



HAL
open science

What social representations do French consumers have of sustainable diets? Segmentation by level of education

Oriane Chene, Stephanie Chambaron, Gaëlle Arvisenet, Laurence Dujourdy

► To cite this version:

Oriane Chene, Stephanie Chambaron, Gaëlle Arvisenet, Laurence Dujourdy. What social representations do French consumers have of sustainable diets? Segmentation by level of education. Forum des Jeunes Chercheurs (FJC), Jun 2024, Dijon, France. hal-04668701

HAL Id: hal-04668701

<https://hal.inrae.fr/hal-04668701v1>

Submitted on 7 Aug 2024

HAL is a multi-disciplinary open access archive for the deposit and dissemination of scientific research documents, whether they are published or not. The documents may come from teaching and research institutions in France or abroad, or from public or private research centers.

L'archive ouverte pluridisciplinaire **HAL**, est destinée au dépôt et à la diffusion de documents scientifiques de niveau recherche, publiés ou non, émanant des établissements d'enseignement et de recherche français ou étrangers, des laboratoires publics ou privés.

Public Domain



ÉCOLE DOCTORALE
Environnements - Santé
Bourgogne | Franche-Comté

What social representations do French consumers have of sustainable diets? Segmentation by level of education

Oriane Chene

Forum des Jeunes Chercheurs (FJC) June 6, 2024

Research organization: Center of Taste and Feeding Behavior (CSGA), Centre INRAE Dijon

Thesis directors: Stéphanie Chambaron (DR INRAE) and Gaëlle Arvisenet (PR Institut Agro Dijon)

Thesis funding: INRAE Human Nutrition Department and the Bourgogne Franche-Comté Region



Centre des Sciences
du Goût et de
l'Alimentation



INRAE

L'INSTITUT
agro Dijon



UBFC
UNIVERSITÉ
BOURGOGNE-FRANCHE-COMTÉ



Sustainable diets: a necessity



While we produce enough food for the entire population, the current food system is unsustainable and contributes to:



30% of GHG emissions



Air and water pollution



Biodiversity loss



1.9 billion people overweight and obese



Stunting of 159 million children under 5 years of age



Nearly a third of food produced is wasted

Adapted figure (OECD, 2020)

Sustainable diets: ‘the established definition’

“Sustainable diets are those diets with low environmental impacts which contribute to food and nutrition security and to healthy life for present and future generations.

Sustainable diets are **protective and respectful of biodiversity and ecosystems**, **culturally acceptable**, **accessible, economically fair and affordable**; **nutritionally adequate, safe and healthy**; while optimizing natural and human resources.”

(FAO, 2010)

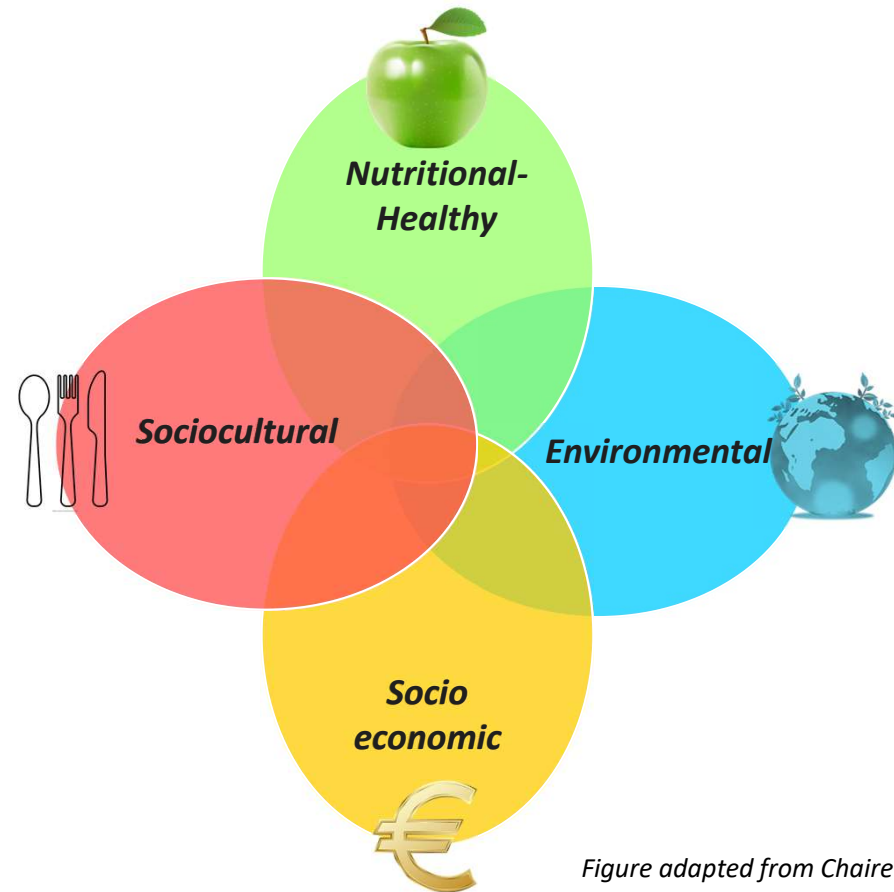


Figure adapted from Chaire ANCA

Research goal

Consumers may not be aware of this definition

If this expression evokes a different concept for each consumer, following recommendations that urge consumers to adopt a more sustainable diet (European Commission, 2023, French Ministry of Health and Prevention, 2019) may be complicated.

Aim: Investigate how consumers understand this concept

Interviews on the subject in France:

Rémésy et al., 2008

Hugol-Gential, 2023

Mathe, 2009

Verdeau & Monnery-Patris, 2024

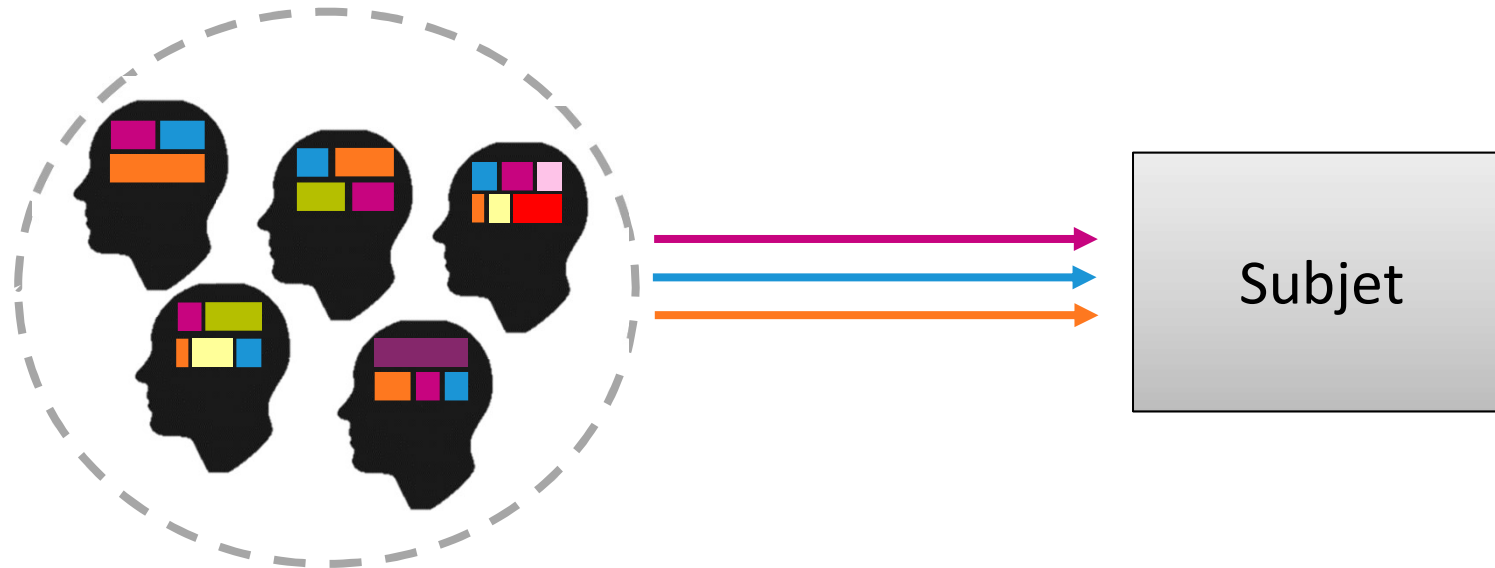


A study with a larger number of participants is needed



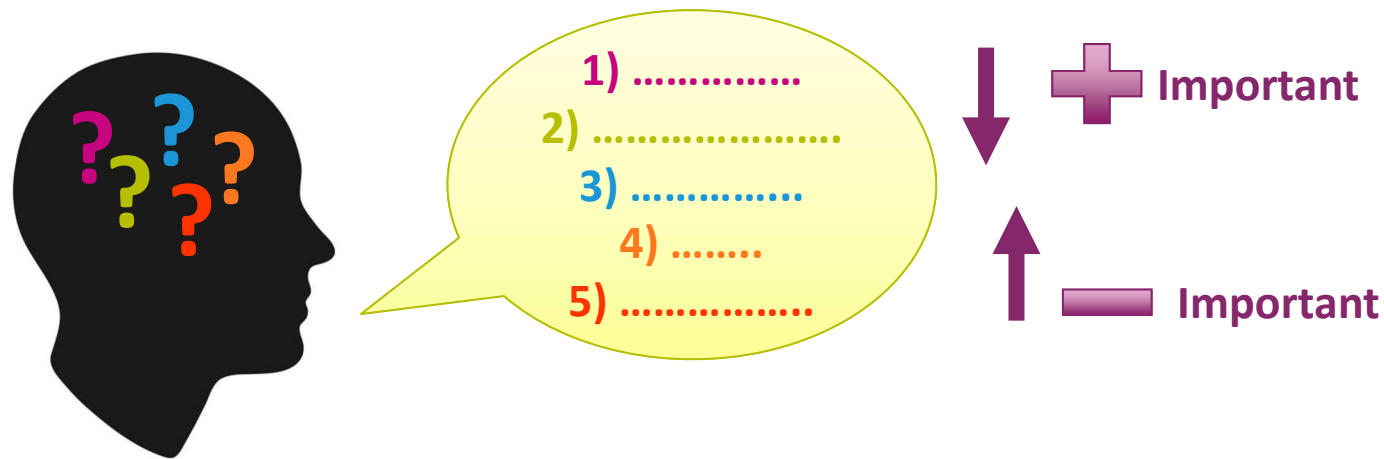
Method: Study of social representations

Social representations are the set of beliefs, opinions, attitudes, and information **shared** by a **group** about a given **subject** (Abric, 1994)



Method: Free word association task

What five words, expressions, or adjectives come spontaneously to your mind when I say 'sustainable diet'?



Once they had listed five evocations, participants were asked to **rank them** from 1 to 5: 1 for their **most important** evocation and 5 for the **least important** one.

Objectives

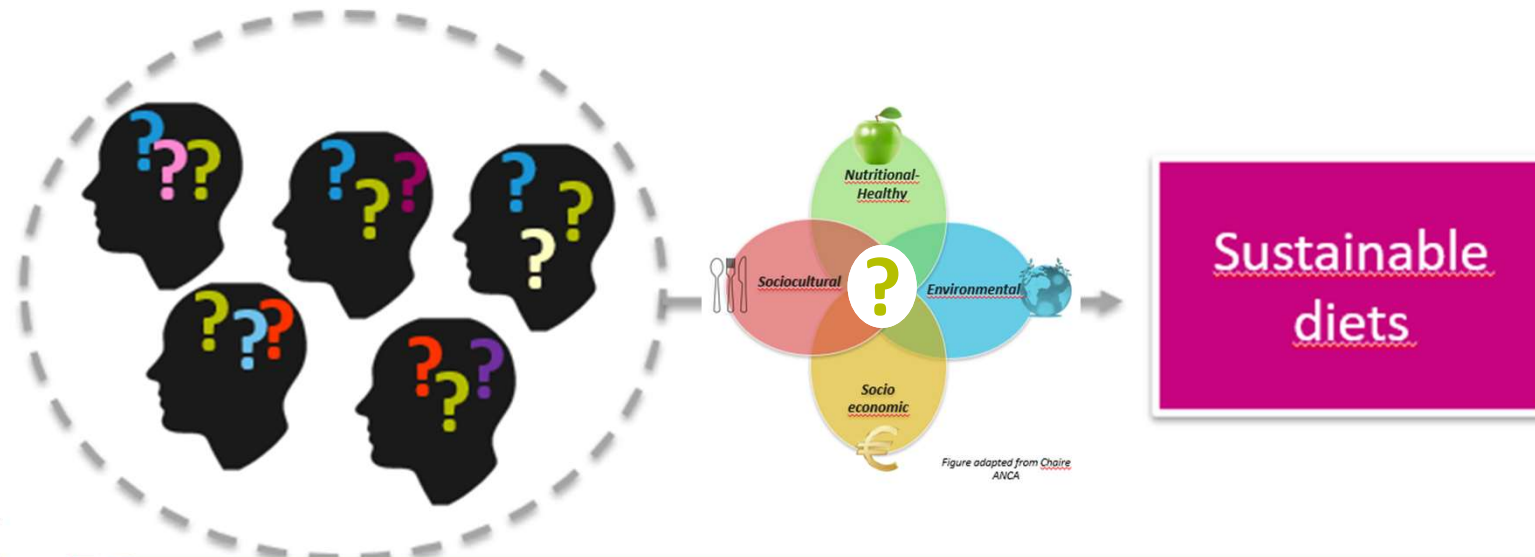
1) Determine whether 'sustainable diet' had a **common meaning** for French consumers



Objectives

- 1) Determine whether ‘sustainable diet’ had a **common meaning** for French consumers
- 2) Confirm that French consumers’ social representations of sustainable diets **differed from the FAO definition of 2010**

Association with **Environmental dimension**, negligence of the **Sociocultural and Socioeconomic dimensions**
(Barone et al., 2019, László, 2021, Mesías et al., 2023, Simpson and Radford, 2012, Techio et al., 2016)



Objectives

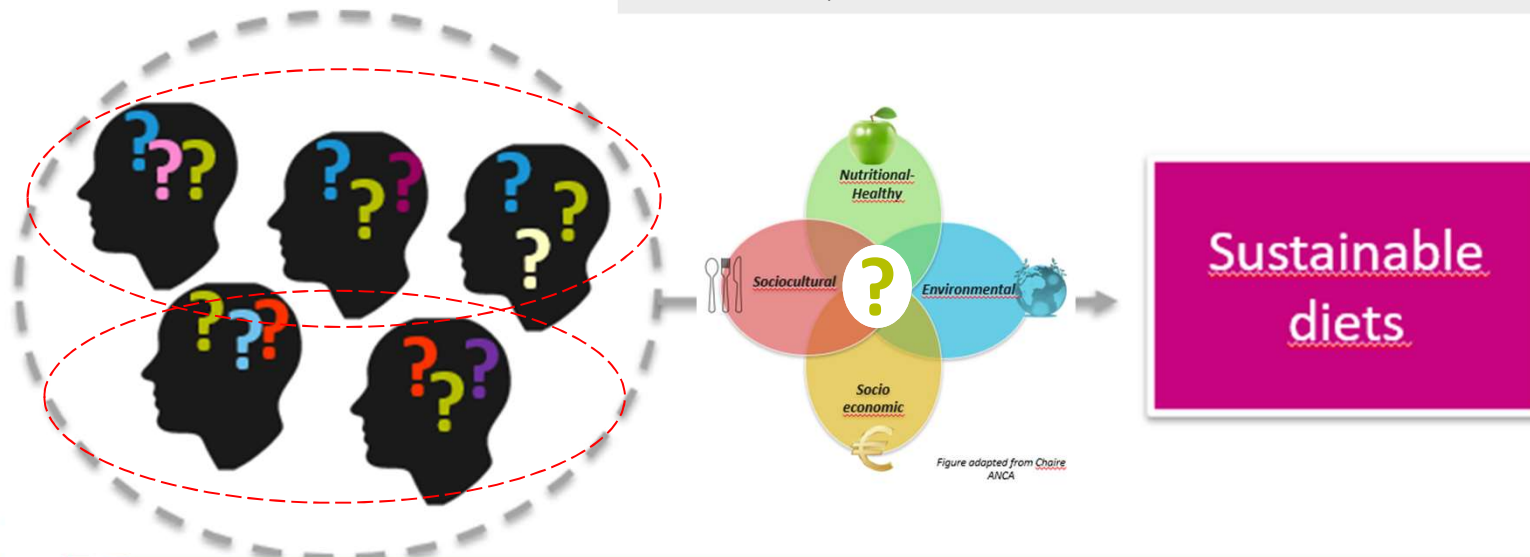
1) Determine whether ‘sustainable diet’ had a **common meaning** for French consumers

2) Confirm that French consumers’ social representations of sustainable diets **differed from the FAO definition of 2010**

Association with **Environmental dimension**, negligence of the **Sociocultural and Socioeconomic dimensions**
(Barone et al., 2019, László, 2021, Mesías et al., 2023, Simpson and Radford, 2012, Techio et al., 2016)

3) Identify potential **differences** in French consumers’ social representations in relation to their **level of education**

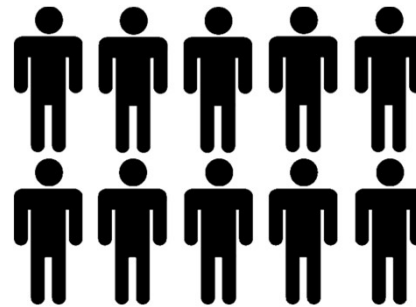
Highest knowledge and interest of people with higher education
(Sánchez-Bravo et al., 2020; Barone et al., 2019; Van Loo et al., 2017)



Socio-demographic characterization of participants

The experiment was performed at the CSGA in Dijon

273 participants



People with higher education: 58.9%
People without higher education: 41.1%

Balanced in terms of age and gender

Female: 52 %

male: 48 %

Aged 20 to 60: Between 23.8% and 26.4% per age group

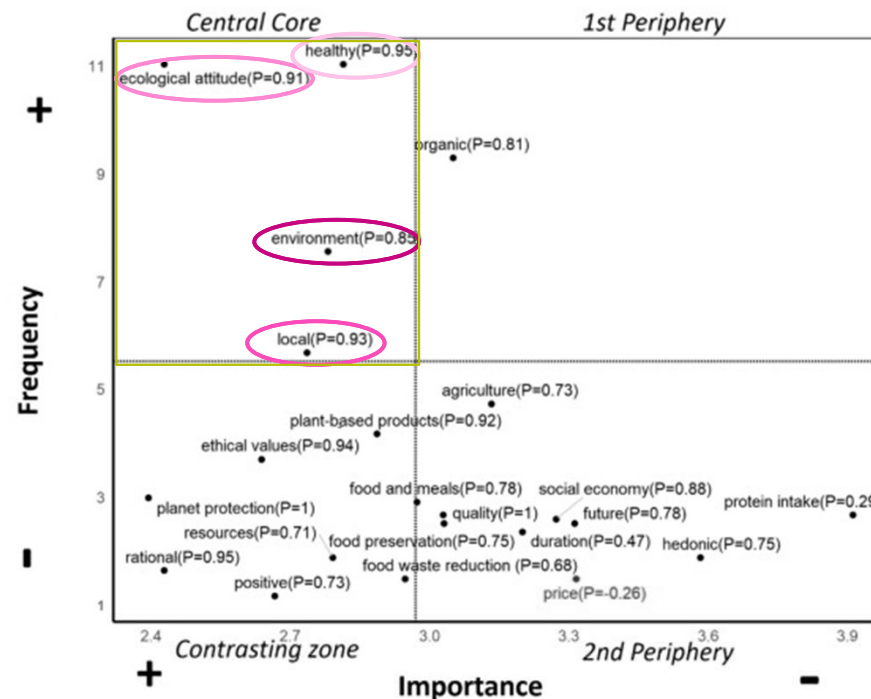


Result 1: Structural analysis of social representations for all participants

Objective 1: Determine whether 'sustainable diet' had a **common meaning** for French consumers

Structural analysis: 1) **Categorization of evocations according to meaning:**
(Abric, 2001) **1269 evocations → 36 categories**

2) Determining **the central core**: categories that are most frequently cited and most important



Frequency threshold = total frequency of occurrence of the category with the highest score/2

Importance threshold = average of importance scores for all categories



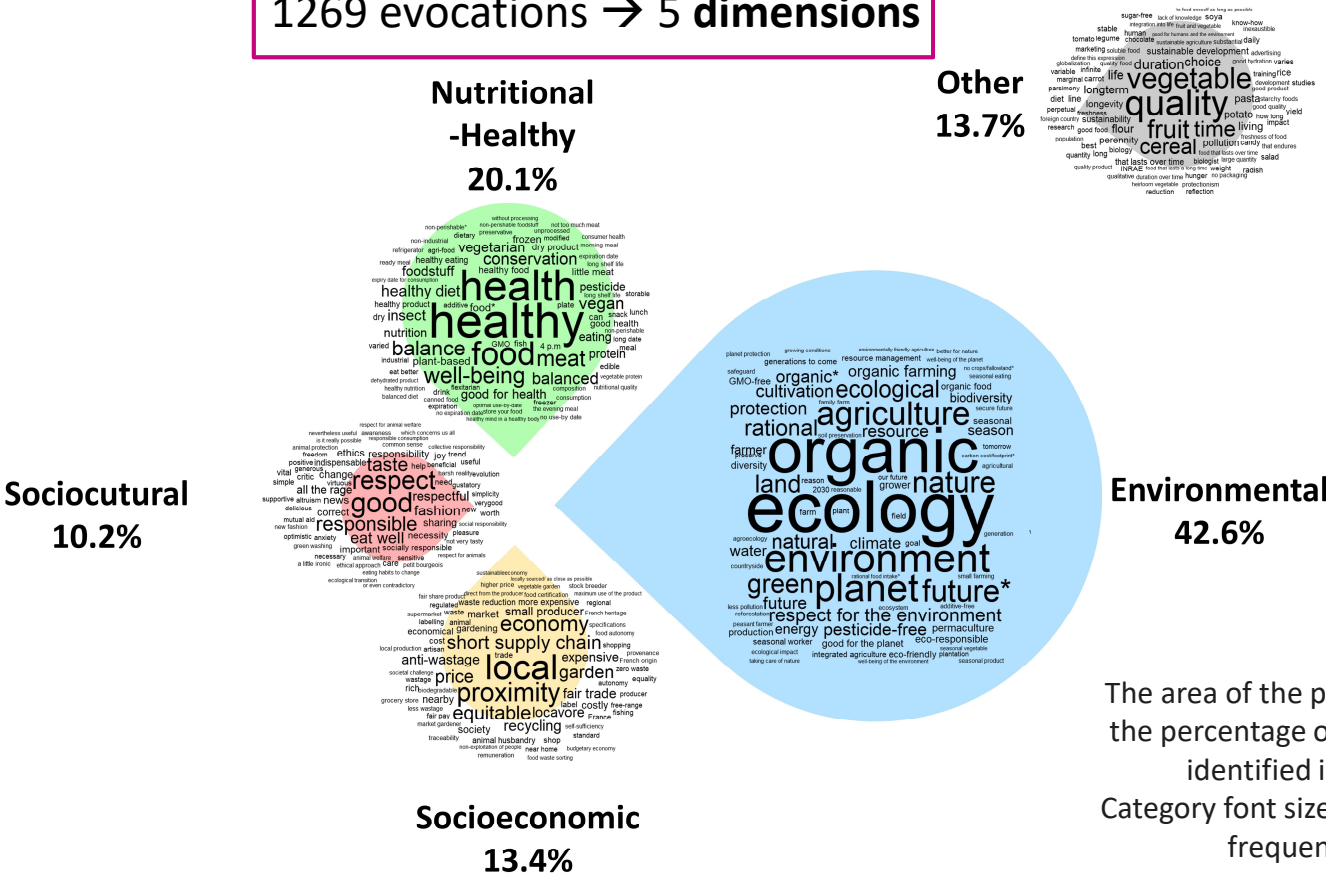
→ *Ecological attitude, health, environment, and local* were the four pillars of the shared foundation of the 'sustainable diet' concept among the 273 participants

Result 2: Comparison between the social representations of sustainable diets and the established definition

Objective 2: Confirm that French consumers' social representations of sustainable diets differed from the FAO definition

Categorization of evocations in dimensions:

1269 evocations → 5 dimensions



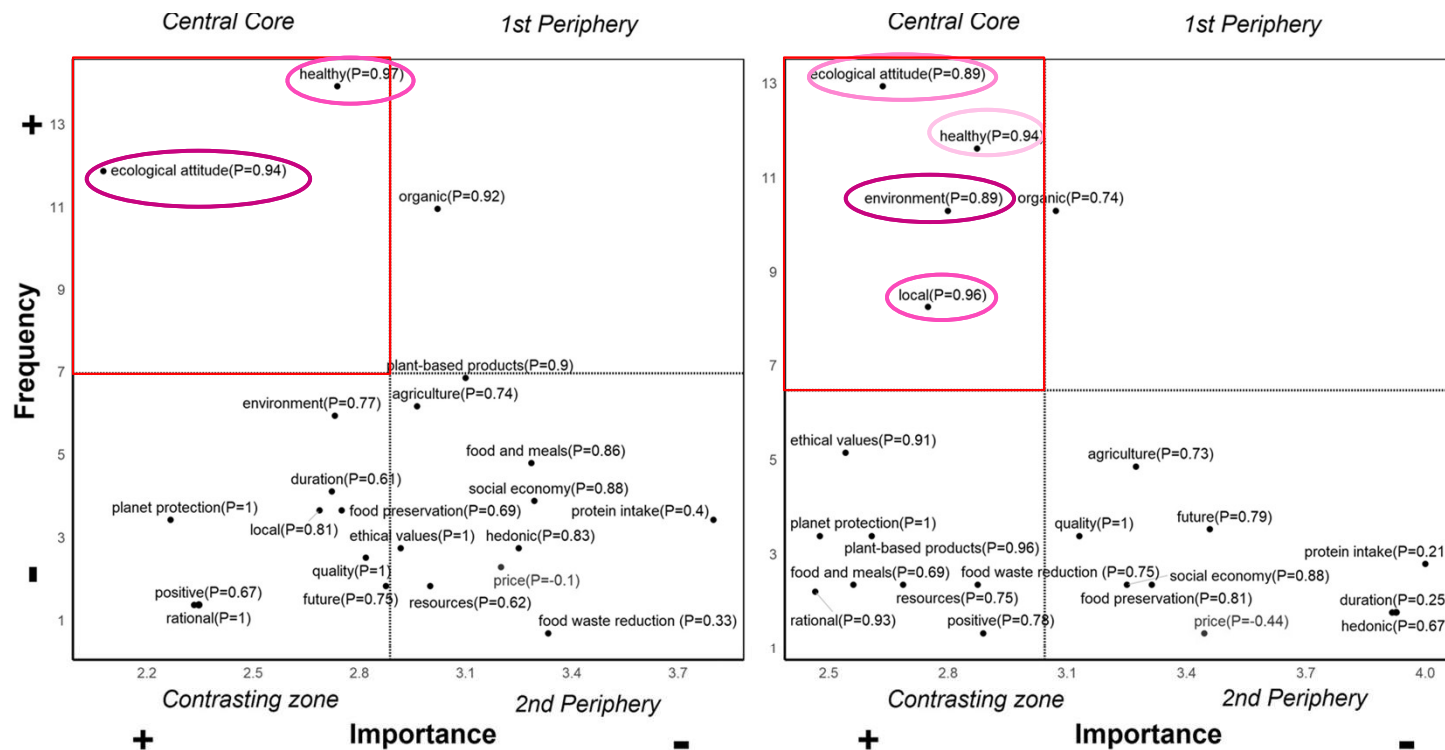
The area of the petals represents the percentage of the dimension identified in all evocations. Category font size corresponds to frequency of evocation.

GA → Consumers mainly associated the *Environmental* dimension with sustainable diets and tend to neglect the *Sociocultural* and *Socioeconomic* dimensions. ¹²

Result 3: Structural analysis of social representations by education level

Objective 3: Identify potential **differences** in French consumers' social representations in relation to their **level of education**

Group without higher education Group with higher education



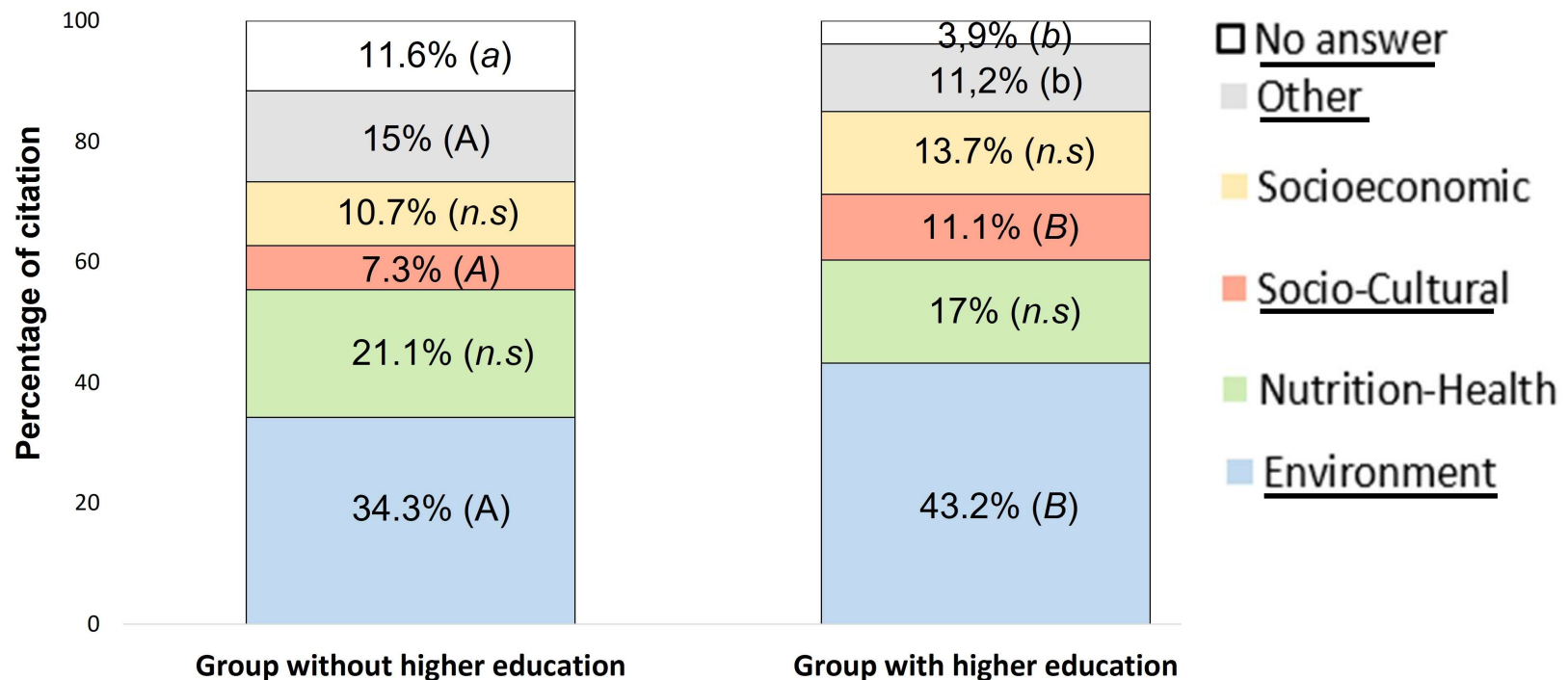
The group with higher education was composed of participants who had completed at least one year of higher education.



→ The group with higher education level had more shared elements in their social representations

Result 4: Comparison of social representations, by dimension and by level of education

Objective 3: Identify potential **differences** in French consumers' social representations in relation to their **level of education**



The frequency of quotation by dimension is indicated. Letters in brackets represent the results of the Chi2 Test: different letters indicate that the number of evocations for the dimension was significantly different between the two groups; n.s indicates that there was no significant difference between the two groups.



→ The group with a higher level of education had more developed social representations and in relation to the 4 dimensions of sustainable diets

Take home message

- ✓ **“Ecology” and “organic” were the words most often cited to describe sustainable diets.**
- ✓ **Consumers mainly associated the *Environmental* dimension with sustainable diets.**
- ✓ **Consumers tend to neglect the Sociocultural and Socioeconomic dimensions.**
- ✓ **The group with higher education had more multidimensional social representations.**

Thank you for your attention



Food Quality and Preference

Available online 18 May 2024, 105224

In Press, Journal Pre-proof [?](#) [What's this?](#)



“If I say sustainable diet”: What are French consumers’ social representations?

[Oriane Chene](#)^a  , [Gaëlle Arvisenet](#)^a, [Laurence Dujourdy](#)^b, [Stéphanie Chambaron](#)^a

