



**Integration of bacterial RNA-Seq & human gut
microbiota metaproteomic datasets highlights
Faecalibacterium duncaniae A2-165's import systems**

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Integration of bacterial RNA-Seq & human gut microbiota metaproteomic datasets highlights *Faecalibacterium duncaniae* A2-165's import systems

Introduction

Faecalibacterium commensal bacteria are among the main bacteria responsible for the consumption of acetate and the production of butyrate, which has anti-inflammatory properties beneficial to intestinal health (1-4). Production of selected strains as next-generation probiotic is in progress. Yet, little is known about how acetate availability affects this bacterium's gene expression strategies either in a pure culture, in coculture models with acetate-producing bacteria such as *Blautia* sp. (5) or in the complex ecosystem: human gut microbiome.

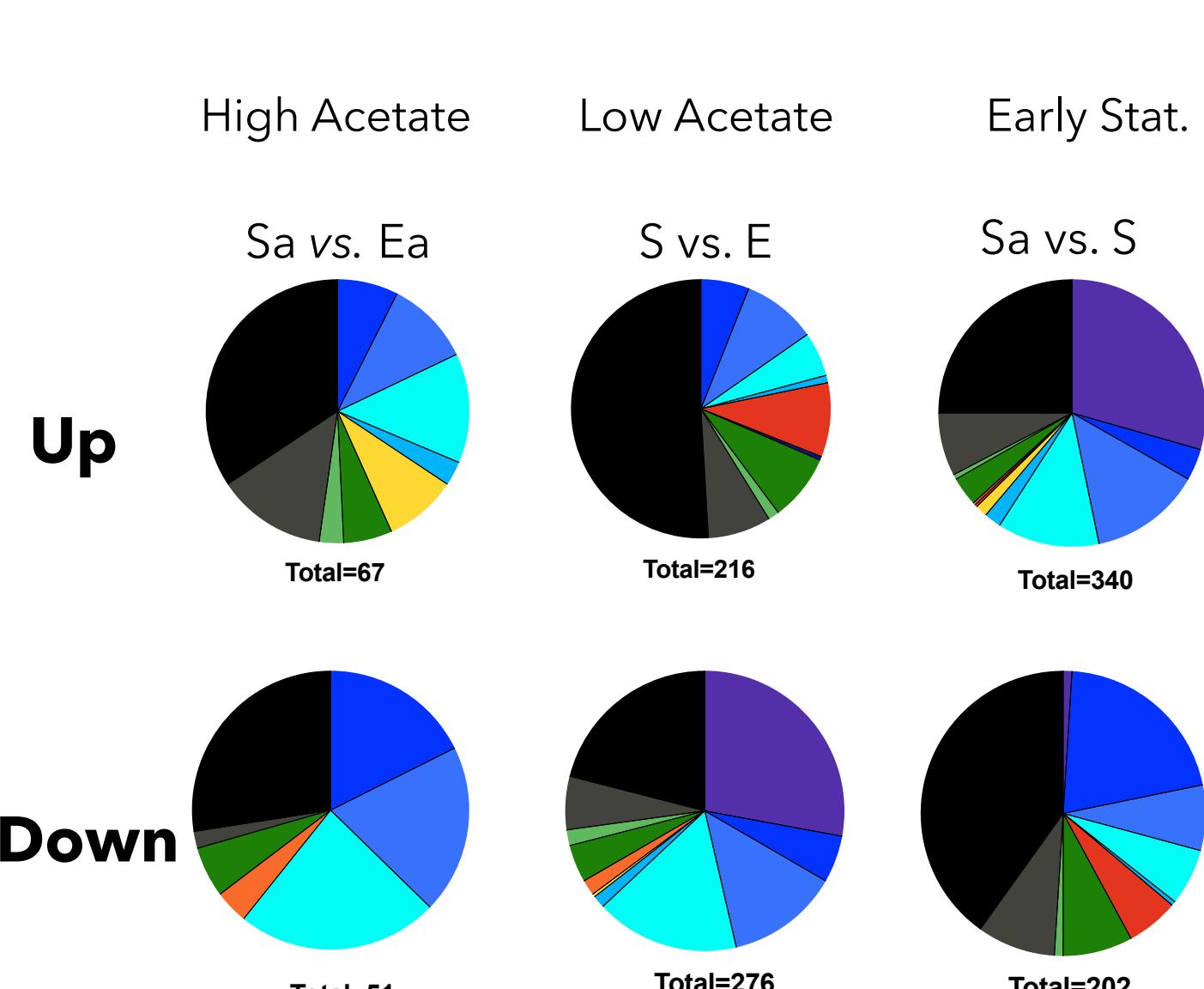
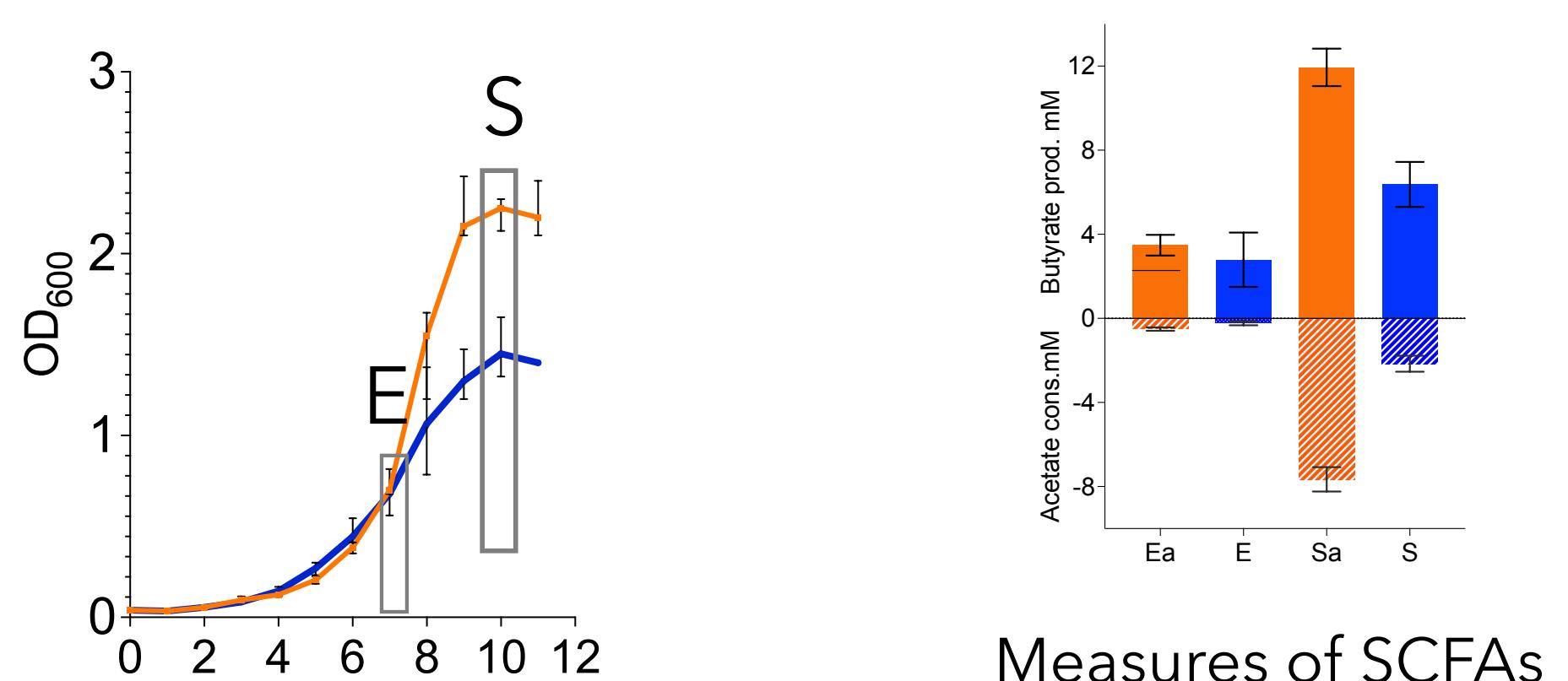
Objectives

- ✓ Transcriptional responses to low/high acetate level (RNA-seq, pure culture)
- ✓ Deciphering import systems expression *in vivo* at the protein level (human gut metaproteomic dataset from stool samples).

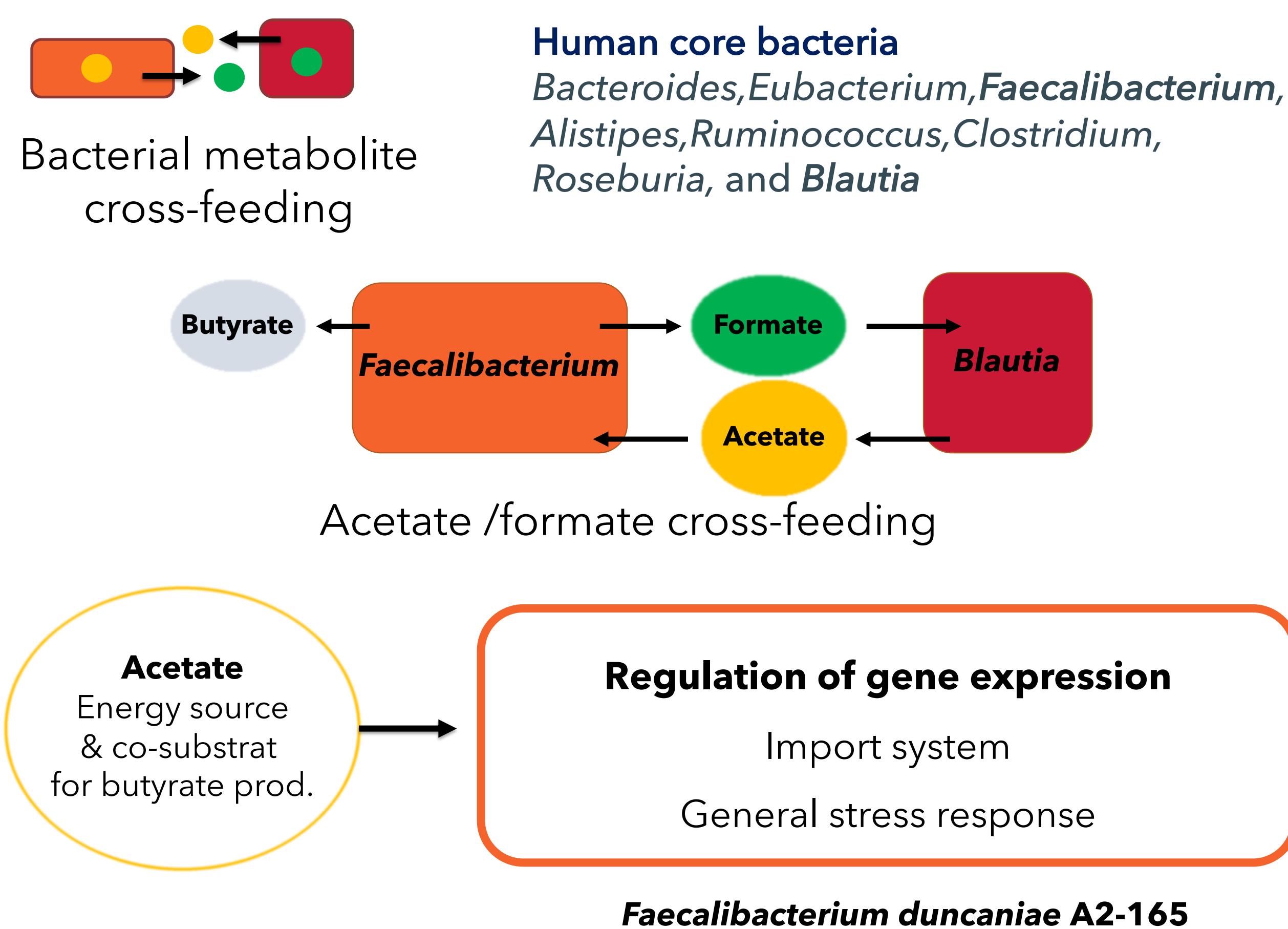
Method RNA-seq

Comparison of gene expression patterns between 2 growth phases (late exponential vs. early stationary) and 2 acetate levels (low: 3 mM vs. high: 23 mM) in BHIS medium. Cultures in triplicat were performed in an anaerobic chamber.

1. Overview of RNA-Seq data



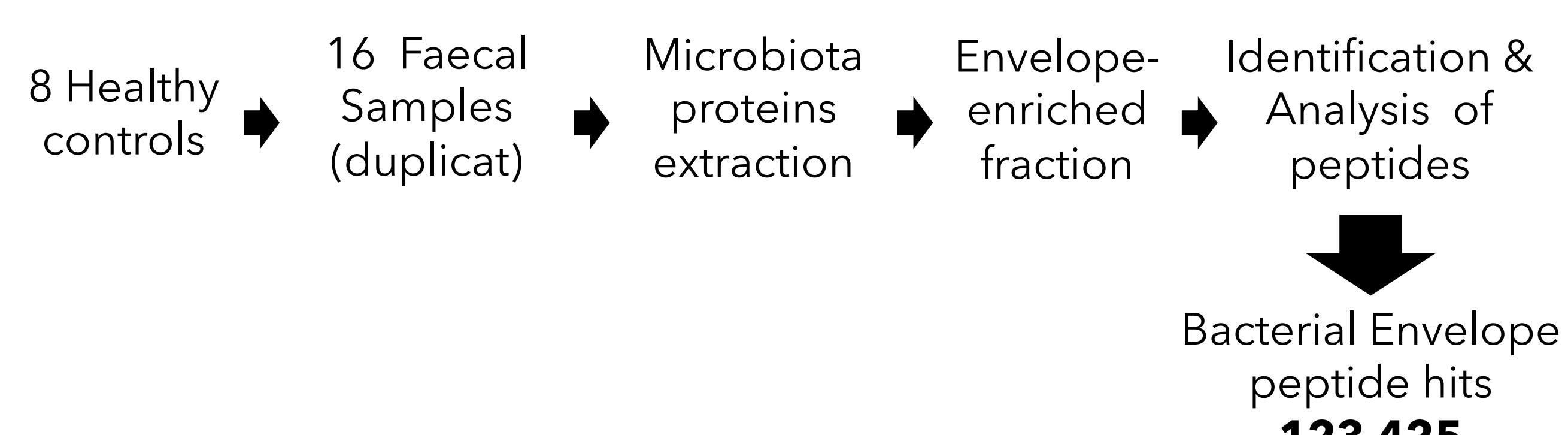
- Metabolism**
- 1 - Protein synthesis
- 2 - Energy metabolism
- 3 - Other metabolism
- 4 - Import system
- 5 - Export system
- Information processing**
- 6 - Transcription & posttranscript. reg.
- 7 - Protein Fate
- Poorly characterized protein-genes**
- 11 - General function prediction
- 12 - Hypothetical protein
- Other biological processes**
- 8 - Defense mechanism
- 9 - Stress response
- 10 - Mobilome



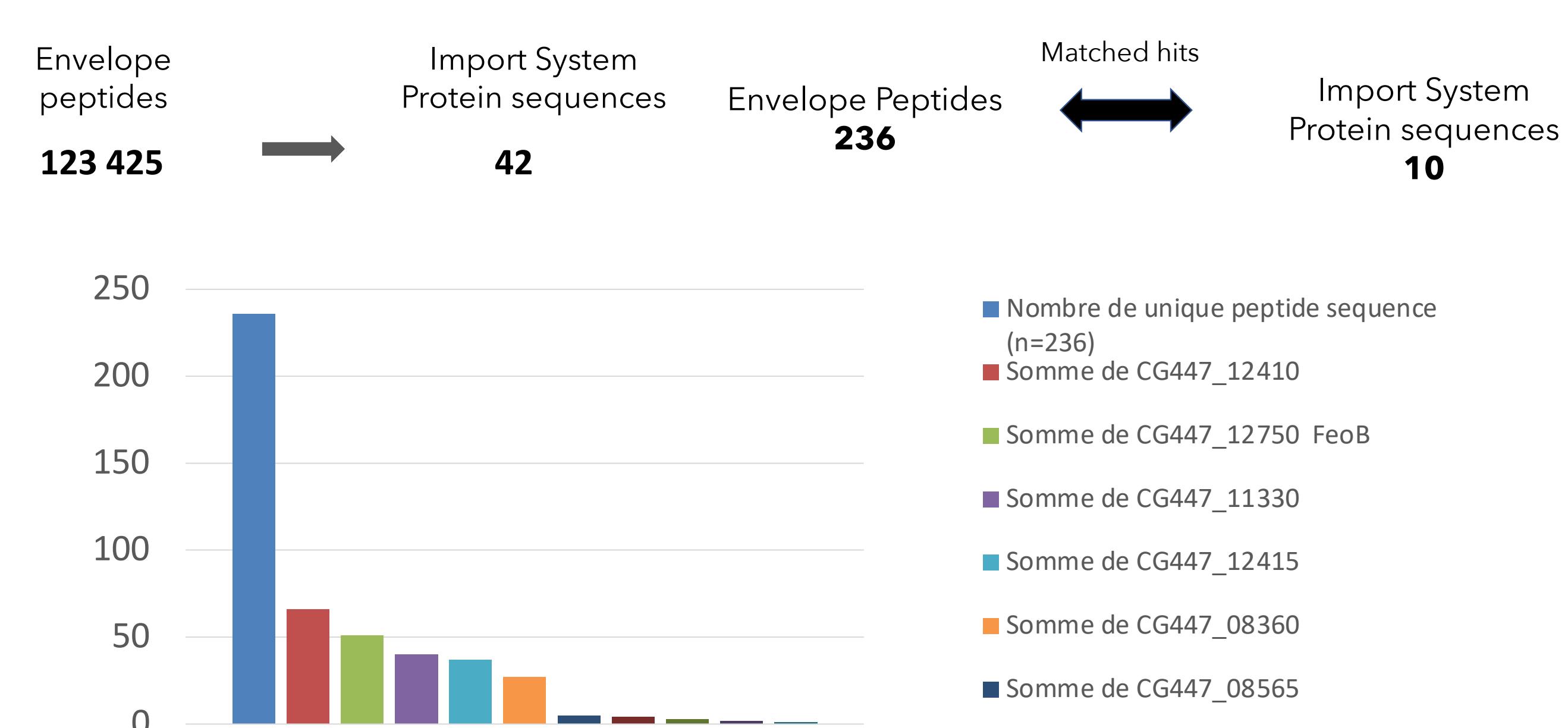
Results

At low-acetate levels, a general stress response was activated, and protein synthesis expression was down-regulated. At high- acetate levels, there was greater expression of genes related to butyrate synthesis and to the importation of B vitamins and ferrous iron.

2. Overview of Metaproteomic data (6)



3. Integrating RNAseq & metaproteomic data



Conclusion- perspectives

Using RNA-Seq, we characterized 2 early stationary lifestyles of *F. duncaniae* A2-165 related to acetate consumption and butyrate production. Through multiomics and targeted approaches, we characterized the regulation of FeoB transporter expression involved in ferrous iron uptake. Currently, we analyze the metatranscriptome of the coculture *Blautia faecis* (7) & *F. duncaniae* A2-165. These data should decipher the acetate cross-feeding in a synthetic gut commensal community (BP acetate project-Qualiment).

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