

Which data assimilation method and data source for a multi-compartment hydrology/water quality model? Application on the PESHMELBA model in a small agricultural catchment

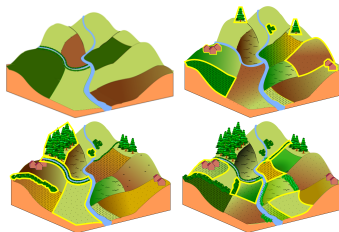
Emilie Rouzies (Inrae, France), Claire Lauvernet (Inrae, France) and Arthur Vidard (LJK/Inria, France)



Introduction

Development of the **PESHMELBA** model (Rouzies et al. 2019) to simulate pesticide transfers and fate on small agricultural catchments

- ✓ Simulations of heterogenous landscapes (plots, vegetative filter zones, hedges, ditches and rivers)
- ✓ Modular structure to explore landscape management scenarios (decision-making tool)

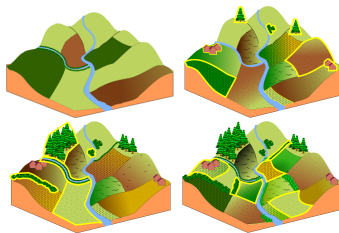


Rouzies, E.; Lauvernet, C.; Sudret, B. and Vidard, A. How to perform global sensitivity analysis of a catchment-scale, distributed pesticide transfer model? Application to the PESHMELBA model Geoscientific Model Development Discussions, 2021, 1-44

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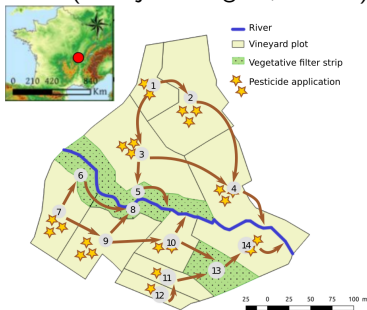
How to reduce uncertainties on PESHMELBA outputs ?

⇒ Development of a data assimilation framework to integrate different data sources

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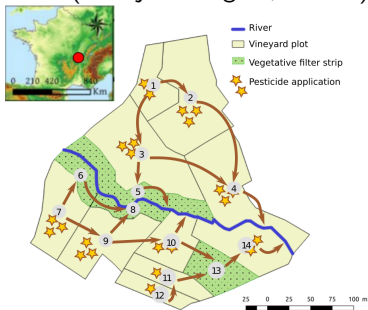
Case study

Virtual simplified catchment inspired from La Morcille catchment (Beaujolais region, France)



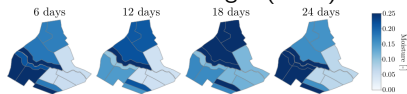
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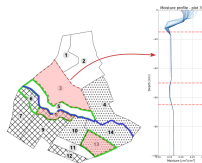


Data sources (virtual) available:

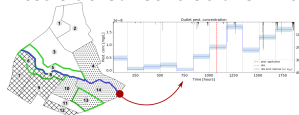
✓ Surface moisture images (radar)



✓ Punctual vertical moisture profiles (EMI)

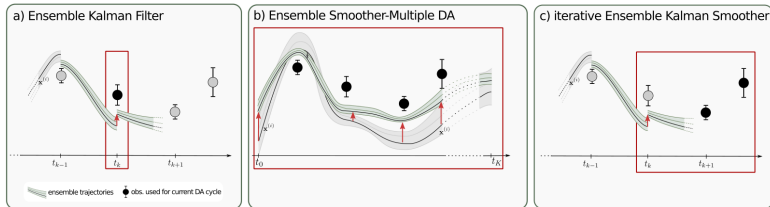


✓ Pesticide concentrations in the river



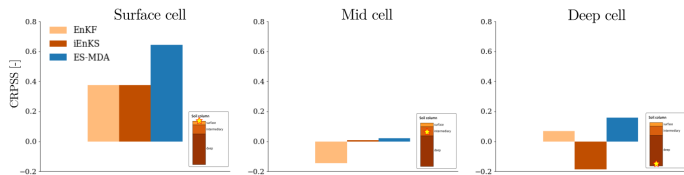
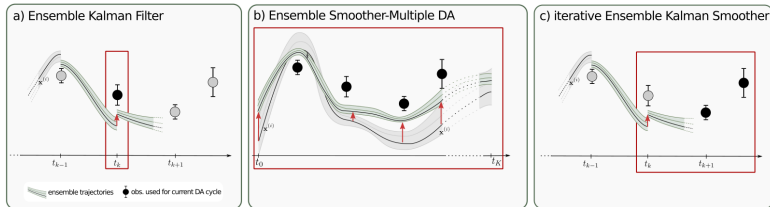
Comparison of DA methods

Assimilation of surface moisture images to correct vertical moisture profiles (freq=6 days) and comparison of 3 DA methods:



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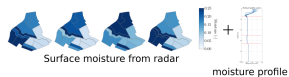


Catchment-averaged CRPSS score (the closer to 1, the better DA performs) of each DA method to correct surface, intermediate and deep moisture.

The b) ES-MDA best improves surface moisture estimates **but** no strong effect of DA to correct deeper moisture.

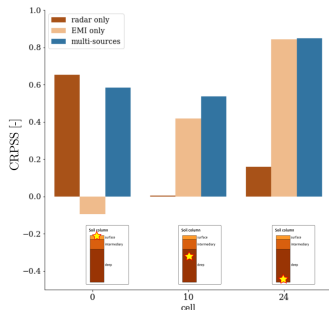
Multi-source assimilation

DA based on b) ES-MDA + Integration of other sources of data



Multi-source assimilation

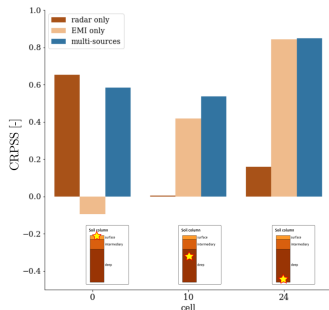
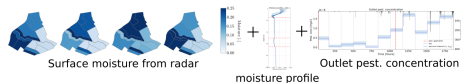
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...but no effect to improve simulation of pest. concentration at the outlet

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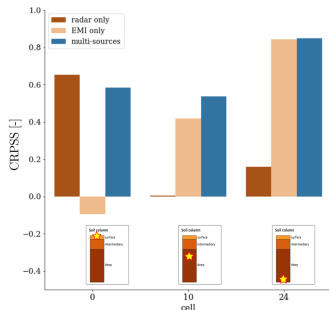
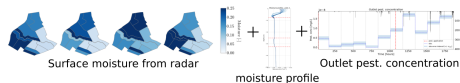
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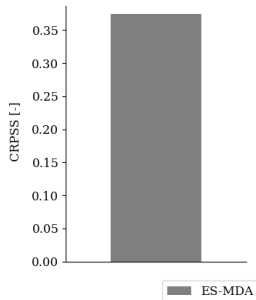
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Multi-source assimilation

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Catchment-averaged CRPSS score (the closer to 1, the better DA performs) on outlet pest. concentration

⇒ inclusion of pesticide observation necessary to improve simulation of pest. concentration at the outlet

Conclusion

- ✓ DA framework set for pesticide transfer model PESHMELBA
- ✓ Ensemble Smoother with Multiple Data Assimilation identified as most efficient method for this case study
- ✓ Correction from a compartment hard to propagate to other compartments:
⇒ need for various data sources

⇒ Paves the way for future applications of DA at the scale of a real catchment

Thank you !

Any question ? Contact: emilie.rouzies@inrae.fr

