

# Contextualized phosphorus recycling: potential diminution of phosphorus criticality at territory scale - Application to agricultural LCA

Perlette Totoson, Marilys Pradel, Pierre Thiriet, Lynda Aissani

#### ▶ To cite this version:

Perlette Totoson, Marilys Pradel, Pierre Thiriet, Lynda Aissani. Contextualized phosphorus recycling: potential diminution of phosphorus criticality at territory scale - Application to agricultural LCA. The 11th International Conference on Life Cycle Management, Sep 2023, Lille, France. 2023. hal-04224998

HAL Id: hal-04224998 https://hal.inrae.fr/hal-04224998

Submitted on 2 Oct 2023

**HAL** is a multi-disciplinary open access archive for the deposit and dissemination of scientific research documents, whether they are published or not. The documents may come from teaching and research institutions in France or abroad, or from public or private research centers. L'archive ouverte pluridisciplinaire **HAL**, est destinée au dépôt et à la diffusion de documents scientifiques de niveau recherche, publiés ou non, émanant des établissements d'enseignement et de recherche français ou étrangers, des laboratoires publics ou privés.

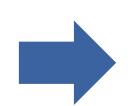
# Contextualized phosphorus recycling: potential diminution of phosphorus criticality at territory scale - Application to agricultural LCA

Perlette TOTOSON<sup>1</sup> | Marilys PRADEL<sup>1</sup> | Pierre THIRIET<sup>2</sup> | Lynda AISSANI<sup>2</sup> <sup>1</sup> Université Clermont Auvergne, INRAE Clermont-Ferrand-Auvergne-Rhône-Alpes, UR TSCF, France <sup>2</sup> INRAE Centre Bretagne-Normandie, UR OPAALE, France

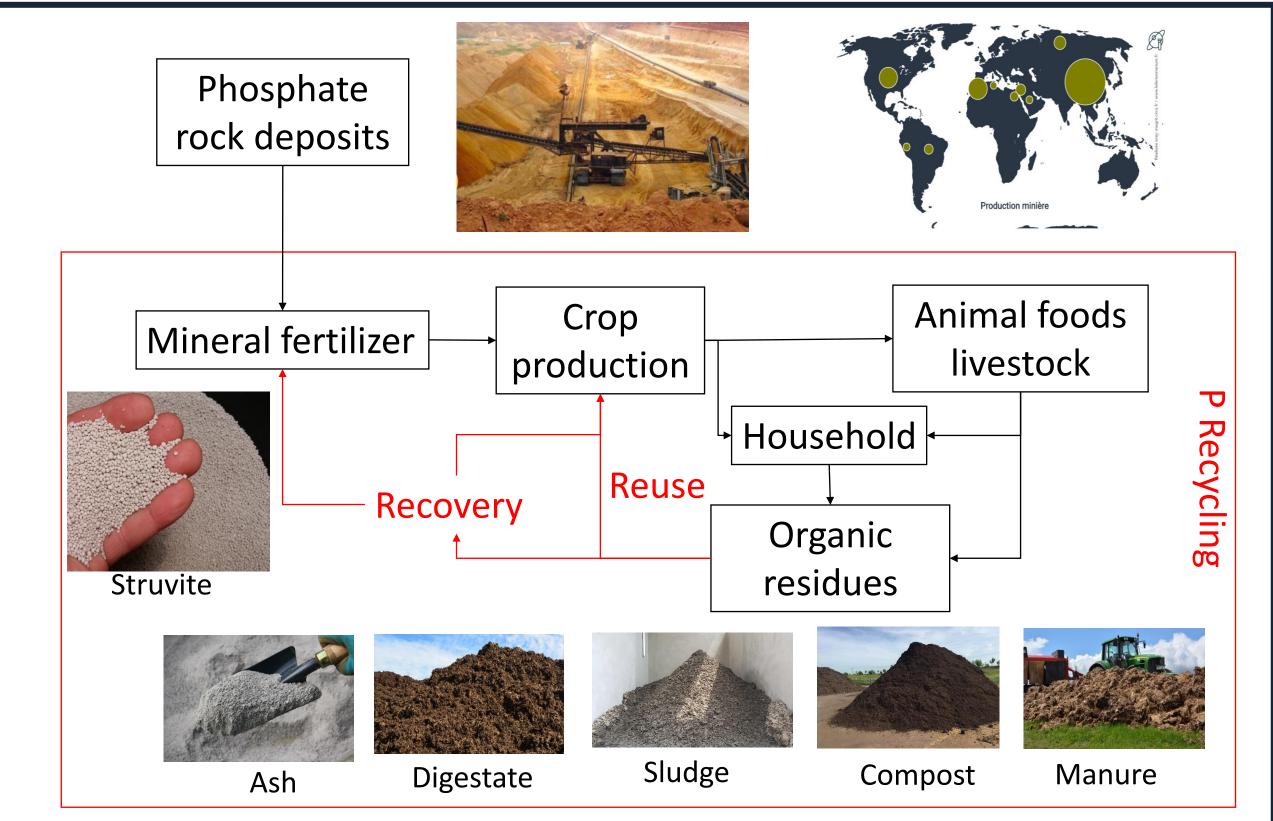
#### Context

Phosphate rock is a critical raw material for European Union's (EU) economy. It is mainly used for phosphate mineral fertilizer manufacturing (86% in EU). Phosphate rock is the main source of phosphorus (P), an essential element for crop nutrition. In the agricultural sector, providing P from recycling sources is currently the only way to mitigate phosphate rock criticality.

Phosphorus recycling refers to the reuse in agriculture of collected (i.e. organic effluent) or recovered phosphorus (i.e. struvite) which is contained in organic residues (OR) as digestate, manure, sludge... It depends on the geographical scale studied and its context (regulatory, social, economic, agronomic,...). The context and geographical scale are not taken into account in the evaluation of the recycling rate indicators used in the raw material criticality assessment (EOL-RR, EOL-RIR,...).



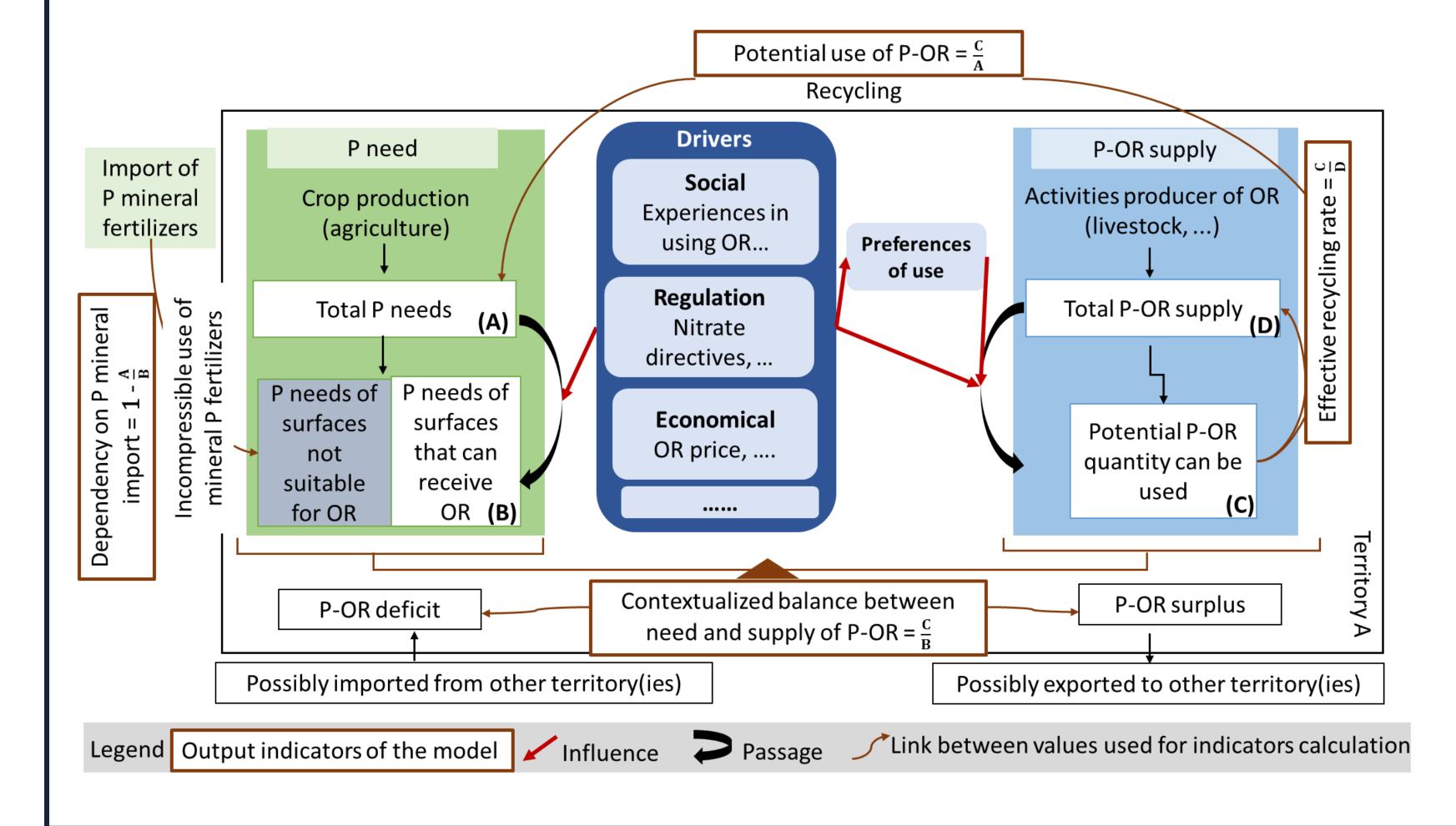
To better assessing the impact of recycling in phosphorus criticality, there is a need to contextualize P recycling at the local scale.



Phosphorus recycling

#### Conceptual model for contextualized phosphorus recycling

The conceptual model aims to put P recycling back into its context to assess the maximum recoverable and recyclable potential of phosphorus from organic residues deposits in the studied territory.



To build the model, four set of parameters are identified:

#### ► P-OR supply

P - ORsupply

(Total supply of  $OR_i \times P$  content of  $OR_i \times VFP$  of  $OR_i$ )

VFP = P agronomic efficiency, OR<sub>i</sub> = Organic Residues i

► P needs: COMIFER method + SIG (to identify SAUPE<sub>i</sub>)

$$P need = \sum_{j=1}^{n} (MCj x Yj x TPjx SAUPEj)$$

j : culture, MC : multiplying coefficient, Y : yields, TP: P content in exportation, SAUPE: agricultural area that can receive OR

- ▶ **Drivers**, i.e. any factors that can influence the use of P from OR by farmers
- **▶** Preferences of use by farmers

### Drivers and factors influencing farmers' preferences of OR use

Allier Departement

Studied territory in France

26 farmers surveyed

- ► Quality production specifications
- ► Public opinion
- Economic aspects: transport cost, site cost, OR cost
- ► Disponibility and accessibility (transport distance)
- **▶** Distribution ability
- ► Soil compaction problems
- ► Content of metallic and biological contaminants and the confidence in these values
- ► Presence of weed seeds
- ► Agronomic value
- ► OR odor
- ► Knowledge about the organic residues .....

## Preferences of use by farmers Most preferred Manures Compost of manures Digestate Wood ash

Sludges

Least preferred

Which factors do arbitrate the farmer's preferences of organic residues use?

#### Conclusion

- The proposed model will help to provide an effective recycling rate consistent with local context.
- This promotes a better integration of the characteristics of phosphorus recycling into criticality assessment.
- The model gives a methodology advancement, which would improve or be a complement of the LCA tool to assess territorialized phosphorus recycling scenarii.



