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Using pedigree and trait relationships to increase gain in the French maritime pine breeding program.



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More than 20 million improved seedlings produced per year

1 million hectares forest in southwestern France

- Maritime pine (Pinus pinaster Ait.): fast growing species (rotation = 35 years) adapted to the constrained environment of the Landes region forest (poor sandy soils, hydromorphic soils in winter, dry summers)
- 24% of French wood harvest (60% for saw timber, 40% for industrial wood)

A three generation breeding population

- Breeding program since the early 1960s with a base population selected in the Landes forest (~600 G0 trees) and an additional population selected in Corsica
- Recurrent breeding scheme: double-pair mating and forward selection to create the next breeding generation - polycross mating and backward selection to select the best genotypes for seed orchards

Improved varieties for growth and sweep

- Open-pollinated seed orchards with ~50 genotypes (one breeding zone)
- Genetic gains estimated (variety %/F3+): +30% for growth and +30% for stem straightness

OBJECTIVES:

Take advantage of pedigree connections between progeny trials and traits to best predict breeding values in the breeding program

- Data are connected through pedigree and trait correlations
- BLUP used to produce comparable breeding values over trials and generations

505,875 genotypes in pedigree and 8.3M data points stored in DATAPLAN

- DATAPLAN: database designed for breeding progam pedigree and phenotypic data
- Stores all data from the main trials established since the 1960s

Fork

Height Sweep

4 89

Heritability 0.34 0.18 Fork nber

Branch

piral

0.15

High heritability

for height and

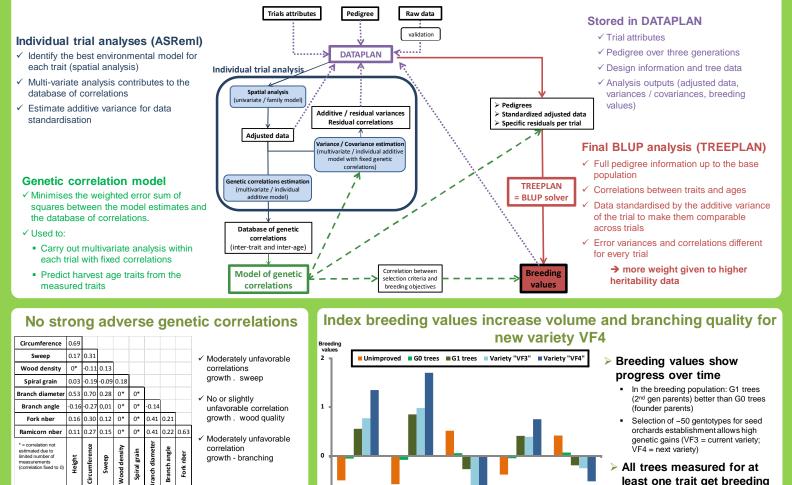
wood quality

- ✓ 44 progeny trials with tree data + 19 trials with family mean data (6,231 families)
- ✓ Data from a variety of cross types (open and control pollinated, polymix)

9 major traits evaluated

	Growth		Sweep	Wood quality		Branching			
	Height	Circumference	Deviation from verticality	Wood density	Spiral grain	Branch diameter	Branch angle	Fork nber	Ramicorn nber
Nber of trials evaluated	70	71	42	9	7	7	7	15	20
Evaluation mean age	9,4	11,0	8,8	16,7	14,1	11,4	11,4	8,5	8,4

Multivariate BLUP predicts breeding values in three generation breeding program



- All trees measured for at least one trait get breeding values for all traits
- Accuracy depends on correlated traits and related trees evaluated
- Harvest age traits breeding values integrate information from all traits and
- High Index breeding values increase Volume and decrease Sweep, Branch diameter and Branch angle score. Index = 1/6 [3xVolume . 2xSweep . (0.4xQualn + 0.2xBranch diameter + 0.2xBranch angle + 0.1xRamicorn nber + 0.1xFork nber)] all ages

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Volume

Index

Branch

diameter

Sweep

Branch

angle