

Effects of physical or sensory enrichments on rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss) welfare

Baptiste Véchart, Céline David, Guillaume Morgant, Violaine Colson, Lionel Pineau, Ségolène Calvez

▶ To cite this version:

Baptiste Véchart, Céline David, Guillaume Morgant, Violaine Colson, Lionel Pineau, et al.. Effects of physical or sensory enrichments on rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss) welfare. 21. International Conference on Diseases of Fish and Shellfish, Sep 2023, Aberdeen - Scotland, United Kingdom. , 21, pp.132-133, 2023. hal-04221012

HAL Id: hal-04221012 https://hal.inrae.fr/hal-04221012v1

Submitted on 28 Sep 2023

HAL is a multi-disciplinary open access archive for the deposit and dissemination of scientific research documents, whether they are published or not. The documents may come from teaching and research institutions in France or abroad, or from public or private research centers.

L'archive ouverte pluridisciplinaire **HAL**, est destinée au dépôt et à la diffusion de documents scientifiques de niveau recherche, publiés ou non, émanant des établissements d'enseignement et de recherche français ou étrangers, des laboratoires publics ou privés.



Effects of physical or sensory enrichments on rainbow trout (*Oncorhynchus mykiss*) welfare



21st International Conference on Diseases of Fish and Shellfish

11 - 14 September 2023 Aberdeen, UK

Baptiste Véchart¹, Céline David¹, Guillaume Morgant¹, Violaine Colson², Lionel Pineau¹, Ségolène Calvez¹

¹Oniris, INRAE, BIOEPAR, 44300, Nantes, France; ² INRAE, LPGP, Campus de Beaulieu, 35042 Rennes, France

CONTEXT

- ☐ Fish consumption increased and is becoming an important part of the protein intake with a global fish consumption expected to reach 21.5 kg per person per year in 2030, compared to 13.4 kg in the period 1986-1995 (FAO 2020)
- ☐ World aquaculture production increases reaching 90 millions tons today (FAO 2020)
- ☐ Intensive production and altered environmental conditions could be responsible of stress and pathologies
- ☐ Animal welfare is an important societal consideration

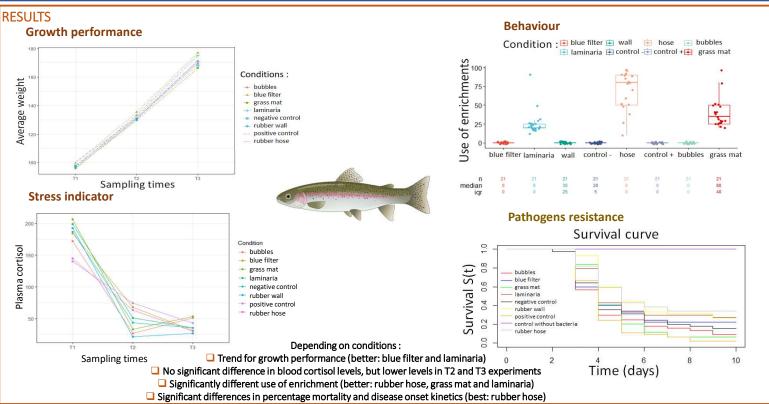
OBJECTIVES OF THIS STUDY

- ✓ Influence of rearing environmental enrichment :
- on the welfare of rainbow trout (stress and behavioural indicators)
- on the pathogens resistance of rainbow trout (response to a bacterial challenge)
- -> How can enrichment improve the welfare of fish (rainbow trout)? What indicators should be assessed?

Which enrichments should be studied?







FIRST CONCLUSIONS

- ☐ Rubber hose, blue filter and "laminaria seaweed" appear to be relevant enrichment strategies
- ☐ Behavioural indicators and infectious challenge appear to be relevant
- ☐ Conventional stress indicators (cortisol, glucose, lactate) do not appear to be relevant

Pos. Control < Neg Control < Bubbles = Rubber wall < Grass mat < Laminaria = Blue filter = Rubber hose

IN PROGRESS - FUTURE

- ☐ Cortisol in scales
- ☐ Genes expression in brain and blood

FUNDINGS

French funding account CASDAR (Compte d'Affectation Speciale Developpement Agricole et Rural) under grant agreement n° 19AIP5919.

REFERENCES

FAO, 2020 - https://doi.org/10.4060/ca9229en Moreau et al., 2023 - DOI: 10.1016/j.fsi.2023.108664

> Further discussion? Partnership? segolene.calvez@oniris-nantes.fr segolene.calvez@inrae.fr