



Innovative pathways for an efficient co-design and extension of socio-environmental change between scientists and... others

Nils Ferrand

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CoOPLAaGE

*Innovative pathways for an efficient
co-design and extension of
socio-environmental change
between scientists and... others*



INRAe

STEEP

inria

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a. INRAe, UMR GEAU; b. INRIA, STEEP; c. UMR/JRU G-EAU

c. **Wanda aka.** Emeline Hassenforder, Patrice Garin, Géraldine Abrami, Bruno Bonté, Raphaele Ducrot, Sylvie Morardet, Benjamin Noury, Julie Latune, Eva Perrier, Sarah Loudin, Patrice Robin, Laura Seguin, Julien Burte,

Rémi Lombard-Latune, Caroline Lejars, Olivier Barreteau, Mélaine Aucante, Mariana Ribeiro, <https://shorturl.at/dijs9>

Today's key insights

- More knowledge, low impact ? What's next ?
 - Transformative science & its impact
- On multi-level participatory decision making
 - Who's who in transformative processes
- Changing ? What ? Where ?
- Steps, needs and options
- Ethical questions
- Discussion

“we”



“others”



Background & design context



- French public research unit (Montpellier), multi-disciplinary, specialized in water management & governance, working internationally
 - Sub-group on engineering participatory methods
- Supporting public action with / for governments, NGOs, CBOs, local authorities, agencies
- A 25y action-research on complex systems management (origin in A.I. 90s' multi-agent models) with / by / for their stakeholders, incl. citizens, through **participatory modeling**
- A focus on autonomous adaptation and reflexive steering
- Combining physical and digital methods
- An ethical perspective on tools & intervention



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Our approach

Decision-making steps

PREPARE PARTICIPATION

DIAGNOSIS

SCENARIO EXPLORATION

DEFINITION OF OBJECTIVES AND PREFERENCES

IDENTIFICATION OF ACTIONS AND PLANS

CHOICE, PRIORISATION AND VOTE

IMPLEMENTATION

MONITORING AND EVALUATION

Citizen's perspective

We will respect our own rules

We know what is happening around us

Now we understand the big picture

We know what we want

We, too, have good proposals to make

In democracy, our voice count

Let's do it!

Are we getting there?

Participatory tools

PrePar
Preparing design of the decision process



Rock
Observing the river



Smag
Establishing a Wat-A-Game territorial diagnosis
Modeling & role-playing-games



Just-A-Grid
Discussing justice principles



Cooplan
Building action plans



Encore-Me
Evaluating impacts

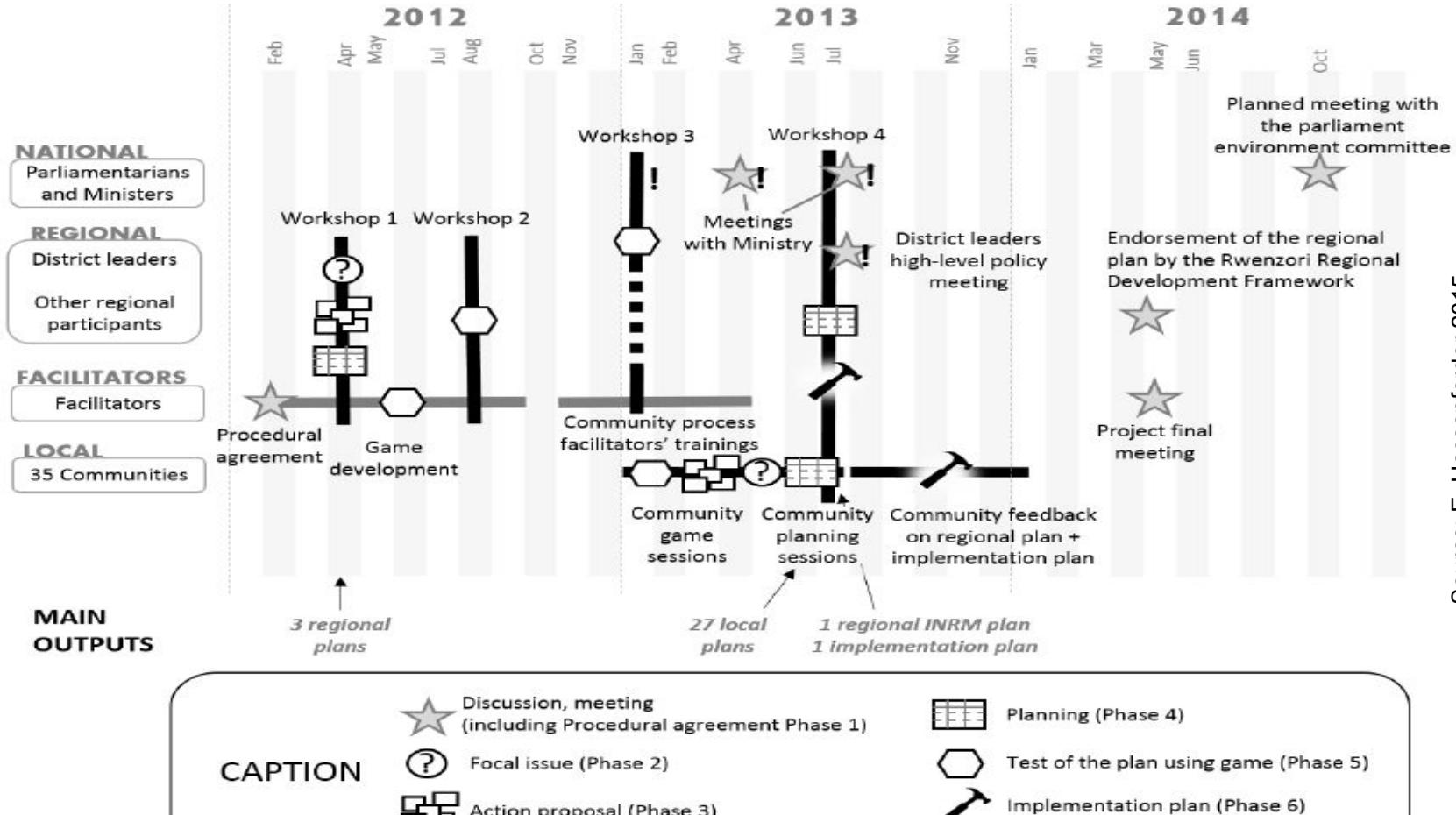


Ex. in Uganda (2012-2014)



COOPLAGUE

A science-policy-society co-creation process - in real





e.g. Applying inNatural Resource Management in Africa (EC FP7 Afromaison 2011-2014)

Fogera (Ethiopia) *Agriculture intensification and soil degradation in uncertain land tenure context*

Procedural agreement Focal issue Actions identification Planning Role-playing-game Implementation plan

Rwenzori (Uganda) *Proposal and validation of INRM plan in context of overexploitation of land and resources*

Source: E. Hassenforder, 2015

Co-creating and using models of : - in policy design and implementation -

Process
Justice / equity



Actions & plans
as a system



Situation
Management

Typical process in co-creation of action plan

Interreg
Alpine Space



SPARE

EUROPEAN REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT FUND

Drôme,
France

INR



Using CoOPLAN for Drôme water plan, France

COOPLAN co-creation of a complex action plan





Example of the PACTE participatory process in Tunisia



CLIMATE CHANGE ADAPTATION PROGRAM FOR VULNERABLE AREAS IN TUNISIA

WITH THE
POPULATION

2018

2019

WITH TERRITORIAL COMMITTEES

2020-2022

2022 à 2027

PREPARATION

- Forming teams
- Engaging local stakeholders



30/11/23 !

DIAGNOSIS

- Characterization of territories with the population
- Identification of priority issues

PLANNING

- Gathering proposals for action
- Setting up territorial committees
- Building plans

IMPLEMENTATION

- Translating action plans into investments
- Implementation

A co-creation flowchart

- Organization: groups, inclusion
- Goals & constraints

- Self Assessing Governance (SMAG)

- Discovering new participatory methods

- Setting Monitoring and Evaluation

- Participatory design of participation plan & rules

- Implementing local participation plan









A

dijis9



AVILA
José Avila
Faro, Portugal
Planning the future of our communities
The sustainable city - What you believe



Toward Adaptation: Which role for Science ?



IPCC | 28 February 2022 17:20

In-depth Q&A: The IPCC's sixth assessment on how climate change impacts the world



CarbonBrief
CLEAR ON CLIMATE

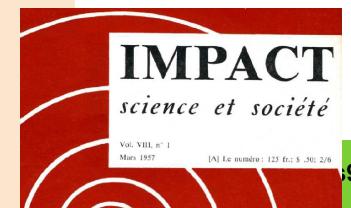
Urgent need for CHANGE is acknowledged (in / of / for socio-environmental systems) and known by policy makers:

Scientific knowledge expands... but for which impact ?!

- Social & political “resistance” : multiple barriers (knowledge, social norms, uncertainty, vested power, distrust)

- Restructuring science – society – policy interactions
- Changing how scientists search *by / about / with / for* the “people”...

- Re-engineering postures, organizations, practices, curricula, evaluations
- Methods & tools for « strong » resilience (coadapting toward an expected future) ?



Authors

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Scientists call for a moratorium on climate change research until governments take real action

Published: January 10, 2022 7:12pm GMT

<https://theconversation.com/scientists-call-for-a-moratorium-on-climate-change-research-until-governments-take-real-action-172690>

If not by changing itself, how can Science improve its impact on the world most urgent challenges ?



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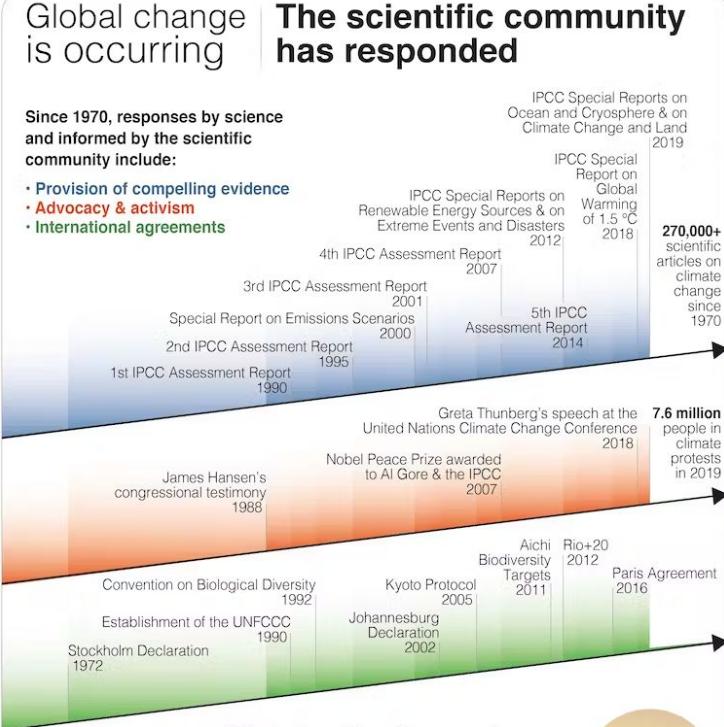
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Global change
is occurring

The scientific community
has responded

Since 1970, responses by science and informed by the scientific community include:

- Provision of compelling evidence
- Advocacy & activism
- International agreements



Yet, indicators of adverse change continue*

0.26 °C	Change in global mean surface temperature (relative to 1850–1900)	1.0
14.65 GtCO ₂	Global fossil CO ₂ emissions	36.6
6.0 Billion global hectares	World ecological footprint of consumption	20.6
1.0 Index value	Living Planet Index	0.6

* Sources: IPCC 2018; WWF 2018; Friedlingstein *et al.* 2019

Toward transformative sciences

“a specific type of science that does not only observe and describe societal transformation processes, but rather initiates and catalyses them. Transformative science aims to improve our understanding of transformation processes and to simultaneously increase societal capacity to reflect on them”,

Schneidewind U., M. Singer-Brodowski, K. Augenstein, F. Stelzer, 2016, Pledge for a Transformative Science: A Conceptual Framework. *Wuppertal Papers No. 191*. Wuppertal Institut, p. 6.

- + Action-Research, Intervention Research

*cf. FutureEarth France hub meeting june 28-29, 2023 → “
Sustainability sciences and (in)actions: rethinking our practices”*

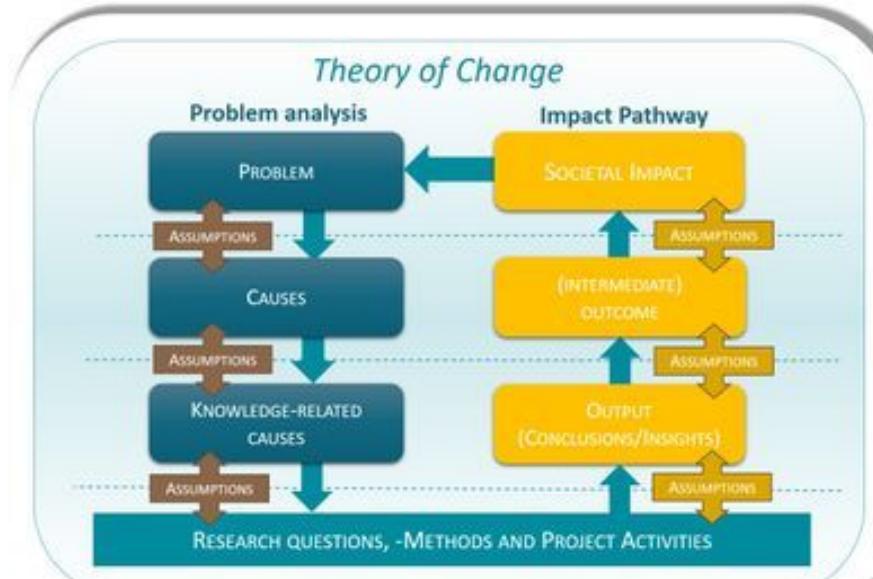


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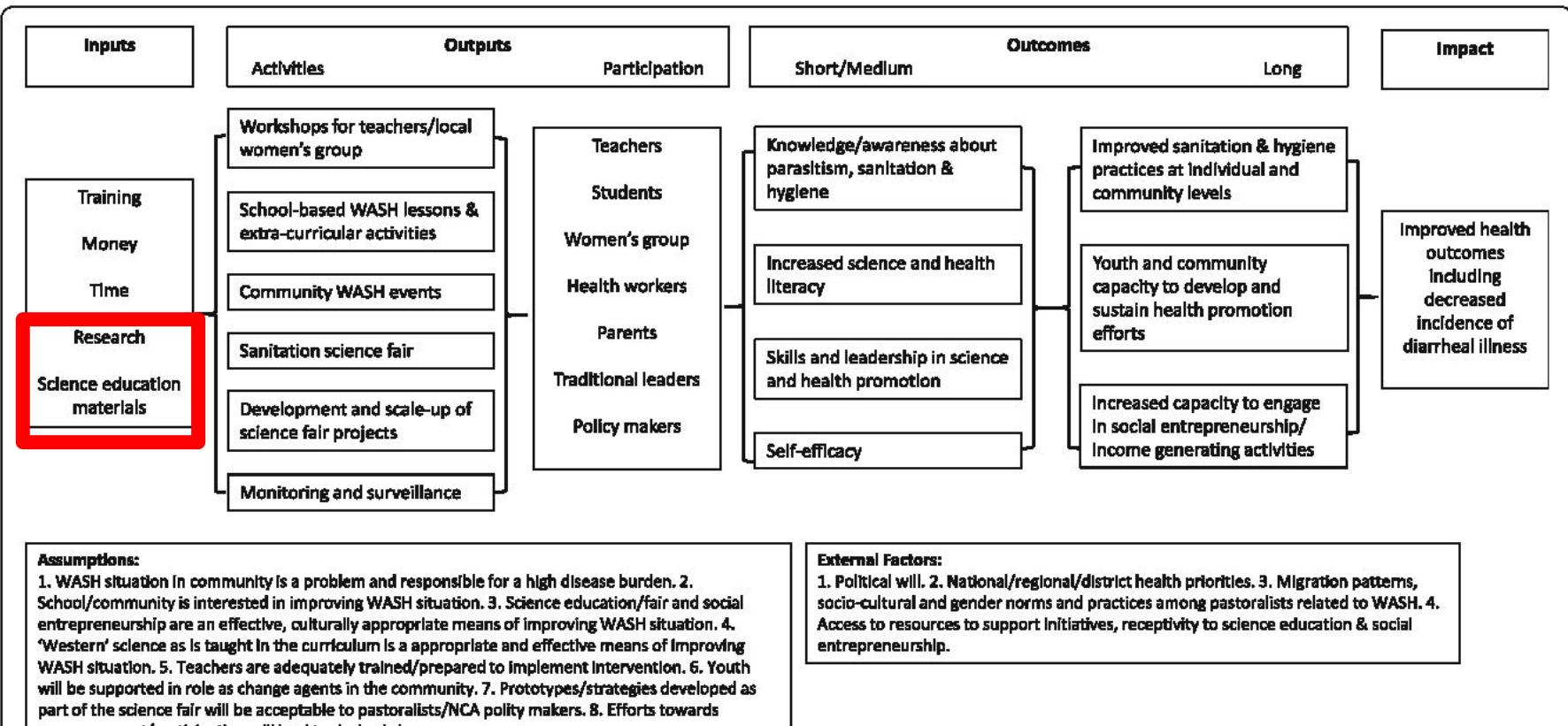
A copernican revolution for “classical” scientists: endorsing societal impact !

- (re)Consider & endorse impact
 - Impact pathway assessment
- Change posture
 - Take the transformation due to knowledge as the topic
 - Or the knowledge on the transformation challenges
- Reckon extended roles of stakeholders in / by research
 - To be specified. To be agreed. See below.
 - Accept the transaction cost
- Accept to lose full (some) control



Source: NWO,Dutch Research Council
<https://impact.nwo.nl/en/working-with-an-impact-plan/theory-the-impact-pathway>

e.g. Impact pathway of participatory WASH process



Hetherington, E., Eggers, M.S., Wamoyi, J., Hatfield, J.M., Manyama, M.F., Kutz, S.J., & Bastien, S. (2017). Participatory science and innovation for improved sanitation and hygiene: process and outcome evaluation of project SHINE, a school-based intervention in Rural Tanzania. *BMC public health*.

Science engaging “other” stakeholders

- Science « produces » knowledge about the observable « world » (anthropocenic) and its processes :
 - biophysical environment, technology, humans, societies, co-evolution, participation, science (STS)

But scientific activity (« production ») is a **social process engaging various people** (multidisciplinarity, gender & age, countries, status incl. students, technicians, « guinea pigs », funders) inside and outside the labs

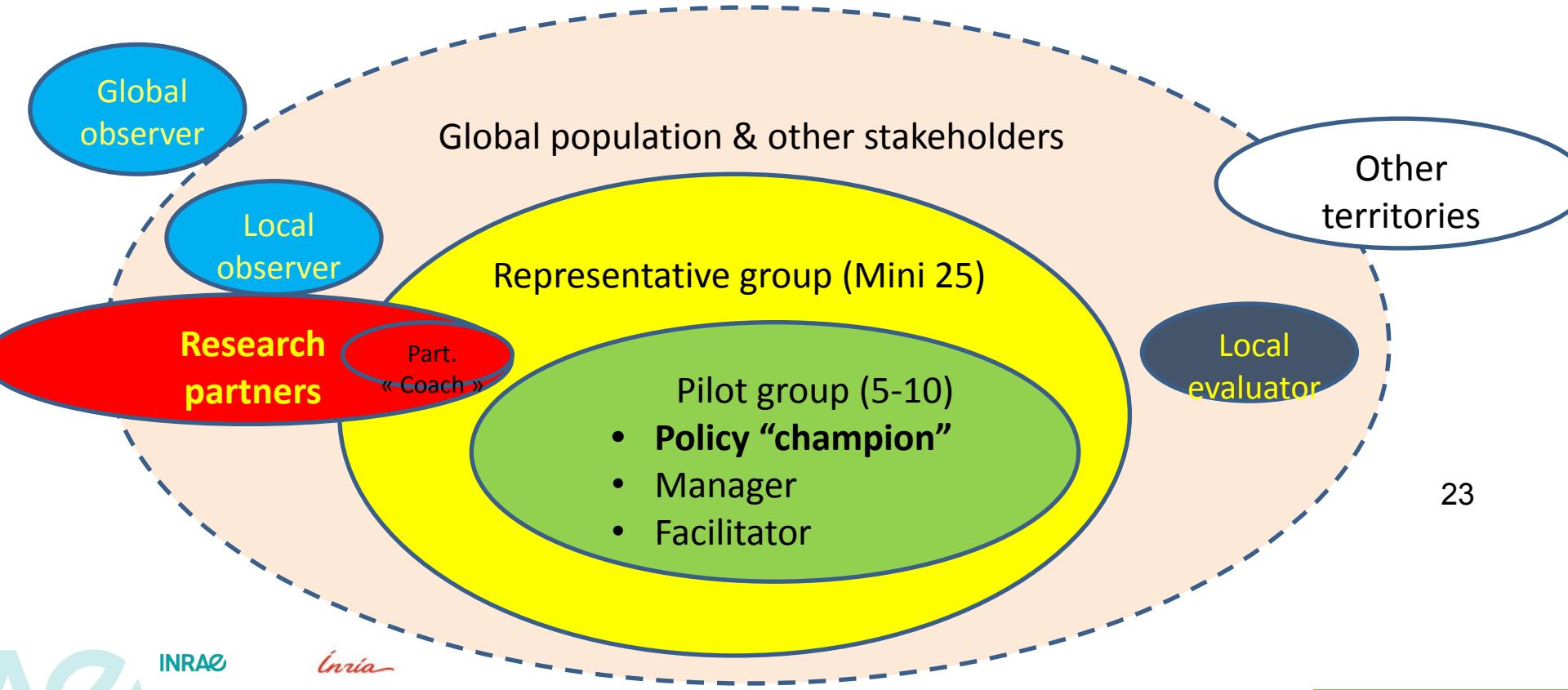
- Participation tackles the inclusion of people in processes which usually exclude them: inputs, decision and action in...

family, society, health, education, business, work conditions, strategic development, **policy making, politics**, public affairs, commons, media, science, innovation

“Lay people” in action & research... → Roles ?

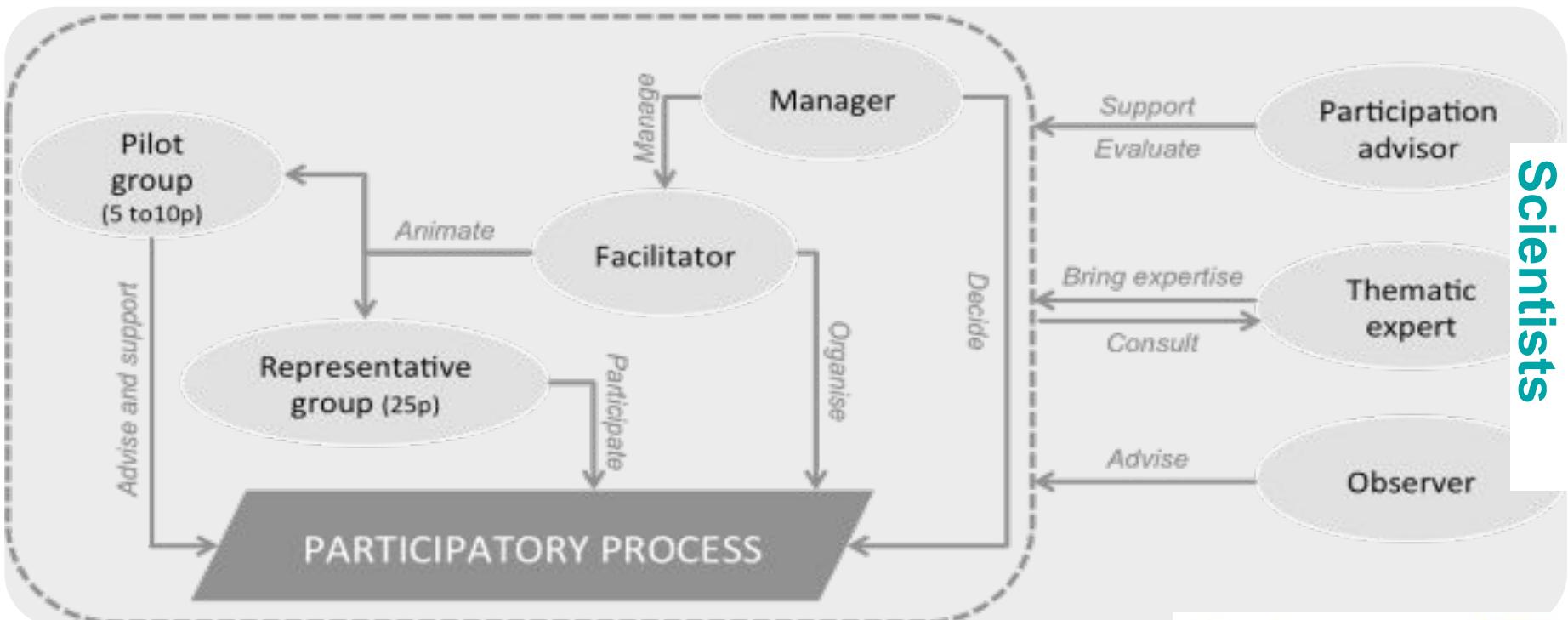


Actors' structuring



23

Roles in co-creation processes ?



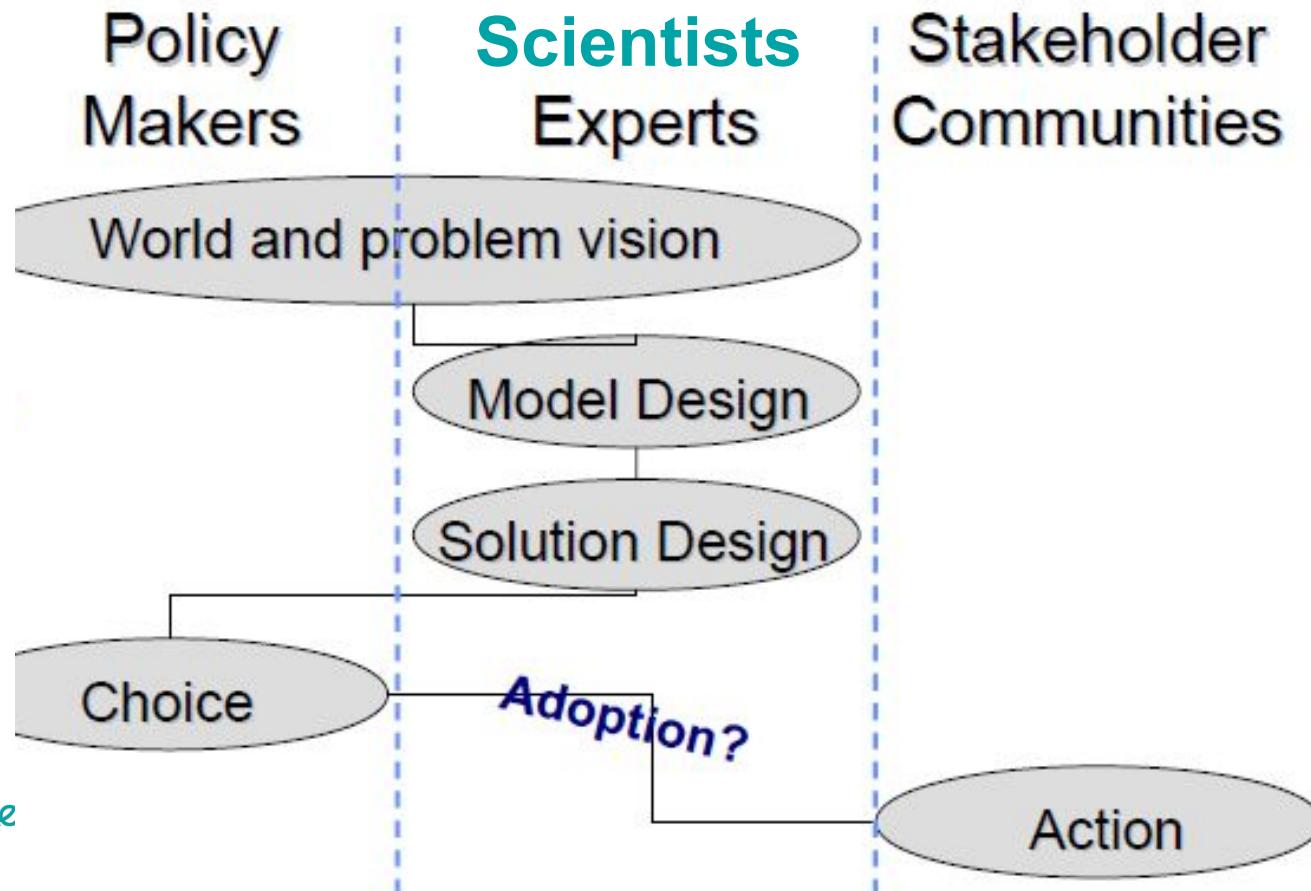
INRAE

PROCESSUALISATION
Inria

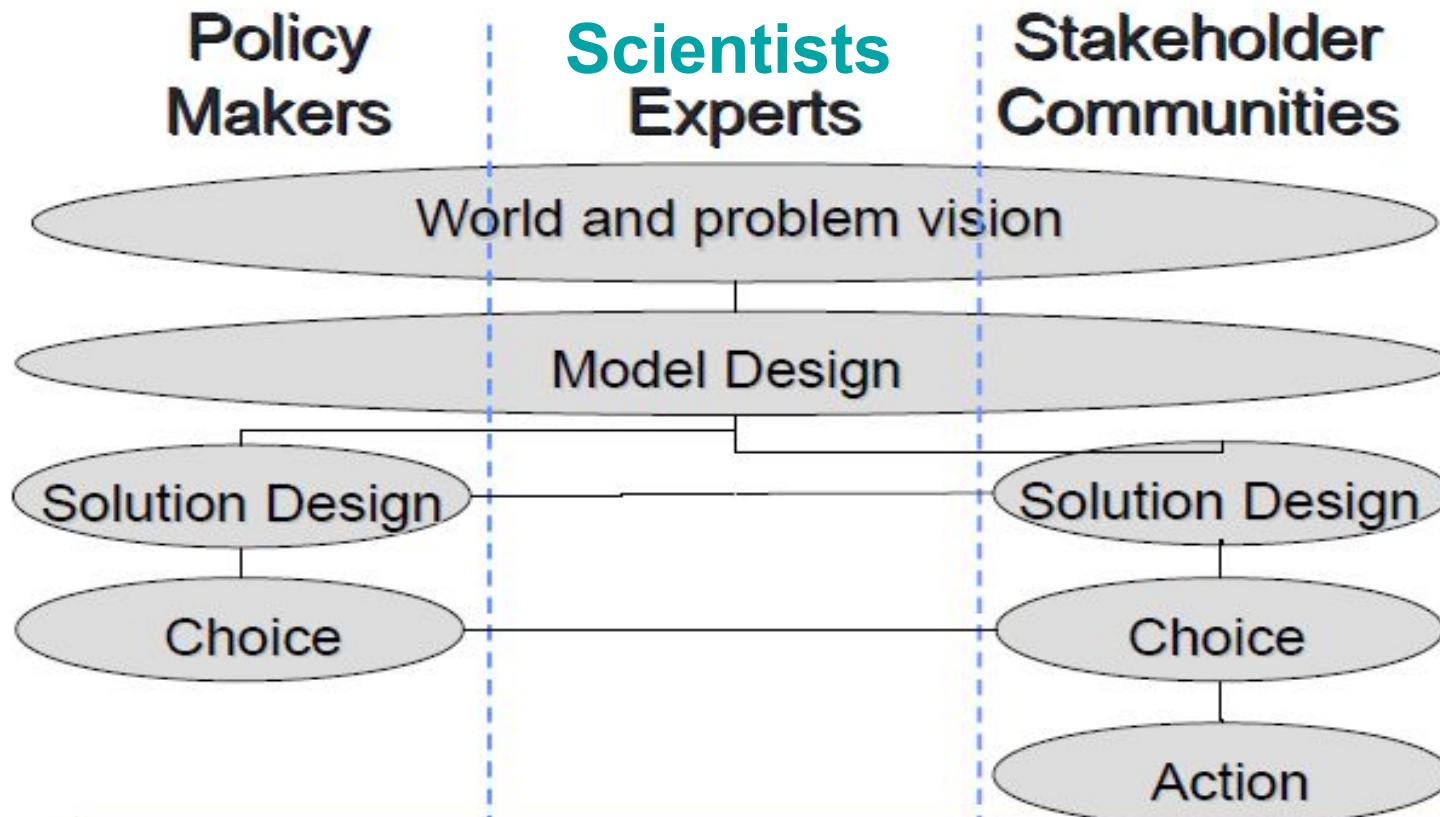
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The standard model of policy design: acceptology



... toward co-design & implementation

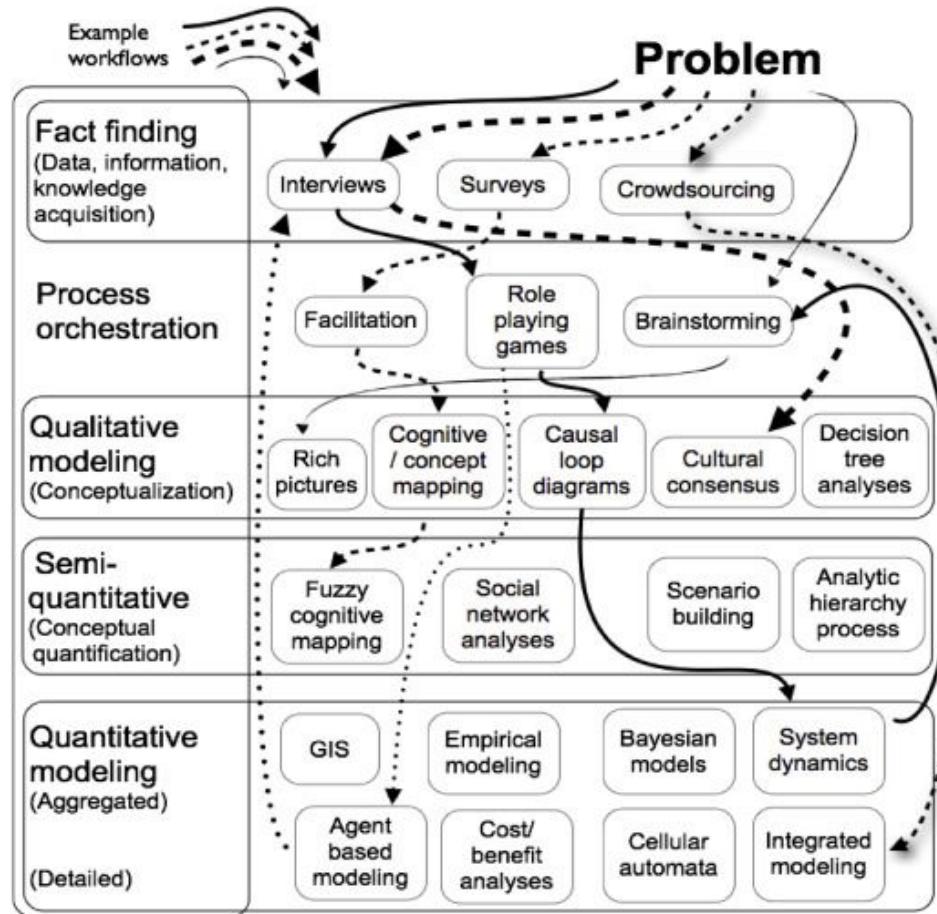


Co-designing = participatory modeling

Participatory modeling as co-construction of models with non-scientists for the needs of:

- knowledge structuring and discovery
- social transformation

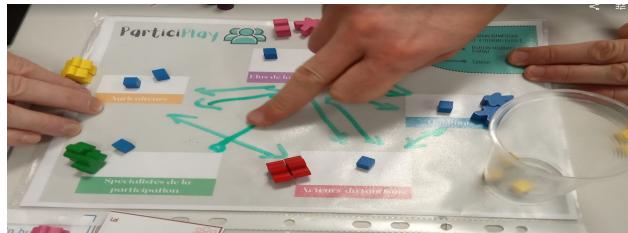
Our challenge → which meta-models / methods ?



Models and modeling in transformative research

- **Models as:**
 - Boundary **objects**
 - Rationalization substrate for decisions and policies
 - Imaginaries about the world and the future
 - Support for simulation!
- **Modeling as:**
 - A social learning process (transformative by itself)
 - Co-construction of imaginaries and social norms
 - Boundary **process** in conflicts
 - A legitimation & improvement process for the models

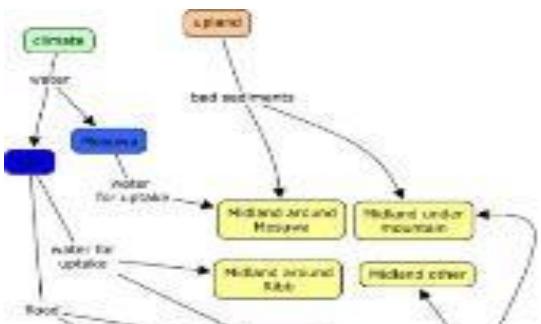
Vinck, D. (2009). From Intermediary Object towards Boundary-Object: Accounting for the Work of Equipment. *Revue d'anthropologie des connaissances*, 3,N1, 51-72. <https://www.cairn-int.info/journal--2009-1-page-51.htm>.



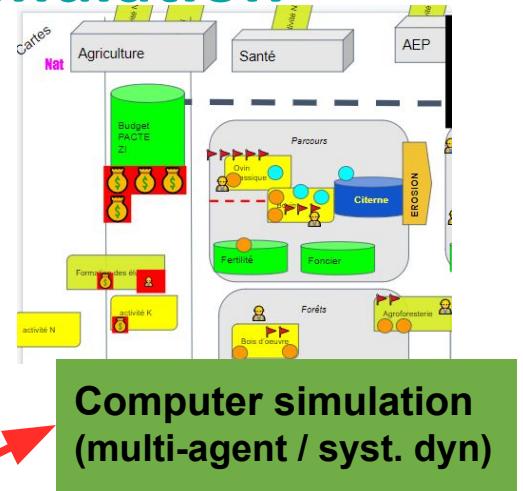
Opening the process of modeling & simulation



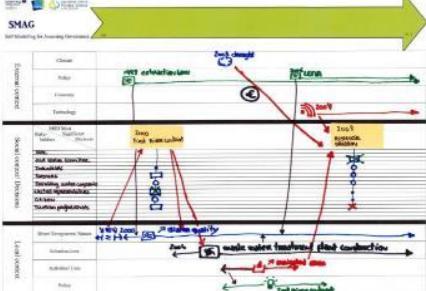
Stakeholders' inputs



Co-Modeling



Role playing games



Building on Companion Modeling

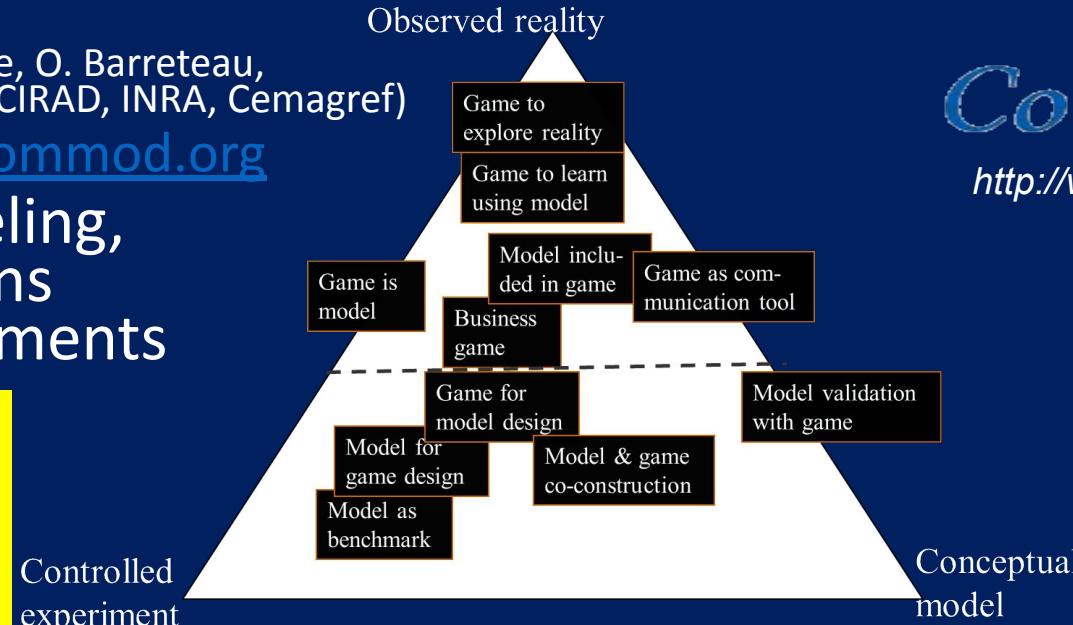
- Participatory modeling & simulation coupled
- A different “posture” which legitimates all points of view, even when they are contradictory, and liaise science, society & policy
- Developed and structured since 1993 by a group of (French) researchers

F. Bousquet, M. Etienne, O. Barreteau,
C Le Page, M. Antona (CIRAD, INRA, Cemagref)

- <http://www.commod.org>

- Coupling modeling, field interactions & social experiments

- Barreteau O., Antona M.,
D'Aquino P., Aubert S., Boissau S.,
Bousquet F., Daré W., Etienne M.,
Le Page C., Mathevet R., Trébuil G., Weber J.. 2003. Our companion modelling approach - *Journal of Artificial Societies and Social Simulation*, 6 (2)



ComMod
<http://www.commod.org>

→ A post-normal approach

S. Funtowicz, J. Ravetz. Environmental problems, post-normal science, and extended peer communities. *Études et Recherches sur les Systèmes Agraires et le Développement*, 1997, pp.169-175. ([hal-01231607](https://hal-archives.hal.inria.fr/01231607))

Commod

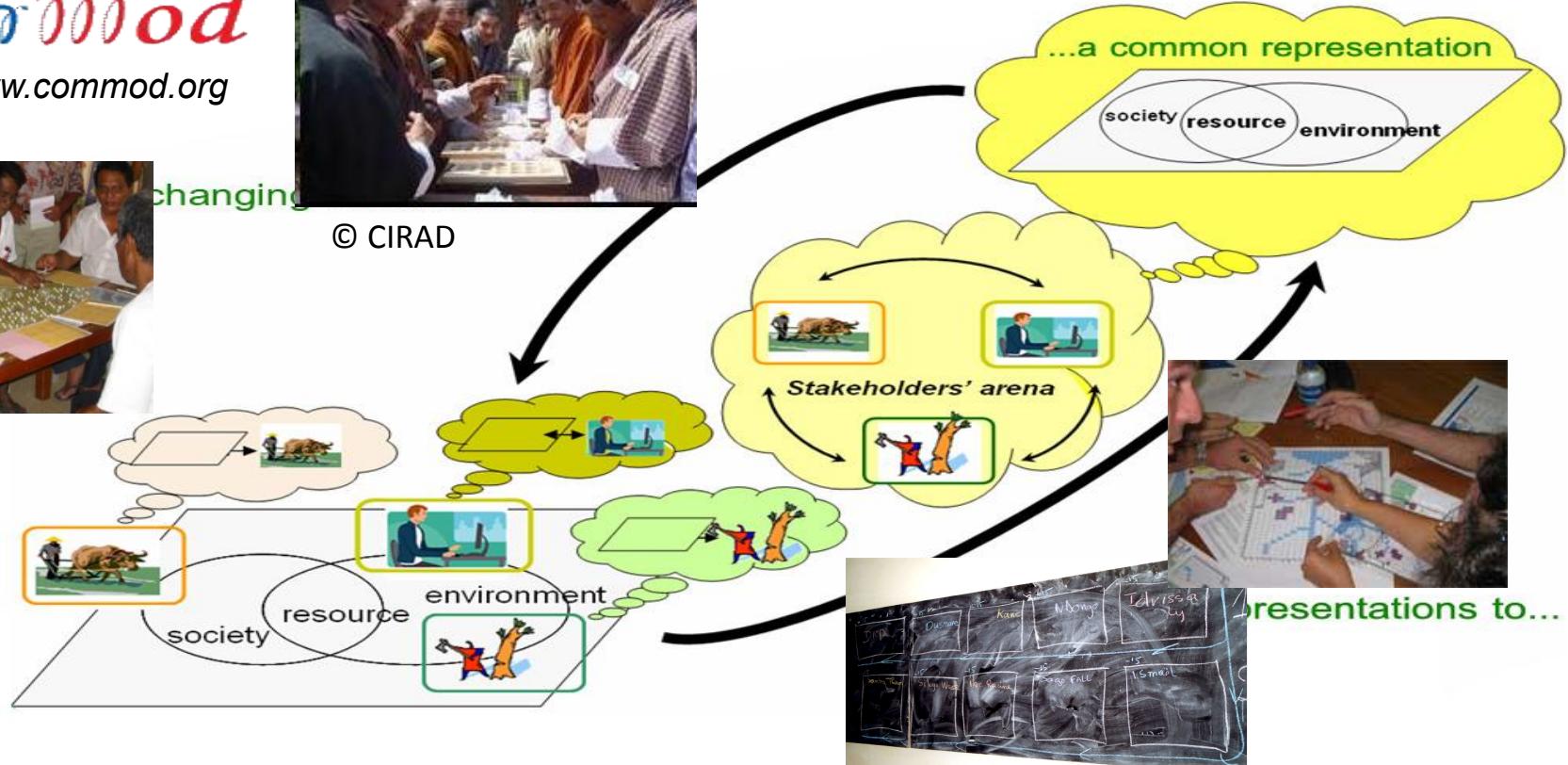
<http://www.commod.org>



© CIRAD



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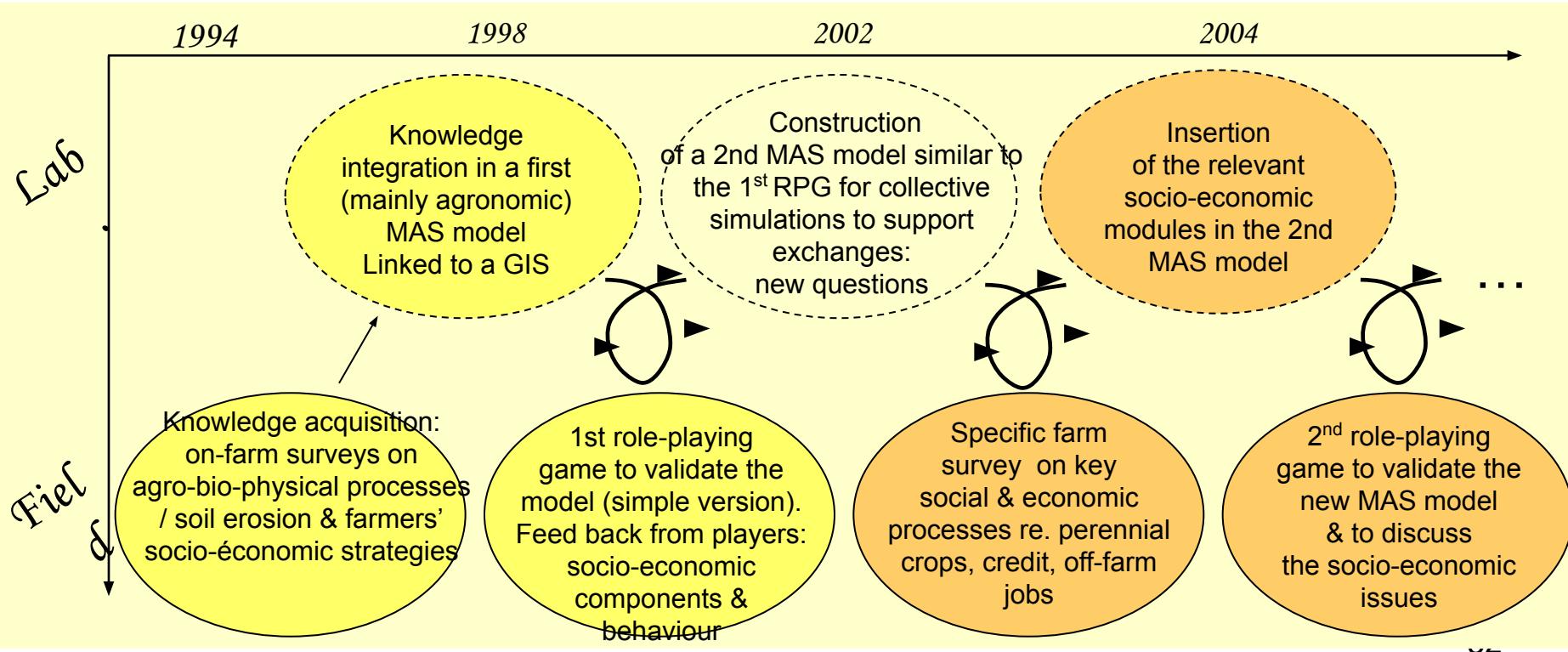
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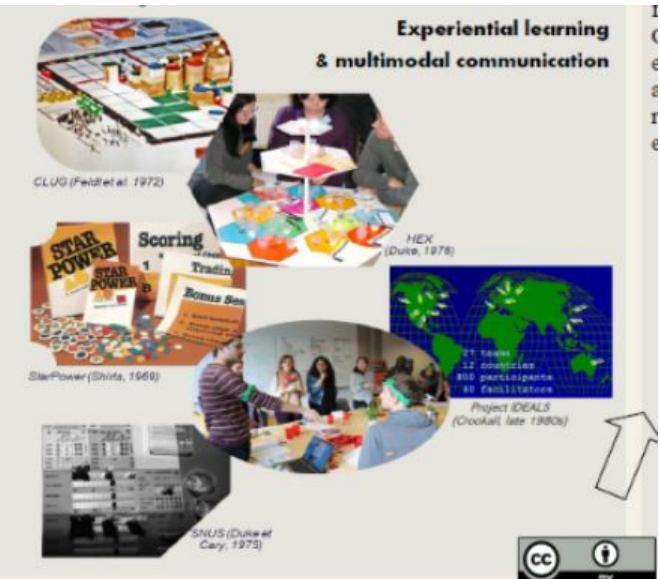
nils.ferrand@inrae.fr / nils.ferrand@inria.fr

<https://shorturl.at/uj55>

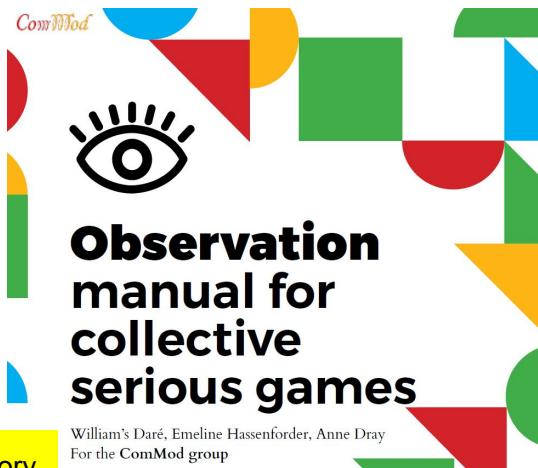
e.g. An iterative and continuous process

Barnaud, C., Trébuil, G., Promburom, P. & Bousquet, F. (2008). La modélisation d'accompagnement pour une gestion concertée des ressources renouvelables en Thaïlande. *Économie rurale*, 303-304-305, 39-59.
<https://doi.org/10.4000/economierurale.512>





Crookall D., Becu N. 2020. Companion modelling and participatory simulation: A glimpse. EGU General Assembly 2020. [Poster](#)



Daré W., Hassenforder E., Dray A. 2020. Observation manual for collective serious games. CIRAD, Montpellier, 68 p.

nils.ferrand@inrae.fr / nils.ferrand@inria.fr Daré, 2020. Serious games observation manual.pdf

Thematic

- Agriculture
- Biodiversity
- Water
- Livestock
- Forest
- Peri-urban area
- Other thematics

Social dynamics

- Conflict
- Credit
- Dialogue
- Institution building
- Learning
- Market
- Migration

Geographical

- Africa
- Amérique du Nord
- Asia
- France
- Oceania
- South America

Let's co-create your / our thinking...

*During 2 mins, with you closest neighbor, please consider what / with whom can be (co-created = co-modeled / explored / assessed) for the needs of socio-environmental transformation
→ be creative and open-minded !*



Co-designing... = modeling what ?

- **socio-environmental systems & their dynamics**
 - “where *we* live, what *we* do in/with our environment, how it changes and may adapt”
- **science-policy-society co-design procedures**
 - “what-when-how *we* should think and decide together”
- **values, principles, social justice orientations**
 - “what makes *us* acting, how should *we* share”
- **strategies and action plans, feasible and efficient**
 - “what-when-where *we* should act/launch/make together”
- **co-monitoring, evaluation and adaptive steering protocols**
 - “what-how can *we* know about where we are and drive”

Our approach

Decision-making steps

PREPARE PARTICIPATION

DIAGNOSIS

SCENARIO EXPLORATION

DEFINITION OF OBJECTIVES AND PREFERENCES

IDENTIFICATION OF ACTIONS AND PLANS

CHOICE, PRIORISATION AND VOTE

IMPLEMENTATION

MONITORING AND EVALUATION

Citizen's perspective

We will respect our own rules

We know what is happening around us

Now we understand the big picture

We know what we want

We, too, have good proposals to make

In democracy, our voice count

Let's do it!

Are we getting there?

Participatory tools

PrePar
Preparing design of the decision process



Rock
Observing the river



Smag
Establishing a Wat-A-Game territorial diagnosis
Modeling & role-playing-games



Just-A-Grid
Discussing justice principles



Cooplan
Building action plans



Encore-Me
Evaluating impacts



Ex. in Uganda (2012-2014)



COOPAGE

CoOPLAaGE

An integrated suite of participatory methods, tools and protocols to codesign decision procedure, simulate and explore changes, implement evaluate and adapt

PrePar



reparing design of
the decision process



Encore-Me



Evaluating
impacts



Wat-A-Game



Modeling &
role-playing-games



Just-A-Grid



Discussing justice
principles



Cooplann



Building action
plans



Scooplage



Learning by doing

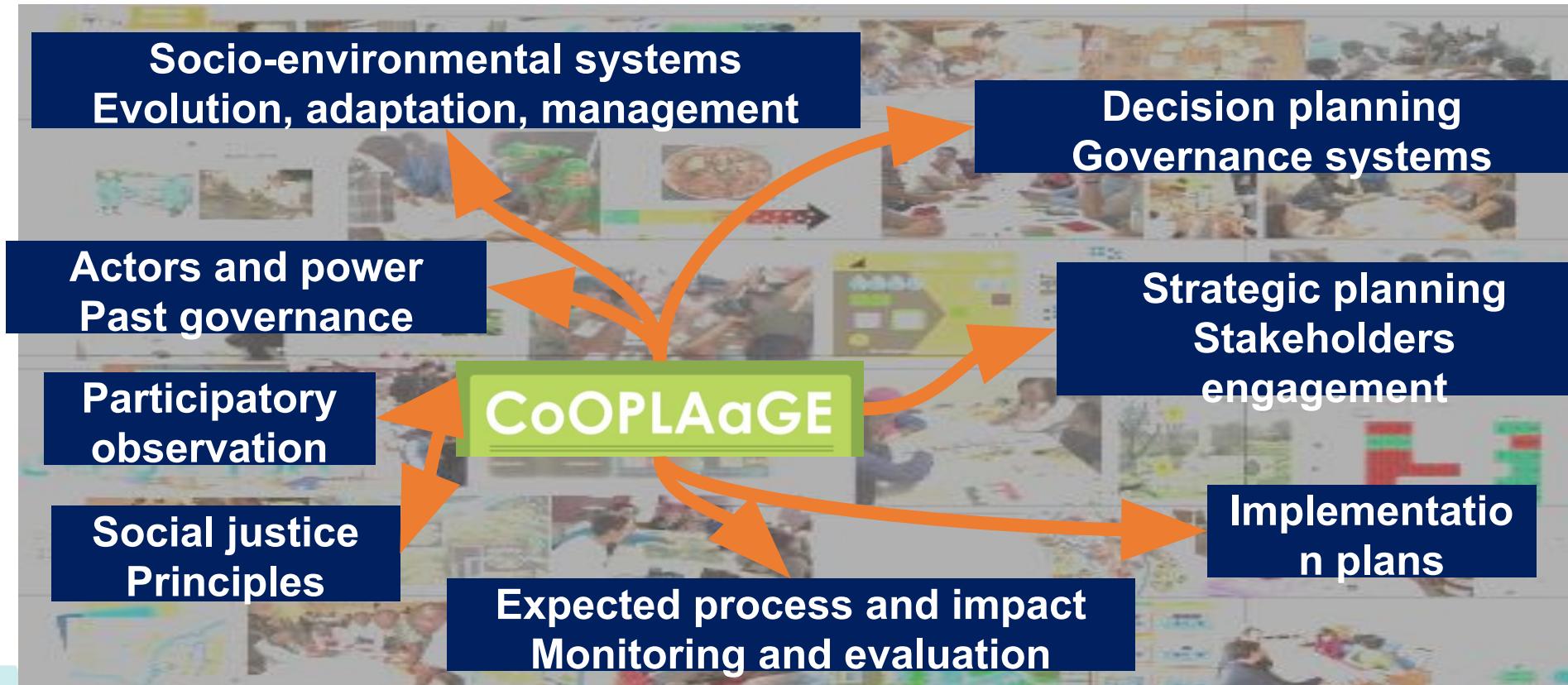


SMAG



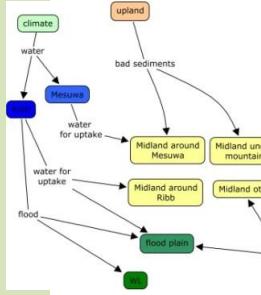
Self assessment of
past governance

A wide scope of participatory modeling



Help modeling...
whatever is
worth
representing,
discussing and
changing for / by
participants

Historically: Socio-ecological systems (> 180 case studies !)

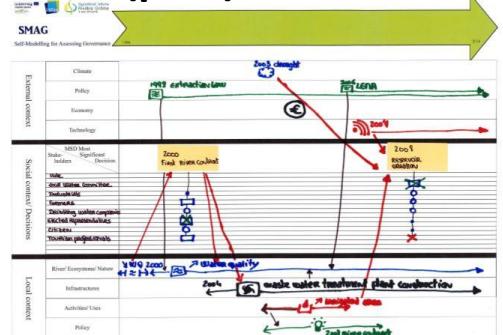


Since 2006:

Integrated
management plans (2006)



(past) Governance (2017)



(target) Participatory
Governance (2016)

A large, multi-page matrix titled 'OIMAP' (Operational Information Matrix for Assessing Governance). The matrix has numerous columns and rows, each containing various items and checkboxes. Some columns are labeled with terms like 'Policy', 'Economy', 'Social-economic divisions', 'Legal environment', and 'External environment'. The matrix is used for tracking and assessing governance processes across different dimensions.

Co-creating participatory processes

- ~ **PrePar** Participatory design of... participation plan
- ~ **RePar** Participatory design of... participation research

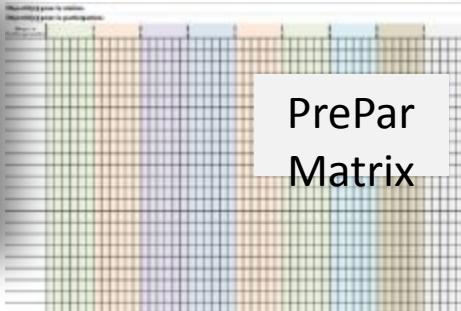
Clarify objectives

Identify stakeholders

Chose steps of decision and actions

Define roles of stakeholders at each steps

Discuss participatory methods



>> Participation Plans
>> Participation Charters

Stakeholders' roles' categories & mapping → modeling participatory research!

Trigger, steer

Analyze

Request

Inform

Propose

Observe (measure)

Negotiate, decide

Discuss, debate

Experiment, test

deVelop

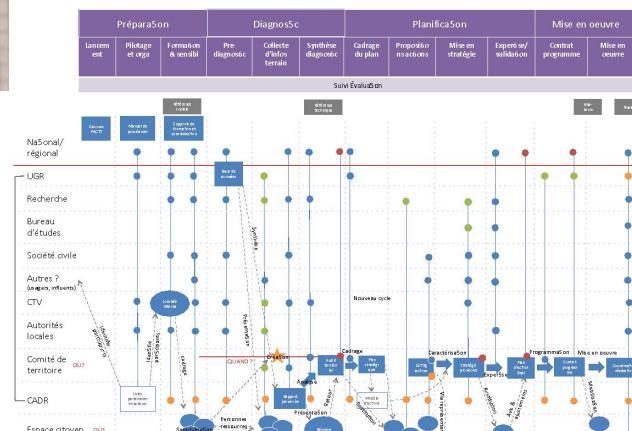
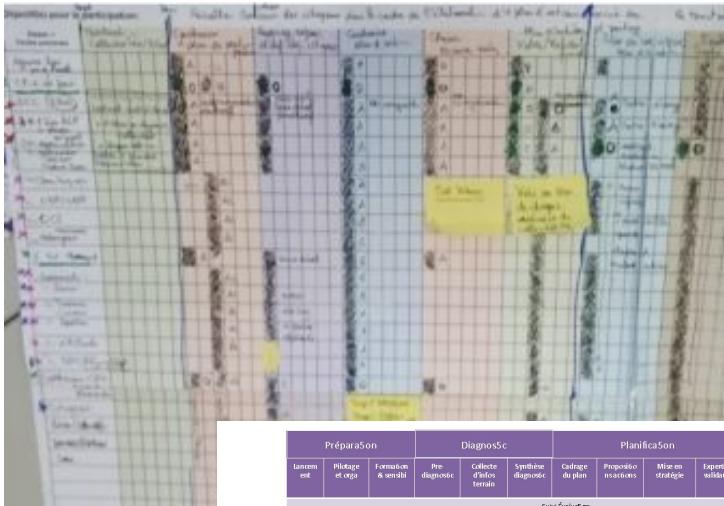
Gather

Write

Fund

...others to be discussed

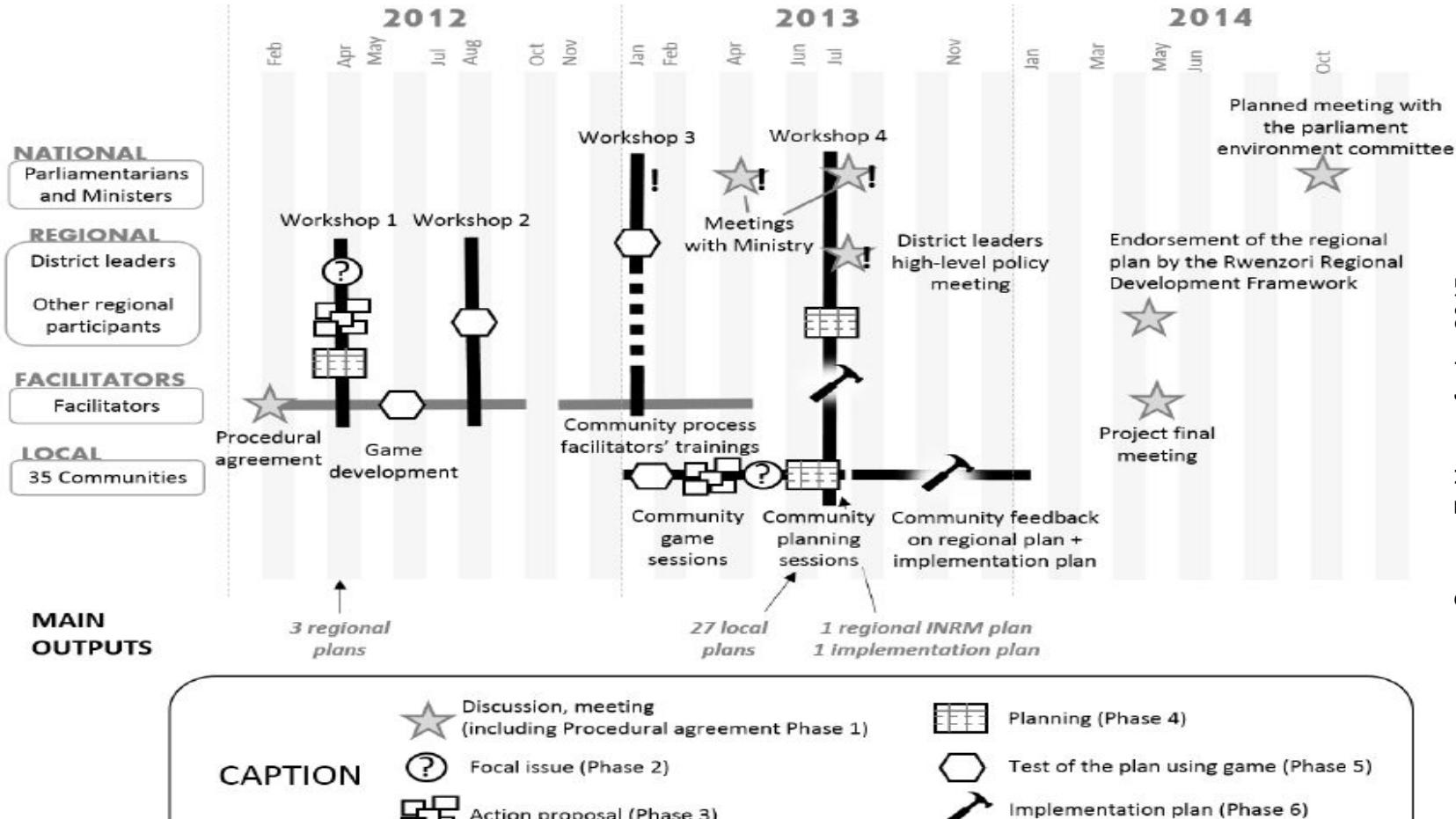
INRAE and chosen...



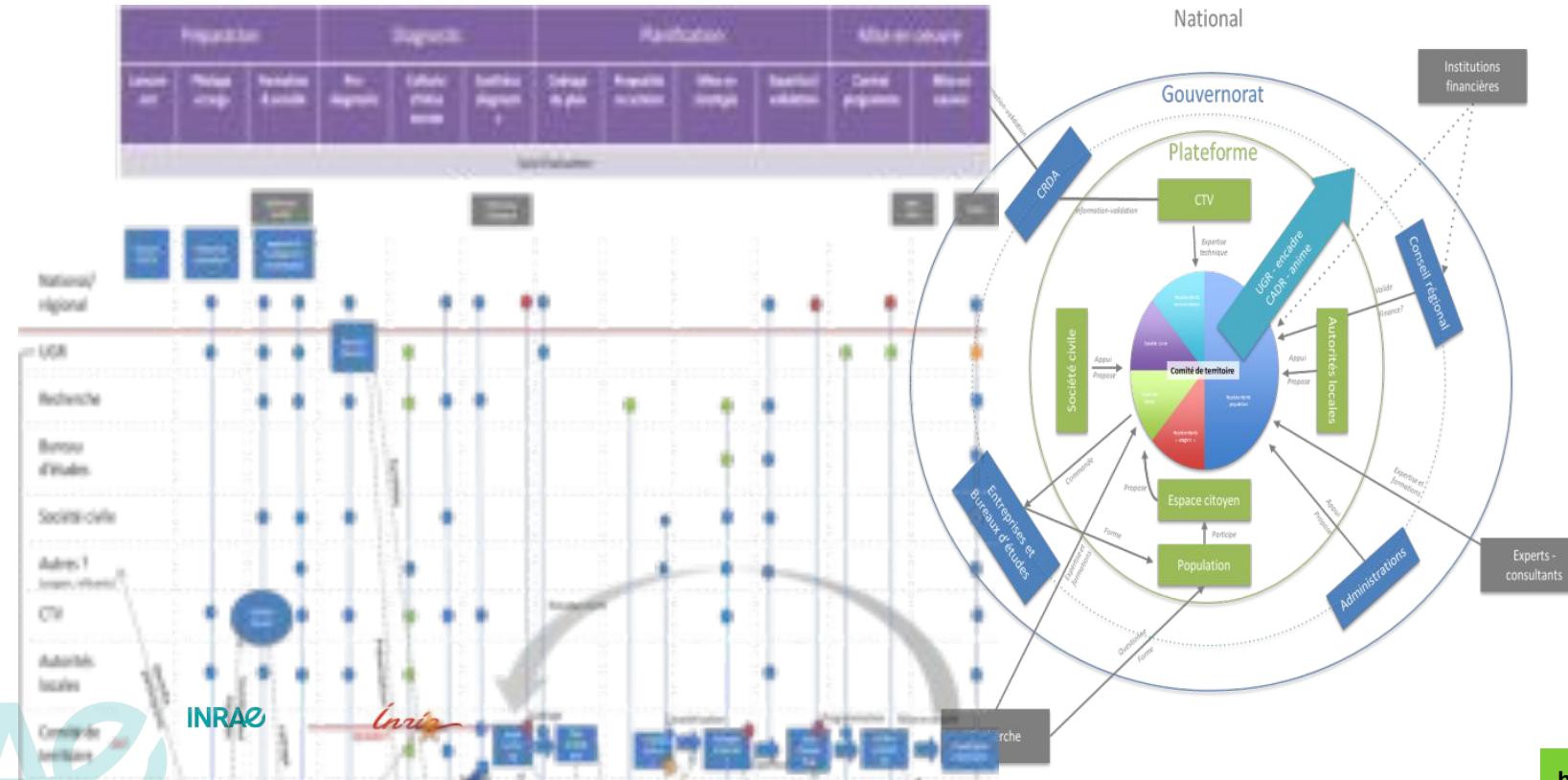
Trans-Sciences & Multi-Actors/Issues/Scales
Action Research Processes
An exploratory workshop



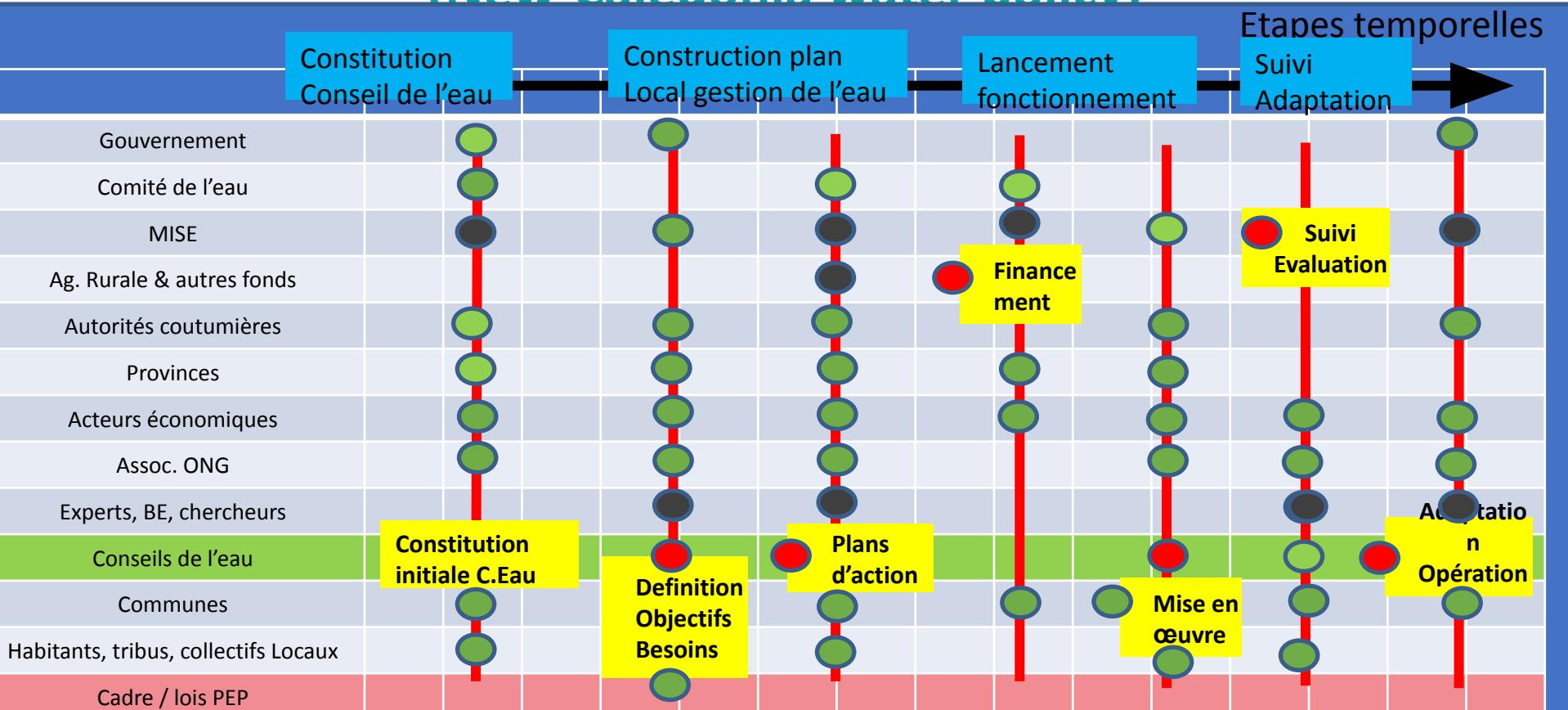
Model of the Ugandan process



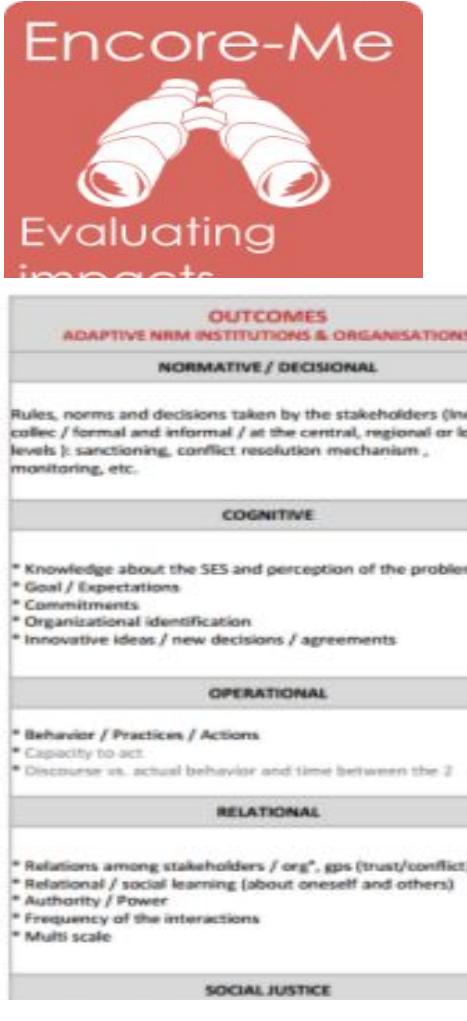
Tunisia (PACTE AFD CIRAD) Dual modeling of process & governance structure



Part. modeling of a new governance system (New-Caledonia water policy)



● Décision, pilotage ● Participation ● Validation ● Avis, analyse, expertise



Co-creating a reflexive model of self-transformation

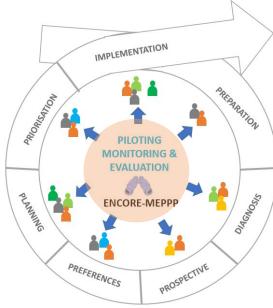
- Using the ENCORE framework : External / Normative / Cognitive / Operational / Relational / Equity (Ferrand, Le Bars, 2004)
- Toward endo-evaluative participation

9 Methodology

Co-constructed Mixed-methods Applied Engaged

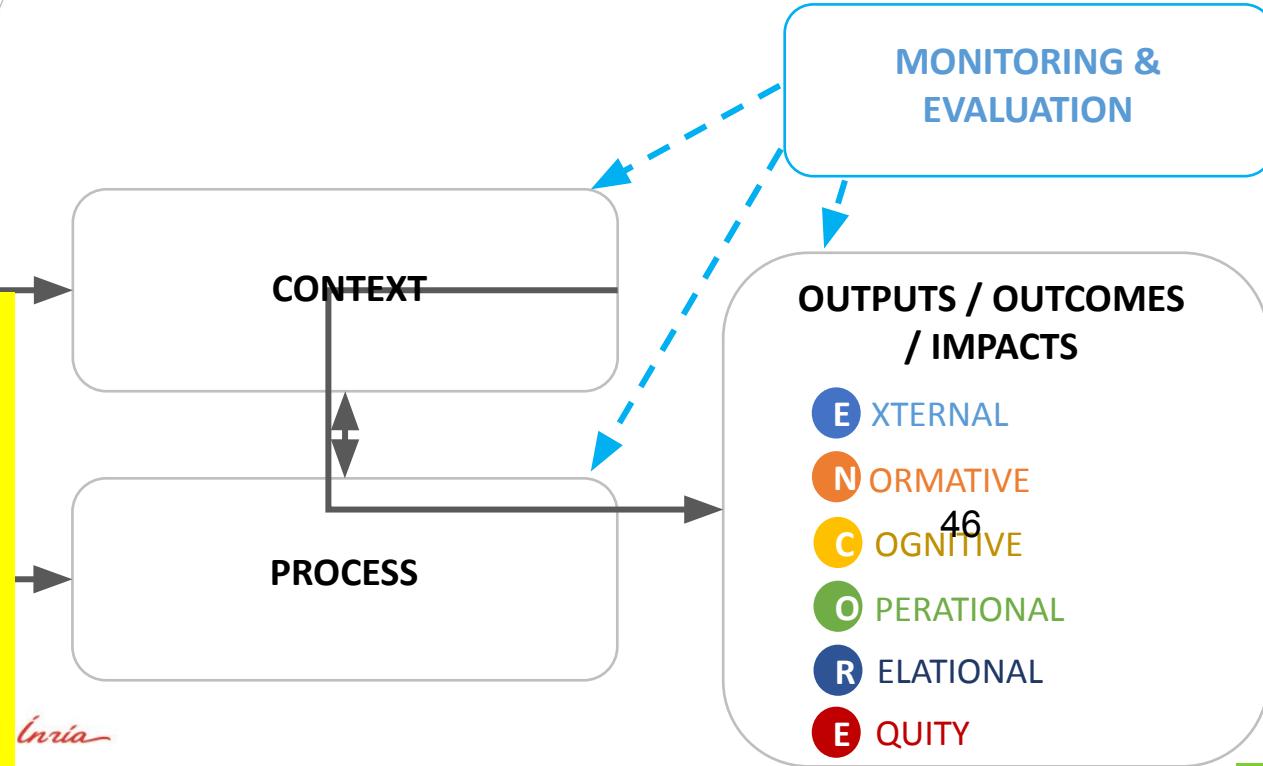
• Document review
• Interviews
• Questionnaires
• Participant observation
• Attendance lists
• Pictures & videos

The methodology section includes a title '9 Methodology' with a yellow arrow icon, a subtitle 'Co-constructed Mixed-methods Applied Engaged', and a bulleted list of research methods. It features five photographs illustrating various data collection techniques: a group discussion, a close-up of hands writing, a person reading a document, a group meeting around a table, and two people in a field setting.

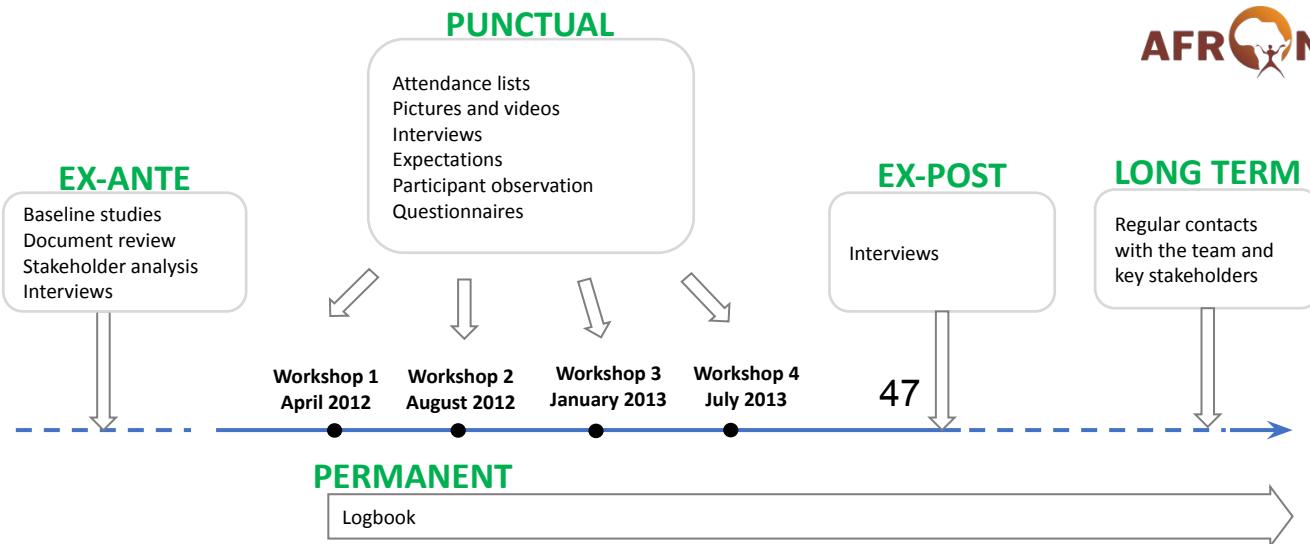


The ENCORE-MEPPP tool for monitoring & evaluation & steering

- [2006] Ferrand, N., & Daniell, K. A. *Comment évaluer la contribution de la modélisation participative au développement durable ? Séminaire DDT.* Lille, France.
- [2015] Hassenforder, E., Pittock, J., Barreteau, O., Daniell, K.A., Ferrand, N., "MEPPP Framework: A framework for monitoring and evaluating participatory planning processes" *Environmental management*, 2015, 57 (1), 79-96. DOI 10.1007/s00267-015-0599-5. [Lien](#)
- [2016] Hassenforder, E., Ducrot, R., Ferrand, N., Barreteau, O., Daniell, K.A., Pittock, J. "Four methodological challenges in the monitoring and evaluation of environmental participatory processes: example from the Rwenzori Region, Uganda", *Journal of environmental management* 2016, 180, 504-516. [Lien](#)



Example of using ENCORE-MEPPP in the Rwenzori, Uganda 2012-2015



COOPLAGÉ





Wat-A-Game (WAG)

A toolkit for participatory modeling & role-playing games

- « Let-them » model their own catchment on the table
 - Include their own roles, resources, activities, events
- Get a shared model (playable) of their hydrosocial system

- INIWAG : introduction / discovery kit-bag
- CREA-WAG : creative process, step by step
- WAG-LIB : a library of past case studies (> 80)
- INFO-WAG : knowledge management
- INTER-WAG : computer





The Crea-WAG tool

Participatory modeling toward transition tools

5 STEPS – 1 WEEK

1

Framing: specify the main issue, the stakes and constraints.

2

Conceptual model: articulate the main components of your system: space, actors, resources, activities, etc.

3

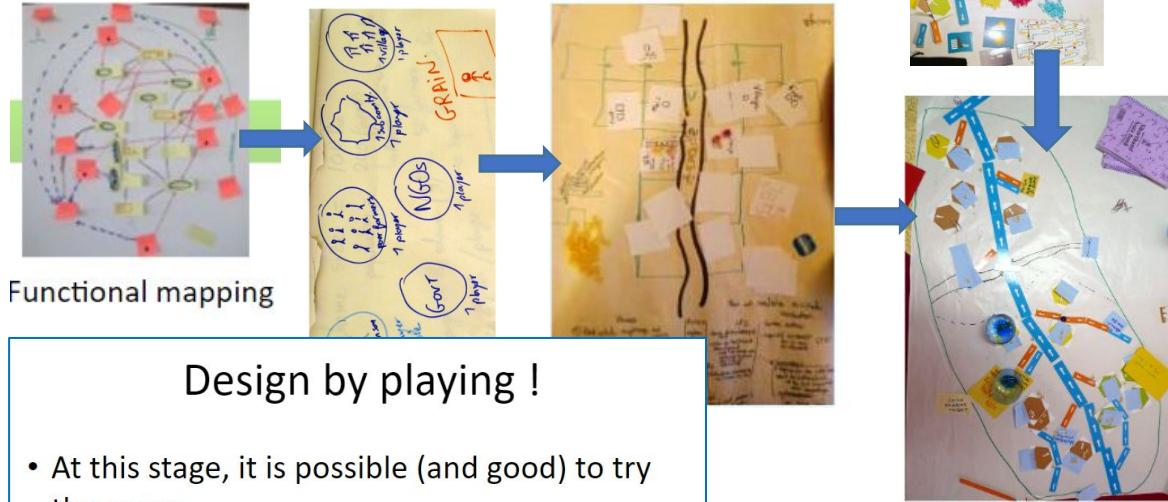
Prototype: specify the game board, the roles, the natural and social processes, the activities, etc

4

Calibration: quantify activities, initial settings, scenarios, processes, etc.

5

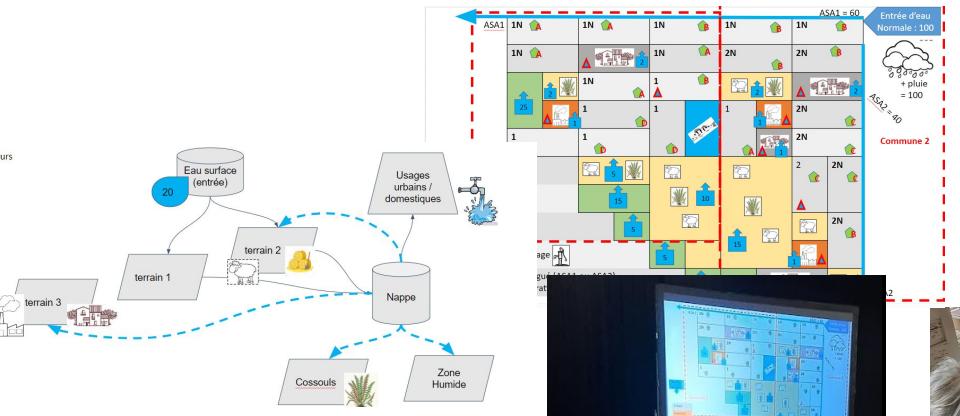
Test: organise a game session and its debriefing



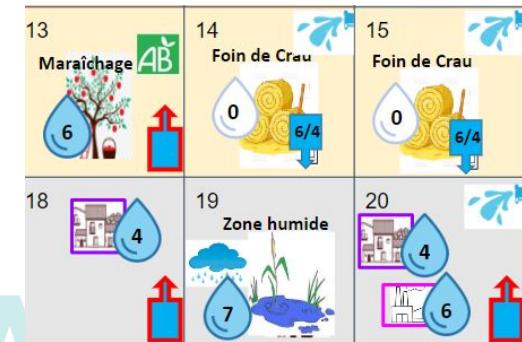
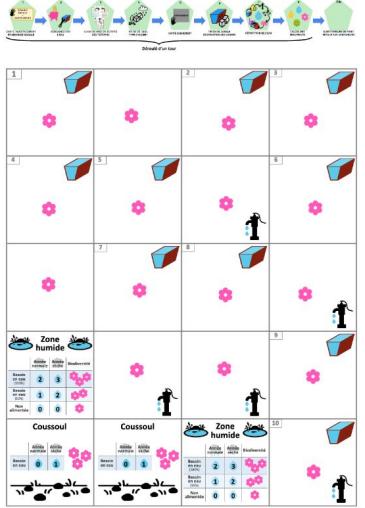
Trying circulating resources with an uncalibrated prototype, Embu, Kenya, Feb 2014



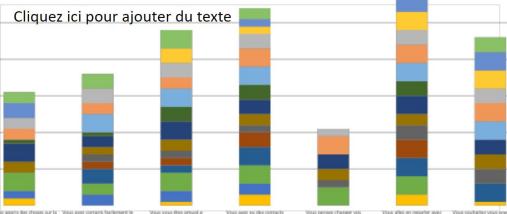
Crea-WAG in the Crau Watershed management



MARAÎCHAGE ARBORICULTURE		Année normale	Année sèche
Coût d'installation : 12W			
Place nécessaire : 1 case			
Passage en bio			
Coût de mise en culture total	6W	8W	
Besoin en eau	6E	8E	
Bénéfices	12W	13W	
Coût de mise en culture 12	3W	4W	
Coût initial	5W		
Besoin en eau	3E	4E	
Bénéfices	5W	5W	



Quelques résultats d'évaluation

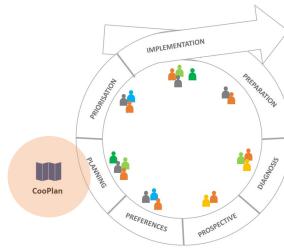


WAG-ing the Inn (Switzerland)



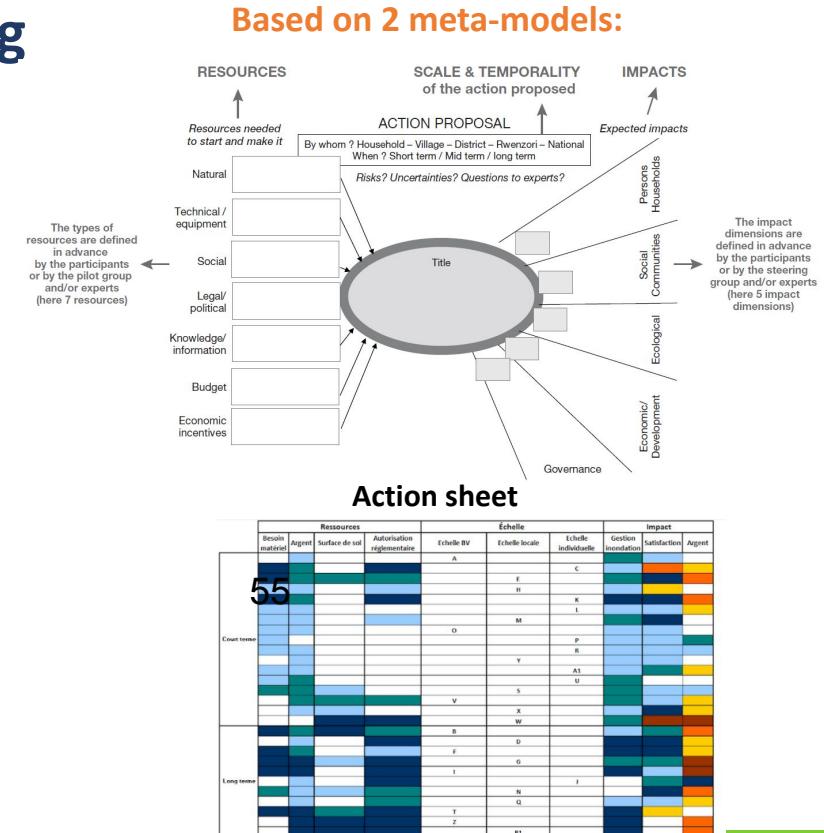


>180 cases



CO-creating action plans with CoOPLAN for participatory planning

#	Step	Goals
1	Organization	Organize the conditions of the process
2	Normative framing	Define boundaries and objectives, what the plan aims at changing
3	Action proposals	Get participants to propose ideas of actions
4	Actions' synthesis	Organize action proposals in thematic clusters
5	Common framework describing action proposals	Select relevant scales, resources and impacts for describing action proposals (i.e. define the content of the action sheets)
6	Detailed actions' description	Fill the action sheet for each action proposal
7	Comparative dialog	Share and improve action sheets
8	Consistency/Harmonization	Global comparison of action proposals to check consistency
9	Plans' design	Select and gather actions in a logical, temporal, and spatial manner to build an action plan
10	Plans' assessment	Analysis of the plan to assess feasibility and efficiency
11	Testing plans	Test plans by simulation or robustness analysis
12	Plan selection	Integrate and choose one final unified plan
13	Finalization	Officialize the final plan



Example of using CoOPLAN in Drôme, France

3 months (Jan-March 2018)



PROCESS

Online collection of action proposals

132 proposals from 75 participants



Habitants : proposez vos actions pour les rivières et le bassin versant de la Drôme !

+ expert assessment

3 Comparative dialog workshops

184 proposals discussed, 41 participants



1 workshop for designing the plans

10 participants



INRAE

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OUTPUTS

189 action proposals

3 versions of action plans

1 final report & thematic synthesis for the local water committee

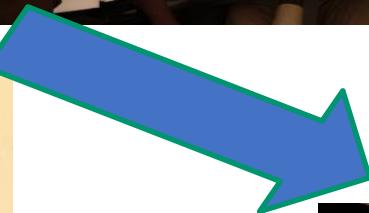


<https://shorturl.at/dijs9>

CoOPLAN in Uganda

27 communities
strategies

3 meso-level
strategies



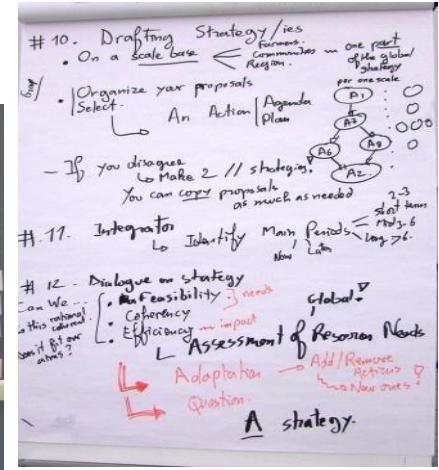
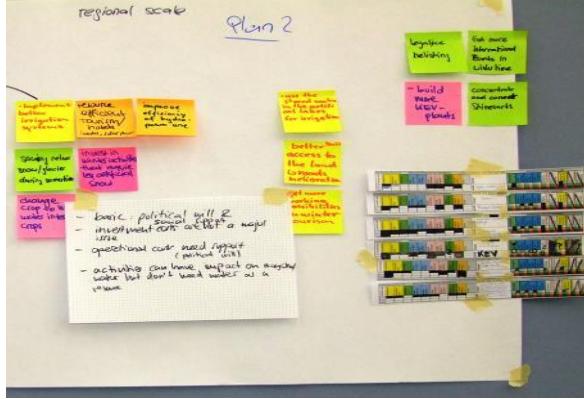
Proposed regional
INRM strategy



COOPLAN-ing the Inn

Four horizontal flipcharts or charts are shown side-by-side. Each chart has a grid structure with columns labeled "Resource Requirements (Baseline)" and "Resource Requirements (Forecast)". The rows represent different projects or categories. Handwritten notes in blue and black ink provide specific details for each cell, such as "Change the way we produce food" and "more local products".

COOPLAN Integrating Strategies

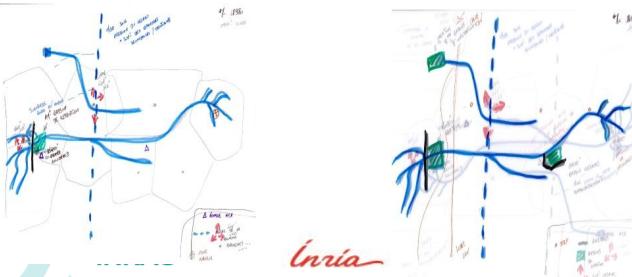


Part. modeling of past governance (SMAG)

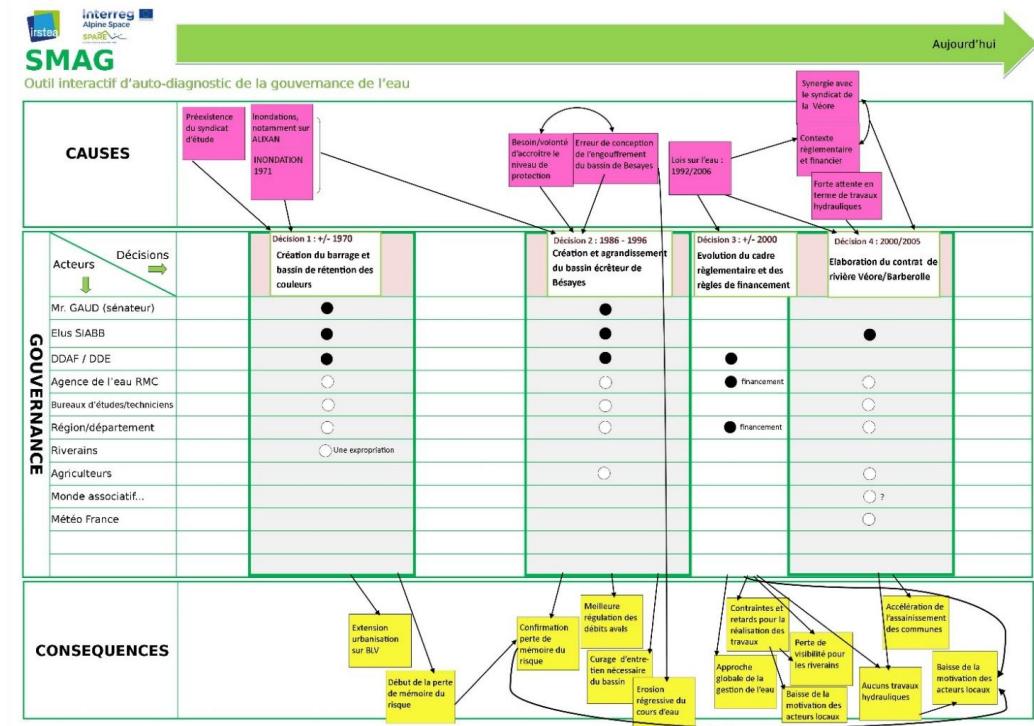
France, Barberolle water governance



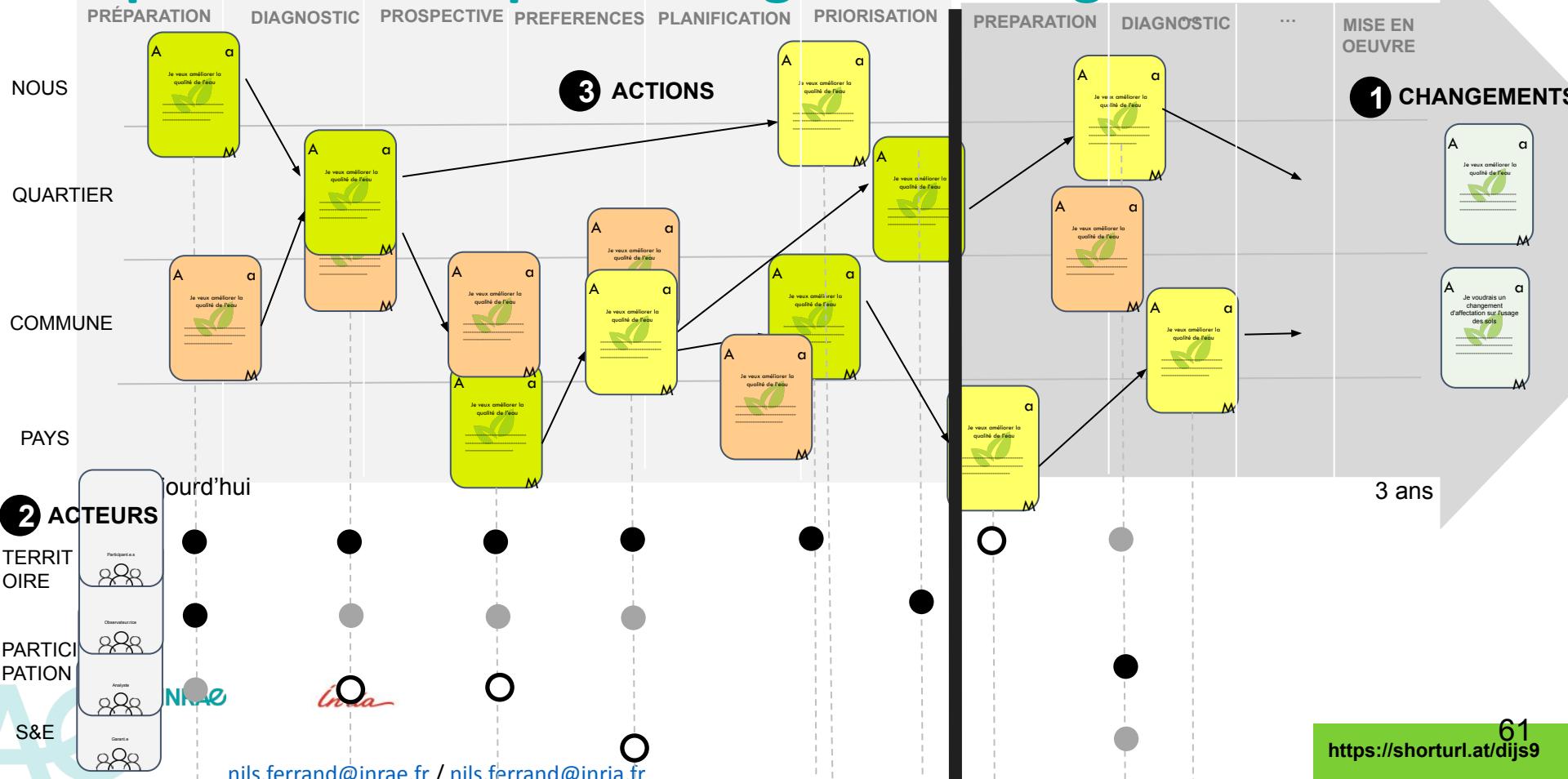
Crédit : Syrine Ben Slimane



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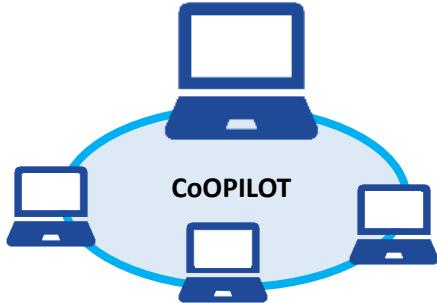


ChangeO'Log : part. modeling with part. decision and implementation phase → global change model



Coupling co-creation arena / stages

DIGITAL



Facilitating the process online



CooPlan

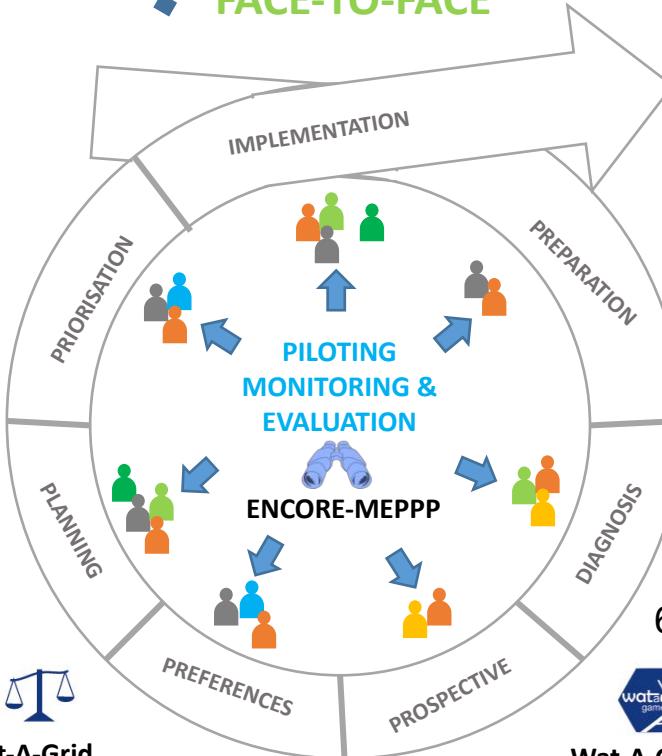
Collecting action proposals and integrating them into feasible strategies

INRAE

Debating social justice principles

Just-A-Grid

FACE-TO-FACE



Choosing and monitoring indicators, to co-pilot the process

CoOPLAGE

<http://cooplaage.watagame.info>

Engineering the participatory process, engaging stakeholders, regulating



PrePar

Discussing and anticipating observation and data needs



ROCK

Analyzing past governance

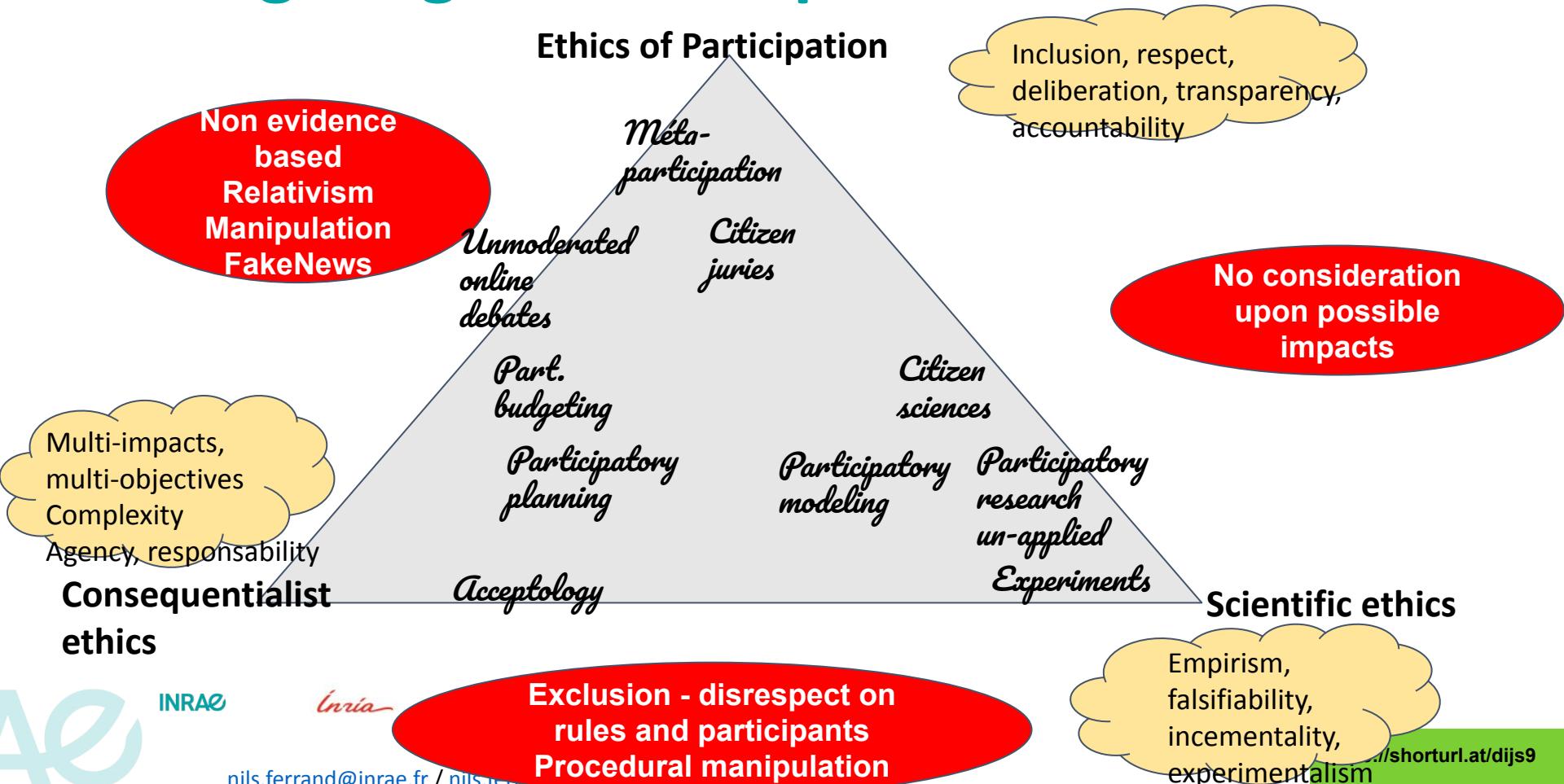


SMAG

<https://shorturl.audijs9>

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“Navigating” ethics & processes



UPCOMING



TRANSFORMATIVE PARTICIPATION for Socio-Ecological Sustainability

Around the CoOPLAGE pathways

Author: Alain PICHOT / INRAE & NATHALIE HASSENFORDE

Hélène Etchart, Olivier Dubois, Bertrand
Houllier, Génératice, Israël



Quae

CoOPLAGE book

Transformative Participation for
Socio-Ecological Sustainability
Around the CoOPLAGE pathways



CoOPLAGE Comics...

Thank you !

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Conclusion & perspectives

- Adaptation of the scientific postures is required to enhance impact → reconsidering relations with stakeholders, investing resources therefore, reducing “pure” scientific aspirations
- Participatory modeling is a central paradigm to support such evolution as an encounter between scientific knowledge, procedural solutions and the contributions of all stakeholders. & it's a transformative process by itself (social learning).
- Meta-modeling is the medium for scientific intervention
- 3 ethical regimes are relevant → to be implemented

Thank you. Questions ?