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# EFFICACY OF A TARGETED SELECTIVE TREATMENT IN DAIRY HERDS AFFECTED BY CLINICAL DICTYOCAULOSIS

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## **Bovine dictyocaulosis**

- Dictyocaulosis is a worldwide parasitic disease reported in most temperate country
- Prevalence ≈ 80% of herds with enzootic cough in pasture during summer (France, *Lurier et al. 2018*)
- Economic importance

Clinical outbreaks cost = **159-167€/cows** (Holzhauer et al., 2011) (Holzhauer et

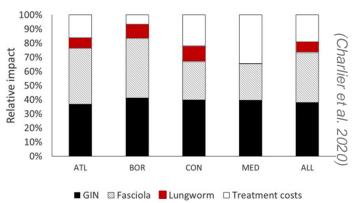
 $\Rightarrow$ Decreased milk production (30/50% of cost), mortality (30/50% of cost), extra AI + veterinary expense (12-15%)

#### At EU level : € 139 million [€ 86–225 million] in

cattle (Charlier et al. 2020)



Country with reported cases of dictyocaulosis



**Relative economic impact of** dictyocaulosis among other parasitic disease according to the climate in Europe

WBC 2022



## Diagnostic in adult cattle (Lurier et al. 2018)

• Routine method : Baermann / Mc Kenna sedimentation

**Sp** = 100%, **Se** = 7.4%

- Broncho-alveolar Lavage (BAL)
  - Presence of eggs or larvae :

Sp = 100%, Se = 24.7 %

• Eosinophils proportion > 4.77% in BALF cytology

Sp = 85.2% & Se = 85.2%

• Serology not available in France, Seuil = 0.389 ODR

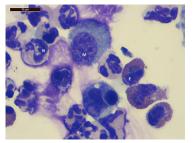
Sp = 85.7% & Se=76.2%



D. Viviparus L3 in feces



D. Viviparus adult in BALF



BALF cytology with eosinophils



## **Treatment of dictyocaulosis**

- Most anthelmintic are effective against *D.viviparus* 
  - Very few treatment failure reported : eprinomectine (Rigaud et al. 2019), Albendazol (Coles et al. 2010), Abamectine and moxidectine (Molento et al. 2006)
- Routinely
  - Blanket treatment applied to all cows without confirmatory diagnostic
    - Potential unnecessary treatment
    - Potential selection of **anthelmintic resistance** in *D. viviparus* or in other gastrointestinal nematodes
- No targeted selective treatment protocols assessed for Dictyocaulosis control in cattle



## study dosign 1/2

## Pilot study design 1/2

#### **Objectives**

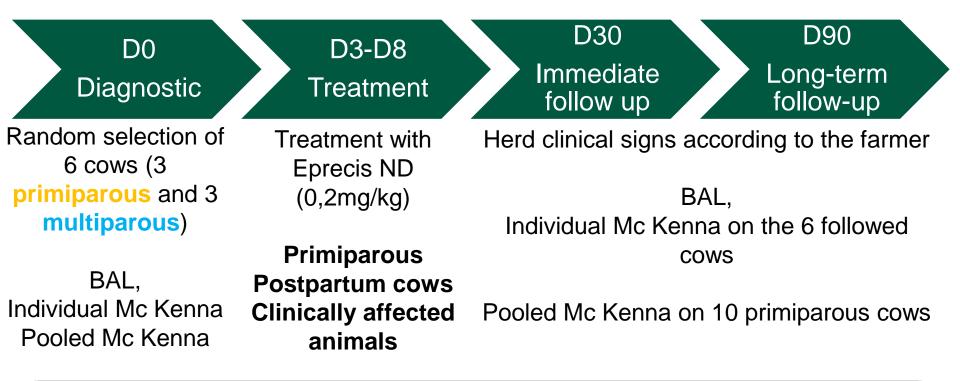
- Assess the efficacy of a targeted selected treatment of dairy cattle for :
  - Resolving clinical manifestation of dictyocaulosis in the herd
  - Limit the incidence of the disease in non-treated animal

#### Methods

- Inclusion of herds with a veterinary dictyocaulosis suspicion in two French regions
- Confirmatory diagnosis by bronchoalveolar lavage and Mc Kenna sedimentation
- Targeted selective treatment of 50% of the herd with eprinomectine injectable
- Longitudinal follow up until 3 month post treatment



## Pilot study design 2/2







## **Rational for treatment**

#### **Eprecis ND CEVA (eprinomectine)**

- Posology 0.2 mg/kg
- Injectable eprinomectine (suitable for selective treatment)
- 2 weeks protection against reinfestation by *D.viviparus*

#### **Treated animals**

- Clinically affected (cough)
- Primiparous (naive cows => most at risk to amplify the presence D.viviparus)
- Post portum cows (until 15 days after calving)



## **Results : Initial visit**

- Only 6 herd enrolled
- Diagnostic positive in 4/6 (66%) herds
  - 1 herd excluded (non-compliance with treatment protocol)
- Animal level prevalence
  - Primiparous
    6/9 LBA
    2/9 Mc Kenna
  - Multiparous
- 1/9 LBA 1/9 Mc Kenna
- Only 1/3 pooled Mc Kenna positive

			<b>Eosinophil</b>	Mc	Pooled
	Herd	Cows	%	Kenna	Mc kenna
Primiparous	А	5824	27,75	0	0
		5834	20,75	0	
		5813	4.75	0	
	В	1782	15	$\bigcirc$	
		1808	7.5	0	
		1777	7.5	(1)	
	с	763	2,5	0	0
		4385	3,5	0	
		769	21.5	0	
	D	8969	0,1	0	0
		2708	0 0	0	
		4365	0.5	0	
	E	1301	0	0	0
		1465	0	0	
		4627	1.2	0	
Multiparous	А	7064	4,2	0	
		3493	1	0	
		3489	16	$\bigcirc$	
	В	1581	0	0	
		1565	0	0	
		1642	2	0	
	с	3864	2	0	
		8525	3	0	
		827	1.4	0	
	D	8670	0,2	0	
		9912	0	0	
	E	6277	0	0	
		6679	0	0	
		M3	1.2	0	



## **Results : Follow-up**

#### Primiparous

- All 9/9 primiparous (treated) were negative to LBA and Mc Kenna at D30 and D90
- Multiparous
  - 2 excluded cows
    - 1 treated (cough) replaced by another cows at D30
    - 1 culled at D90
  - 2/8 primiparous (not treated) were positive to LBA or Mc Kenna at D30 and D90

#### **WBC 2022** Eprinomectine 0.2mg/kg Mc Kenna × Nea % of eosinophil in the BALF cytology Pos rimiparou 10 20 -• 10. 0 -75 50 Days after treatment

Individual follow-up of the BALF cytology (the black line is the positivity cutoff of the eosinophils %)

#### ⇒ Incidence rate : 4.4%/month in non treated multiparous 2%/month for all susceptible cows



# Clinical follow up : Tachypnea & lung auscultation modification

- Abnormal clinical examination at D0
  - 3/9 primiparous
  - 1/8 multiparous
- During follow-up
  - Persistence of the abnormal clinical signs in 2/4 primiparous and 1/1 multiparous
  - No newly clinically affected cows
- According to the farmer
  - Resolution of the clinical signs in 2/3 herds
  - Persistence of cough in 1 herd without needs for supplementary treatments



## Discussion

#### Interest of the targeted selected treatment

- No re-infestation in primiparous cows
- No new clinical manifestation after treatment
- Low incidence (4.4%/month) of *D.viviparus* infestation in non-treated cows
- Few herds corresponding to the inclusion criteria
  - Dry weather limiting the contamination of the pasture
  - $\Rightarrow$  Could have limited the number of lungworm outbreaks
  - $\Rightarrow$  Could also have favored the good response to the targeted selected treatment
- Only a proof of concept without control groups
  - Need to be reproduced with a larger number of herds
  - The targeted selected treatment strategy needs to be compared with a blanket treatment strategy in a randomized control trial



## **Conclusion and take-home message**

- Importance of the initial diagnosis
  - 2/6 herds presenting enzootic cough at pasture during summer without dictyocaulosis
  - Confirmation of the higher sensitivity of the bronchoalveolar lavage compared to the Mc Kenna sedimentation in adult cows
- Potential interest of a targeted selected treatment in dairy cows by treating
  - Clinically affected animals
  - Primiparous and newly introduced animals
  - Early post-partum cows

Intitulé de la direction/service



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## Thank you for your attention





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