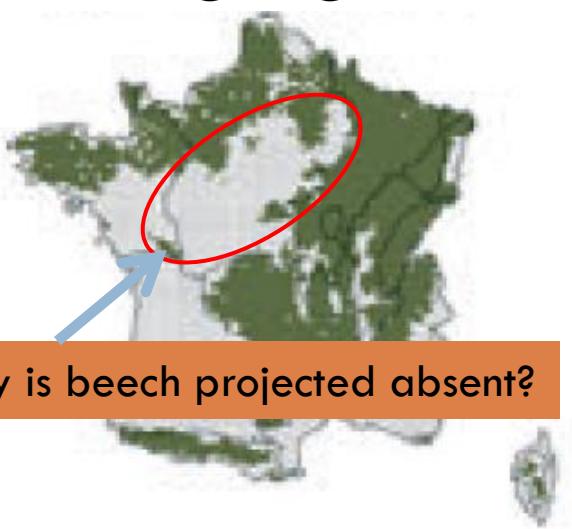
Cheaiib et al., 2012 *Ecology letters*

**Correlative  
Ensemble models**

**Ecophysiological  
based models =  
mecanistic**

# Motivation : land use may trigger selection biais in SDM calibration?

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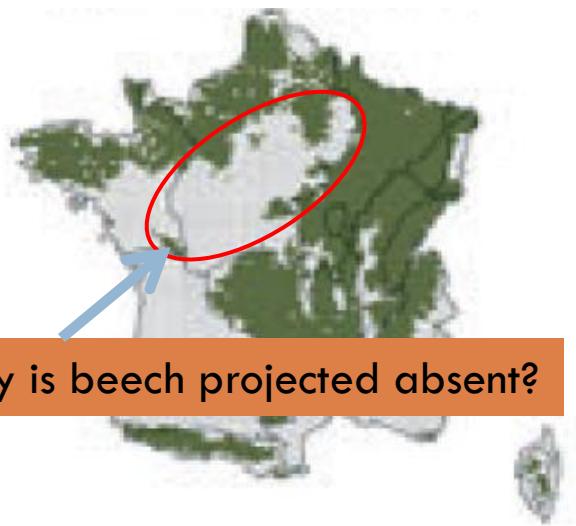
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**Correlative  
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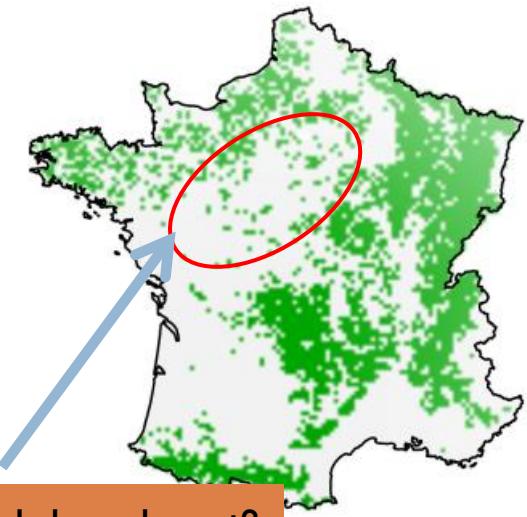
**Ecophysiological  
based models =  
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# Motivation : land use may trigger selection biais in SDM calibration?

BIOMOD



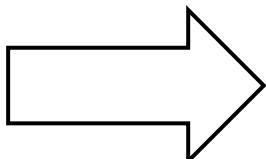
Why is beech projected absent?



Why would beech be absent?

Beech current distribution (NFI)

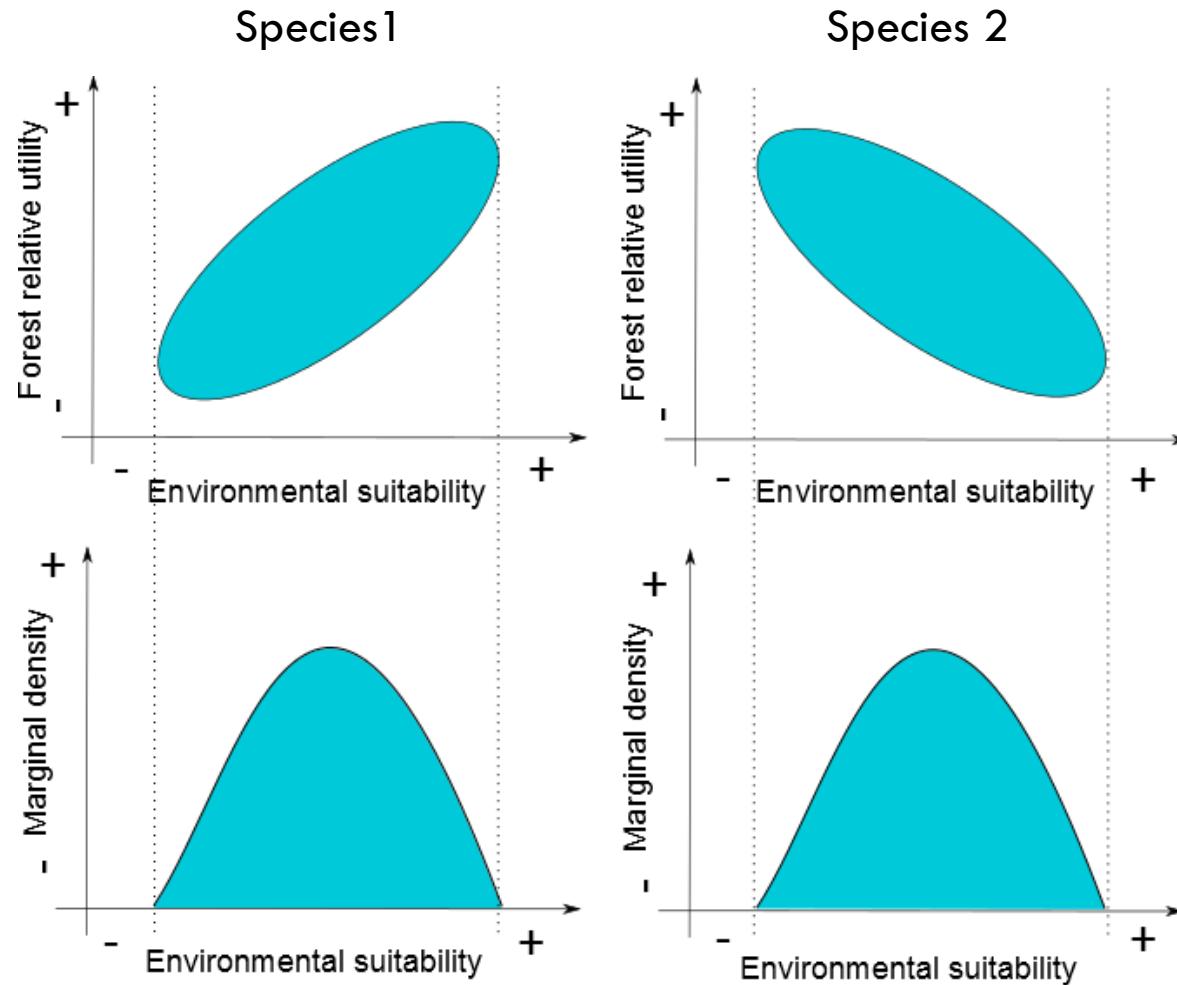
Cheai et al., 2012 Ecology letters



***Alternative land use may cause a  
« selection biais »***

# Potential distribution range

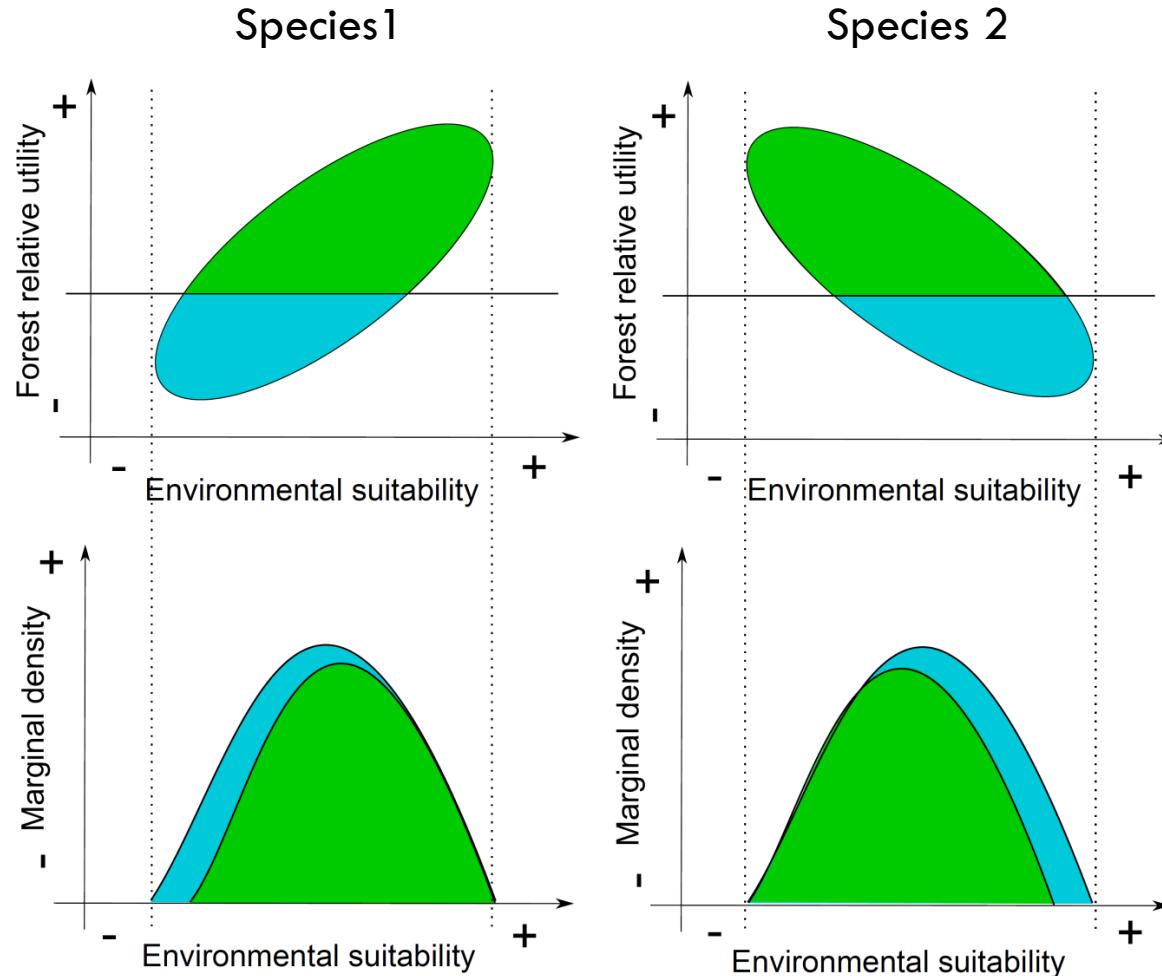
Reality



view by  
classic SMD

# Bias n°1: contrasted selection

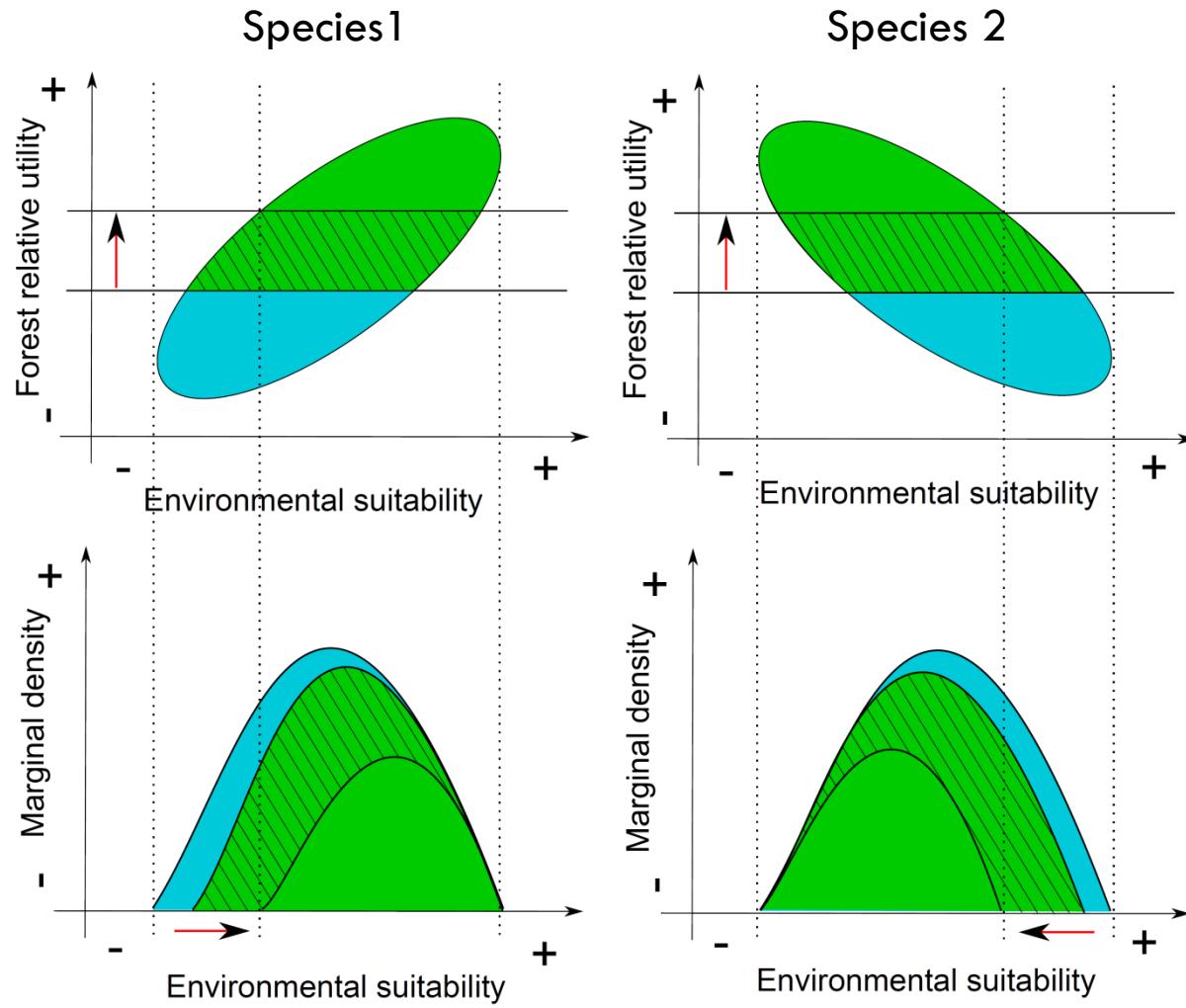
Reality



# Bias n°2: Land use projections

Reality

view by  
classic SMD

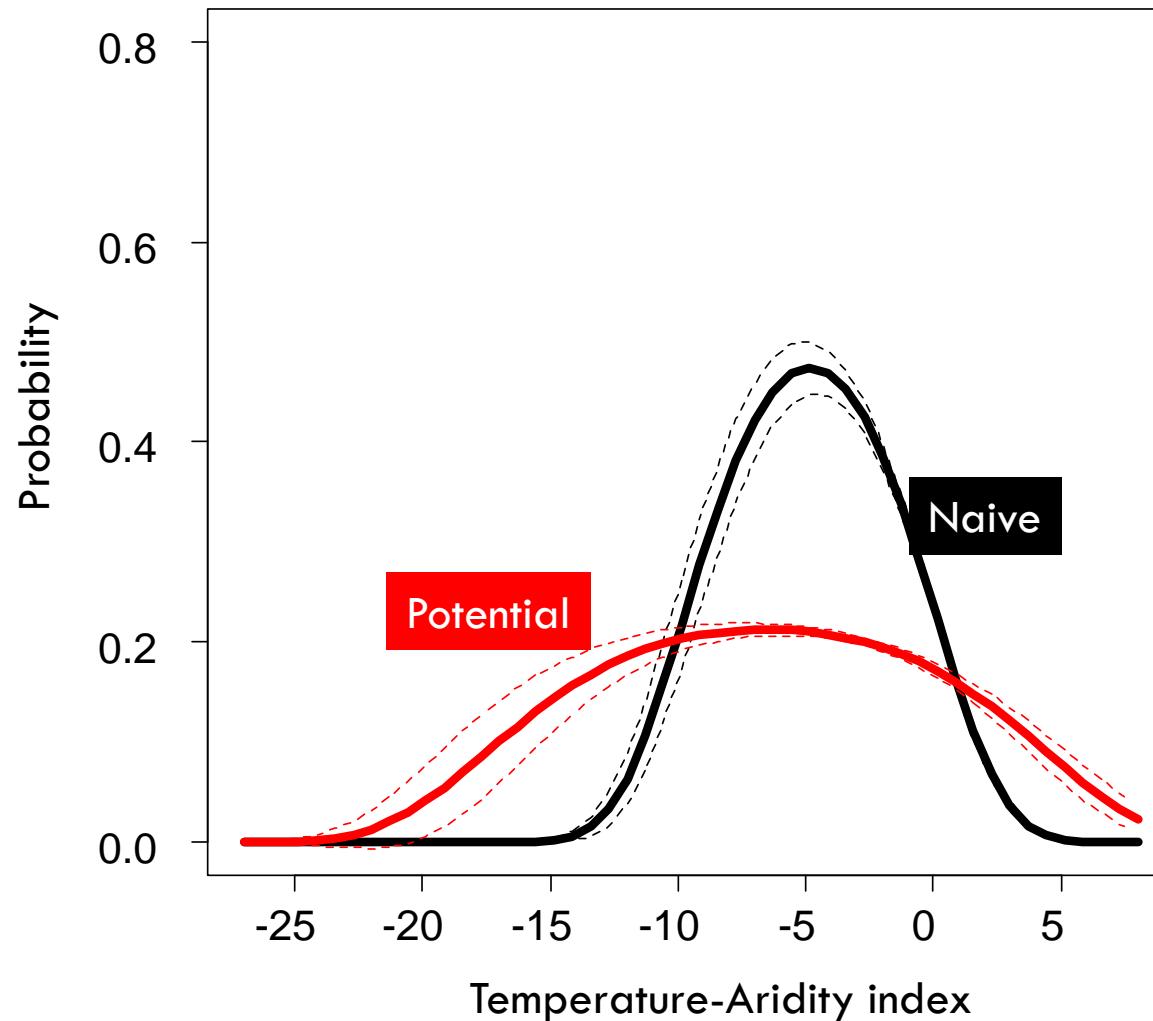


# Structural equation modelling (SEM)

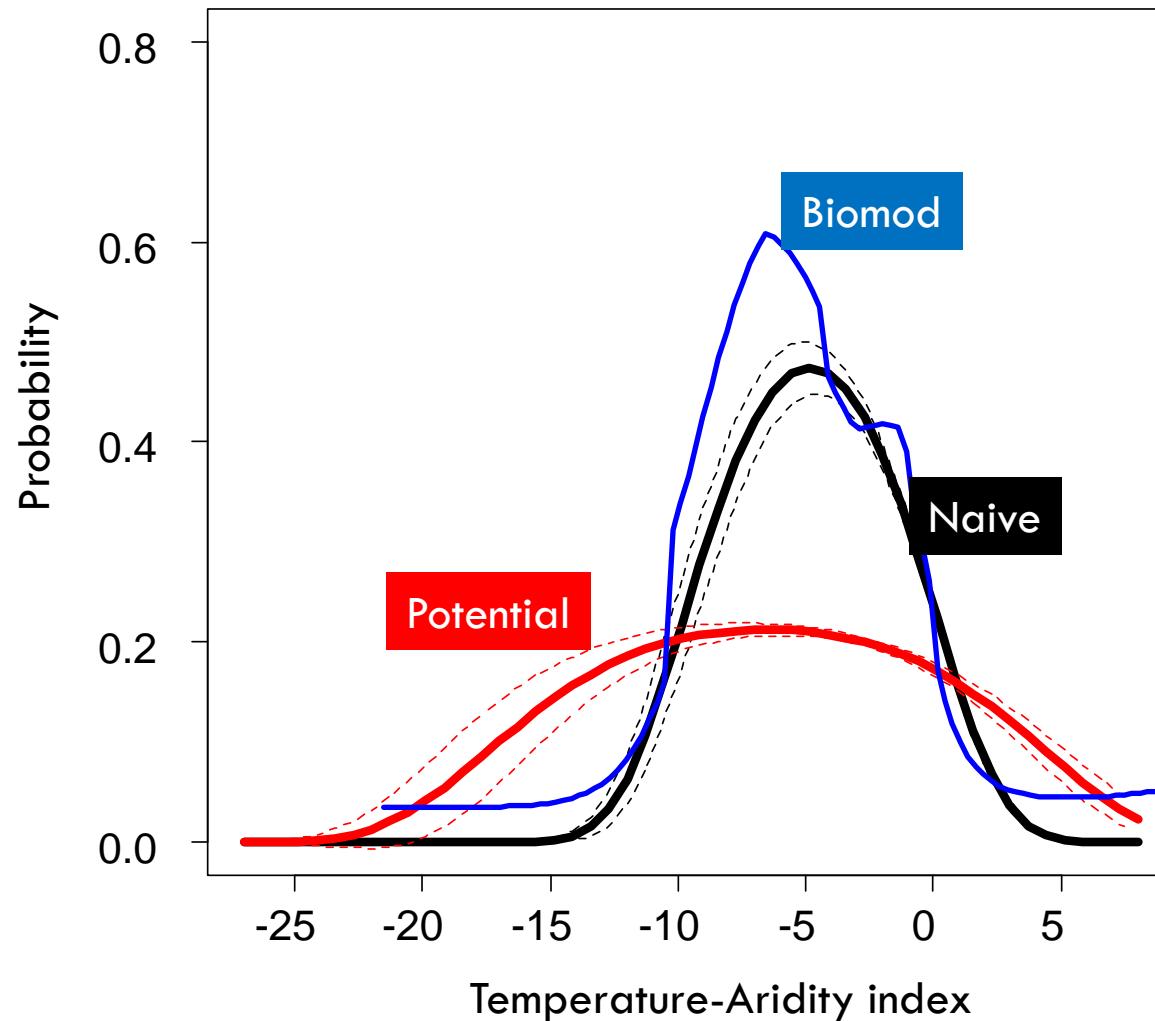
- Presence of a tree specie is only observable in the case of **compatible land use**: forest
- We model explicitely the presence of forest in the « **selection equation** » according to relative returns
- The selection equation is used to:
  - **Correct** the estimation of distributional range
  - **Integrate** the land use effects in projections/ scenarios

- Climate & Species observations (NFI) at ~2km resolution
- Comparison with « state of the art » SDM (Bimod ensemble)
- Example with European beech

# Response curves (Beech)



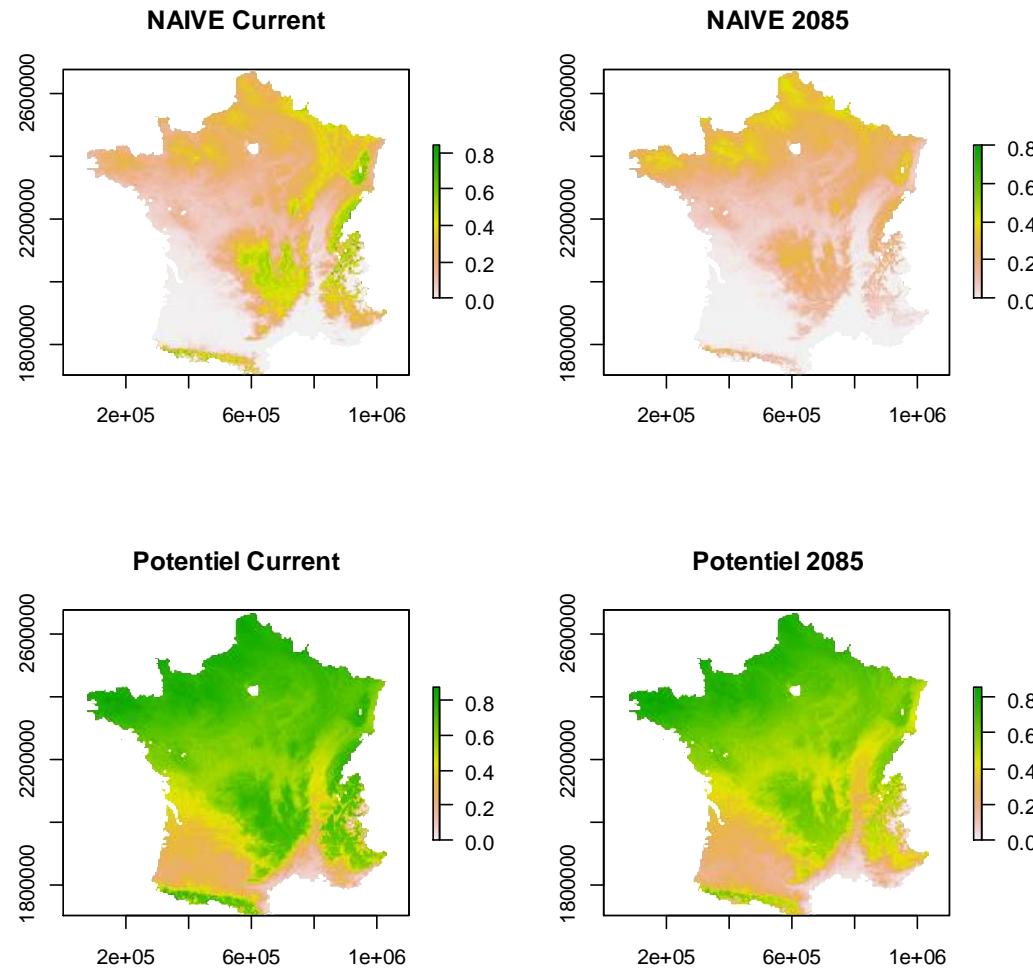
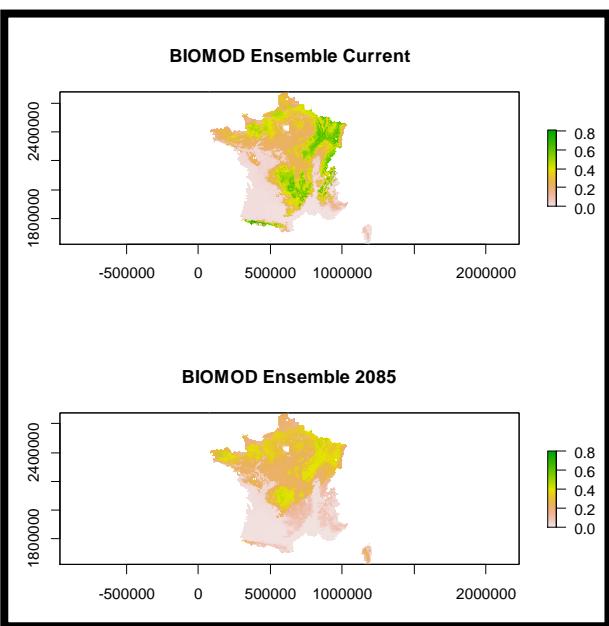
# Response curves (Beech)



# « Potential distribution » : beech



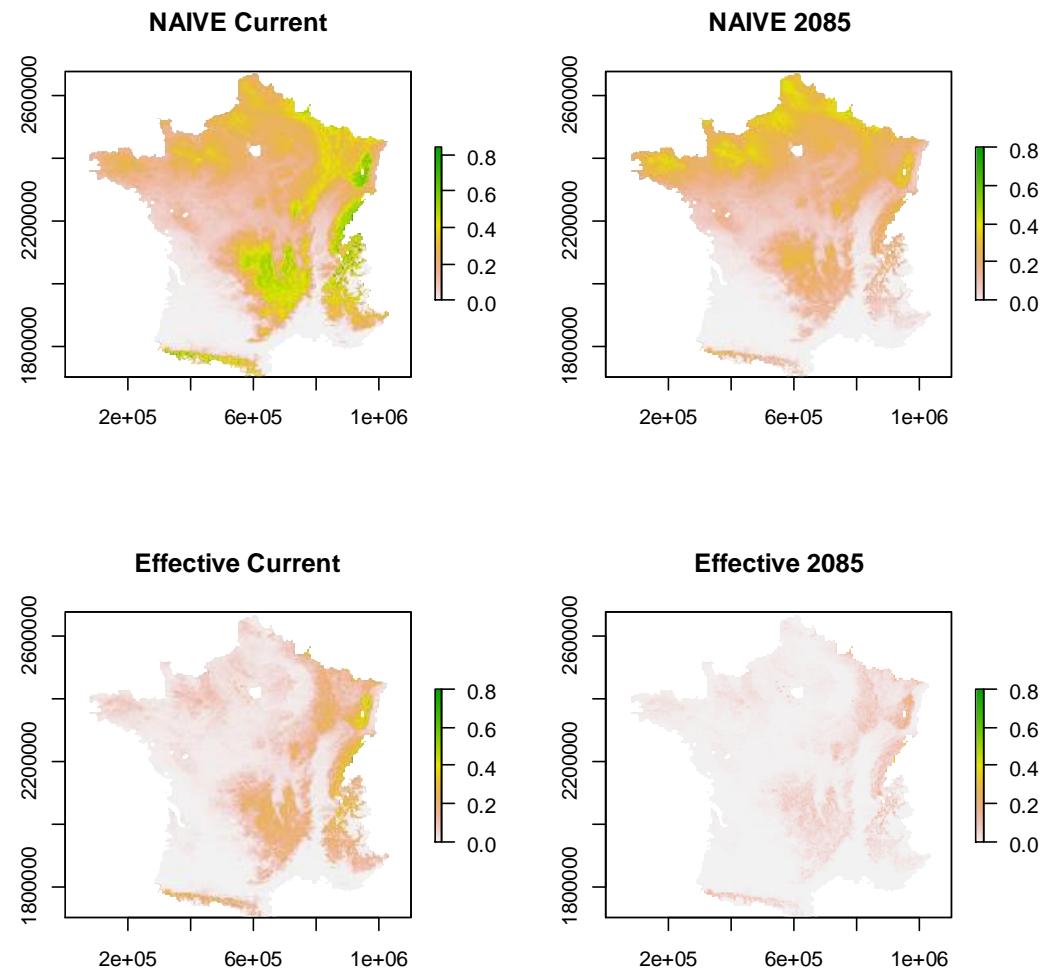
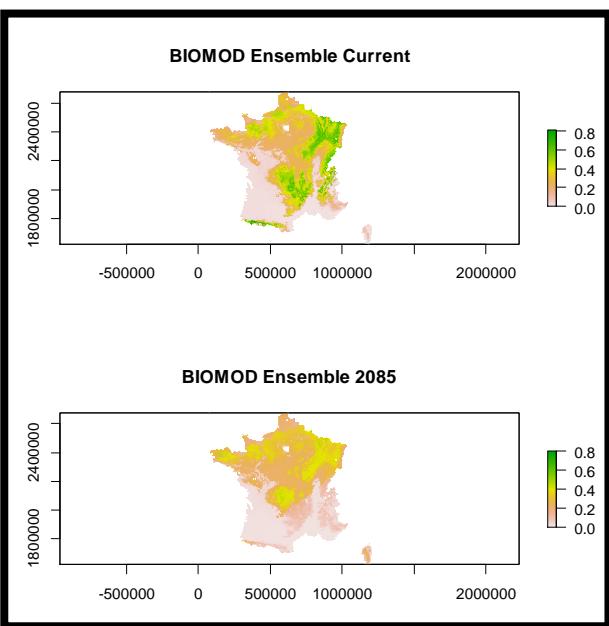
Observation NFI (Beech)



# « Realized distribution» : beech

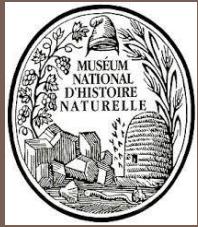


Observation NFI (Beech)



# Summary and conclusion

- Strong evidences of bias from classical SDM
- Contrasted directions of selection bias
  - Positive: Oak
  - Negative: Beech
- Intuition about a global over-estimation of the loss
- On-going work
  - Multi species
  - Scenarios about returns from land, land use change, and conservation policy



# THANKS

# « Biomod distribution » : beech

