

A systematic review of methods for assessing the performance of conservation agriculture and its ability to cope with climate change in temperate zones

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▶ To cite this version:

Sophie Plassin, Marine Albert, Magali Willaume, Jacques-Eric Bergez. A systematic review of methods for assessing the performance of conservation agriculture and its ability to cope with climate change in temperate zones. XVII European Society for Agronomy congress, Aug 2022, Potsdam, Germany. hal-03772295

HAL Id: hal-03772295 https://hal.inrae.fr/hal-03772295

Submitted on 8 Sep 2022

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Conservation Agriculture and Climate Change A systematic literature review of methods

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Introduction

- Cropping systems in temperate zones are suffering from climate change, which is expected to cause more damage in the future
- Conservation Agriculture (CA) could be an alternative for addressing the negative impacts of climate change on cropping systems.
- CA is based on three pillars, with a wide range of practices for each pillar:
 - Pillar 1: Minimum mechanical soil disturbance
 - Pillar 2: Crop diversification
 - Pillar 3: Maintaining soil cover
- A growing number of studies have evaluated the effects of CA on cropping systems performance, but an overview of the type of pillars and practices tested, the diversity of pedoclimatic conditions and methods used, and the type of climate change impacts and associated performance assessed is lacking.

Objectives

VACCARM !

- Gather studies assessing the effectiveness of CA in the face of climate change in temperate zones through a systematic literature review (SLR)
- Synthesize information related to a diversity of contexts (type of soil,
- It is important to synthesize the research activity on this topic to identify knowledge gaps and provide guidelines for future research.

geographic location), study design, set of practices, and evaluated performance

Methods

Steps of the screening based on Cochrane protocol



Eligibility criteria

Criteria	Elegibility
Spatial scale	Plot or Farm
Type of crops	Maize, corn, wheat, barley, sunflower, soybean, rapeseed, sorghum, triticale, pea
Geographical zone	Temperate zone

Search query = CA and synonyms AND **CA practices** AND **Crop types** AND **Climate change impacts**

Statistical analysis

Variables: Study duration, Study design, Soil type, Climate change impacts, Temporal and Spatial scale, Crops, CA pillars, CA practices, Performance indicators...



n = 163

Descriptive analysis + factorial analysis



Discussion - Conclusion

- \rightarrow Most studies focused on the effects of one or two pillars, and mainly on minimum tillage
- \rightarrow Most studies assessed **agronomic** performance
- \rightarrow Results not sufficiently contextualized according to **pedoclimatic conditions**

\rightarrow Perspectives for future research:

- Design On-Farm Experiment to take into account framers' constraints
- Use **systemic** and **interdisciplinary** approaches

Conduct Vulnerability and Resilience assessment

- Simulation in **future climate**
- Complete this qualitative synthesis with a **meta-analysis**

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