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Nassima Illikoud, Florian Tarnaud, Floriane Gaucher, Fillipe Luiz Rosa Do Carmo, Julien Jardin, Valérie Briard-Bion, Fanny Guyomarc'H, Valérie Gagnaire, Gwénaél Jan

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# ➤ Do probiotic dairy starters adapt to vegetable milks?

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## Differential Adaptation of *Propionibacterium freudenreichii* CIRM-BIA129 to Cow's Milk Versus Soymilk Environments Modulates Its Stress Tolerance and Proteome

OPEN ACCESS

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The stressing life of *Lactobacillus delbrueckii* subsp. *bulgaricus* in soy milk

Gwénaél Jan<sup>\*</sup>, Florian Tarnaud, Fillipe Luiz Rosa do Carmo, Nassima Illikoud, Fanny Canon, Julien Jardin, Valérie Briard-Bion, Fanny Guyomarc'h<sup>1</sup>, Valérie Gagnaire<sup>1</sup>

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# ➤ Growing demand for plant-based fermented products...

**Consumer habits evolution**  
Vegan & flexitarian

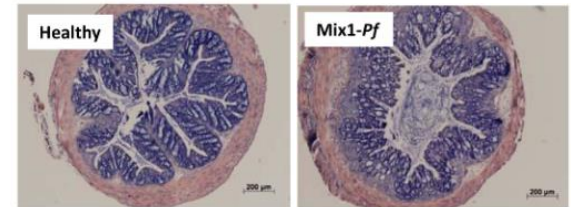


**Health problems**  
Inflammatory Bowel  
Diseases (IBD)



**Promising scientific results**  
Beneficial effects of fermented  
products on health

Foligné et al., 2016



Development of probiotics fermented plant-based products

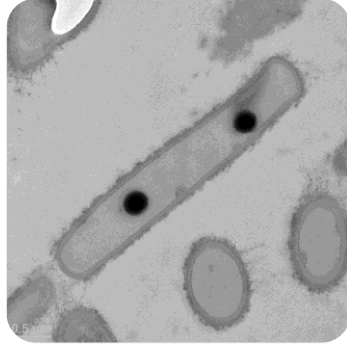


Fermentation

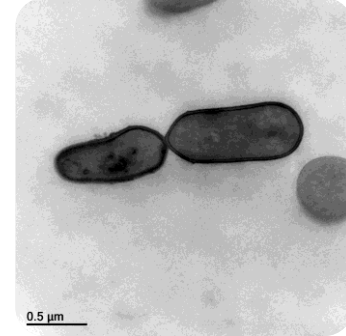


# ➤ Well-known dairy probiotic bacteria used as starters

## *Lactobacillus delbrueckii* subsp. *bulgaricus*



## *Propionibacterium freudenreichii*



- One of the most used dairy starters
- Fermentation of yogurt and of diverse other fermented products, including cheeses

- Modulation of the gut microbiota, and inflammation
- Fermentation of diverse fermented products, including Emmental cheeses.



Little is known about their adaptation to the vegetable substrates



## Aim of this study

To investigate the adaptation of these two probiotic bacteria to soymilk by comparison to cow milk.

# ➤ Dairy probiotic starters adaptation to soymilk vs bovine milk

## *L. delbrueckii* subsp. *bulgaricus* CIRM-BIA 1592

Bovine milk

Soy milk



- Bacterial growth, alone and in co-culture with *Streptococcus thermophilus* CIRM-BIA1345
- Cell morphology
- Proteome composition

## *P. freudenreichii* CIRM-BIA 129

Bovine milk

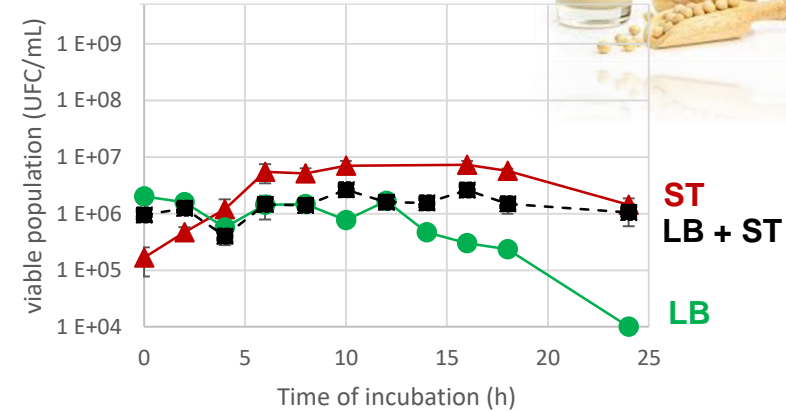
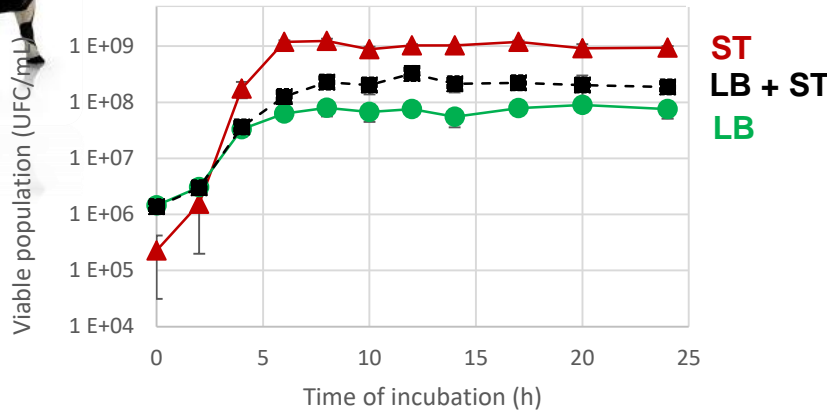
Soy milk



- Bacterial growth, alone and in co-culture with *Lactobacillus plantarum* CIRM-BIA465
- Cell morphology
- Proteome composition

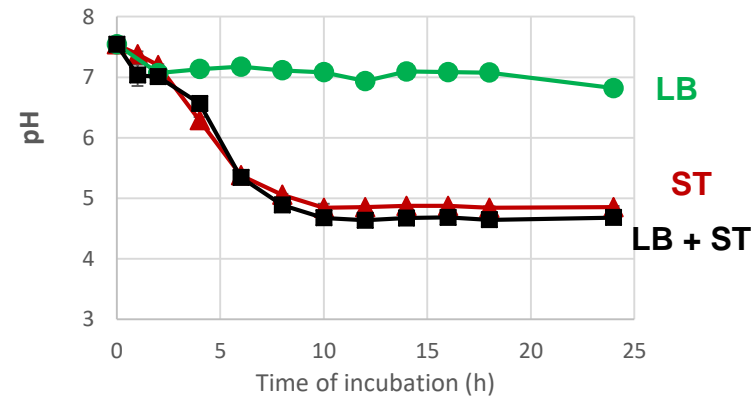
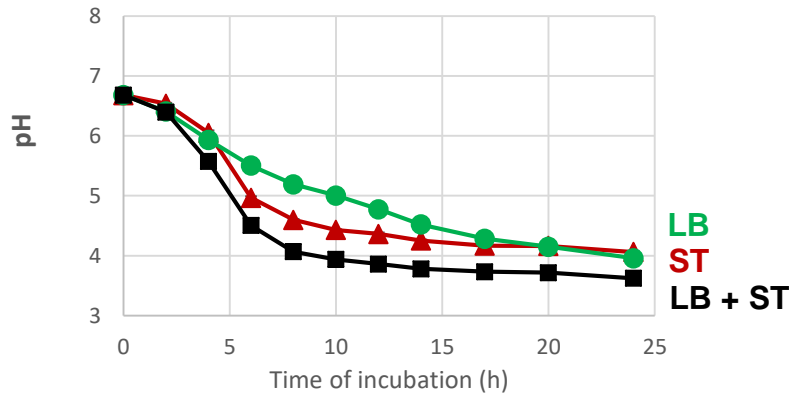
# ➤ *L. delbrueckii bulgaricus* in soymilk vs bovine milk

## ■ Bacterial growth and substrate acidification



LB grew in cow milk.  
Its growth was enhanced in co-culture with ST

LB did not grow in soy milk, neither alone, nor in co-culture with ST



Acidification of bovine milk by LB  
Faster acidification in co-culture with ST

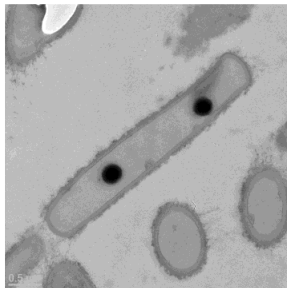
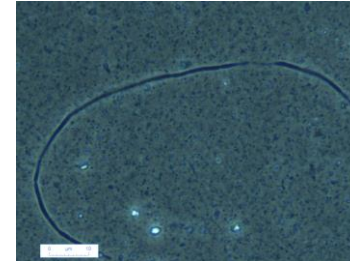
No acidification of soy milk by LB.  
Faster acidification in co-culture with ST

# ➤ *L. delbrueckii bulgaricus* in soymilk vs bovine milk

## ■ Cell morphology



Optic microscopy

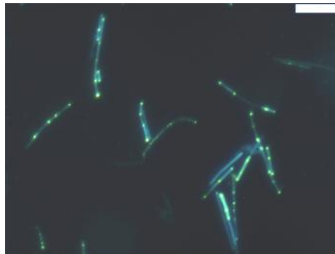


Electron microscopy

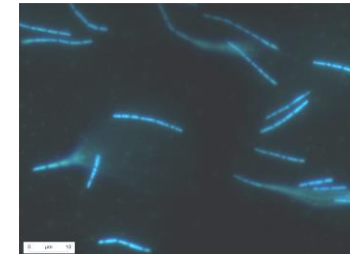


- Long and **straight** rods which appear **separate**

- **Short bacilli** comprised within **long and curved chains**



DAPI staining  
&  
Fluorescence microscopy

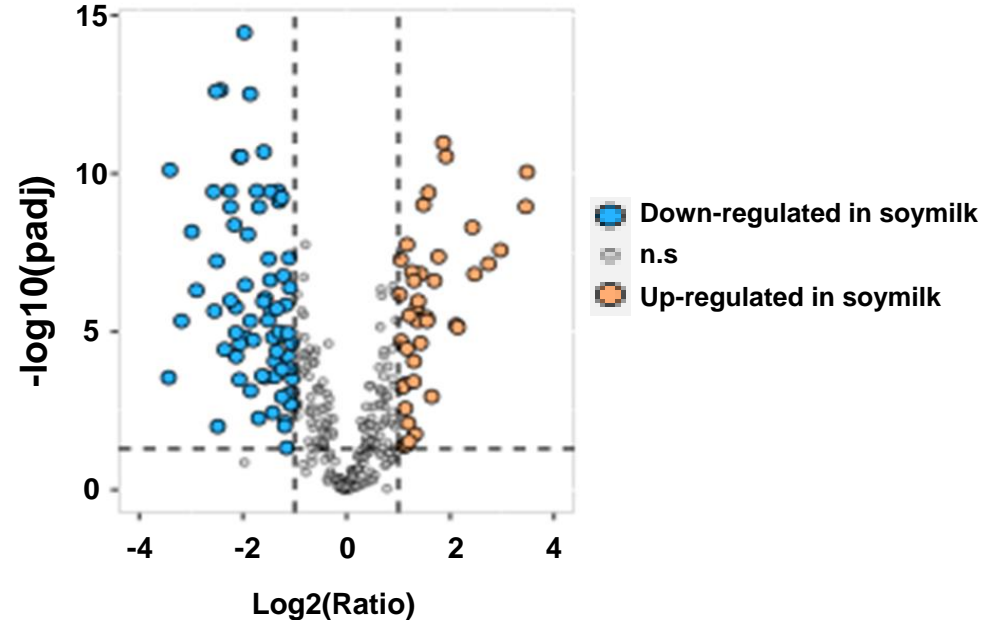


- **Straight rods**, with a **homogeneous blue fluorescence**
- Dots of **intense yellow fluorescence**
- **Presence of polyphosphate** under the form of granules at both ends of the lactobacilli cells

- **Long and curved rods** appeared segmented in **shorter segments**
- **No polyphosphate**
- DNA blue fluorescence was regularly distributed and compartmented within the long chains.

# ➤ *L. delbrueckii bulgaricus* in soymilk vs bovine milk

## ■ Proteome composition



*L. delbrueckii bulgaricus* exhibits different proteomes in soy and in milk

- 185 proteins were differentially expressed:  
→ 75 were *induced* and 110 were *repressed* in soy



# ➤ *L. delbrueckii bulgaricus* in soymilk vs bovine milk

## ■ Proteome composition



*Ldb* CIRM-BIA1592

- ❑ **Carbohydrate transport and metabolism**
  - Fructose specific phosphotransferase system, fructose2,6-biphosphatase...
- ❑ **Energy production and conversion**
  - Fumarate metabolism
- ❑ **Amino acid transport and metabolism**
  - Branched-chain amino acid
- ❑ **Translation**
  - Ribosomal proteins, amino acid-tRNA ligases
- ❑ **Stress response proteins**
  - Catabolite control protein (CcpA), GreA transcription factor,...
- ❑ **Cell cycle and division**

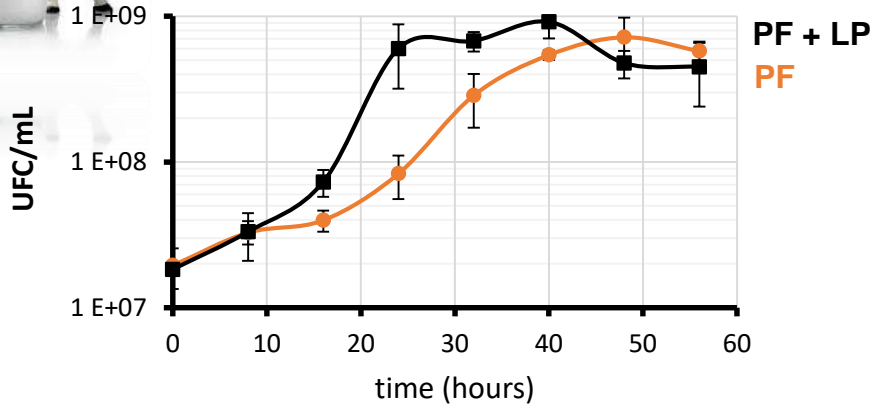
- ❖ Soy environment was non optimal for the growth of the yogurt starter *L. delbrueckii* subsp. *bulgaricus*.
- ❖ The development of new fermented products, based on soy milk, may require different microbial starters (others strains and/or species) more adapted to this substrate



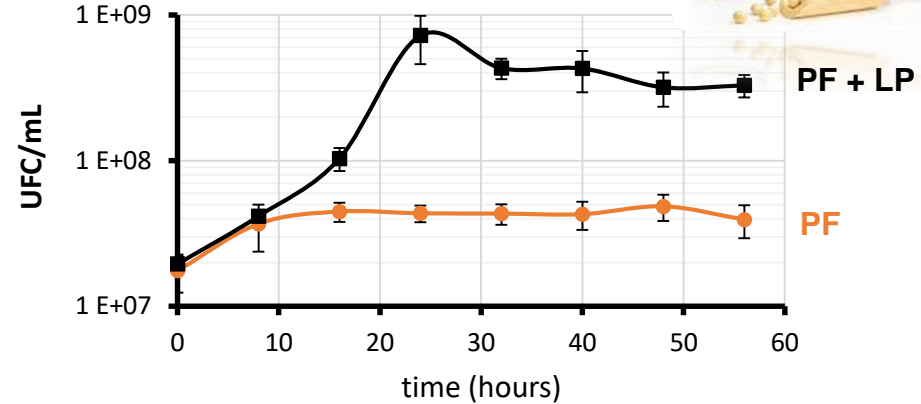
# ➤ *P. freudenreichii* in soymilk vs bovine milk



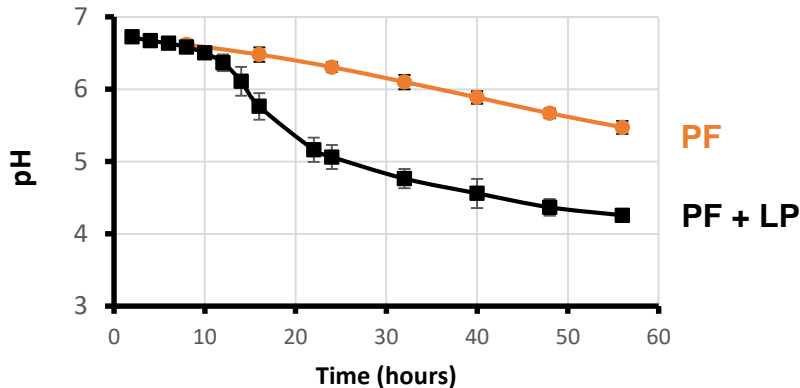
## ■ Bacterial growth and substrate acidification



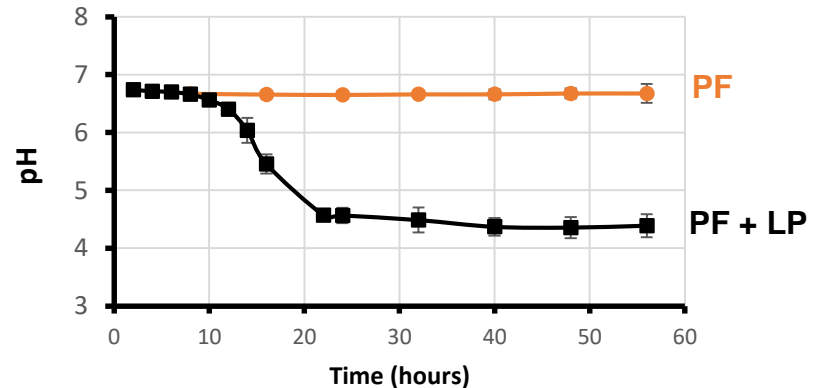
PF grew in cow milk.  
Its growth was enhanced in co-culture with LP



PF alone did not grow in soy milk.  
Its growth was facilitated in co-culture with LP



Acidification of bovine milk by PF  
More pronounced acidification in co-culture with LP

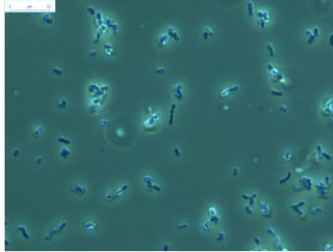


PF alone did not acidify soy milk.  
Acidification was facilitated in co-culture with LP

➔ Collaboration between PF and LP in terms of growth and metabolism in soymilk.

# ➤ *P. freudenreichii* in soymilk vs bovine milk

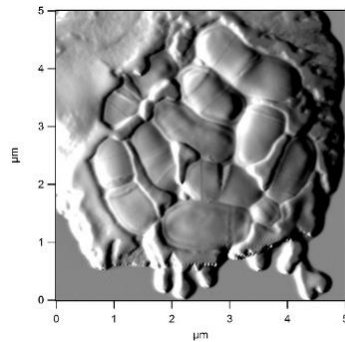
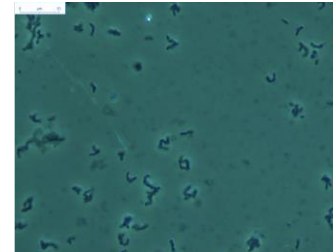
## ■ Cell morphology



### Optic microscopy



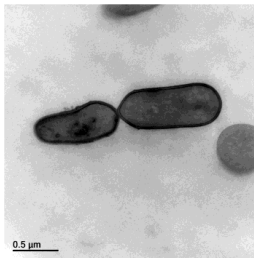
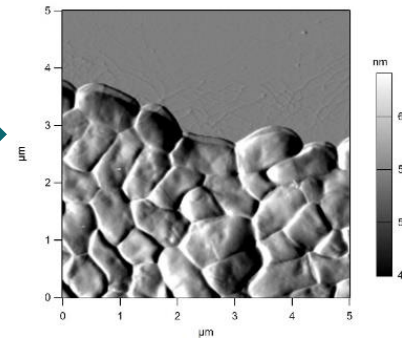
- Refrigent and shiny aspect around propionibacteria in milk but not in soy



### Atomic force microscopy three dimensional amplitude



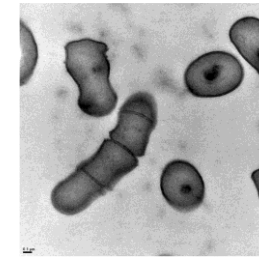
- Surrounded by an extracellular compound in milk but not in soy



### Electron microscopy

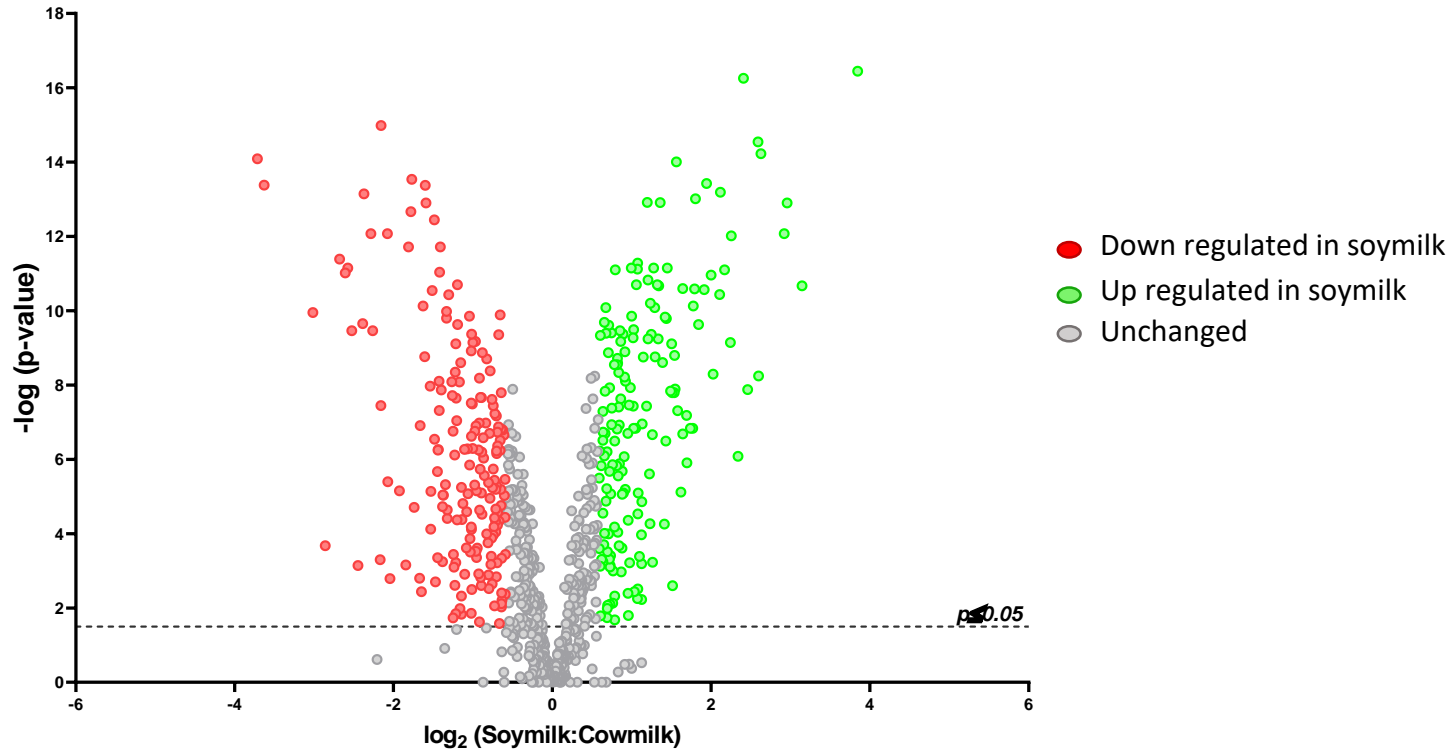


- Round-shaped vs in rectangular-shaped with less clearly defined cell wall limits



# ➤ *P. freudenreichii* in soymilk vs bovine milk

## ■ Proteome composition

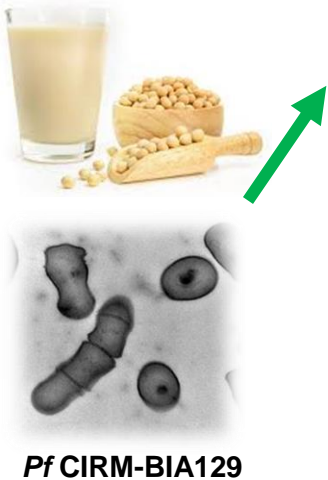


PF exhibits different proteomes in soy and in milk

- 374 proteins were differentially expressed:
  - 175 were *induced* and 199 were *repressed* in soy milk

# ➤ *P. freudenreichii* in soymilk vs bovine milk

## ■ Proteome composition



- ❑ **Carbohydrate transport and metabolism; N=26**
  - Glycolysis, pentose phosphate pathway, myo-inositol utilization, ...
- ❑ **Energy production and conversion, N=38**
  - Glycolysis, TCA cycle
- ❑ **Amino acid transport and metabolism; N=10**
- ❑ **Proteins involved in envelope biogenesis & cell wall construction**

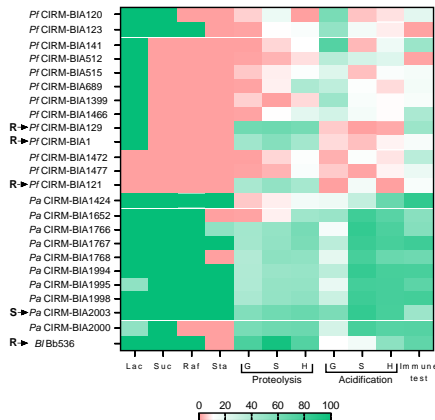
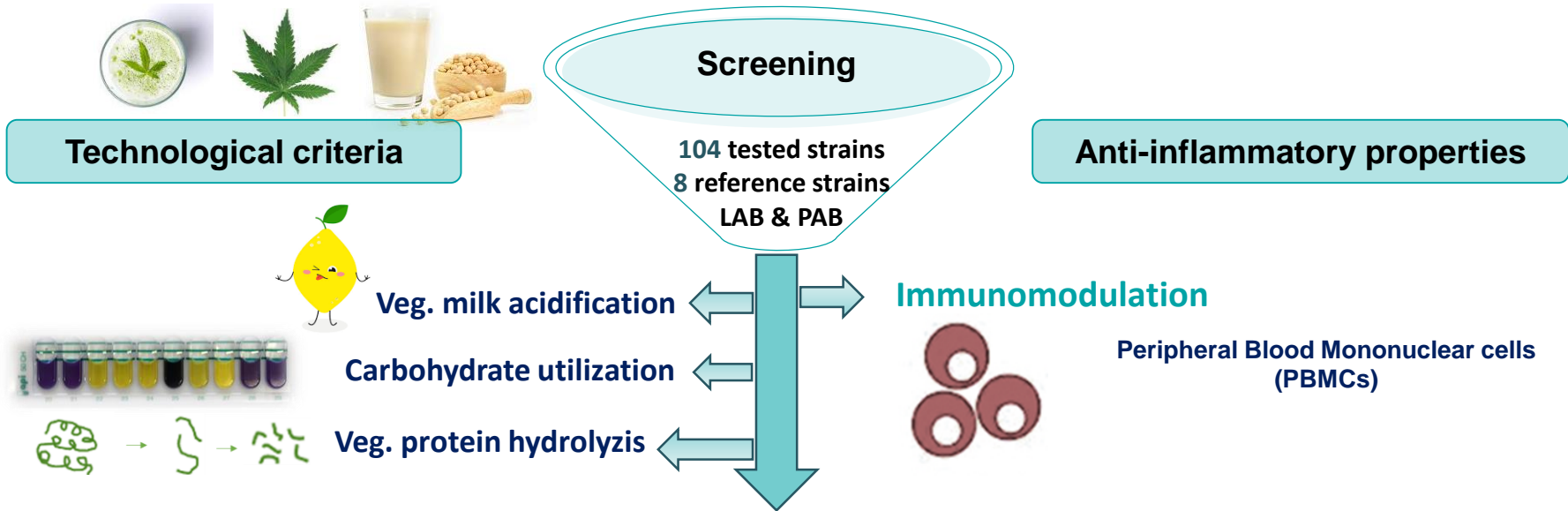
- ❑ **Amino acid transport and metabolism; N=26**
- ❑ **Translation, ribosomal structure and biogenesis; N=34**
- ❑ **Heat and acid stress proteins**
- ❑ **S-layer proteins**

Probiotic abilities may be affected  
(stress tolerance, persistence, immunomodulation)

*In-vivo tests ?*

- ❖ Changing the fermented substrate may thus significantly affect the **fermentative and probiotic properties** of dairy starters.
- ❖ This needs to be considered when developing new fermented functional foods.

# Ongoing research work (*Illikoud et al. in preparation*)



PAB cluster



LAB cluster

5 pre-selected probiotic starters

Pure strains & Bacterial consortia

Challenge in HEICs  
Pro/anti-inflammatory cytokines



Human Epithelial Intestinal Cells

Thanks for your attention !

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