

A review of existing soil monitoring systems to pave the way for the EU Soil Observatory

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A review of existing soil monitoring systems to pave the way for the EU Soil Observatory

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What is EJP SOIL?

- A European Joint Programme Cofund on Agricultural Soil Management contributing to key societal challenges including climate change, water and future food security.
- The EJP SOIL consortium consists of 26 partners from 24 countries ensuring a large representation of European countries.
- The main aim of EJP SOIL is to develop a sustainable framework for an integrated community of researchers working on related aspects of agricultural soil management.







EJP SOIL WP6 main objectives and links with EU Soil Observatory

Monitoring

Indicators

Data



EJP SOIL WP6

Monitoring

Mapping

Indicators & Benchmark values

Data management



EU Soil Observatory

Monitoring

EU Dashboard

Data Center

R&I

Open forum





Describe and analyse Soil Monitoring Systems across EJP SOIL partners

- **Stocktake** the description of monitoring networks across EJP SOIL partners through the use of a **questionnaire**
 - Institution identification
 - SMS short description
 - Site information
 - Sampling protocol
 - Sampling for bulk density
 - Soil description
 - Soil sample preparation and conservation
 - Litter sample
 - Analyses and methods
 - Harmonization options
 - Collaborations and/or synergies between Member States and LUCAS
- 20 answers, 41 contributors

Published on the EJP SOIL web portal:

https://ejpsoil.eu/fileadmin/projects/ejpsoil/WP6/ EJP SOIL Deliverable 6.3 Dec 2021 final.pdf





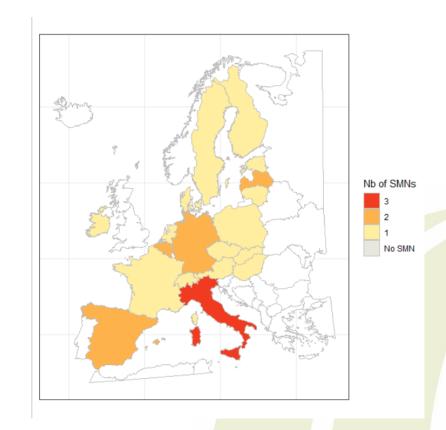
EJP SOIL Delivarable 6.3





SMS in EJP SOIL countries

- 20 countries answered out of 24 (ending with 27 declared SMS)
- Turkey and Portugal do not have SMS
- Five countries have 2 or 3 monitoring systems
 - SMS managed at regional scale
 - SMS with different purposes (e.g. agricultural *vs* forest, monitoring trace element *vs* agricultural parameters, monitoring a network of highly instrumented sites *vs* network agricultural soils)
- Caution: Not all countries declared their forest SMS

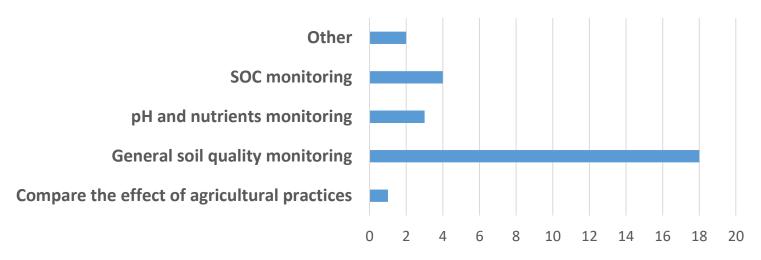




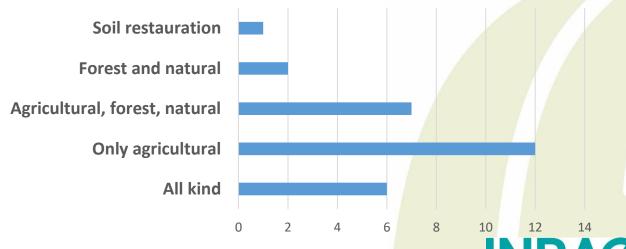


Results at a glance

Main objective of the SMS



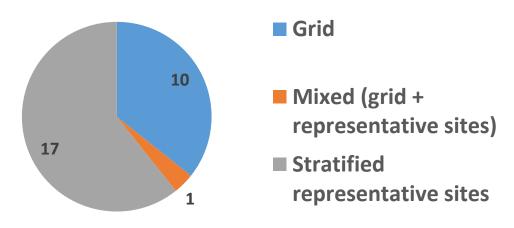
Investigated land uses





Results at a glance

Sampling design



Sampling area





Results at a glance - Sampling depths

4 according to horizons

11 one fixed depth



16 MS sample for bulk density

14 different fixed depths

13 MS are sampling deeper than 30 cm



to 1 m

WCSS/Glasgo w - WG1.7 – Advances in soil monitoring



Analytical methods (still to be completed)

	Countries	Sweden	France	EU-JRC	Czech	Republic	Latv	ia Litl	thuania	Belgium - Wallonia	Belgium - Flanders	Netherlands	Slovakia	Denmark	Germany	TOTAL		
	Name of the Soil Monitoring System	Soil & Crop Inventory	RMQS	LUCAS _a	Basal soi	il monitoring	SPPS S	PPS N Dirv	v_DR10LT	CARBIOSOL	Koolst of monitoring netwerk	Netherlands Soil Sampling Program (NSSP)	CMS-P	DSMDB	Boden-Dauerbeobachtung _b			
s, according to Global Soil Map offications, 2015	total profile depth plant exploitable		х		1				Ma	ain «	commor	n » paramet	ers			6		
	(effective) soil depth organic carbon	×	× ×	×												13		
	pH in water sand	x x	x x	x x						ء ۽ ۽ ا						10 10		
	<mark>silt</mark> clay	x x	x x	x x						bon						10 10		
	gravel ECEC	x	x x	x x		- p	H (in v	wate	er)						6		
propertie	bulk density of the fine earth (< 2 mm) fraction (excludes gravel)		x													5		
Main soil p	bulk density of the whole soil in situ (includes gravel)		x	x		- Soil texture												
	available water capacity				-	- Calcium/carbonate content												
Other soil properties	Electrical Conductivity calcium-		x															
	carbonate content	×	×	×		- 1	Macro/micronutrients											
	Field capacity (mm) Plant available				-													
	amounts of macro and micro	×	×	×			but different methods are applied (see							<mark>12</mark>				
	nutrients Total amounts of macro																	
	and micro nutrients/trace elements	х	х	x		also Deliverable D6.1 from EJP SOIL)												
	quality of clay minerals (e.g. type or ratio of illite, smectite, montmorillonite in clay fractionetc)			x														
	distribution of soil organisms		х	х	_		x x x											
	properties for NIR and MIR (near and mid infrared)	x	х	x							x	x				5		







Harmonization options

Can you modify:

- the sampling design of your SMS => NO but we may add new points (#12)
- the sampling area => NO (#20)
- the sampling depths => NO (#18) but we may sample deeper (#4)
- the soil sample preparation, before analysis => NO (#21)
- the analytical methods => NO (#16)
- Can you consider collecting new information on the monitoring sites?
 - YES: (#24)
- Can you improve soil description on the monitoring sites?
 - YES: (#16)
- Can you add extra analytical parameters?
 - YES: (#21)

Any change would make impossible the comparison with previous data...

But this will require more funds ...





Main recommendations

- Compare national and LUCAS sampling strategies/schemes
- Compare national and LUCAS data, country/country
- Develop transfer functions (from sampling to analytical methods), taking the opportunity of LUCAS 2022
- Identify / test methods to merge national and LUCAS datasets and/or existing maps
- Develop / test benchmark values/scoring approaches



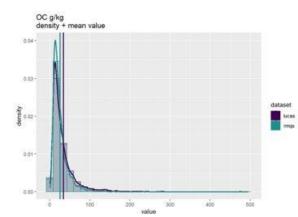


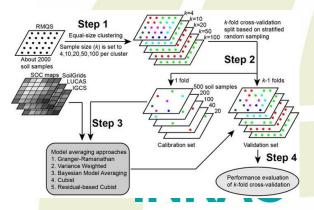
Table 3. Equations of PTFs built by partial least square regression (PLSR) for estimating Olsen P_2O_5 with their mean R^2 and RMSE values based on cross-validation.

	kg-^)	
PTFs bu	uilt with Joret	Hébert P ₂ O ₅ and other variables
0.398 a	33.719aa	Olsen $P_2O_5 = 27.215 + 0.244*$ Joret-Hébert P_2O_5
0.535b	29.627bb	Olsen $P_2O_5 = -19.619 + 0.254$ *Joret-Hébert $P_2O_5 + 0.096$ *Silt
0.535b	29.630bb	Olsen $P_2O_5 = 299.664 + 0.270^{\rm s}$ Joret-Hébert $P_2O_5 - 35.208^{\rm s}$ pH $_{\rm suter}$
0.608c	27.198 cc	Olsen $P_2O_5 = 218.385 + 0.263$ *Joret-Hébert $P_2O_5 - 29.419$ *p $H_{water} + 0.079$ *Silt

PTFs built with Dyer P2O5 and other variable

0.638d	27.860dd	Olsen $P_2O_5 = 28.315 + 0.19$ *Dyer P_2O_5
0.681d	26.167dd	Olsen $P_2O_5 = 21.5 + 0.193$ *Dyer $P_2O_5 + 35.49$ *exchangeable Al
0.659d	27.062dd	Olsen $P_2O_5 = 63.246 + 0.195*Dyer P_2O_5 - 6.063*pH_{water}$
0.685d	25.985dd	Olsen P ₂ O ₅ = 57.522 + 0.193*Dyer P ₂ O ₅ - 5.987*pH _{water} + 35.447*excha

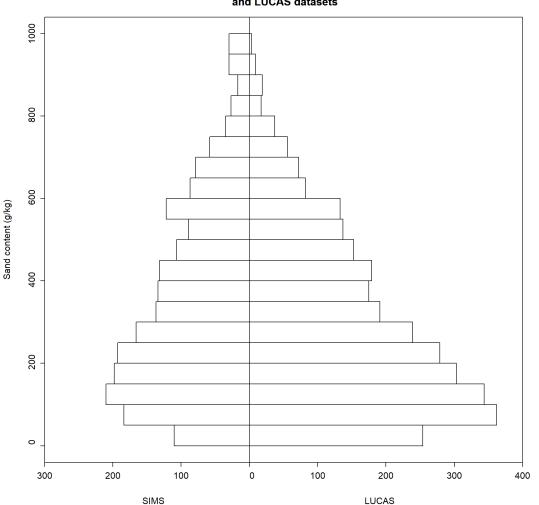
Note: \mathbb{R}^2 means coefficient of determination, RMSE means root mean-square error; "a", "b", "c", d", "aa", "bb" (c" and 'dd": letters indicating significant differences from mean comparison ($\alpha \leq 5\%$) of \mathbb{R}^2 and RMSE mone PTEs.



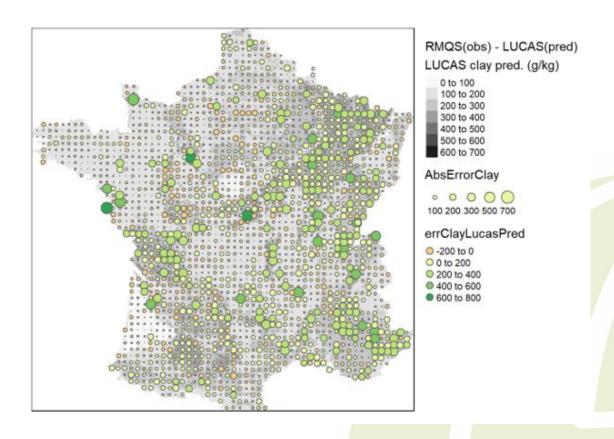
LUCAS / SIMS comparison protocol



Back-to-back histogram of sand content from SIMS and LUCAS datasets



https://nicolassaby.pages.mia.inra.fr/ejpsoilwp6lucas/







EJP SOIL partners investment in the development of transfert functions (in link with LUCAS SOIL 2022)



Analytical procedures

- Double samples obtained from LUCAS 2022 samplers
- Between 100 and 200 sites will be analyzed depending on the countries
- 17 countries involved
- Comparison of EU and national results



Sampling and analytical procedures

- Sampling (on national SMS and/or on LUCAS 2022 points) according to national and LUCAS sampling protocols
- 6 countries involved
- Compare the overall process





Conclusions

- Updated overview of SMS in EJP SOIL countries
- Based on the questionnaire: full harmonization seems impossible
- Next steps:
 - Common sites may be implemented to compare soil monitoring systems
 - Ways to take advantage of national/EU data are currently being tested as
 - Merging datasets / maps knowing and understanding the differences (by the end of this year)
 - Transfer functions to be developed next year using the LUCAS 2022 sampling campaign
 - Scoring functions to transform the data obtained through different ways (next year)
- Results can be later used to implement and populate the EU Soil Observatory!





Thank you for your attention







