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## **MUTANT: a new image filtering paradigm for improved parameters determination. Application to myelin water fraction mapping and sodium concentrations imaging**

J.-M. Bonny, Wafaa Zaaraoui, Mohamed-Mounir El Mendili, Guilhem Pagès,  
Mustapha Bouhrara

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# Theory

- General framework for the nonlocal multispectral filtering, named **MUIT**ispectral qu**ANT**itative filtering = **MUTANT**
  - Nonlocal = filtered intensity in a voxel is a weighted mean of all other intensities within image
  - Weight  $\mu(i, j)$  is proportional to the similarity between two voxels
- Similarity  $\mu_k(i, j)$  between voxels  $i$  and  $j$  in the  $k$ -th frame derived from the Bayes theorem
  - $\mu_k$  can be calculated for any noise pdf = **Genericity**
  - The vector of framewise similarities  $[\mu_1, \dots, \mu_K]^T$  carries all the information regarding the similarity between voxels  $i$  and  $j$
- A fusion operator  $g$  used to combine the multispectral information
  - Pave the way for a myriad of context-dependent filters = **Flexibility**
  - E.g.  $g = f$ -min / sensitive to the  $f$  frames indicating the lowest similarities

# Results

- Gaussian pdf

- Rician pdf

