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# Using simple cultivar phenotyping and photothermal algorithm to explore the suitability of soybean crop in France

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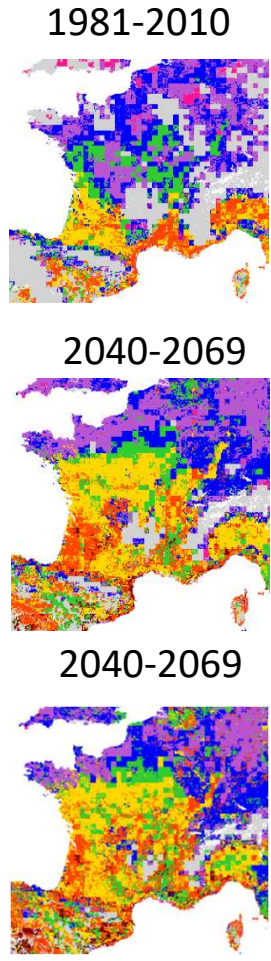
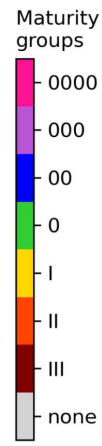
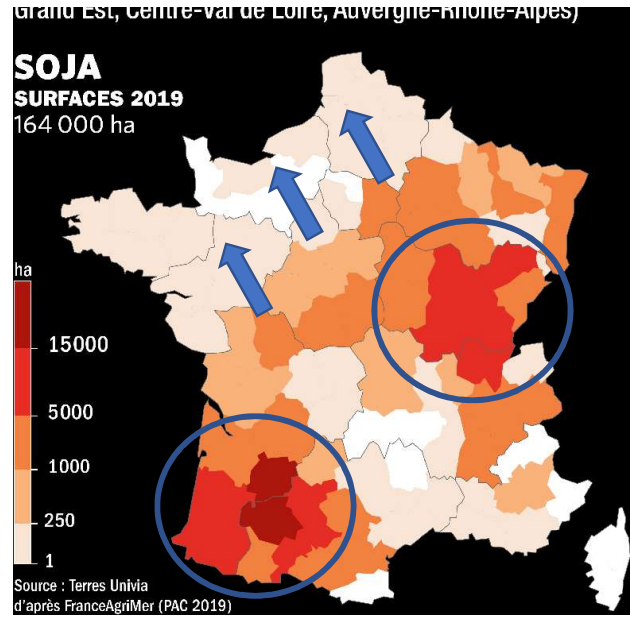


# Development of soybean in France

- Including more legumes into cereal-based rotations (N economy + other ecosystem services)
- Soybean : a summer crop with no N fertilization and low pesticides (29 % under OF)
- Search for protein self-sufficiency by domestic production

➔ from 37 000 ha (2012) to 187 000 ha (2020)

Moving northward from traditional regions (SW, NE)



Nendel *et al* (2023), GCB

## A tool for evaluating crop suitability

- A need for a simple phenological model for predicting the main growth stages and evaluate the feasibility of soybean varieties :
  - In regions where soybean is presently poorly developed (but could expand with climate change)
  - As a sequential double crop in regions with available water during summer
  - To optimize sowing date and choice of maturity group
- This tool should be calibrated easily with data from controlled conditions (from a given site) or from a network of field experiments well distributed in a country (*e.g.* France)

## A simple photo-thermal algorithm (SPA)

On a daily basis

$$R_{dev} = R_{dev.max} \times f(T) \times f(P)$$

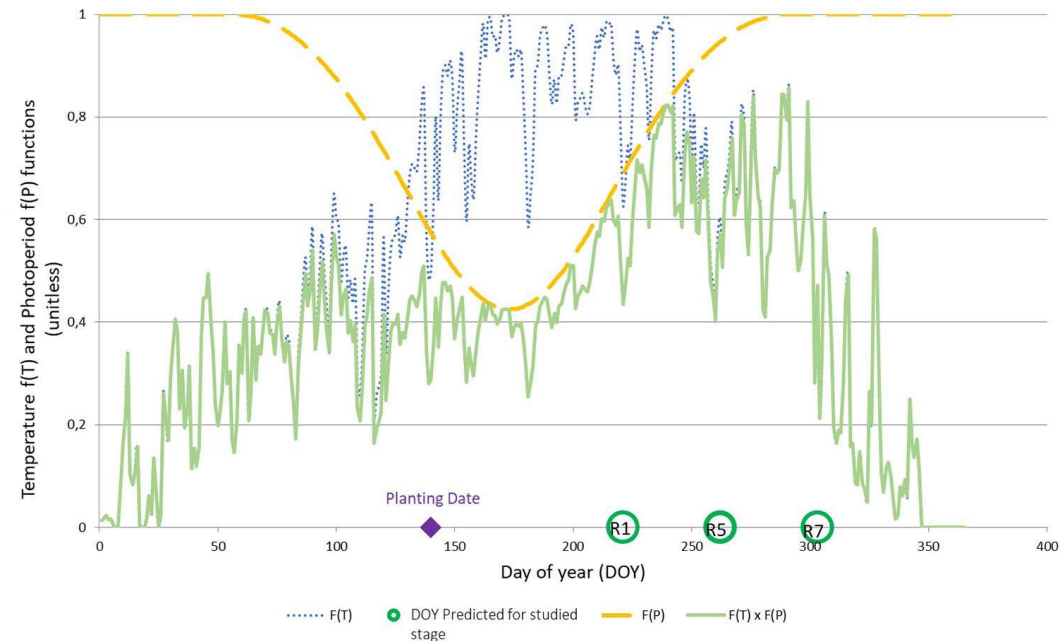
Rdev = rate of development

f(T) = temperature factor, 0-1

f(P) = photoperiod factor, 0-1

Under optimal conditions  $R_{dev} = R_{dev.max}$

Under T or P limiting conditions  $R_{dev} < R_{dev.max}$



Schoving *et al.* (2020), *Front Plant Sci* **10**: 1755

## 7 parameters for calibrating SPA

Name	Unit	Abbreviation	Origin of data
Minimum temperature of development	(°C)	T0	<b>EXP1</b>
Optimal temperature of development	(°C)	Topt	<b>EXP1</b>
Maximum temperature of development	(°C)	Tmax	<b>EXP1</b>
Optimal daylength for maximum development	(h)	Popt	Setyono <i>et al</i> (2007)
Critical daylength for zero development	(h)	Pcrt	Setyono <i>et al</i> (2007)
Physiological development days in optimal conditions of temperature and photoperiod	d	PDDopt <sub>c,p</sub>	<b>EXP2</b> + Optimization
Sensitivity coefficient to the photoperiod	unitless	S	<b>EXP2</b> + Optimization

Schoving *et al* (2020)

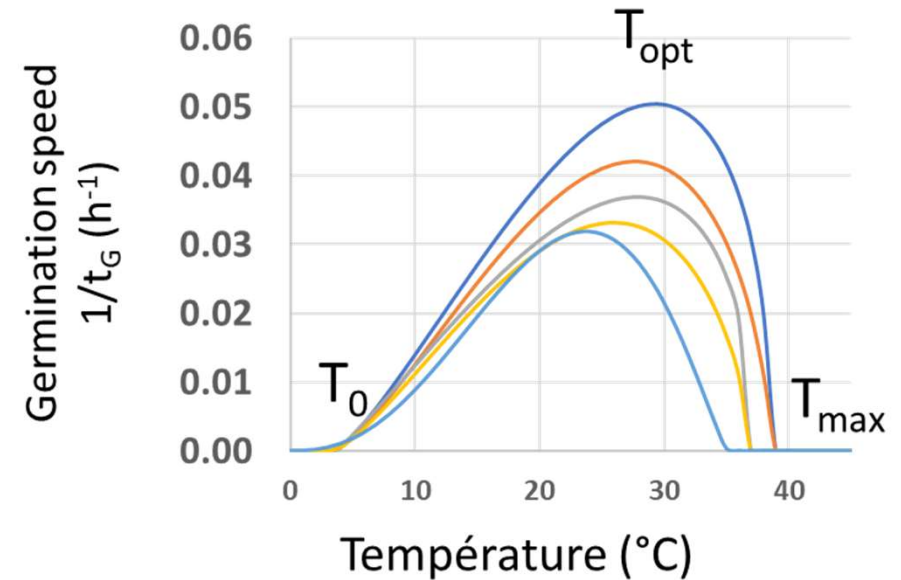
## EXP 1. Response to temperature

Cardinal temperatures are similar for all the plant development processes (Parent et al., 2010)

→ determination of the rate and speed of seed germination in climatic chambers (incubators) is a simple method for testing the response of numerous varieties to temperature



4 x 25 seeds per genotype  
11 temperatures from 3° to 43 °C



Yin *et al* (1995)

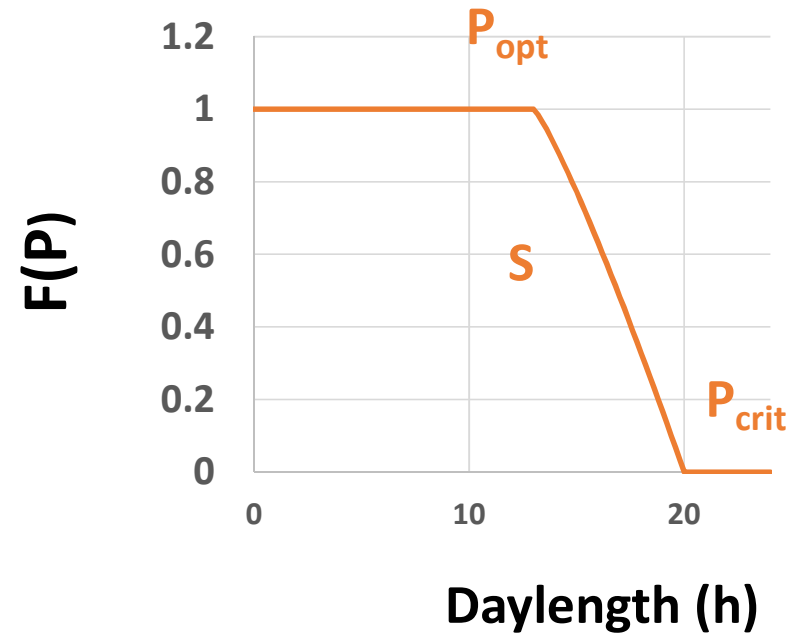
$$R_{dev} = R_{dev.max} \times f(T) \times f(P)$$



# EXP 2. Response to photoperiod

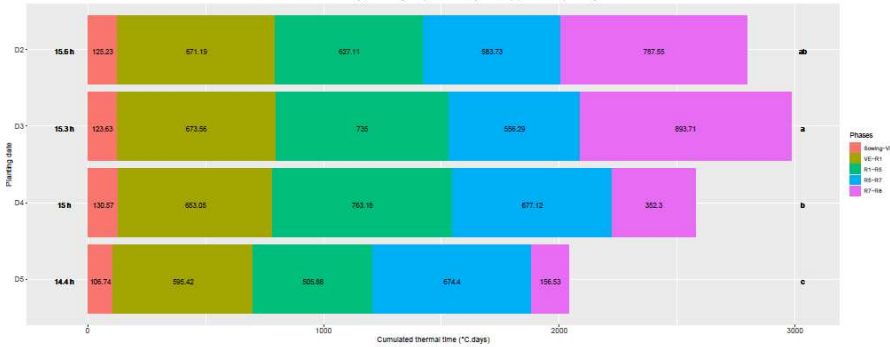


D4                      D2                      D3                      D1



## Phasic thermal time

Cumulative thermal time by phenological phase for Symbala (I) for the 4 planting dates

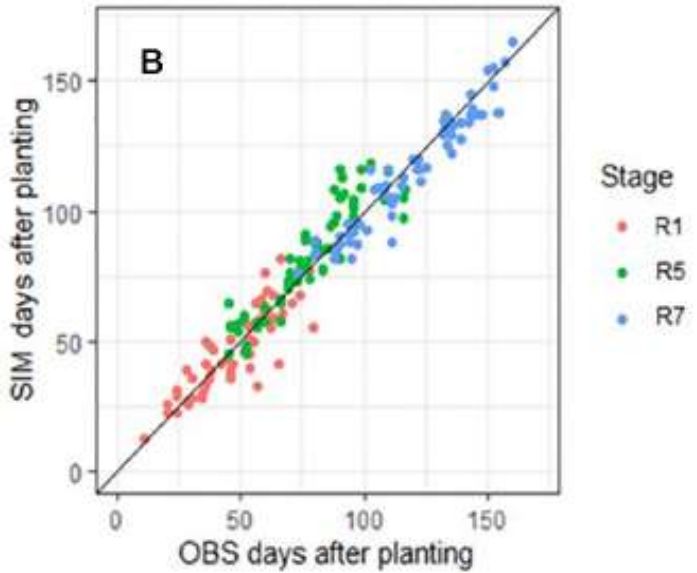


cv.Symbala (II)

$$R_{dev} = R_{dev.max} \times f(T) \times f(P)$$



# Model evaluation on a multi-environment trial



## MGS 000 to II

France

2010-2021 (12 years)  
 268 « variety x trial »

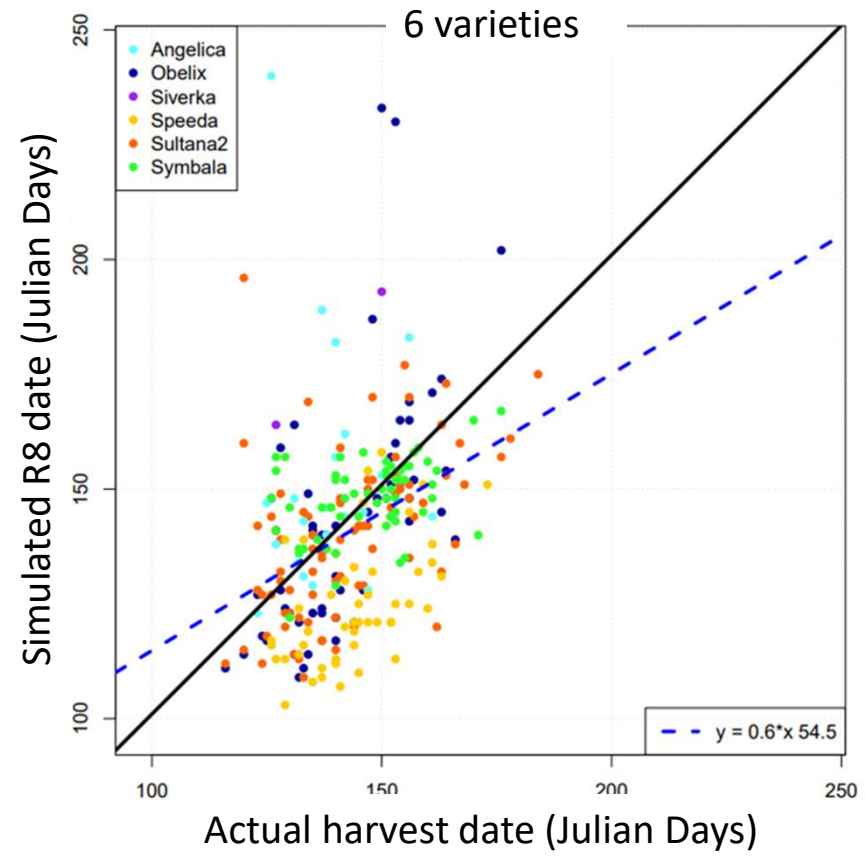
RMSE = 19.7 days  
 Bias = -2.4 days  
 RRMSE = 13.7 %

2013-2018 (4 years) – SW France

RMSE = 5.6 to 9.4 days  
 Bias = -3.5 to 4 days  
 RRMSE = 5 to 17 %

Schoving *et al.* (2020)

Post-registration trials

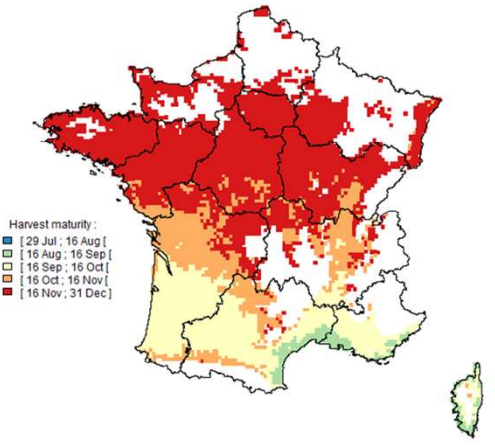




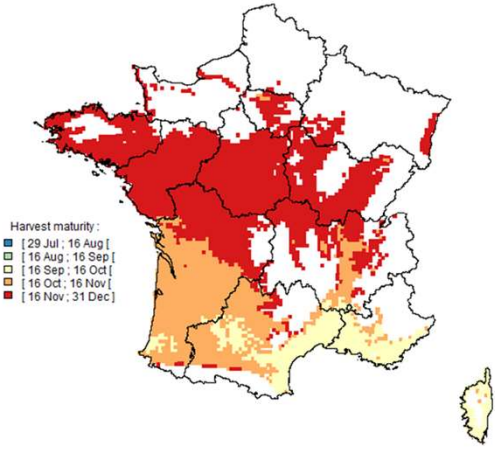
# Application to the determination of harvest dates

Harvest of soybean 8 years out 10 during or before the time window **2001-2021**

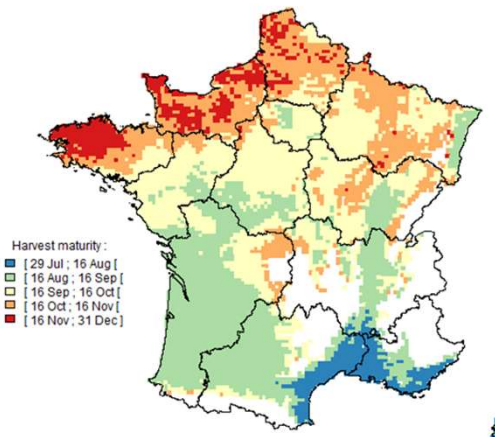
cv Symbala (MG II)  
 Sowing date **25/03**



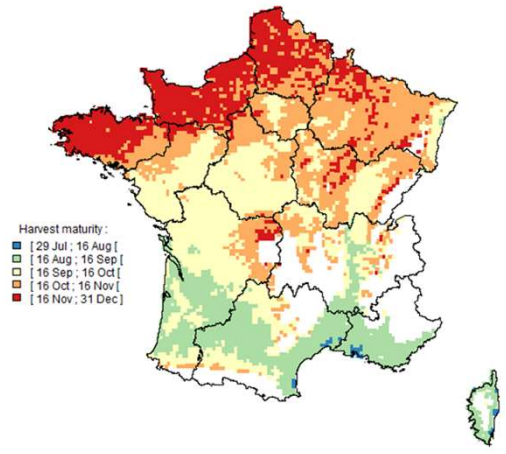
cv Symbala (MG II)  
 Sowing date **05/05**



cv Sultana (MG 000)  
 Sowing date **25/03**



cv Sultana (MG 000)  
 Sowing date **05/05**

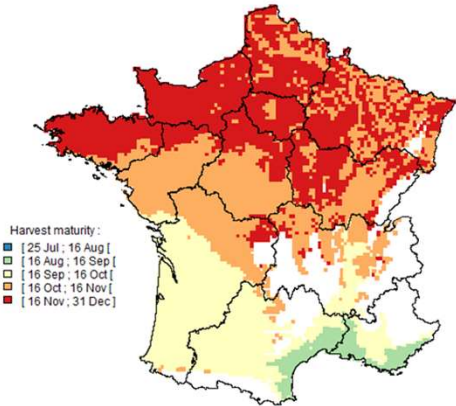


■ < 16/08	} avoid
■ < 16/09	
■ < 16/10	} suitable
■ < 16/11	
■ < 31/12	avoid

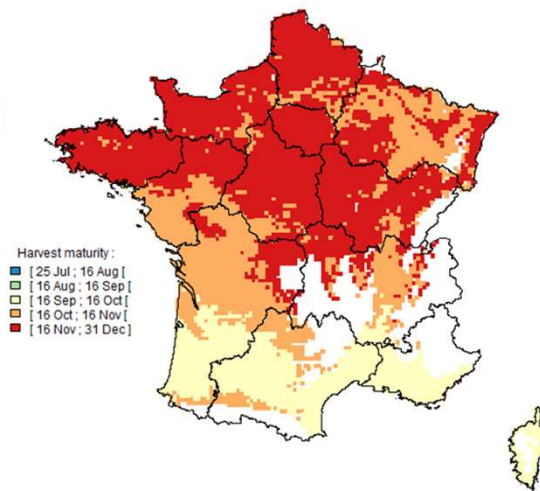
# Application to the determination of harvest dates

Harvest of soybean 8 years out 10 during or before the time window **2030-2050 (RCP 8.5)**

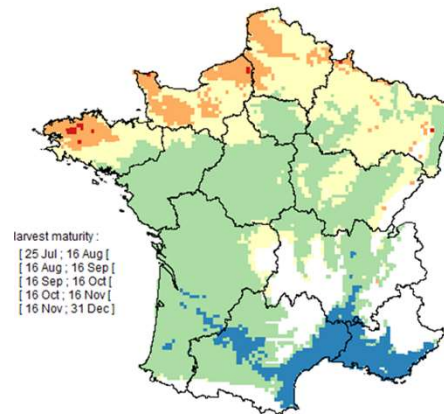
cv Symbala (MG II)  
 Sowing date **25/03**



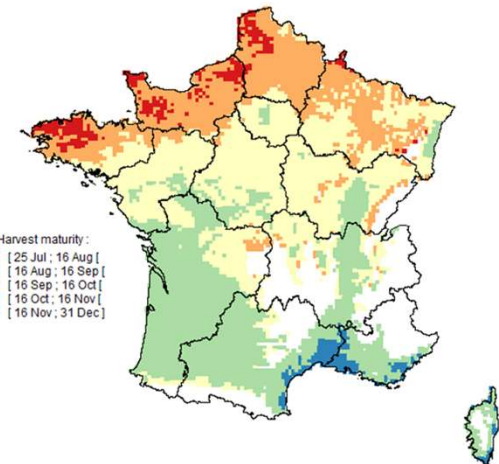
cv Symbala (MG II)  
 Sowing date **05/05**



cv Sultana (MG 000)  
 Sowing date **25/03**



cv Sultana (MG 000)  
 Sowing date **05/05**



■ < 16/08	avoid
■ < 16/09	suitable
■ < 16/10	
■ < 16/11	risky
■ < 31/12	avoid

## Perspectives for improving SPA model and use

- Implementation of the effect of water stress on phenology
- Refining decision rules for sowing (soil moisture) and harvest (grain moisture)
- Coupling with decision tools for choosing areas suitable for soybean (adding other criteria for soybean growing feasibility)
- Comparing two methods for calibrating SPA : platform (one site with different planting date and frequent phenology scoring) vs network (several field experiments across the country)
- Application to the feasibility of double cropping in France

*See Maury et al (**board 204**) for more details on the phenotyping approach*



Thank you for your attention



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ECODIV project



SOYSTAINABLE project



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