

Using hand-feel soil texture as a proxy for Digital Soil Mapping predictions of soil particle-size distribution

Anne C Richer-De-Forges, D. Arrouays, Songchao Chen, Román Dobarco, Zamir Libohova, Pierre Roudier, B. Minasny, Guillaume Martelet, Laura Poggio, Marine Lacoste, et al.

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Using hand-feel soil texture as a proxy for Digital Soil Mapping predictions of soil particle-size distribution















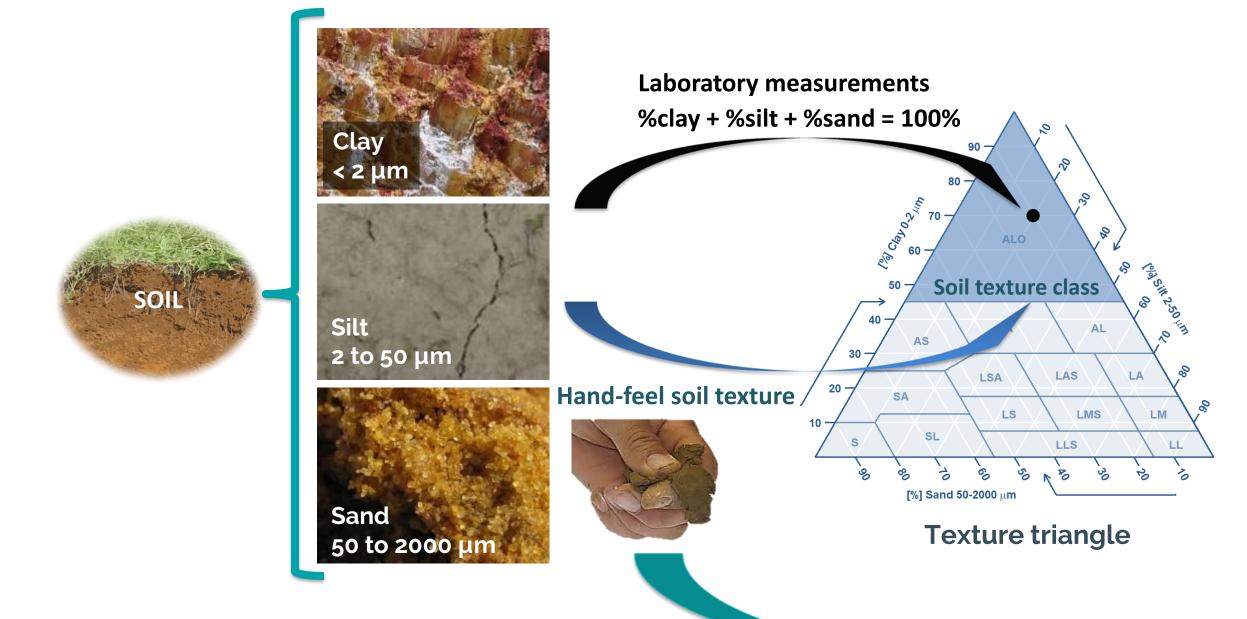








Introduction

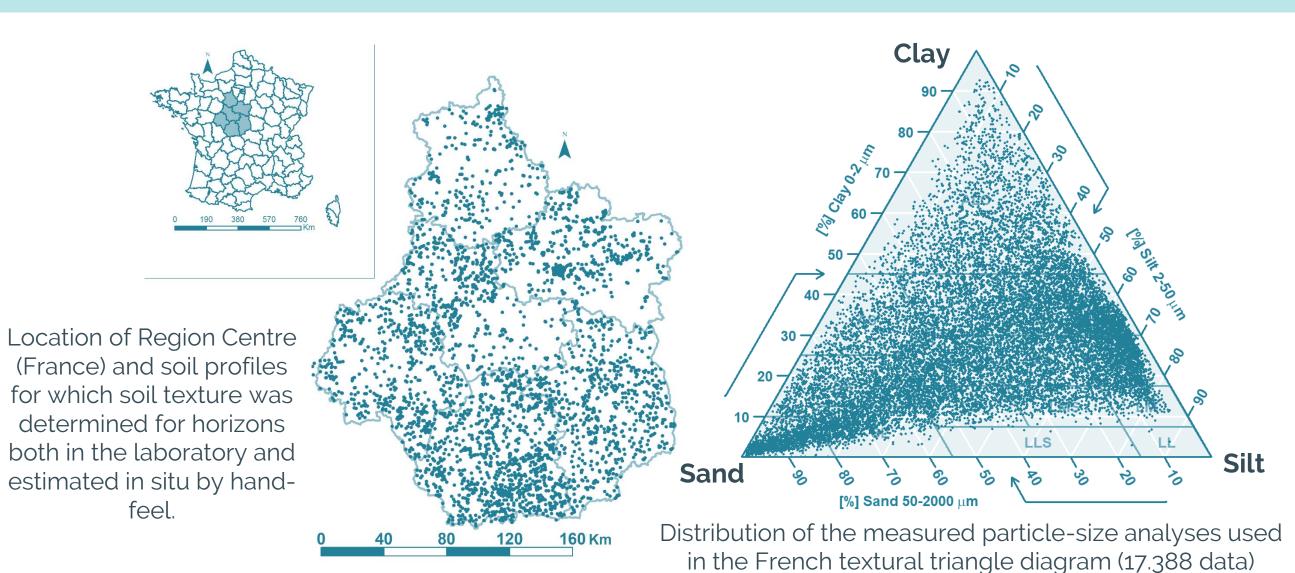


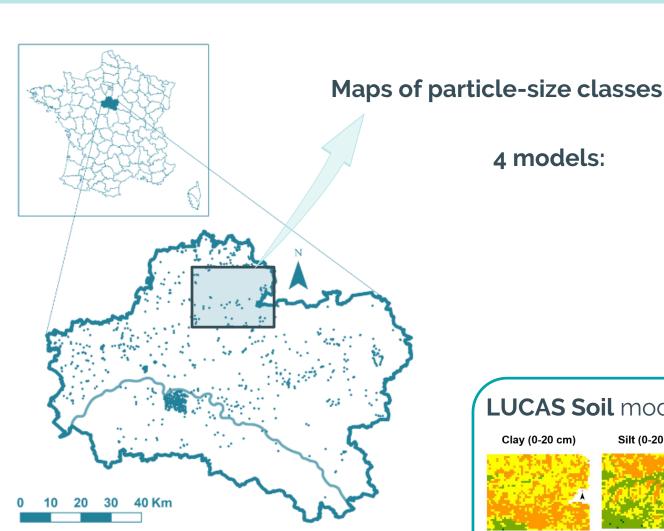
Can we use the hand-feel soil texture as a proxy for particle-size distribution?

Can we evaluate the accuracy of digital soil maps for local prediction of particle size distribution with hand-feel soil textures observations?

Can hand-feel soil texture data improve DSM products?

Material & methods



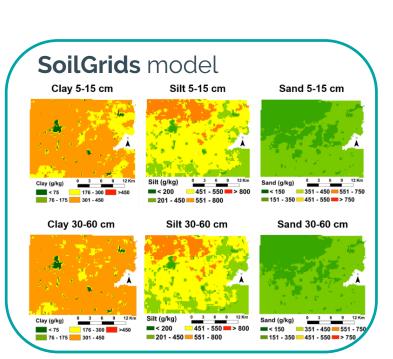


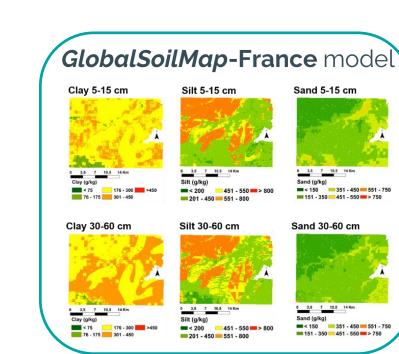
Laboratory measurements

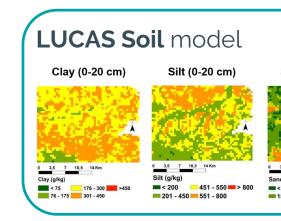
Regional

model

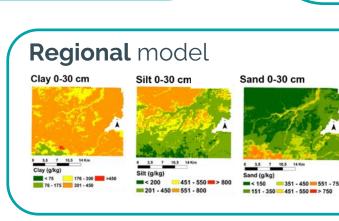
HFST

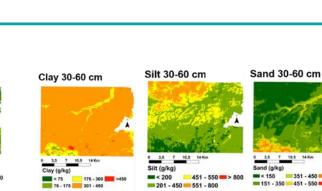






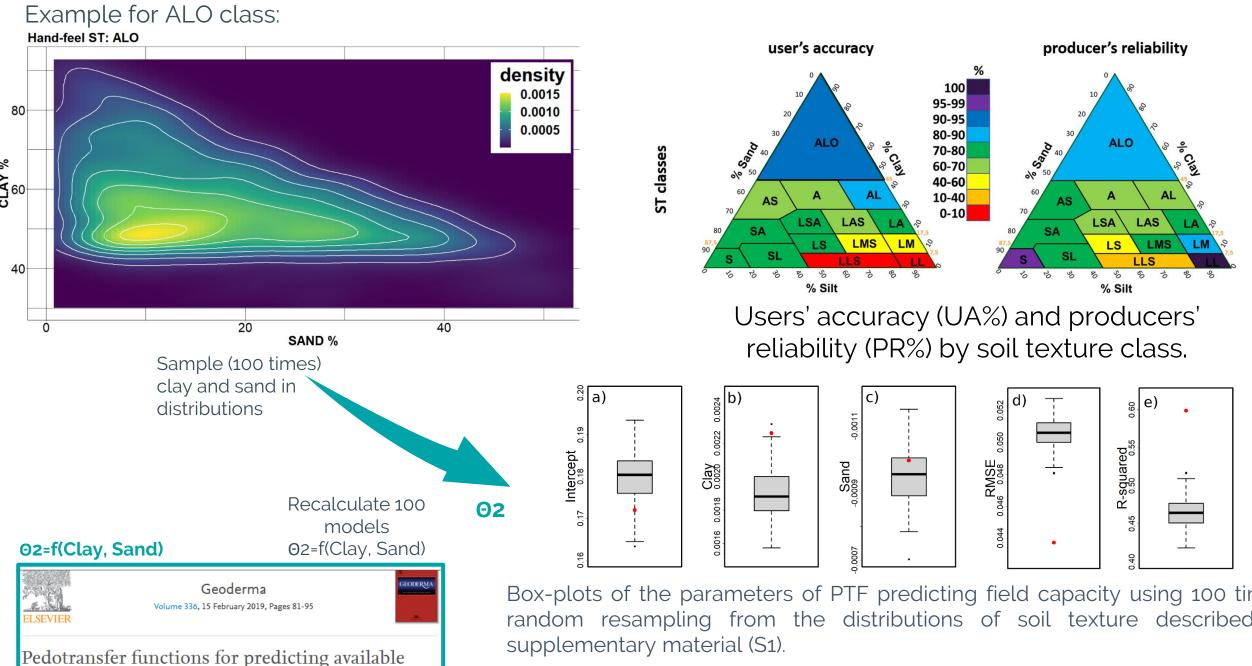
SoilGrids





Results

Joint distributions of the LAST particle size distribution for each hand-feel soil texture class.



Box-plots of the parameters of PTF predicting field capacity using 100 times random resampling from the distributions of soil texture described in

Red points are the results of the cross-validation of the PTF predicting the gravimetric soil moisture at pF = 2, using measured clay% and sand% as predictors. The mean RMSE and R²: 10-fold cross-validation repeated 10 times.

ALO

GlobalSoilMap

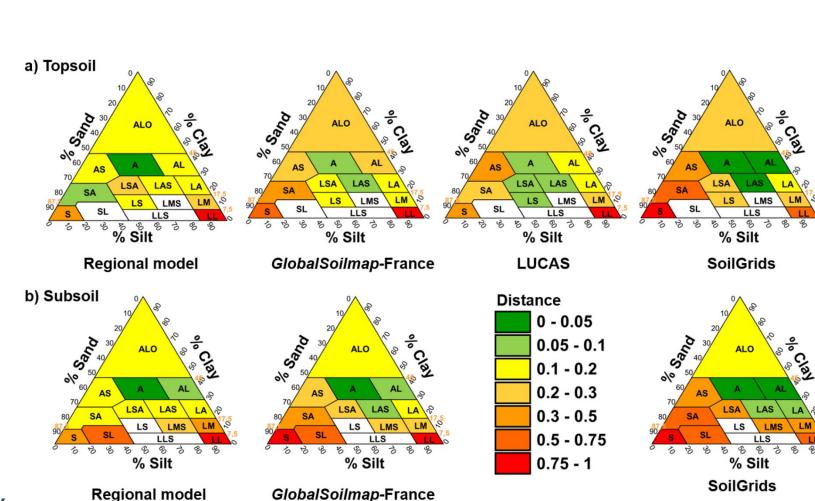
-France

Lucas

Soil

Density of the predicted topsoil particle size distributions by the DSM models for each observed hand feel soil texture class on the Pithiviers 1:50,000 soil map. The classes with purple colour in the first column indicate the HFST classes.

To calculate the accuracy of the DSM product predictions for each texture class (from soil survey hand-feel soil texture observations), we calculated the normalized distance between predicted points and the closest boundary of their corresponding hand-feel soil texture:



Mean normalized shortest distance to each hand-feel soil texture (white is hand-feel soil texture = no data).

Richer-de-Forges A.C., Arrouays D., Chen S., Román Dobarco M., Libohova Z., Roudier P., Minasny B., Bourennane H. (2022). Hand-feel soil texture and particle-size distribution in central France. Relationships and implications. CATENA 106155. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.catena.2022.106155

Richer-de-Forges A.C., Arrouays D., Poggio L., Chen S., Lacoste M., Budiman B., Libohova Z., Roudier P., Mulder V.L., Nédélec H., Martelet G., Lemercier B., Lagacherie P., Bourennane H. (online 5 July 2022). Hand-feel soil texture observations to evaluate the accuracy of digital soil maps for local prediction of particle size distribution. A case study in central France. Pedosphere. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.pedsph.2022.07.009

Conclusion

water capacity in French soils, their applicability

https://doi.org/10.1016/j.geoderma.2018.08.022

domain and associated uncertainty

- Hand-feel soil texture and particle-size distribution are compared using a large database
- The overall accuracy of hand-feel soil texture class allocation was 73%
- Most discrepancies were explained by very fine and coarse sand content
- Predicting soil water retention at pF2 using hand-feel texture gave satisfactory results
- Various digital soil mapping (DSM) products are evaluated for local use
- Numerous hand-feel soil texture data (HFST) are used for this purpose
- Low cost HSFT proved efficient to evaluate the accuracy of DSM products
- Simple and visual methods are proposed to achieve this goal
- Broader-scale DSM products were generally less reliable than local ones.
- Can hand-feel soil texture data improve
- Work is still ongoing.

DSM products?

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