

#### Perception and implementation of nutritional recommendations: the prevention of obesity in France

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# Perception and implementation of nutritional recommendations: the prevention of obesity in France

Faustine Régnier, Ana Masullo

### 4 points

- Methodology
- Nutritional recommandations and food preferences
- Recommendations and norms
- The diversity of implementation

# Research about food preferences and acceptance of nutritional

re@6 pamielinektivie interviews, 800 pages of discourse

- 3 operations of obesity prevention (n=52):
  - Nutrition Service, hospital Hôtel-Dieu (Paris)
  - Roubaix, Epode city (« Together let's prevent childhood obesity »)
  - Teenager workshops « Eat better, move more », Valde-Marne
  - + General population (n=34)
- Contrasted sample :
  - Upper/middle/working class social strata;
  - Paris / the suburbs / the country.

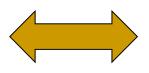
# Nutritional recommendations and food preferences

« Eating well » and social classes

2 ideal types : upper / lower strata

### A relation between food, health and obesity prevention?

A high and permanent attention to health and slimness in the upper strata



The link between food and health is not clear in the poor strata. Slimness is a matter of aesthetics

Upper strata

Lower strata

- Upper strata : food taste preferences are determined
  - Preference for "healthy" food
  - □ Tastes as an answer to a moral constraint : «taste of necessity » (≠ Bourdieu)
- Lower strata : " tastes of liberty"
  - A food taste preference is only a food taste preference
  - Health is not a priority
  - Importance of food abundance and choice
    - Food : primary affordable luxury sphere
    - A way to participate in social life and in the consumer society

#### Feeding one' child well

Preferences can be modeled



Education toward "good for health" food



Controlling nutritional contents

Upper strata

Please children to be sure they will eat



Taking pride in abundance and choice



Feeding our children ourselves

Lower strata

### Nutritional norms, body norms

Recommandations as norms

## The gap between prevention messages and food/body practices and

representations
message content, practices, representations

Strong distance between message content, practices, representations





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Sharp attention, comprehension, application

Prevention messages

External imposition
Devaluation of daily
practices and knowledge



Seen as advice



Seen as orders

#### The implementation of recommendations

- Upper strata : a simple modification of previous practices or norms
- Lower strata: the domestic economy is called into question (a tight budget)
- The implementation of recommendations in relation to one's identity:
  - Daily food practices
  - Children's education
  - Symbolic corporal representations

#### Body representations

- Children's bodies
  - Upper strata : early control of body weight
  - Lower strata : higher tolerance to plumpness and at a more advanced age
- Women's bodies
  - Upper strata : conforming to the dominant body norm
  - Lower strata : being overweight is a normal fact in the group one belongs to

### The diversity of implementation

Statistical and lexicography analysis 2 main oppositions and 7 clusters

#### Two different perspectives

#### Preventive

Long term

Hygiene of life

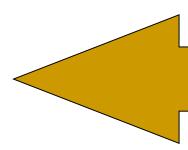
Recommendations are applied to all family members

#### Curative

Short term

Targeted treatment

Recommendations are applied to the one who is obese



Upper strata



Lower strata

