

Analysis and integration of heterogeneous data from response to low temperature condition of two Arabidopsis thaliana ecotypes

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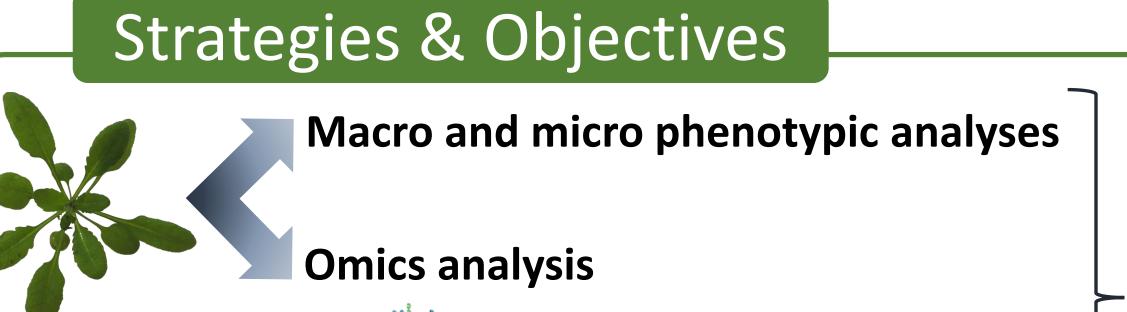
Analysis and integration of heterogeneous data from response to low temperature condition of two Arabidopsis thaliana ecotypes

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Context

The plant cell wall represents an external physical barrier crucial to perceive and limit the effect of environmental changes on plant physiology. This compartment in contact with the environment can change its structure and composition¹ to maximize plant acclimatization. In previous studies, it has been shown that cell wall proteins are important players in these processes². By providing, combining and **integrating heterogeneous omics** data, this study aims at identifying relevant profiles possibly related to modulation of cell wall plasticity in response to temperature variations.





1] Can we show a response of *A. thaliana* to the low temperature condition?

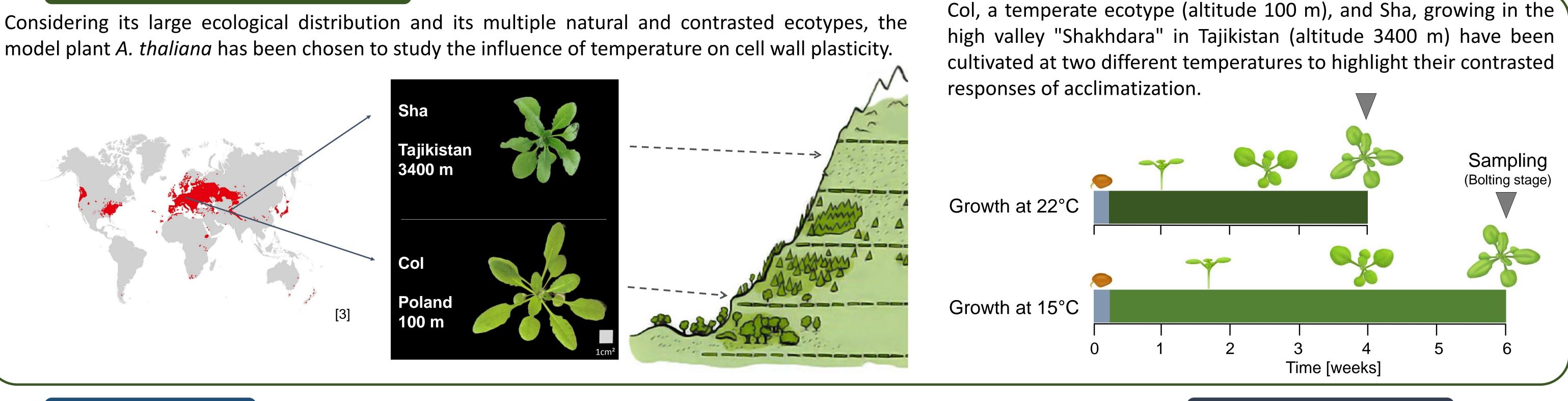


Cell wall proteomics

Transcriptomics

Integration 2] How the integration of data can help showing this response? of data

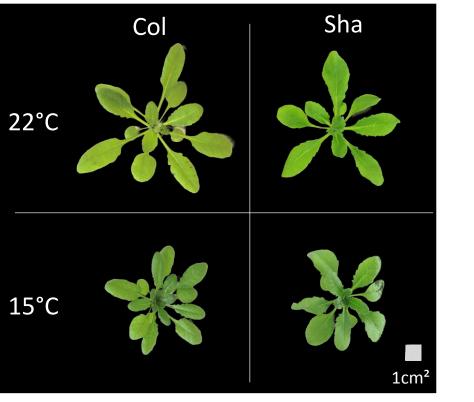
Experimental Protocol

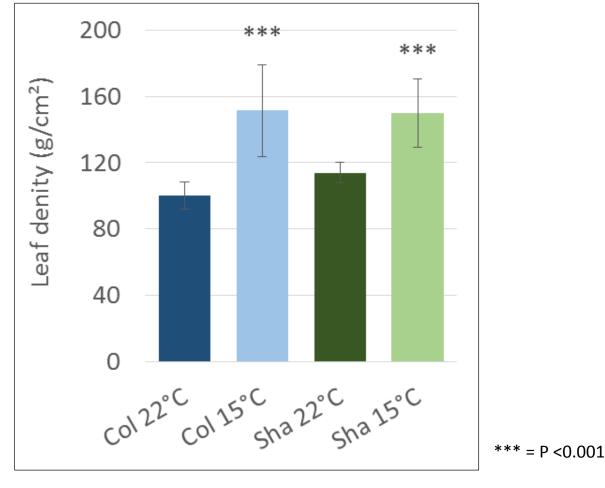




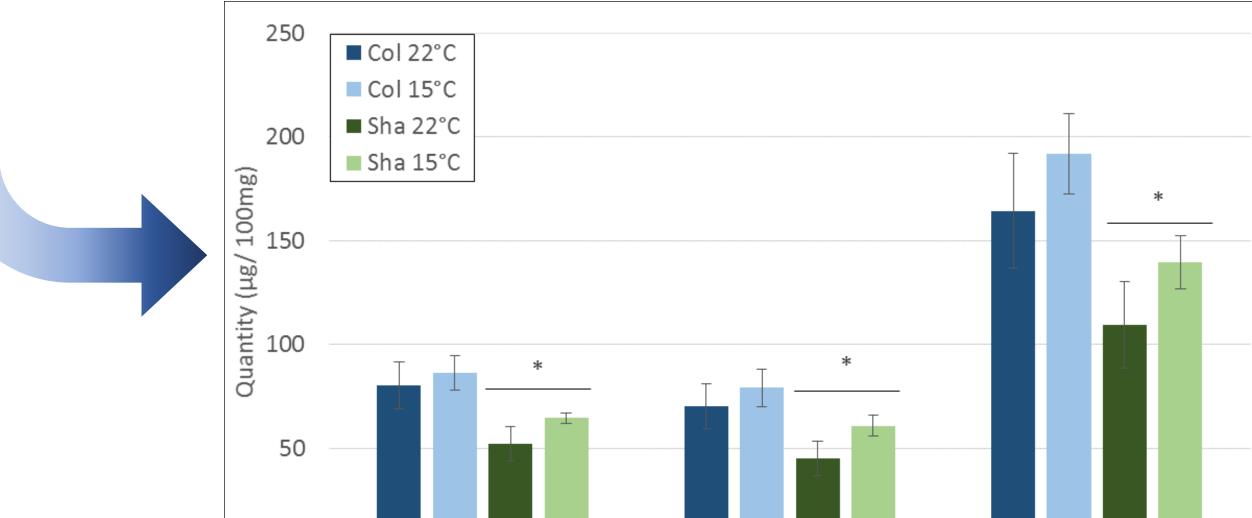
3) and the proteome and transcriptome profiles.





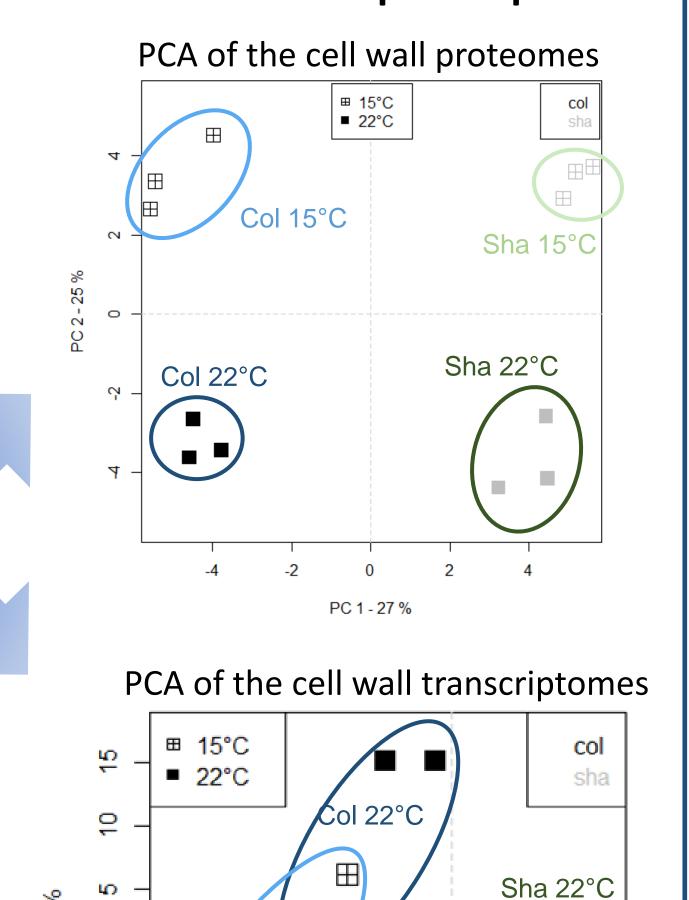


2) may be explained by modification of the cell wall polysaccharides...



Cell wall polysaccharides reconstructed from monosaccharide analysis by HPAEC



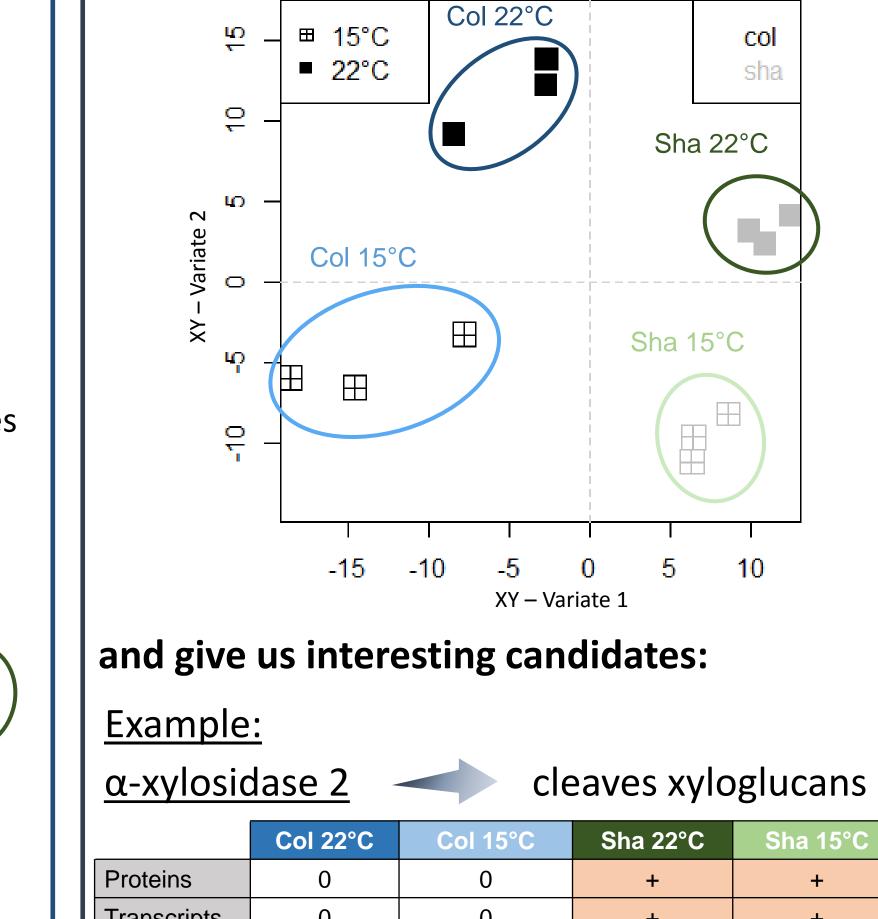


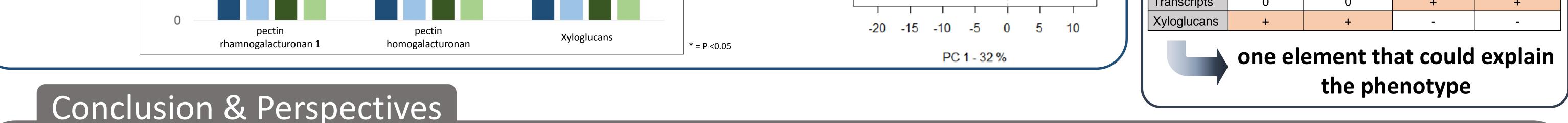
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The integrative study between cell wall proteomes and transcriptomes using PLS (Partial Least Squares regression) analysis allow us to show these heterogeneous data in a unique statistical space...

Integrative study





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In conclusion, we have demonstrated that A. thaliana has a specific response to the low temperature condition and we have observed specific responses depending on the ecotypes and on the temperature conditions with good repeatability. Furthermore, the integrative study is helpful to provide interesting candidates to explain these effects and to understand the relationships between different heterogeneous omics data sets.

In perspective, we will characterize the most interesting candidates and study their roles in the cell wall and we will try to explain the phenotype variability by the integration of more than 2 heterogeneous data.

References: [1] Frankovà & Fry, J Exp Bot. 2013; 64:3519-3550; [2] Albenne et al., Front Plant Sci. 2013; 4:111; [3] Krämer, eLife. 2015; 4:e06100









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