

Why a Global Network of Demonstration Sites in Ecohydrology? Arabic Countries Potential

Pascal Breil, Giuseppe Arduino, Ranya Amer, Sami Zaki-Mohamed, Ola Abdelwahab, Olfa Ben Saïd

▶ To cite this version:

Pascal Breil, Giuseppe Arduino, Ranya Amer, Sami Zaki-Mohamed, Ola Abdelwahab, et al.. Why a Global Network of Demonstration Sites in Ecohydrology? Arabic Countries Potential. Water Resources Dialogue: China-Africa Water Forum Series No. 6, Jul 2018, Sharm El Sheik, Egypt. hal-03790304

HAL Id: hal-03790304 https://hal.inrae.fr/hal-03790304

Submitted on 28 Sep 2022

HAL is a multi-disciplinary open access archive for the deposit and dissemination of scientific research documents, whether they are published or not. The documents may come from teaching and research institutions in France or abroad, or from public or private research centers.

L'archive ouverte pluridisciplinaire **HAL**, est destinée au dépôt et à la diffusion de documents scientifiques de niveau recherche, publiés ou non, émanant des établissements d'enseignement et de recherche français ou étrangers, des laboratoires publics ou privés.





Why a Global Network of Demonstration Sites in Ecohydrology? Arabic Countries Potential

Breil Pascal ¹, Arduino Giuseppe ², Amer Ranya ³, Sami Z. Mohamed ³, Ola Abdelwahab ³ ⁴ Ben Said Olfa

- ¹ Irstea (Research Institute of Science and Technology for Environment and Agriculture), France
- ² Unesco
- ³ SRTA-City, Egypt
- ⁴ University of Carthage, Tunisia



What is Ecohydrology?



IHP-VIII: Water Security

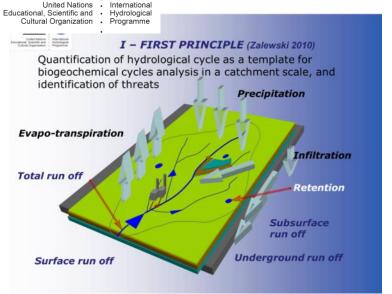
Responses to Local, Regional, and Global Challenges

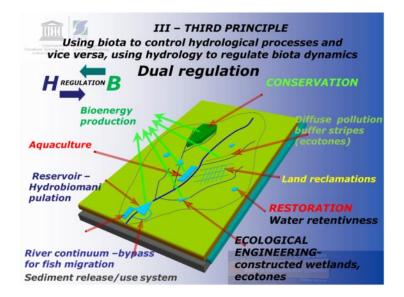


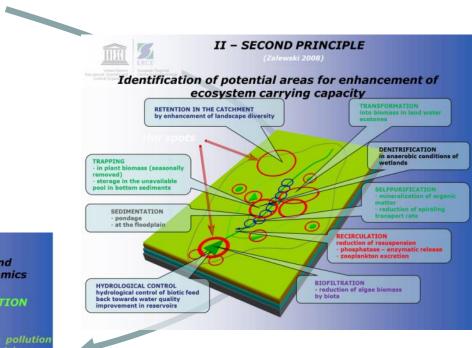


What is Ecohydrology?







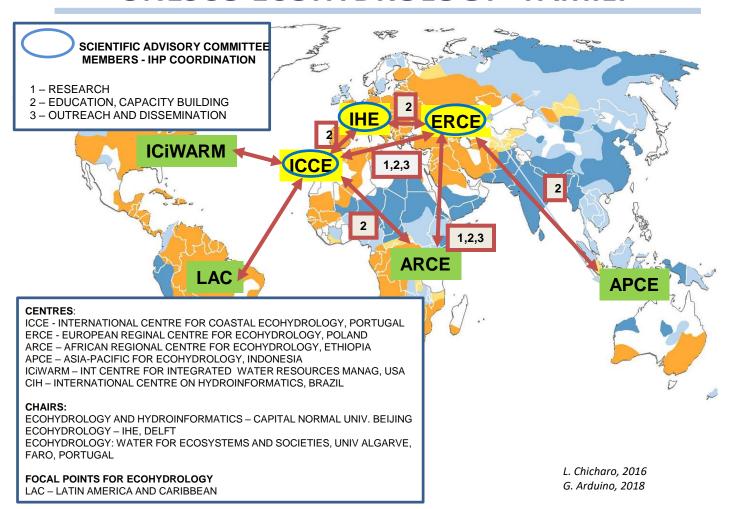








UNESCO ECOHYDROLOGY "FAMILY"







What are the « demosites »?

The Ecohydrology Programme is also based on a network of demonstration sites which integrate the concept of "enhanced ecosystem potential" with EH strategies closely related with water to improve IWRM on specific areas.

They:

- Are <u>long-term monitoring</u> projects involving different local stakeholders in order to solve environmental, economic and social issues.
- Use the <u>most appropriate</u> and <u>cost-effective</u> ecohydrological engineering solutions for each ecosystem as management tools for Integrated Water Resources Management (IWRM).
- Provide contribution for both <u>human</u> Sustainable Development Goals and environmental ones.

These projects follow a solution-oriented approach for the enhancement of Water resources, Biodiversity and ecosystem Services for society and of the Resilience to various forms of anthropogenic impacts (WBSR).





ecohydrology programme

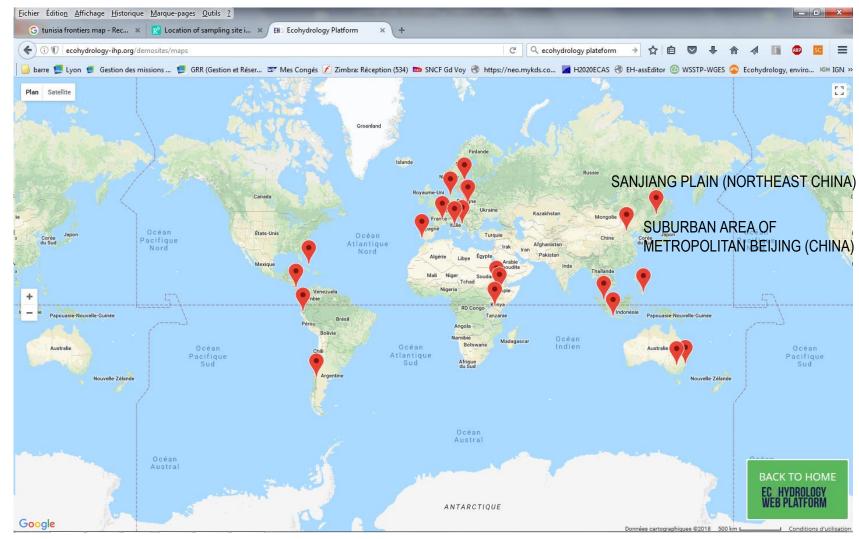
What are the « demosites »?





http://ecohydrology-ihp.org/demosites/



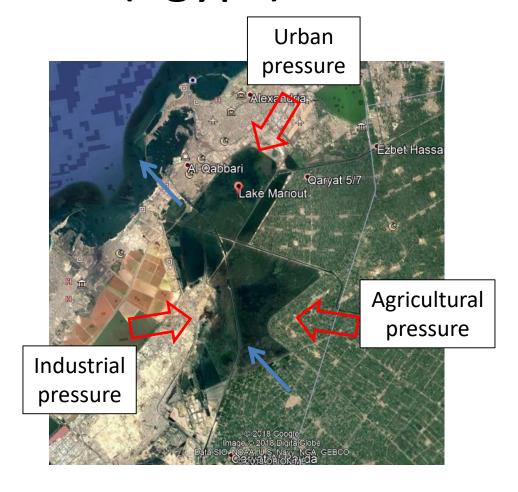






Mariout Lake (Egypt)







EcoHydrological solutions?



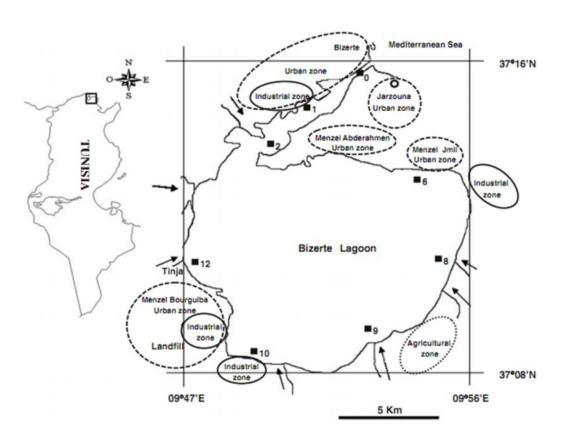




Bizerte laguna (Tunisia)



The Laguna of Bizerte is a nearly circular body of brackish water about 12 km in radius and up to 13m deep, open to the sea through the narrow Bizerte canal. It is surrounded by farmland and two medium-sized metropolitan areas (Bizerte with a population of 140,000, and Menzel-Bourguiba with a population of 55,000). Major industrial plants with a strong water demand on the shores are present. The Laguna itself is exploited for fishing and shell farming.







EcoHydrological solutions?



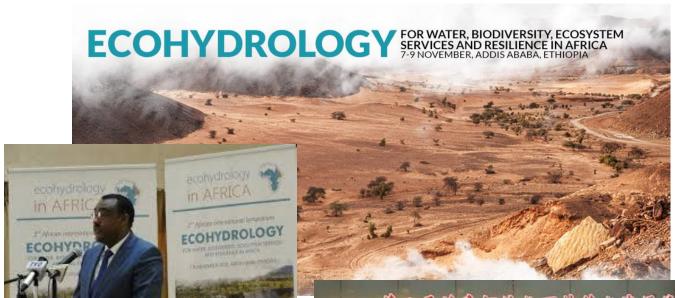
The Laguna system has important subsistence and small scale commercial fisheries and hosts shellfish aquaculture. Aquifers provide water to the communities and are exploited by agricultural activities in the basin but also are at a receiving end of local pollutions. A variety of municipal, agriculture and industrial activities pollute the system.

The result is a system where the potential flows of ecological services are diminished by the environmental degradation, implying a strong case for remediation and prevention of additional pollution.













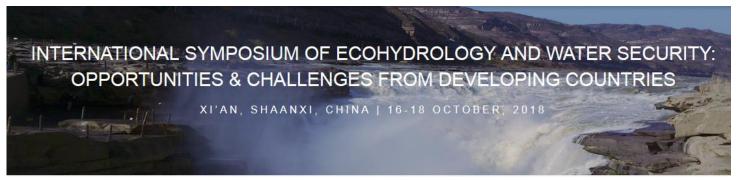
To learn more on EH....



http://8thfriendwater.iwhr.org/40?lang=en



http://isews.nwu.edu.cn/



Coming 2020 EcoHydroEco conference in Faro (Portugal)