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Time periods segmentation in TDS and TCATA

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Introduction

• Numerous statistical analyzes for TDS/TCATA data, many commonalities

Curves of attribute proportions of citations

+ closest representation of raw data at panel level

- lack of global test, several types of tests (binomial, multinomial, proportion test) at each time, unidimensional tests

• Duration based analysis and maps (ANOVA, PCA or CVA)

- + global test, easy to interpret
- sequentiality of perceived sensations is only taken into account when continuous time is divided into periods
- subjective choice of the number and the frontiers of periods (except with semi-Markov chains)

• Trajectory maps (PCA, CA)

- + "within" and "between" product evolution representation
- subject heterogeneity not taken into account
- no test
- CA is not the best framework for TCATA because of multiple responses

• What about interpretability and actionability for product design?

Objectives

- Automatically determine the number and frontiers of periods that best represent the breaks in the temporal perception of products (at panel level)
- Simplify and objectify product temporal characterization using an unified multidimensional approach
- Study key moments in perception

Material and methods

- 6 methods: **TDS, TCATA**, (AEF-dominance, AEF-applicability, FC-AEF-dominance, FC-AEF-applicability)
- 6 groups of 64 consumers, each group using 1 method
- Each consumer participated in 3 separated sessions (1 in lab, 2 at home) and tasted a total of 20 samples:
 - 4 dark chocolate + 1 replicate (home)
 - 4 guacamole + 1 replicate (lab)
 - 4 iced tea + 1 replicate (lab)
 - 4 crisps + 1 replicate (home)

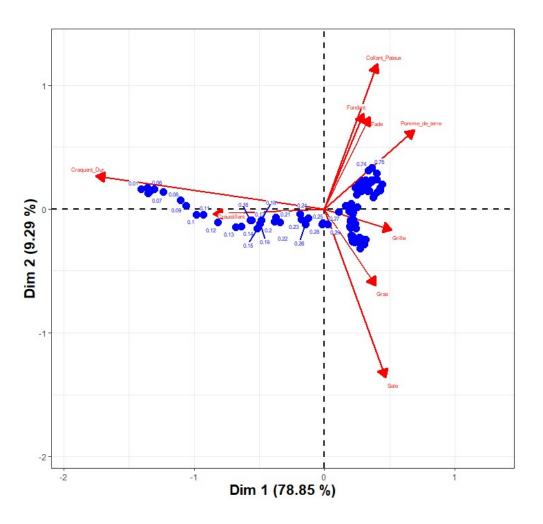
Number and frontiers of periods determination

- For each product:
 - Standardize and discretize time in 100 points between 0.01 (1st perception) and 1 (end of perception)
 - Compute a mrCA considering discretized time as observations
 - Carry out an agglomerative clustering on mrCA row coordinates (axes 1&2, agglomeration method=Ward) with a constraint of temporal contiguity
 - Determine periods based on clusters, suggested partition:
 - with the higher relative loss of inertia between clusters (min. 3 clusters)
 - OR determined by user

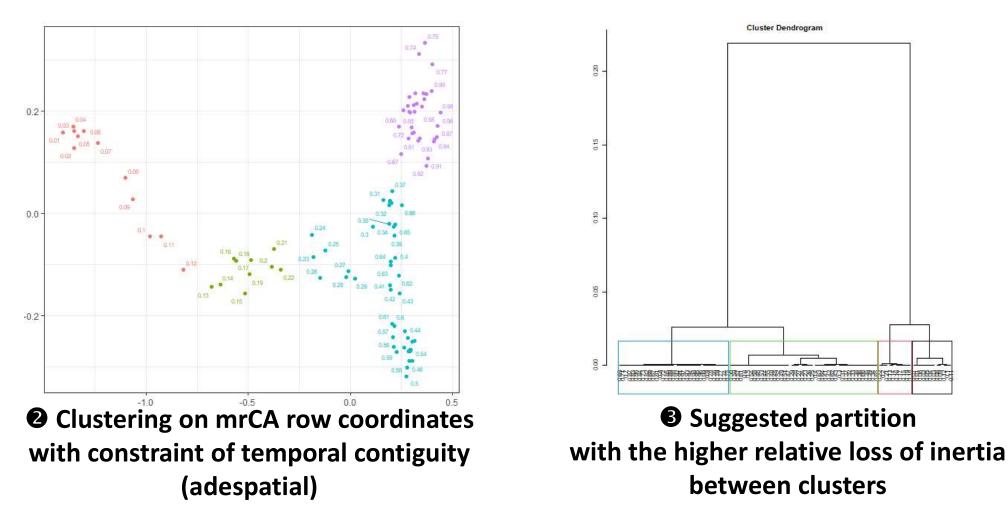
Example on crisps C3 (TDS)

| Subject | Product | Discretized time | Collant Pateux | Craquant Dur | Croustillant | Sale |
|---------|---------|---------------------|-------------------|-----------------|--------------|----------|
| A01 | C3 | 0.01 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| A01 | C3 | 0.02 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| A01 | C3 | 0.03 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | C3 | | | | | |
| A01 | C3 | 1.00 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| | C3 | | | | | |

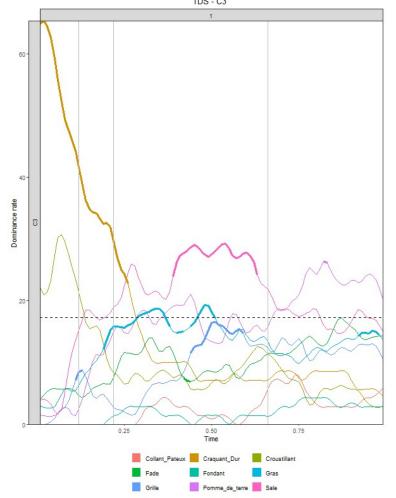
Image: mrcA on Product C3, considering discretized time as observations (MultiResponseR)



Example on crisps C3 (TDS)







Projection of periods on TDS curves

Within product discrimination

Discretized times replaced by periods

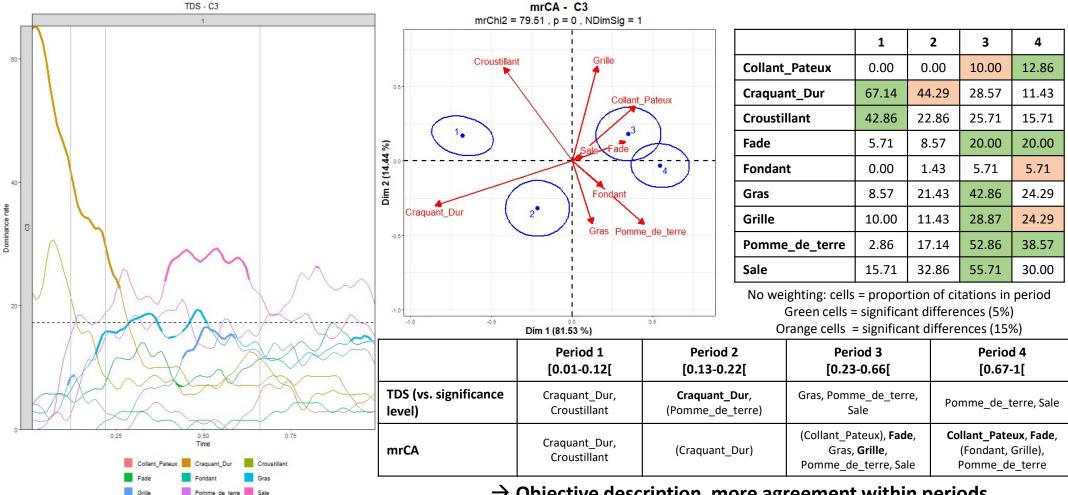
- New contingency table, with 2 possible methods of aggregation at subject level:
 - score = 1 if an attribute has been cited during the period, 0 otherwise
 - score = mean over period (weighting by duration)

| Subject | Product | Discretized time | Collant Pateux | Craquant Dur | Croustillant | Sale |
|---------|---------|---------------------|-------------------|-----------------|--------------|----------|
| A01 | C3 | 0.01 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| A01 | C3 | 0.02 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| A01 | C3 | 0.03 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | C3 | | | | | |
| A01 | C3 | 1.00 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| | C3 | | | | | |

↓

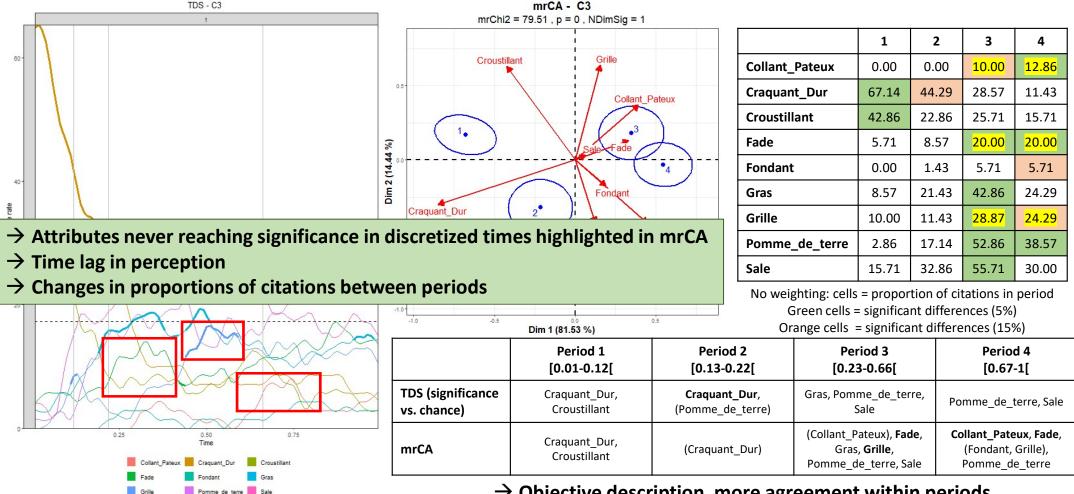
| Subject | Product | Discretized time | Collant Pateux | Craquant Dur | Croustillant | Sale |
|---------|---------|---------------------|-------------------|-----------------|--------------|----------|
| A01 | C3 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| A01 | C3 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| A01 | C3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| | C3 | | | | | |

Within product discrimination (C3, TDS)



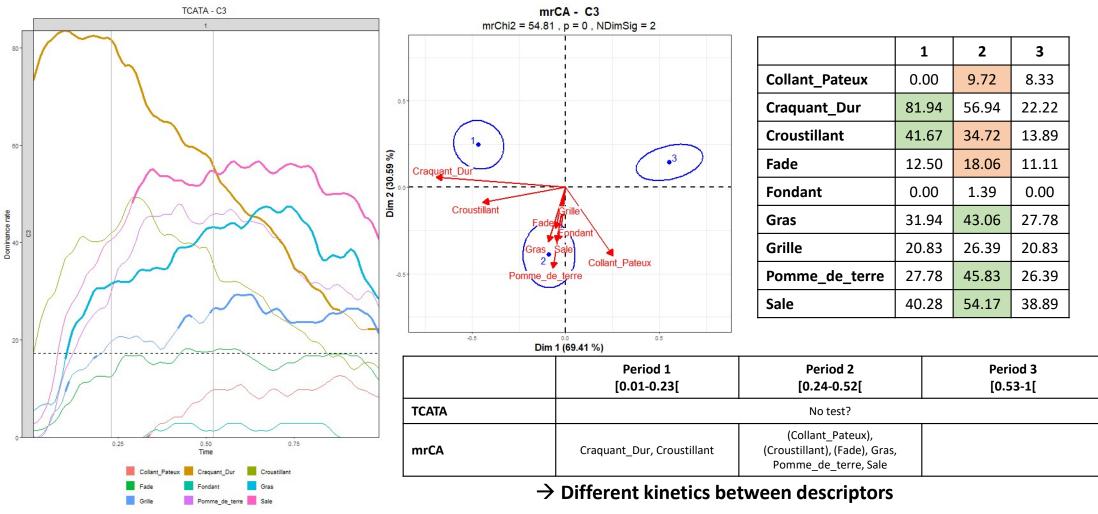
 \rightarrow Objective description, more agreement within periods

Within product discrimination (C3, TDS)



 \rightarrow Objective description, more agreement within periods

Within product discrimination (C3, TCATA)



Within product discrimination (all products)

| Product | Frontiers TDS | Frontiers TCATA | | |
|---------|------------------|------------------|--|--|
| C1 | 0.12, 0.40 | 0.10, 0.28, 0.52 | | |
| C1_rep | 0.19, 0.28, 0,55 | 0.15, 0.45 | | |
| C2 | 0.22, 0.74 | 0.16, 0.30, 0.64 | | |
| C3 | 0.12, 0.26, 0.66 | 0.23, 0.52 | | |
| C4 | 0.18, 0.60 | 0.11, 0.47 | | |
| CH1 | 0.26, 0.57 | 0.13, 0.55 | | |
| CH2 | 0.20, 0.45 | 0.20, 0.77 | | |
| CH3 | 0.18, 0.39, 0.66 | 0.13, 0.31, 0.66 | | |
| CH4 | 0.20, 0.45 | 0.27, 0.68 | | |
| CH4_rep | 0.17, 0.72 | 0.18, 0.63 | | |
| G1 | 0.12, 0.43 | 0.11, 0.34, 0.71 | | |
| G1_rep | 0.12, 0.35 | 0.23, 0.58 | | |
| G2 | 0.16, 0.53 | 0.13, 0.62 | | |
| G3 | 0.12, 0.33, 0.76 | 0.14, 0.56 | | |
| G4 | 0.26, 0.65 | 0.12, 0.59 | | |
| IT1 | 0.22, 0.65 | 0.21, 0.68 | | |
| IT2 | 0.17, 0.72 | 0.14, 0.28 | | |
| IT3 | 0.16, 0.28 | 0.16, 0.36 | | |
| IT3_rep | 0.07, 0.34, 0.53 | 0.10, 0.30 | | |
| IT4 | 0.17, 0.42 | 0.23, 0.62 | | |

Differences between TDS and TCATA:

- TDS: breaks in perception
- TCATA: changes in citation rates

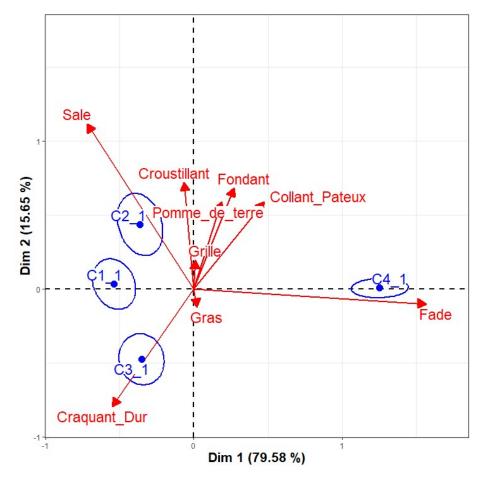
Non-uniform and product-dependent periods:

More changes at the beginning of tasting (textures)

Different levels of product characterization

- Within product evolution: mrCA on observations = periods, restricted to a given product
- But also:
 - within period differences: mrCA on observations = products*period
 - all products
 - restricted to a given pair of products
 - between products and periods differences (trajectories): mrCA on observations = products x periods
 - all products
 - restricted to a given pair of products

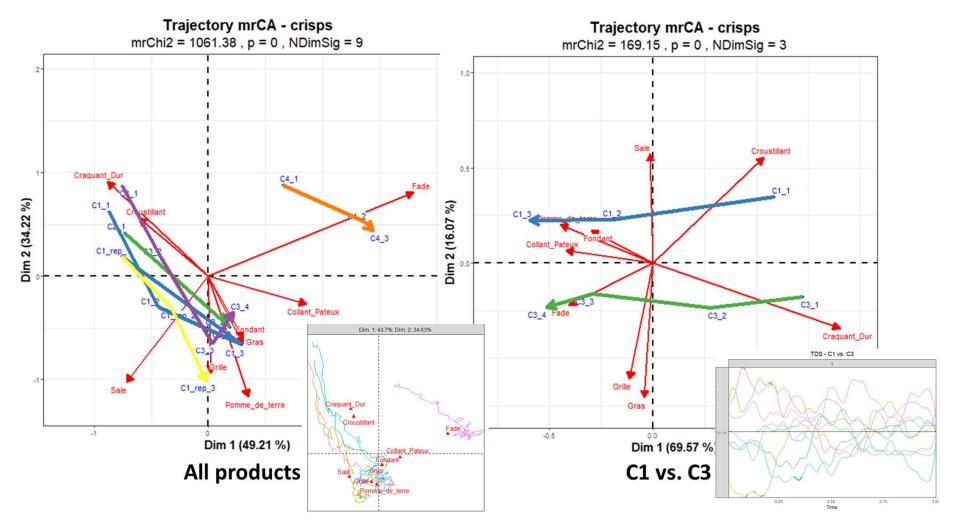
Within period differences, crisps, period 1



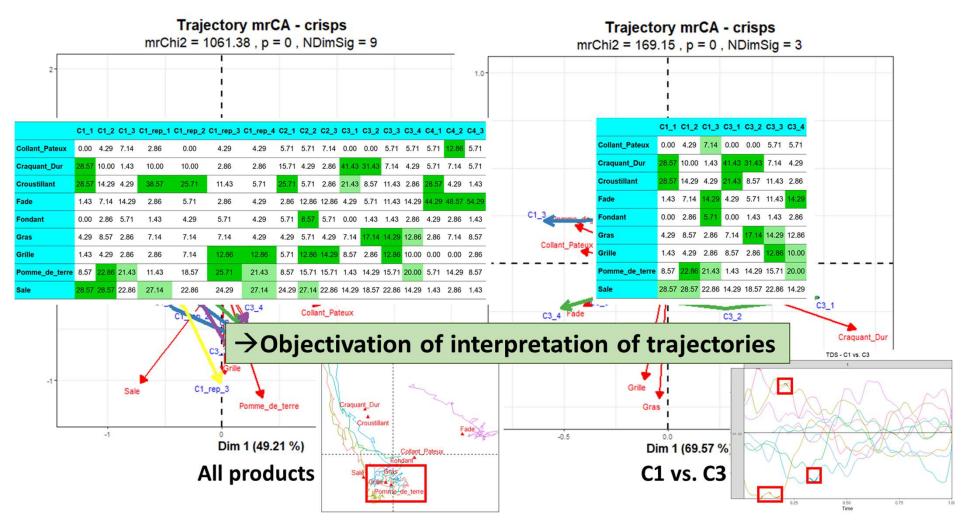
| | C1_1 | C2_1 | C3_1 | C4_1 |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Collant_Pateux | 0.00 | 5.71 | 0.00 | 10.00 |
| Craquant_Dur | 55.71 | 41.43 | 67.14 | 21.43 |
| Croustillant | 55.71 | 68.57 | 42.86 | 51.43 |
| Fade | 2.86 | 2.86 | 5.71 | 64.29 |
| Fondant | 0.00 | 5.71 | 0.00 | 5.71 |
| Gras | 5.71 | 4.29 | 5.71 | 5.71 |
| Grille | 1.43 | 10.00 | 7.14 | 5.71 |
| Pomme_de_terre | 11.43 | 11.43 | 2.86 | 14.29 |
| Sale | 40.00 | 40.00 | 14.29 | 1.43 |

 \rightarrow Differences between products during first period of tasting

Between products and periods differences (trajectories)



Between products and periods differences (trajectories)



Conclusions

• Common analyses for TDS and TCATA:

- Unique multidimensional paradigm adapted to multiple responses
- Subject heterogenity taken into account
- Number and frontiers of periods not dependent on tests
- Tests at different levels (within/between, all products/pairwise)
- Possibility of reducing temporal signal in a limited number of periods:
 - Simplification and objectivation of the interpretation of temporal data
 - Useful information on the **key moments of the temporal sensory perception** of the products (product formulation)
- Never more than 4 periods:
 - Comparability with AEF
 - Resolution of temporal methods and granularity of temporal data
 - Sequentiality of sensations based on periods more appropriate than durations to study temporality?

