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# Characterization of the gelling properties of protein from bovine co-products using response surface methodology





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DOCTORAT / ECOLOGIE BRETAGNE \ GEOSCIENCES LOIRE / AGRONOMIE ALIMENTATION

### Context

(Patent: EP 2 108 266 A1)



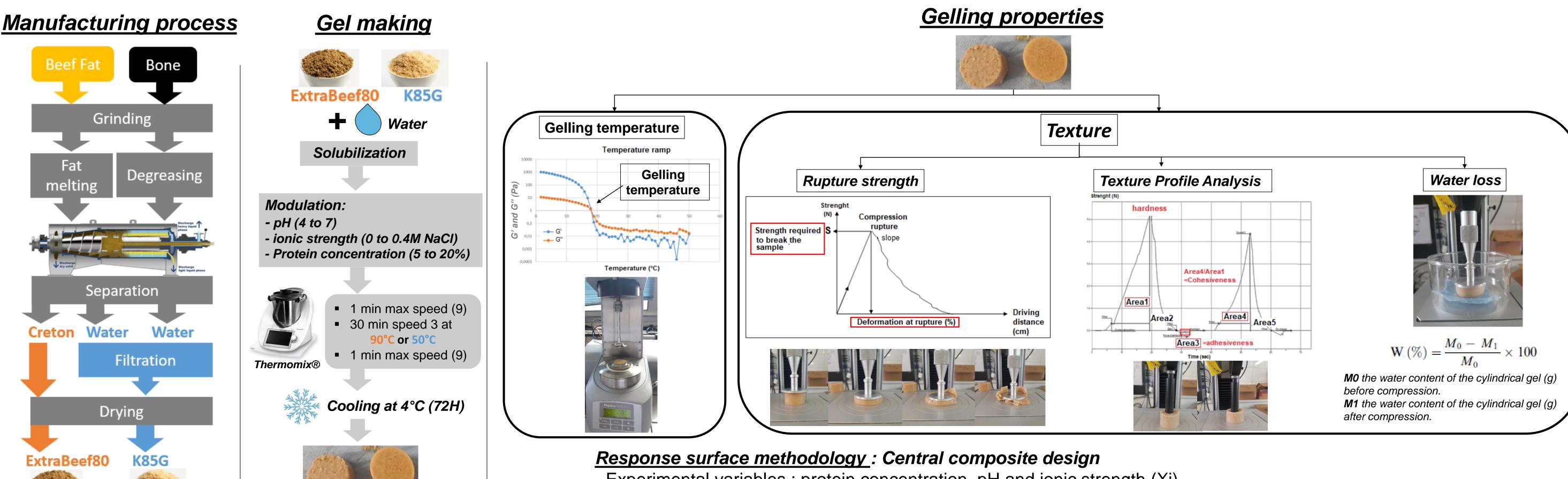
### Growing food needs linked to global demographic change are driving:

- Nutritional issues: Availability of high quality protein resources
- Environmental issues: Sustainable solutions to meet this growing demand for protein resources

# Edible meat co-products are underutilized in the human diet; valorize co-products:

- Would increase the protein resources of good nutritional quality
- Would reduce the quantity of wastes
- Would contribute to a more sustainable and more profitable meat industry

#### **Materials and Methods**



PCA graph of variables

Protein concentration

Ionic strength

Strength Rupture

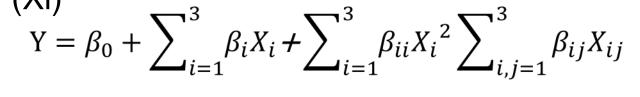
**Deformation Rupture** 

Cohesiveness

Soluble protein

**Hardness** 

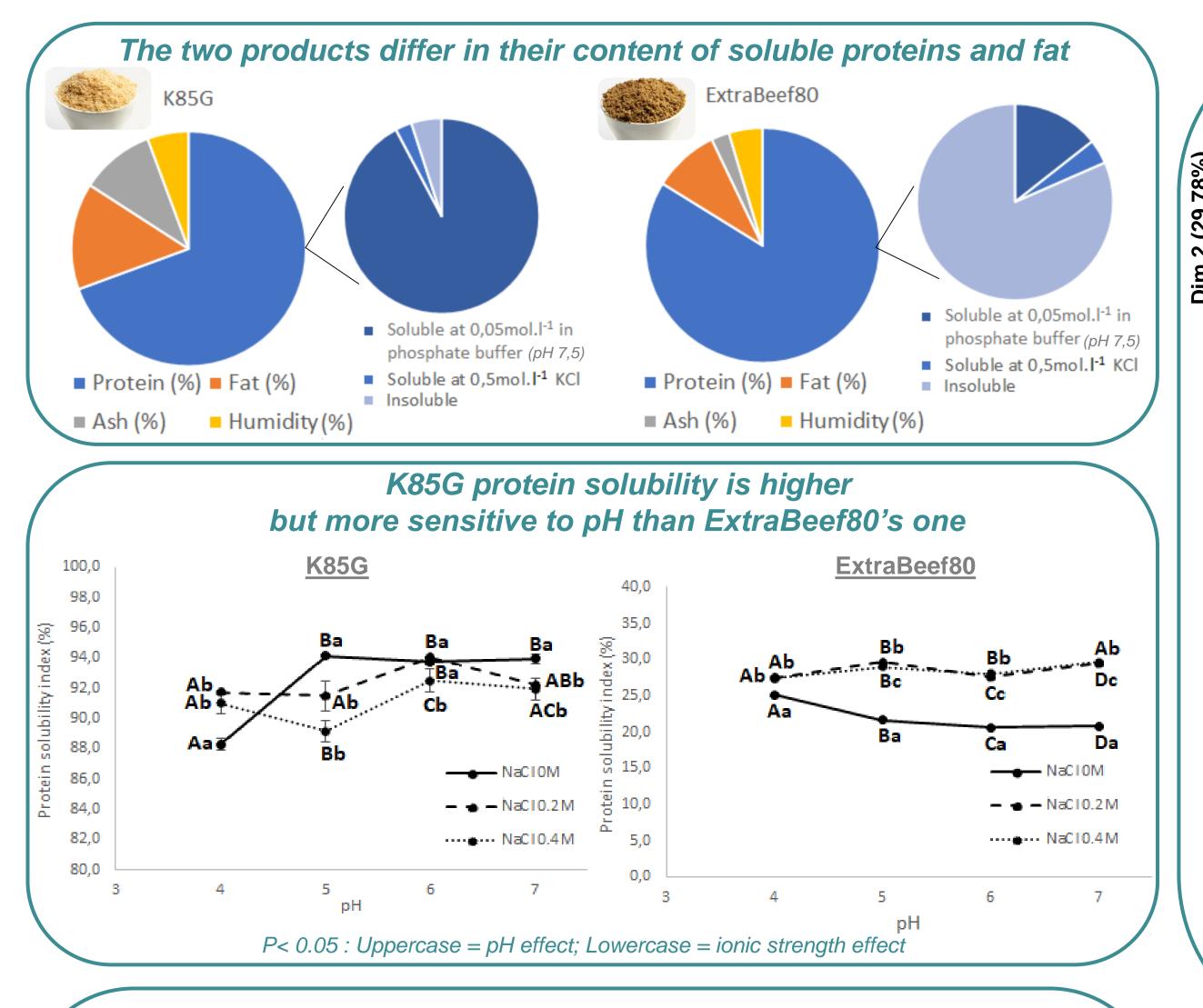
- Experimental variables : protein concentration, pH and ionic strength (Xi)
- Adjusted to a second-degree polynomial regression model



**PCA** graph of individuals

#### Results

Adhesiveness

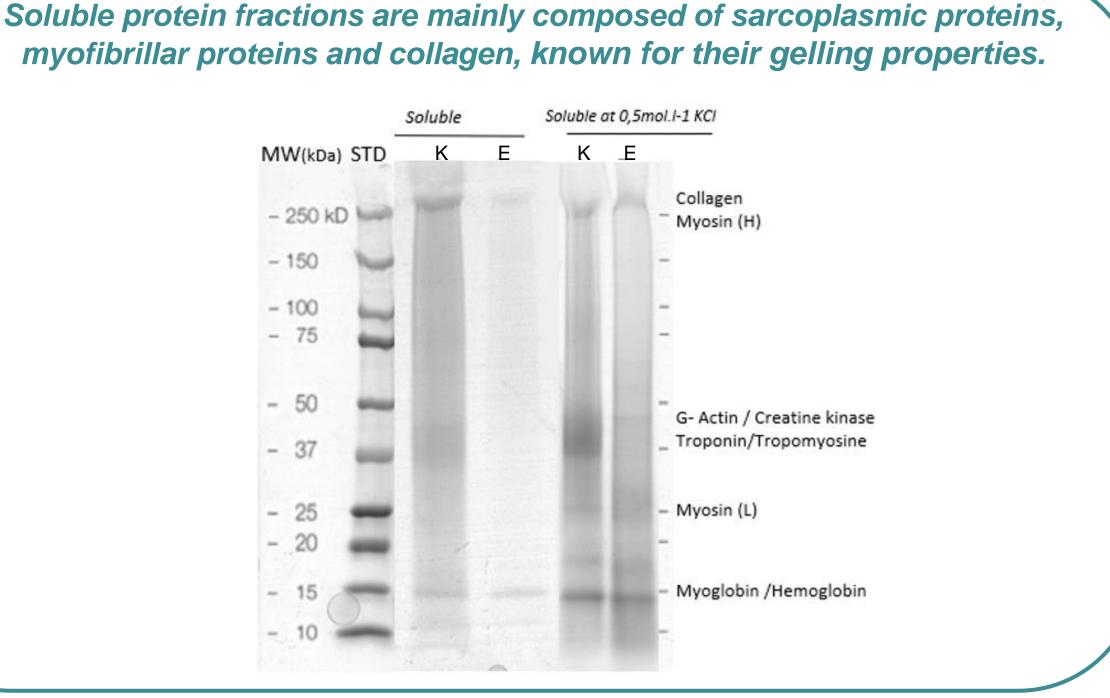


**K85G** Water loss Illustrative variables Active variables Dim 1 (61.30%) Dim 1 (61.30%) PC1 separates Extrabeef80 from K85G: gels made with Extrabeef80 have a higher adhesiveness, cohesiveness and deformation at the rupture than K85G gels. PC1 is well correlated with soluble protein concentration. PC2 explains the variability within gels from a given product opposing hard gels with low water loss (top) to soft

ExtraBeef80

The gelling properties depend mainly on the concentration of proteins, especially soluble

proteins of the products tested.



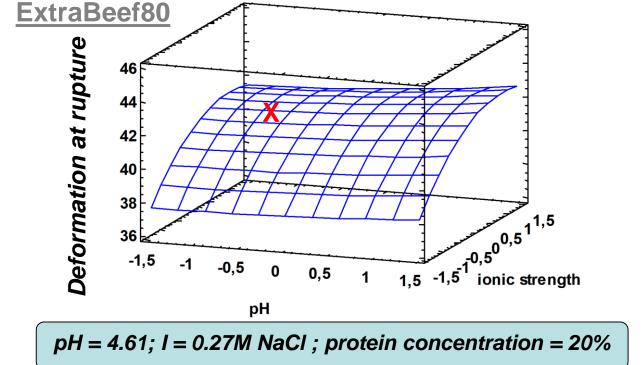
## What about the effect of pH and ionic strength?

The gelling properties of K85G are not influenced by pH and ionic strength contrary to ExtraBeef80 gels:

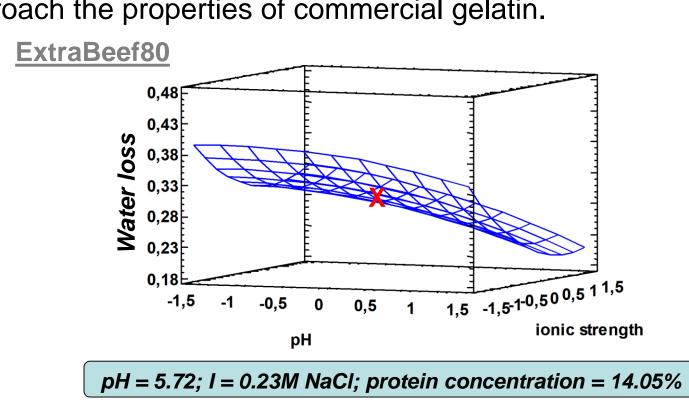
gels with high water lost (bottom). PC2 is well correlated with protein concentration.

- Increasing the ionic strength increases the deformation at the rupture and decreases the water loss of ExtraBeef80 gels. - Increasing pH decreases the water loss of ExtraBeef80 gels.

Modulating the pH and/or Ionic strength allows ExtraBeef80 to approach the properties of commercial gelatin.



K85G best mimics commercial gelatins at 230Bloom (GB).



X Optimal conditions to mimic a commercial beef gelatin 230Bloom (5% protein, pH=5.55, 0.2M NaCl)

# Conclusion

- The protein concentration is the key factor in optimizing the gelling properties of both beef co-products.
- K85G gelation does not depend on pH or lonic strength and comes closest to commercial gelatin than ExtraBeef80.
- The variations in pH and lonic strength on the Extrabeef80 make it possible to approximate the gelling parameters of commercial beef gelatin.
- These results may be useful in guiding the development of functional ingredients suitable for specific technological uses.