

Foodshed spatial approach

Esther Sanz Sanz, Michel Moulery

▶ To cite this version:

Esther Sanz Sanz, Michel Moulery. Foodshed spatial approach. 1st webminar on the foodshed spatial approach, Jan 2022, coventry, United Kingdom. hal-03672638

$\begin{array}{c} {\rm HAL~Id:~hal\text{-}03672638} \\ {\rm https://hal.inrae.fr/hal\text{-}03672638v1} \end{array}$

Submitted on 19 May 2022

HAL is a multi-disciplinary open access archive for the deposit and dissemination of scientific research documents, whether they are published or not. The documents may come from teaching and research institutions in France or abroad, or from public or private research centers.

L'archive ouverte pluridisciplinaire **HAL**, est destinée au dépôt et à la diffusion de documents scientifiques de niveau recherche, publiés ou non, émanant des établissements d'enseignement et de recherche français ou étrangers, des laboratoires publics ou privés.

RISE ATTER 2021-2025

Agroecological Transitions for Territorial Food Systems

1st webinar on the "**foodshed spatial approach**" 20th January 17-18.00 (CET) by Michel Mouléry and Esther Sanz-Sanz







Research question

What are the socio-spatial determinants of the geographies of the agriculture-food-nutrition nexus?

Objectives:

1/ To define and characterise the geographies of the nexus at the territorial scale of the city-regions \rightarrow foodshed

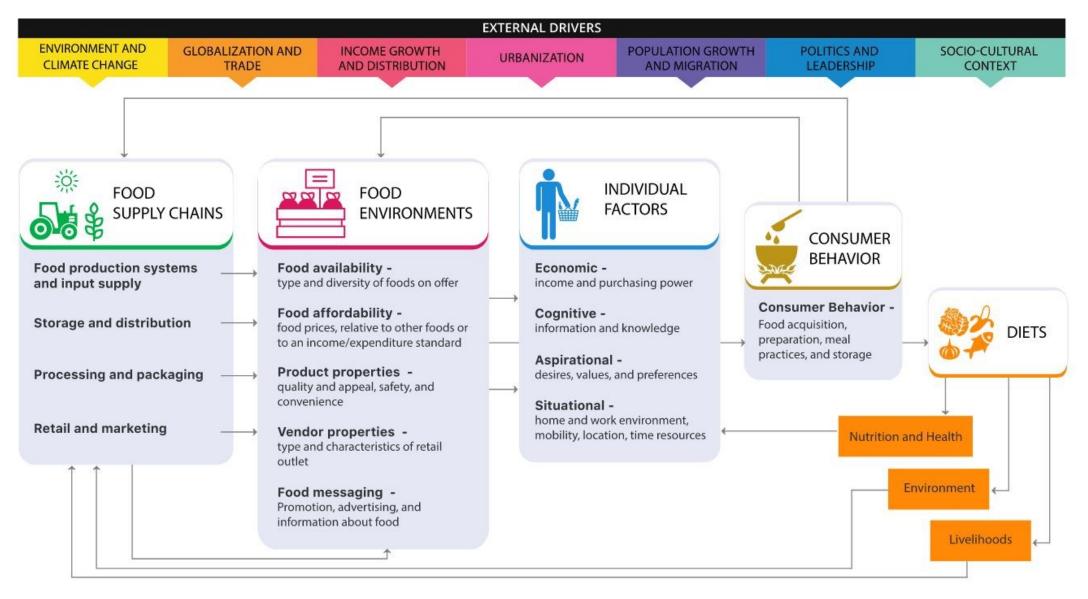
2/ To identify the levers of intervention

From farm to fork

New Geography of Food Security + Land Change Sciences

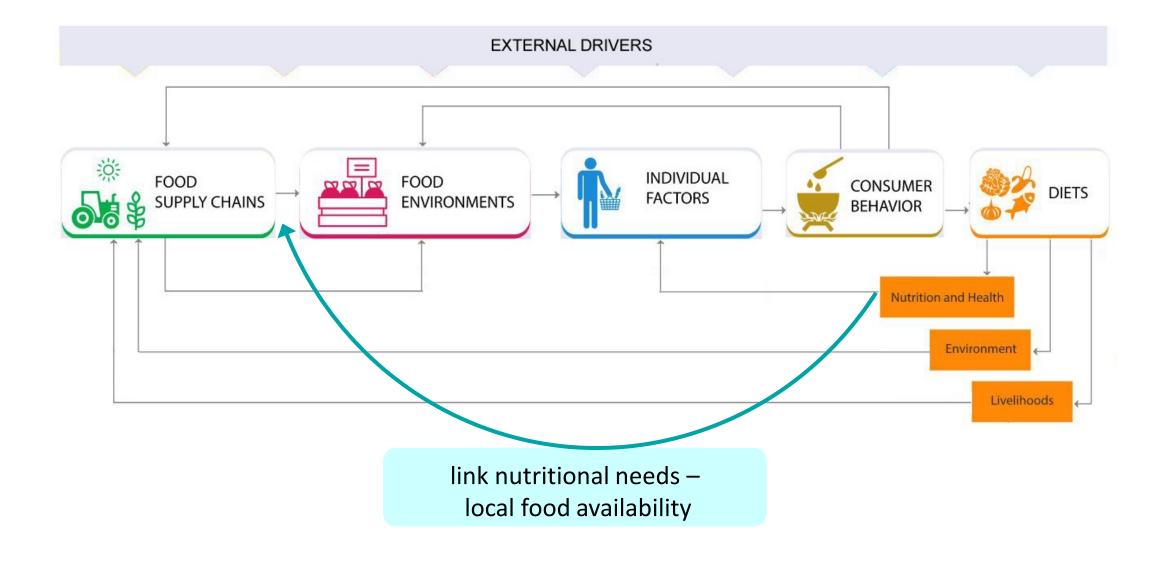
Mapping + modelling + participatory approach

Conceptual framework



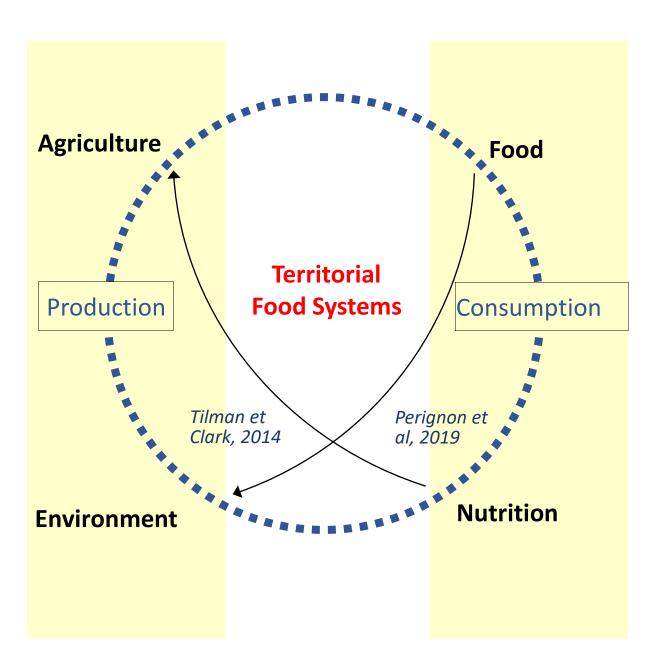
HLPE, 2017. The high level panel of experts on food security and nutrition of the committee on world food security

Conceptual framework

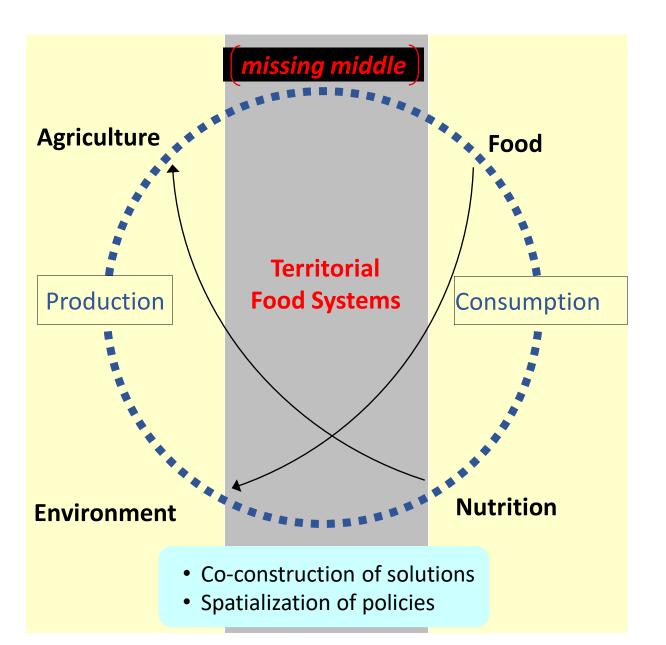


HLPE, 2017. The high level panel of experts on food security and nutrition of the committee on world food security

What is the problem?



How does our research fit into a foodshed approach?



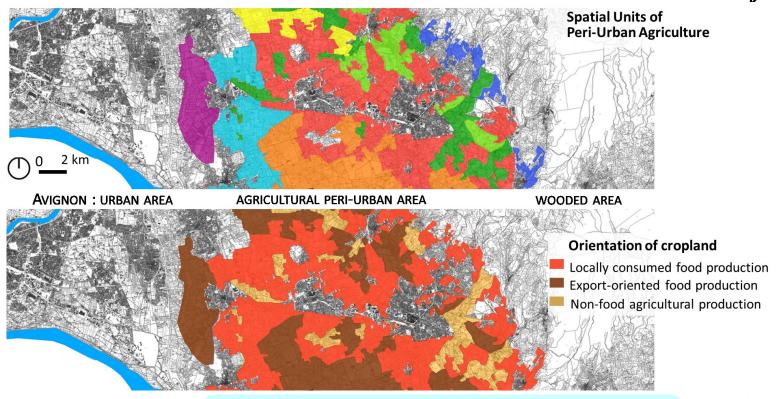


H₁: spatial signature (SANZ et al., 2021, 2018, 2017a,b,c et 2016; Poggi, SANZ et al., 2021)

Local field survey

Statistical and spatial analysis (GIS) heterogeneous multi-source data

Modelling approach Model (multinomial Dirichlet regression)



Spatial signature of periurbain agriculture

- local vs. export oriented
- green (organic) vs. conventional



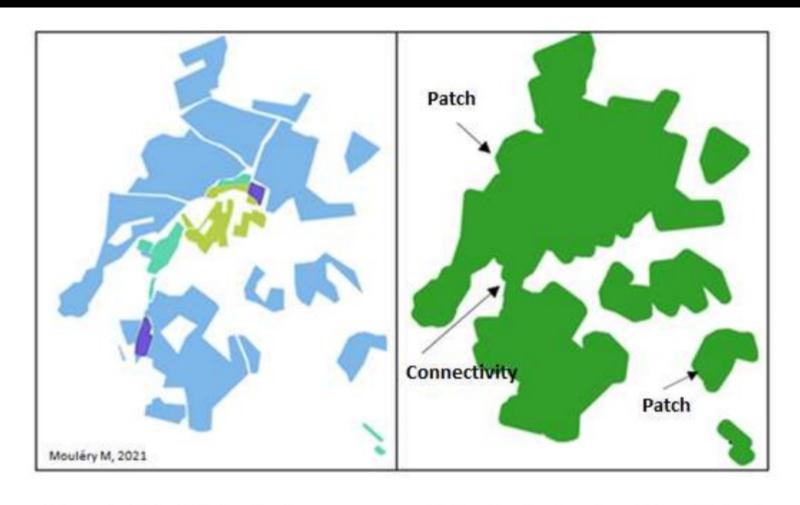


.0 km

Sanz Sanz, 2016



H₂: rugosity (MOULERY et al., under review; Brinkley, 2019, 2018, 2013)



Rugosity of urban areas *versus* proximity supply chains

Figure 1. Before Dilation/Erosion

Dilation /Erosion (creation of the archipelago)



H₂: rugosity

Identifying connectable sustainable agriculture to city-regions



Moulery et al.. Self-sufficiency assessment:
Defining the foodshed spatial signature of short beef supply chains. 2022. (hal-03524862)
Sanz Sanz, Napoléone & Mouléry (2021), Insights from France-CGIAR research.

Vicente, Sanz Sanz, Napoléone, Mouléry, et al. (2021), *Agriculture.*

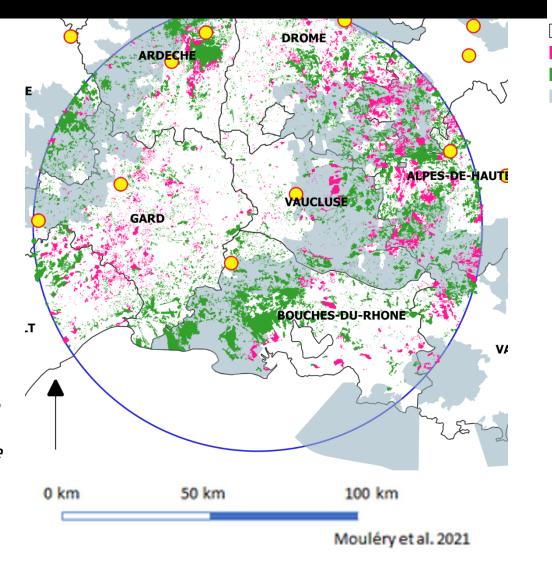
Poggi, S., Sanz Sanz, E. et al. (2021), *Advances in Ecological Research*.

Sanz Sanz, Napoléone, Martinetti (2018), *Land Use Policy.*

Sanz Sanz, Napoléone, Hubert, Mata (2017), *Revue d'économie regional et urbaine, L'espace Géographique.*













Slaughterhouse Département

Patches in not short supply chain

Patches in short supply chain National or Regional nature park



H₁: spatial signature

H₂: rugosity

Tooling and focusing public action: Food sensitive planning



Mouléry, Sanz Sanz, Napoléone, Josselin et al. (2022), Agriculture (hal-03524862)

Sanz Sanz, Napoléone, Debolini, Mouléry, Martinetti et al. (soumis), *Nature Sustainability*

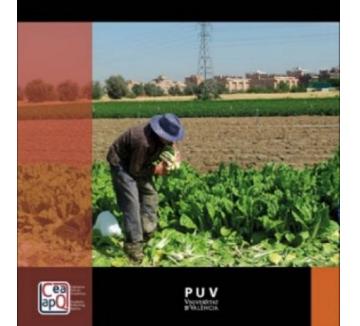
Boussougu, Sanz Sanz, Napoléone, Martinetti (2021), Land Use Policy

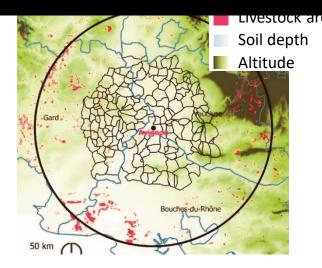














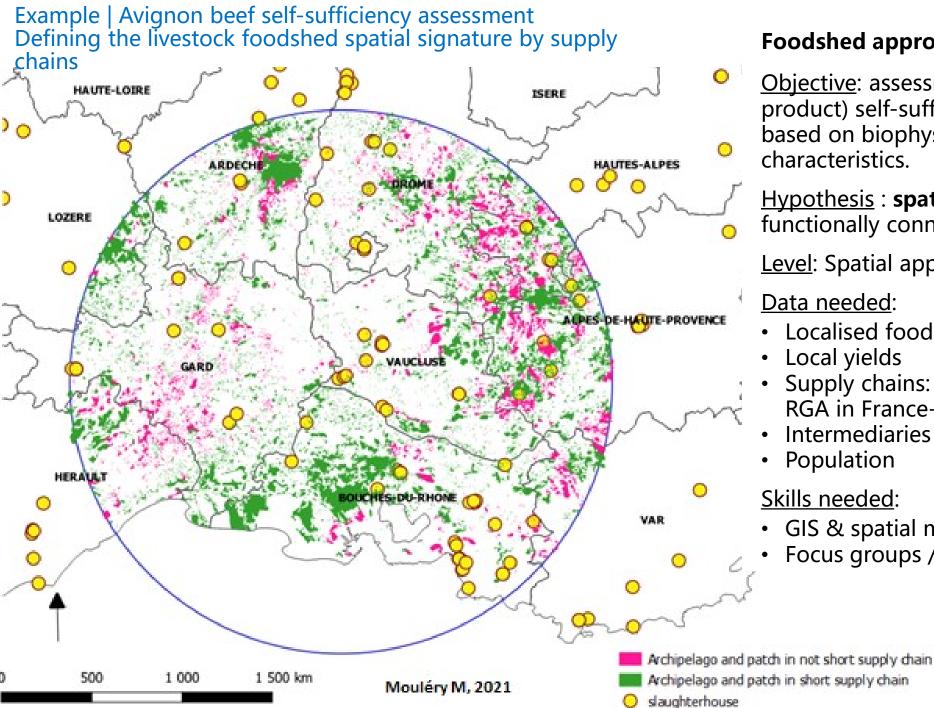
1.lsotropic



2. Product groups



Archipelago foodshed



Foodshed approach

Objective: assessment of (a specific food product) self-sufficiency of a specific region based on biophysical and socio-economic characteristics.

<u>Hypothesis</u>: **spatial signature** of agricultures functionally connected to the city

<u>Level</u>: Spatial approach at territorial level.

Data needed:

- Localised food-crops land use (ex. RPG in EU)
- Local yields
- Supply chains: long vs shorts (database –ex. RGA in France- or key informants)
- **Intermediaries**
- Population

Skills needed:

- GIS & spatial metrics (landscape ecology)
- Focus groups / key informants

Foodshed approach

What we offer:

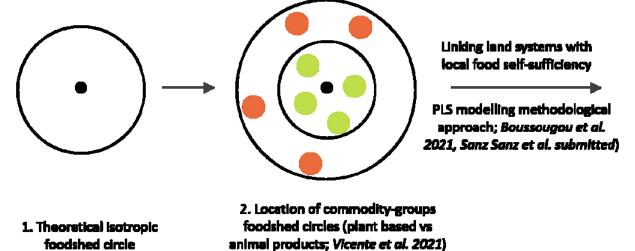
- Smart training (if needed)
- Application in my secondments / the study cases (if data provided)
- Comparison (generalisation) with colleagues working on the foodshed notion (ZALF, UC Davis)

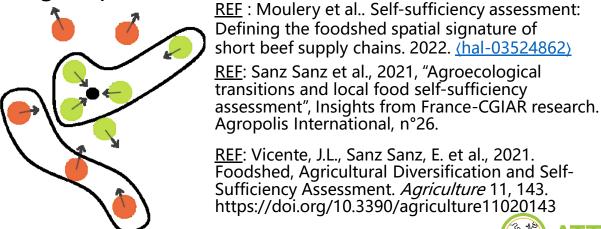
What we need:

- Quantitative data collection (land use, yields, supply chains)
- Support to conduct a field survey during my secondment (interviews to key informants / focus groups)

What is the point of foodshed approach?

- Mapping territorial food system
- Facilitating stakeholders' discussion and decision making
- Simulation of agro-ecological scenarios (planning strategies, public action)





3. The foodshed archipelago

FER Annual Meeting – 13-16 September

REF: Vicente, J.L., Sanz Sanz, E. et al., 2021. Foodshed, Agricultural Diversification and Self-Sufficiency Assessment. *Agriculture* 11, 143. https://doi.org/10.3390/agriculture11020143