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# Taking advantage of responsible digital for sustainable livestock farming systems

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► **To cite this version:**

Ludovic Brossard. Taking advantage of responsible digital for sustainable livestock farming systems. DIVAx - The European day of digital agriculture, DIVAx; Agri-Sud Ouest Innovation, Jun 2022, Webinaire, France. hal-03700634

**HAL Id: hal-03700634**

**<https://hal.inrae.fr/hal-03700634v1>**

Submitted on 21 Jun 2022

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June 21<sup>st</sup> 2022

## The European day of digital agriculture

Trends, opportunities and use at EU level



Boosting innovative Digitech Value chains  
for Agrofood, forestry and environment



## *Taking advantage of responsible digital for sustainable livestock farming systems*

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*This Project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme, through an Open Call issued and executed under the project SmartAgriHubs (Grant Agreement No 818182).*

# Challenges for livestock farming systems

- Economic and political context
- Increasing demand for animal products (in the world)
- Intensification of production
  - Larger farms -> more animal / farmer and less time available / animal
  - Increasing productivity of animals and work
- Environmental impact
  - Energy consumption
  - Feed production
  - Excretion / emission of pollutants
- Increasing concerns about animal health and welfare
- New demands and views of livestock farming by consumers and society
- Social expectations of farmers (workload, attractiveness)



# Evolution of livestock farming system

- **Growing importance of agroecology**
  - aims to stimulate natural processes to design agricultural systems that are weakly artificialized, productive, environmentally friendly, and less dependent on chemical inputs (Dumont et al., 2018)
- **Five principles to extend and apply agroecological concepts to livestock farming systems (Dumont et al., 2018):**
  - adopting management practices aiming to improve animal health,
  - decreasing the inputs needed for production,
  - decreasing pollution by optimizing the metabolic functioning of farming systems,
  - enhancing diversity within livestock farming systems to strengthen their resilience,
  - preserving biological diversity in agroecosystems by adapting management practices
- **“One Health/One Welfare” concepts**
  - Animal health and welfare considered in a holistic approach integrating animals, humans, and their environment, and across scales (local, national, and worldwide)

# General digital evolution

- **Revolution in digital new technologies**

- In society in general
- In agriculture



- **More and more advances electronic systems (wearable, autonomous, reactive)**

- IoT, connected objects
- Robotic / cobotic
- Virtual / augmented reality
- Data and information flow / Big Data



- **Methods for data analysis (high throughput , dynamic, AI, machine learning...)**



“

*How to combine these concepts  
and technologies for sustainable  
livestock farming systems?*

# Decreasing the inputs needed for production

- Importance of environmental impact of animal feed production  
→ improve efficiency of feed utilisation to reduce inputs in livestock systems
- Identification (RFID), connected weigh scales, milking robots, automatic feed dispensers... as support for precision feeding  
= individual and daily adjustment of feed quantity and / or composition to individual nutritional requirements

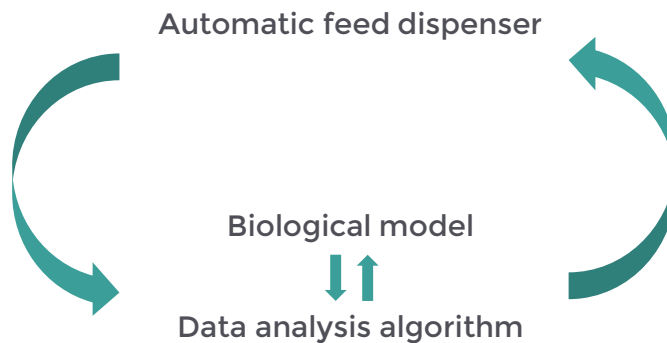


Lelley



## Example of precision feeding in sows

Decreasing  
the inputs  
needed for  
production



- Adaptation of feed composition depending on reproduction performance, feed intake, body composition... in gestating or lactating sows
  - ➔ reduction of 18.5 and 9% of nitrogen and phosphorus excretion and of 4% of feed cost per gestation



# Integrated management to improve animal health and welfare

- **Integrated management of farm animal health:**
  - ➔ needs knowledge on
    - local environment
    - physiology and behaviour of animals
- **Digital tools, based on a combination of various sensors, can be used to improve the acquisition, management, processing, and sharing of a complex information (different criteria, scales) in support to action, depending on algorithm quality**
  - Assistance to improve prophylactic and curative treatments
  - Early detection of disease or welfare issues
  - Improvement of quality, quantity, targeting of treatments

# Integrated management to improve animal health and welfare

- Panel of digital solutions to acquire measures to be aggregated
  - automates such as feeders, scales, milking robots...
  - wearable sensors (accelerometers, internal sensors...)
  - machine vision
  - sound analysis



- To be adapted to purposes and characteristics of livestock system
  - for all systems: concerns on disease, heat stress...
  - pasture based systems: undernutrition, parasitism...
  - indoor production: postures, interactions between animals...
- While avoiding overmedication and ensuring confidence in tools

# Well-being of farmers

- One health / One Welfare includes wellbeing of farmer
- Automates, robots and sensors can allow farmers to save time by replacing physical tasks, simplifying monitoring while bringing flexibility and reducing stress through anticipation



[www.acofunki.fr](http://www.acofunki.fr)



[www.pellon.fi](http://www.pellon.fi)



[www.octopusrobots.com](http://www.octopusrobots.com)

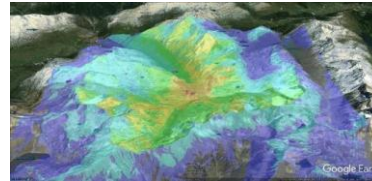
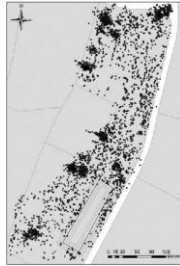


[www.tibot.fr](http://www.tibot.fr)

- Changes in relationships with animals positively or negatively depending if saved time is reported to animal care
- Changes in the farmer's job
  - More attractive (new tools and skills, modern image)
  - Mental load regarding complexity, alerts, breakdowns
  - Loss of some skills and content if less close to animals...

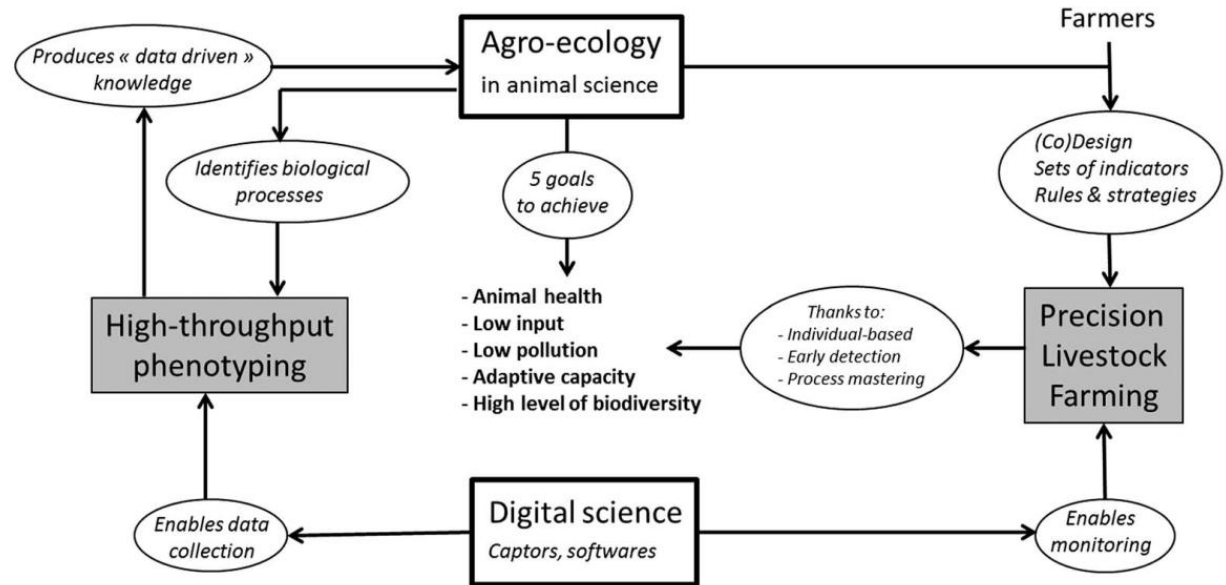
# Digital for a diversity of livestock farming systems

- More freedom for animals with outdoor access in livestock farming systems changing towards agroecological concepts  
→ *digital can help to continue to monitor animals and to understand effects of this evolution on welfare, health... (e.g., accelerometers, GPS, pedometers)*
- Mountain farming, pastoralism can benefit from such devices to help simplifying labor, monitoring and protect animals, managing resources (e.g. virtual fencing), traceability of products



# Conclusion

*Digital as a support but not a driver  
for agroecological transition  
in livestock farming systems*



Ingrand et al., 2018

# Conclusion

*Digital within agroecological livestock farming systems:  
a balance to find between  
positive internalities and negative externalities*

- **Possible limitation of sustainability of digital solutions**
  - lack of interoperability, risk of standardization (technics, animals...)
  - negative environmental impacts (extraction, waste management...)
  - resource consumption (electricity...) and limitation of resources (raw materials for plastic, electronic components)
  - costs/benefits for farmers
- **Potential for effective use to assist inputs and management at different scales (animals, waste production, market...) while being compatible with agroecology concepts)**
  - ➔ *The integration of digital tools within agroecological livestock farming systems should be considered by taking into account this balance*

# Thank you!

And thanks to Clément ALLAIN (Idele, FR) and Jean-Baptiste MENASSOL (Institut Agro, FR)