

Integrative workshop: Avian eggshell biomineralization and innate immunity

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LE STUDIUM CONFERENCES

Innate immunity in a biomineralized context: trade-offs or synergies?

Integrative workshop:

Avian eggshell biomineralization and innate immunity

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The calcified avian eggshells

Physical protection Ultrastructure and genetic variations, Genetic traits inherited under the environnmental pressure

A biomineral full of antimicrobial molecules Distribution in the shell and roles during egg life cycle Dual role of matrix proteins (eg ovot, lyz and OCX-32)

Shell/skeleton dialog

Molecular, vesicular and cellular mechanisms

Metabolite and immunity in biominerals

Ultrastructure and genetic variations,

- Strong evidences that the structural organization of avian eggshell is under genetic control
- Polymorphisms of specific shell proteins (ovalbumin, ovocleidin-116, ovocalyxin-32) partially explain variations in certain eggshell properties (i.e., eggshell thickness, crystal size, crystal orientation, eggshell mechanical properties)
- A total of 118 QTLs associated with shell strength



doi:10.1111/j.1365-2052.2011.02280.x

Genetic variation in eggshell crystal size and orientation is large and these traits are correlated with shell thickness and are associated with eggshell matrix protein markers

I. C. Dunn*, A. B. Rodríguez-Navarro⁺, K. Mcdade⁺, M. Schmutz[§], R. Preisinger[§], D. Waddington*, P. W. Wilson* and M. M. Bain⁺

ANIMAL GENETICS Immunogenetics, Molecular Genetics and Functional Genomics

doi:10.1111/j.1365-2052.2010.02131.x

Quantitative trait loci affecting eggshell traits in an F₂ population

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Toward a selection of haplotypes with higher strength quality (genomic selection, candidate gene approach) ?

Genetic traits inherited under the environnmental pressure



Sparrow

Blackbird

Chicken

Genetic traits inherited under the environnmental pressure



Genetic traits inherited under the environnmental pressure

JOURNAL OF Evolutionary Biology



doi:10.1111/j.1420-9101.2010.02010.x

SHORT COMMUNICATION
The evolution of host-specific variation in cuckoo eggshell strength

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Phylogenetic analysis of life-history adaptations in parasitic cowbirds

Behavioral Ecology Vol. 15 No. 1: 109–119 DOI: 10.1093/bheco/arg102

Myriam E. Mermoz and Juan Francisco Ornelas Departamento de Ecología y Comportamiento Animal, Instituto de Ecología A.C., Km 2.5 antigua carretera a Coatepec No 351, Congregación "El Haya", Xalapa, Veracruz 91070, México

Cowbirds (*Molothrus*) are obligate brood parasitic birds, that lay their eggs in nests of other bird species. The hosts provide all parental care to the parasitic eggs, chicks and fledglings.

Obligate brood parasitic birds are known for their greater eggshell thickness

* Intraspecific competition amongst parasite birds (frequently peck and puncture of other eggs laid into the nest)

* limit shell damage when rapid lay on elevated position

* Prevent damage from attempts by hosts to pierce-eject parasitic eggs

Increased thickness, but also variability in shell microstructure \rightarrow Increased eggshell mechanical properties.

Genetic traits inherited under the environnmental pressure

Eggshell cuticles containing vaterite nanospheres have been noted (but not studied) on eggshells of six species including the double-crested cormorant (*Phalacrocorax auritus*), emperor penguin (*Aptenodytes forsteri*), great frigatebird (*Fregata minor*), hamerkop (*Scopus umbreta*) and smooth-billed ani (*Crotophaga ani*) (Mikhailov, 1997). The majority of these species incubate eggs in wet environments, where microbial abundance is likely high (D'alba et al., 2014)



Available online at www.sciencedirect.com

Comparative Biochemistry and Physiology, Part B 149 (2008) 640-649



Antimicrobial activity of the Anseriform outer eggshell and cuticle

Olivier Wellman-Labadie, Jaroslav Picman, Maxwell T. Hincke*

Department of Biology, University of Ottawa, 30 Marie Curie, Ottawa, Ontario, Canada K1N 6N5

Received 28 October 2007; received in revised form 4 January 2008; accepted 4 January 2008 Available online 12 January 2008 ... the presence of more potent antimicrobial proteins in the eggshells of cavity-nesting versus open cupnesting Anseriform species

Genetic traits inherited under the environnmental pressure



2014. Published by The Company of Biologists Ltd | The Journal of Experimental Biology (2014) 217, 1116-1121 doi:10.1242/jeb.09834



RESEARCH ARTICLE

Antimicrobial properties of a nanostructured eggshell from a compost-nesting bird

Liliana D'Alba^{1,*}, Darryl N. Jones², Hope T. Badawy³, Chad M. Eliason¹ and Matthew D. Shawkey¹

"The presence of nanoscale spheres composed of calcium phosphate, renders the eggs hydrophobic, decreases bacterial attachment and is most likely the major component preventing trans-shell penetration This modified surface also appears to limit bacterial adhesion..."

A biomineral full of antimicrobial molecules

Anti-microbial activity observed in eggshell extracts (Mine et al. 2003)

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AGRICULTURAL AND FOOD CHEMISTRY J. Agric. Food Chem. 2003, 51, 249–253 249

Eggshell Matrix Proteins as Defense Mechanism of Avian Eggs

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ELSEVIER

MATRIX BIOLOGY

Ovotransferrin is a Matrix Protein of the Hen Eggshell Membranes and Basal Calcified Layer

Connective Tissue Research, Vol. 42(4), pp. 255-267

 $J. \ GAUTRON^a, M.T. \ HINCKE^b, M. \ PANHELEUX^a, J.M. \ GARCIA-RUIZ^c, T. \ BOLDICKE^d \ and \ Y. \ NYS^{a,*}$

Identification of antimicrobial proteins into the shell

Identification and localization of lysozyme as a component of eggshell membranes and eggshell matrix

Matrix Biology 19 (2000) 443-453

M.T. Hincke^{a,*}, J. Gautron^{b}, M. Panheleux^{b}, J. Garcia-Ruiz^{c}, M.D. McKee^{d,e}, Y. Nys^{b}



Recombinant eggshell ovocalyxin-32: Expression, purification and biological activity of the glutathione S-transferase fusion protein

Jun Xing^a, Olivier Wellman-Labadie^a, Joel Gautron^b, Maxwell T. Hincke^{a,*}



FIG. 2. Immunohistochemistry to localize the 32-kDa protein n eggshell matrix. Shell was decalcified/fixed and paraffin-embedded

Highly concentrated in the cuticle

→ to avoid bacterial penetration during eggshell formation?

Highly concentrated in the lower part of the shell (membranes and mmmillary layers)
→ to protect the developing embryo when shell components are made soluble?

A biomineral full of antimicrobial molecules

Anti-microbial activity observed in eggshell extracts (Mine et al. 2003)

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AGRICULTURAL AND FOOD CHEMISTRY J. Agric. Food Chem. 2003, 51, 249-253 249

ELSEVIER

Eggshell Matrix Proteins as Defense Mechanism of Avian Eggs

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Ovotransferrin is a Matrix Protein of the Hen Eggshell Membranes and Basal Calcified Layer

Connective Tissue Research, Vol. 42(4), pp. 255-267

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Identification of antimicrobial proteins into the shell

Multi purpose roles ~

of eggshell membranes and eggshell matrix

M.T. Hincke^a*, J. Gautron^b, M. Panheleux^b, J. Garcia-Ruiz^c, M.D. McKee^{de}, Y. Nys^b

Identification and localization of lysozyme as a component

Matrix Biology 19 (2000) 443-453

Biomineralization Ultrastructure and mechanical properties **Antimicrobials 1**

In soluble form during shell formation (keep the egg free of pathogens) **Antimicrobials 2**

BIOLOGY

Solubilisation during chicken embryo development and skeleton formation

Shell/skeleton dialog

Molecular, vesicular and cellular mechanisms



Role of CAM to solubilize the shell CAM and osteoblasts ? CAM and immune cells ?

Metabolite and immunity in biominerals

Check for





OPEN Itaconic acid inhibits growth of a pathogenic marine *Vibrio* strain: A metabolomics approach

Received: 7 December 2018 Accepted: 29 March 2019 Published online: 11 April 2019 Thao Van Nguyen¹, Andrea C. Alfaro¹, Tim Young¹, Saras Green², Erica Zarate² & Fabrice Merien³