

#### Combining biotechnical and organisational levers to engage agroecological transition of farming systems: A case-study of sheep integration into organic cropping systems in South-western France

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# **Context and problematic**

#### Context

- Negative impacts of specialization and concentration of agricultural systems
- Specialization of both farms and regions
- Integrated crop-livestock systems (ICLS) as a relevant lever for agroecological transition

### Objective

Explore different forms of ICLS in a given region to evaluate their possible benefits and perspectives





# Material

Minervois region

(South Western France)

- Mediterranean climate
- ► A plain zone / a Causse zone
- Two forms of existing ICLS





Grazing-ICLS : involve shepherds, vineyards & cereals growers

> Mowing-ICLS : involve breeders & cereal growers



 ${\tt C} \; G. \; Jacquemin$ 

# Methodology: modelling

- Spatialized and temporalized regional supply-demand model
- Spatial distribution of surfaces
  = 3,000 ha (20 % of the territory's agricultural surface)
- Feed resources estimation (legume fodder, moors, interrow vineyard, ...)
- Farming systems and CLI practices calibration: semistructured interviews (n=22)





# Methodology: simulation



Scenarios	CC impacts	ICLS « optimisation »	Spatial « extrapolation »	Temporal « optimisation »	Temporal & spatial « optimisation »
Setting					
Crops	Change in yields (min-max)	Change in forage allocation (mowing-ICLS)	Change in land use (increase ICLS)	-	-
Livestock	-	-	-	Change in management (transhumance)	Change in management (batching)

- simulation plan consistent with local actors
- settings consistent with farming system structures and functioning

# Results: Baseline scenario

LANDSCAPE 2021

- Herd of 1,000 ewes feed on the territory (shepherd)
- Diversity of feed resources
- Feed ressources vary with seasons
- Quantity of available ressources (and consequently number of animals fed) depend also of seasons



# Results: Climatic change impact

Setting: Change in yields

Fall and winter become also limiting in dry years (what happened this year)

Not enough ressources to feed the actual herd



LANDSCAPE 2021

# Results: temporal adaptation



- Setting: Change in grazing periods
- Summer transhumance (estive) to reduce pressure on ressources

Inverse transhumance (winter) to optimize the use of available resources



# **Results: Batching adaptation**



- separate the herd into 3 batches
- decrease animal density
- facilitate management

## **Results: spatial adaptation**



Consider ICLS all over the territory

Increase number of ewes (> 8,000)



# **Discussion & Perspectives**

- Interest in combining dynamic analysis (seasonality) and spatial analysis (heterogenity of land use) to design future landscapes
- Issues of reintroducing livestock farming in specialised territories :
  - Services provided to crops: weeding, fertilization, outlet
  - Services provided to landscape: Shrub encroachment, fire, ... biodiversity
- Multicriteria assessment of benefits associated to these ICLS (realised but not presented)
  - Agro-environmental dimension: soil fertility, energy consumption & emission
  - Socioeconomical dimension: Gross Margin, subsidies ...



# **Discussion & Perspectives**

- Need to take into account organizational issues and relationships between actors
  - Consultation meetings with farmers, stakeholders, inhabitants, associations...
  - Importance of local « leaders »
- Ongoing project (funding achieve for the next 3 years !)
- Not yet published (ASD special issue ;-)
- Thanks to Romane's master thesis















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