



AskoR, an R package for easy RNA-Seq data analysis illustrated by the analysis of plant/pathogen/microbiote interactions.

Susete Alves Carvalho, Kévin Gazengel, Masanelli Sylvain, Anthony Bretaudeau, Stéphanie Robin, Stéphanie Daval, Fabrice Legeai

► To cite this version:

Susete Alves Carvalho, Kévin Gazengel, Masanelli Sylvain, Anthony Bretaudeau, Stéphanie Robin, et al.. AskoR, an R package for easy RNA-Seq data analysis illustrated by the analysis of plant/pathogen/microbiote interactions.. Journées Ouvertes en Biologie, Informatique et Mathématiques (Jobim), Jul 2022, Rennes, France. hal-04720279

HAL Id: hal-04720279

<https://hal.inrae.fr/hal-04720279v1>

Submitted on 4 Oct 2024

HAL is a multi-disciplinary open access archive for the deposit and dissemination of scientific research documents, whether they are published or not. The documents may come from teaching and research institutions in France or abroad, or from public or private research centers.

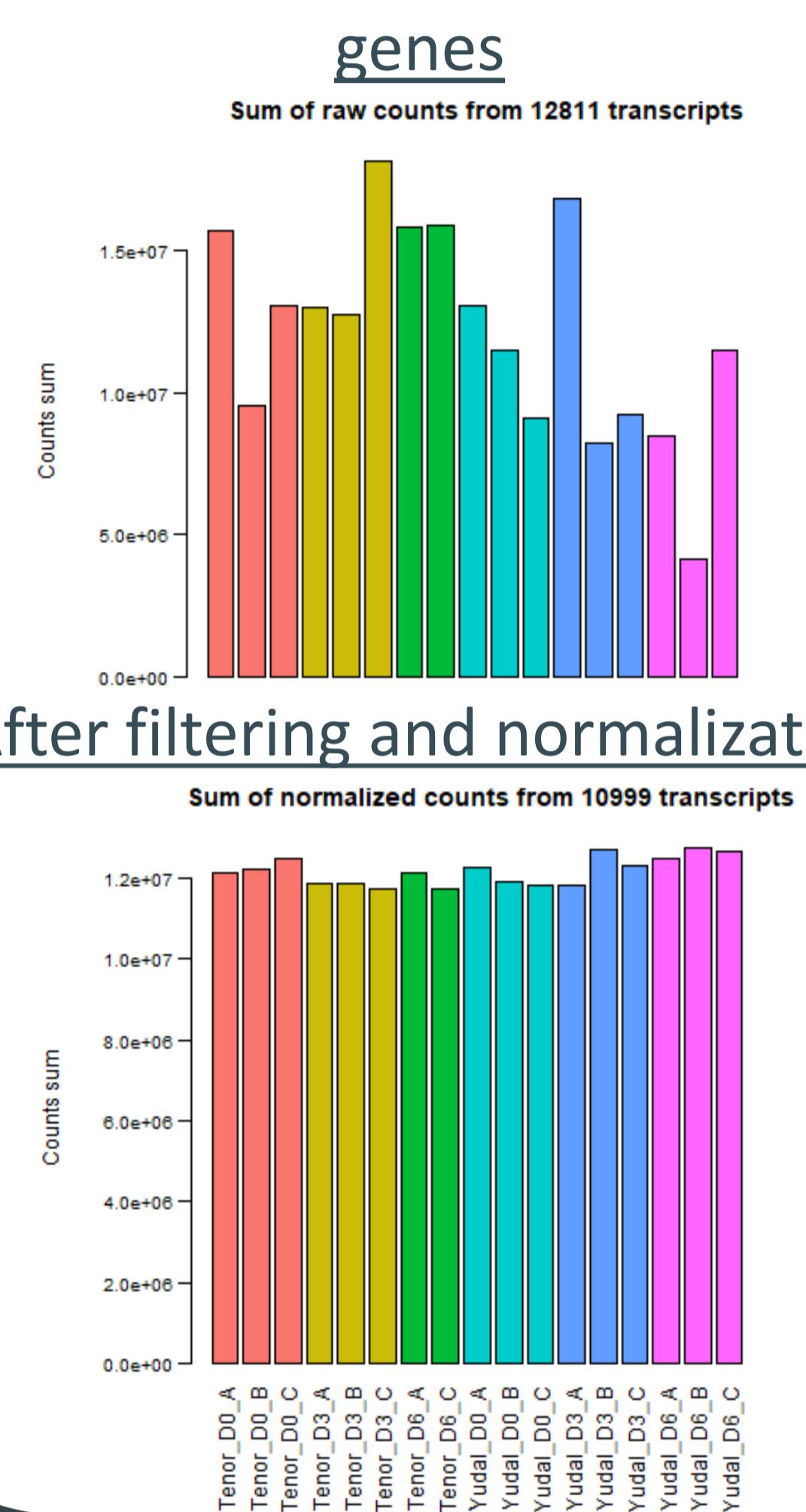
L'archive ouverte pluridisciplinaire **HAL**, est destinée au dépôt et à la diffusion de documents scientifiques de niveau recherche, publiés ou non, émanant des établissements d'enseignement et de recherche français ou étrangers, des laboratoires publics ou privés.

AskoR, an R package for easy RNA-seq data analysis illustrated by the analysis of plant/pathogen/microbiote interactions¹

AskoR

- R tool
- Flexible: a large set of parameters for experienced users and default values for novices
- Including edgeR², topGO³ and coseq^{4,5} packages for differential expression analyses, GO-term enrichments, and co-expression clusters identification
- Outputs compatible with AskOmics⁶ tool for integration of heterogeneous data
- <https://github.com/askomics/askoR>

Before filtering low expressed genes



Descriptive

⇒ On contrasts
⇒ On gene lists of interest

Summary tables

Separated graphs for each GO category

Lists of genes for each enriched GO-term

- Identify biological pathways :
e.g. chitin pathway of the pathogen (related to pathogenicity)
reduced with high diversity of microorganisms.

- AskoR facilitates transcriptomics data analyses
 → Automatic and quick analysis generating outputs organized in folders
 → Large set of parameters and outputs (tables and graphs)
 → Easy to handle in R environment (<https://github.com/askomics/askoR>)
 → Preconfigured RStudio instance available on Galaxy (<https://usegalaxy.fr/>)
 → Adaptable to many research questions from RNA-seq data but possible extrapolation to other count tables (SmallRNA-seq, metagenomics, ...)

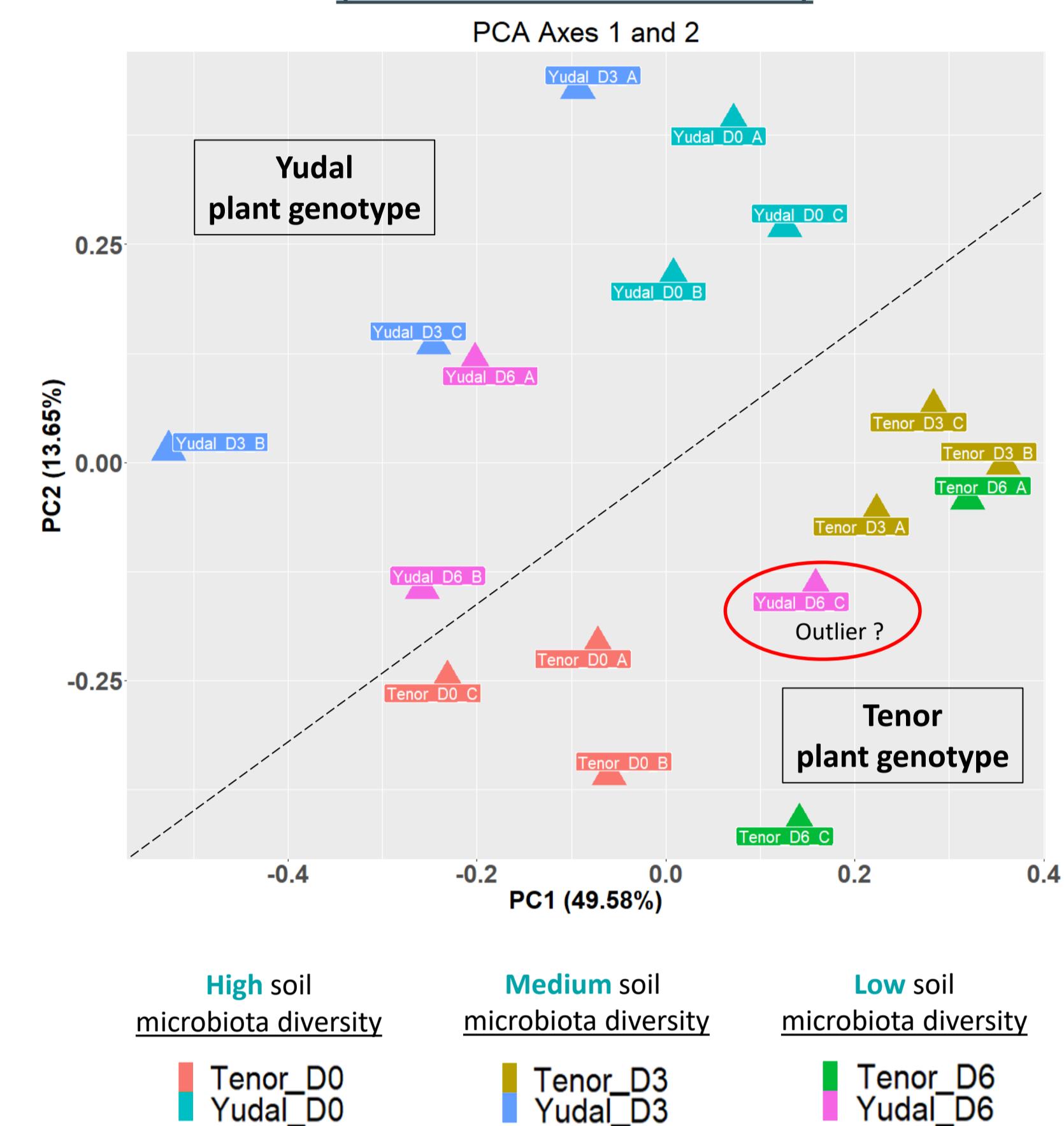
Take home message

Perspectives

- Publish AskoR on CRAN
- Integrate KEGG enrichment analysis
- Integrate gene network analysis
- Integrate specific outputs for metagenomics

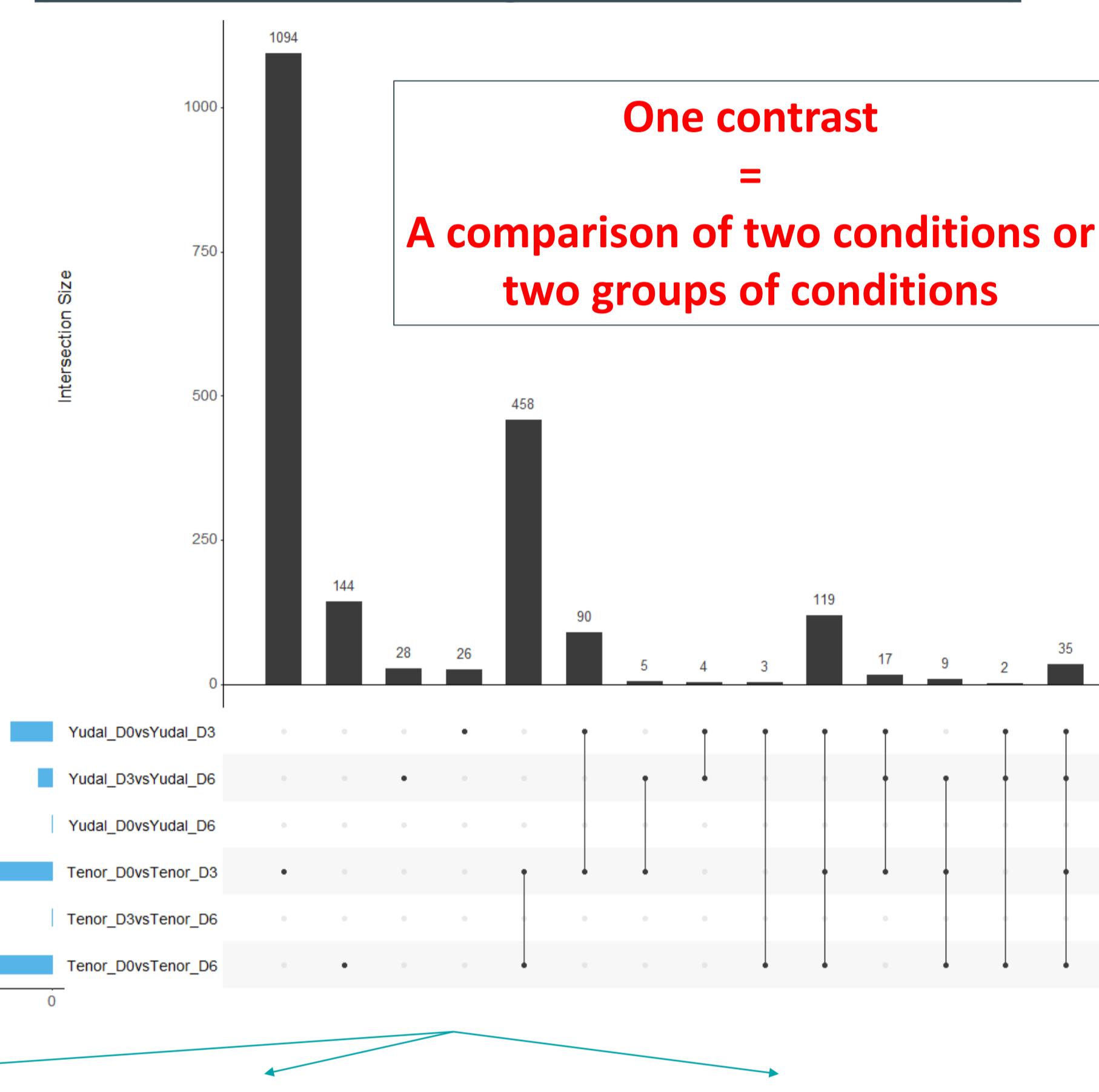
Differential expression (DE)

Principal Component Analysis
(on normalized counts)



Quantitative

UpSet Graph for all contrasts
(alternative to Venn Diagram for more than 4 lists)



DE tables

AskOmics tables

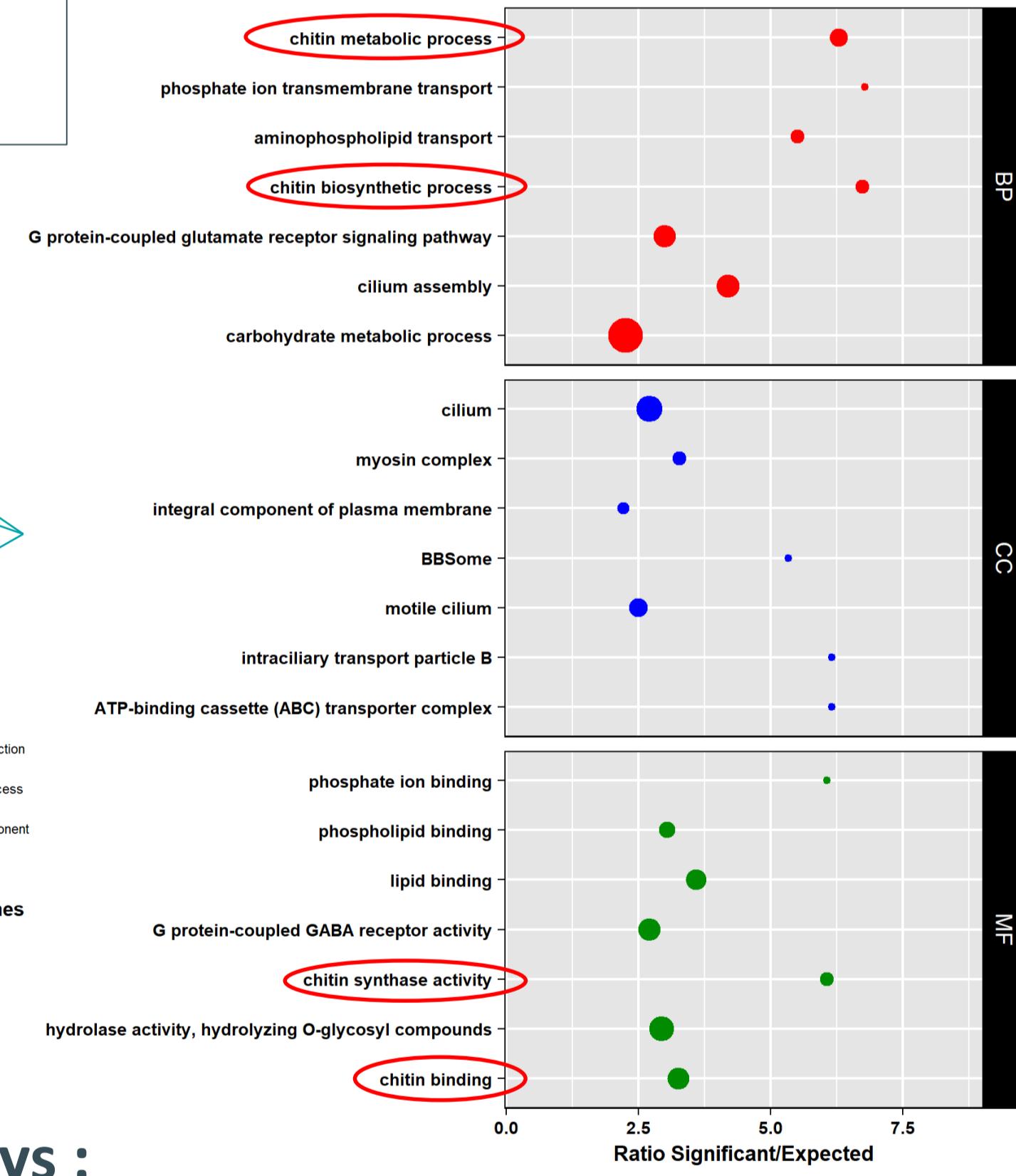
MA and Volcano plots

GO-term enrichment

GO Enrichment for contrast

Tenor_D0 < Tenor_D3

(956 annotated genes among 1360 genes)



GO categories

- Molecular Function
- Biological Process
- Cellular Component

Number of genes

● 10

● 20

● 30

● 40

Co-expression clusters

⇒ On differentially expressed genes (DEG) in at least one contrast
⇒ On gene lists of interest

Cluster robustness

Heatmap

Per-cluster analysis

Summary tables

Experimental conditions

Tenor_D0

Tenor_D3

Tenor_D6

Yudal_D0

Yudal_D3

Yudal_D6

Cluster 1 (1099 genes)

Cluster 2 (558 genes)

Cluster 3 (377 genes)

Tenor_D0

Tenor_D3

Tenor_D6

Yudal_D0

Yudal_D3

Yudal_D6

Tenor_D0

Tenor_D3

Tenor_D6

Yudal_D0

Yudal_D3

Yudal_D6