

Clogging and environmental copper contamination have stronger effects on hyporheic microbial communities in the first centimeters

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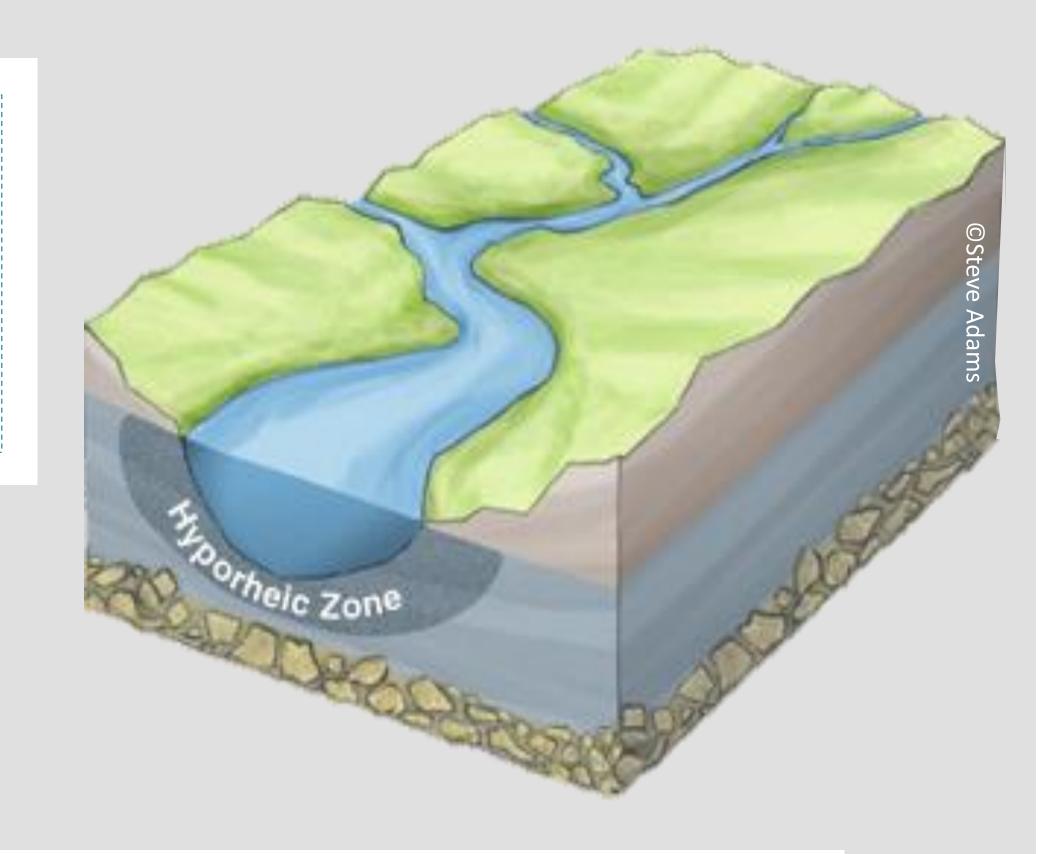
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CLOGGING AND ENVIRONMENTAL COPPER CONTAMINATION HAVE STRONGER EFFECTS ON HYPORHEIC MICROBIAL

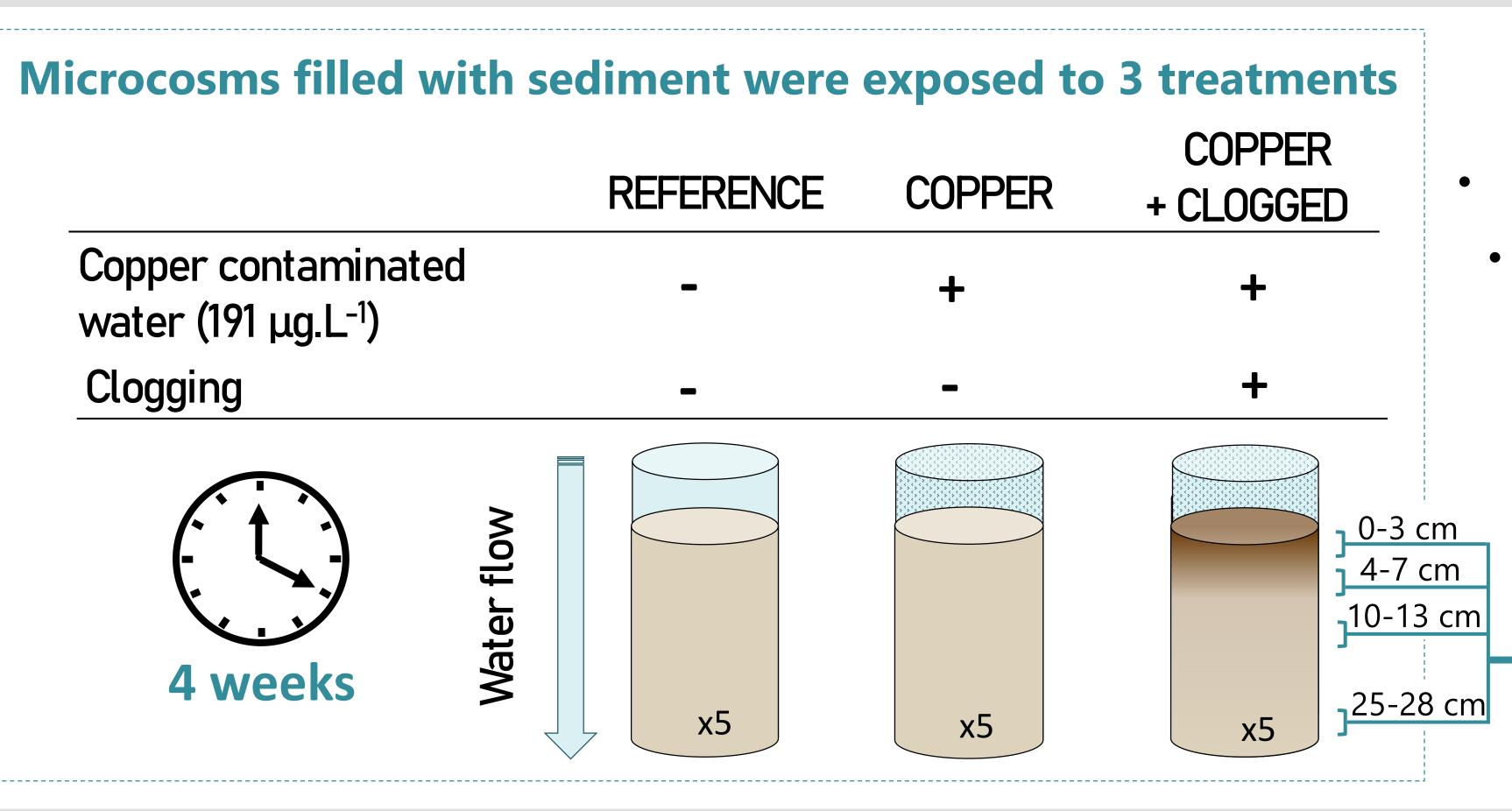
COMMUNITIES IN THE FIRST CENTIMETERS

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- Hyporheic microbial communities ensure important ecological functions
- Cumulative anthropogenic stressors effects on microbial communities in hyporheic zone sediment have been poorly investigated
- Copper contamination and clogging are two major stressors in agricultural watershed context



WHAT ARE THE CUMULATIVE EFFECTS OF CLOGGING AND COPPER **CONTAMINATION ON HYPORHEIC MICROBIAL COMMUNITIES?**



- Copper distribution in sediment (ICP-MS)
- Tolerance acquisition to copper (PICT)
 - Functional microbial responses
 - Gas emission (gas chromatography)
 - Exo-enzymatic activities (fluorometry)

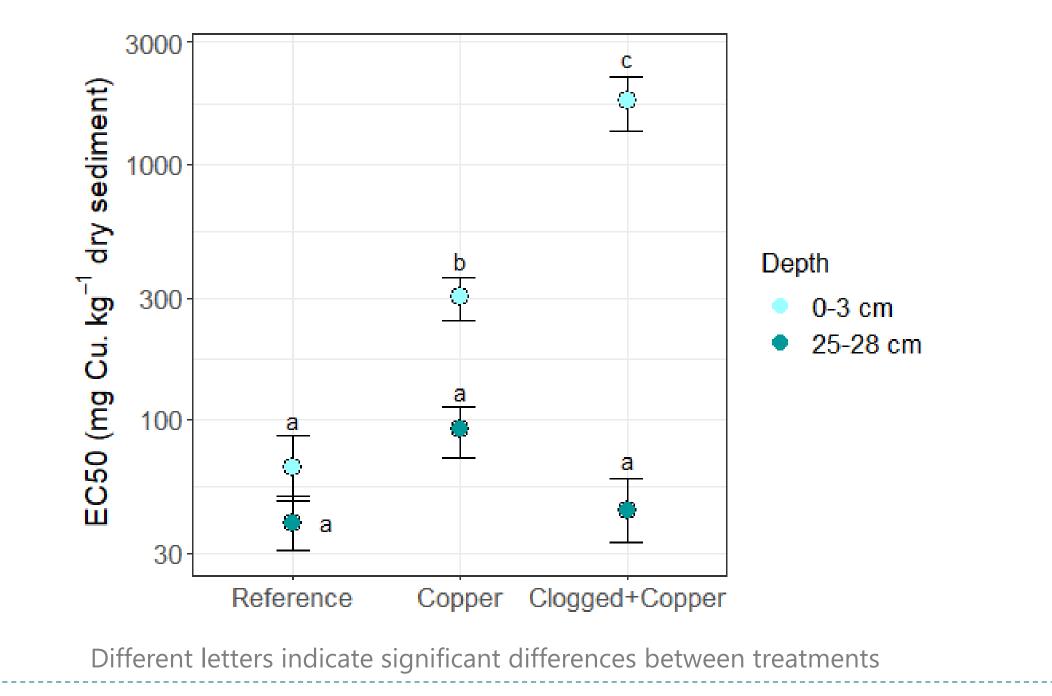


→ Sediment sampled at 4 depths

Leucine aminopeptidase

Copper gets trapped in the first few centimetres of hyporheic sediments 0-3 cm 4-7 cm = Reference Copper Clogging+Copper 10-13 cm 25-28 cm -Copper concentration (mg. kg⁻¹ dry sediment) Different letters indicate significant differences between treatment

Copper tolerance acquisition is found in the first centimeters in relation to copper exposure



CONCLUSION First few centimetres of hyporheic-zone sediment play an important role in response to clogging and copper contamination combined

Clogging mitigates copper effects on microbial

activities in the first hyporheic centimeters

්ත 100

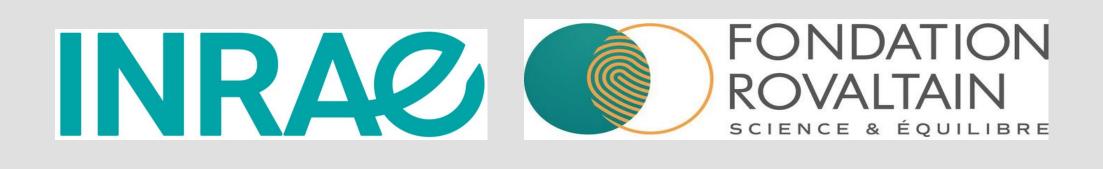
Beta-glucosidase

Denitrification

sediment

nmol N2O

The capacity of **pollutant retention** and the effects on **microbial activities** found in the first centimeters of the hyporheic zone should be taken into account in river monitoring and stream restoration



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