

Risk of further EHDV introduction in Europe

Amandine Bibard, Davide Martinetti, Albert Picado, Karine Chalvet-Monfray, Thibaud Porphyre

▶ To cite this version:

Amandine Bibard, Davide Martinetti, Albert Picado, Karine Chalvet-Monfray, Thibaud Porphyre. Risk of further EHDV introduction in Europe. 17. International Symposium on Veterinary Epidemiology and Economics, Nov 2024, Sydney, Australia. . hal-04746012v1

HAL Id: hal-04746012 https://hal.inrae.fr/hal-04746012v1

Submitted on 21 Oct 2024 (v1), last revised 5 Nov 2024 (v2)

HAL is a multi-disciplinary open access archive for the deposit and dissemination of scientific research documents, whether they are published or not. The documents may come from teaching and research institutions in France or abroad, or from public or private research centers. L'archive ouverte pluridisciplinaire **HAL**, est destinée au dépôt et à la diffusion de documents scientifiques de niveau recherche, publiés ou non, émanant des établissements d'enseignement et de recherche français ou étrangers, des laboratoires publics ou privés.

RISK OF FURTHER EHDV INTRODUCTION IN EUROPE



<u>A. Bibard¹</u>, D. Martinetti², A. Picado¹, K. Chalvet-Monfray³, T. Porphyre⁴

¹ Boehringer Ingelheim Animal Health, France
² UR 0546 Biostatistiques et processus SPatiaux, INRAE
³ UMR 0346 EPIdémiologie des maladies Animales et zoonotiques, INRAE, VetAgro Sup, France
⁴ Laboratoire de Biométrie et Biologie Evolutive, Université Lyon 1, CNRS, VetAgro Sup, France

Epizootic Hemorrhagic Disease Virus (EHDV) is a growing threat in Europe for the livestock industry. New incursions are triggered by **wind dispersal** of the *Culicoides* vectors and **trade movements** of live animals.

How to estimate the Risk of EHDV introduction? A dual-pathway model in 3 steps



 ψ spatial unit (D = country scale); t: temporal unit (m=month; y = year); ψ : pathways considered (T= Tradeonly;W= Wind only; TnW= both Trade and Wind)

RISK OF FURTHER EHDV INTRODUCTION IN EUROPE



Where ? When ?

Spatial Distribution of Yearly Risk of EHDV introduction by country

Wind Dispersal



- Risk by wind > Risk by trade
- High-risk destinations by the wind = France, Spain & neighbouring countries
- IR_{D,y,T} (0,1e-08] (1e-07,1e-06] (1e-05,0.0001] (0.001,0.01] (1e-08,1e-07] (1e-06,1e-05] (0.0001,0.001]

Trade

- Low or very low risk level by trade but extended risk zone
- High-risk destinations by trade = Spain, Italy

Cumulative risk per country over the 2 pathways of introduction (in log) og of IR_{D,m,TnM} -30 Jan Feb Nov Dec Month

Temporal variation of Risk

- Period at-risk from June to November
 - Animal movements contribute to sustain a baseline level of risk during the colder months, notably in March.

RISK OF FURTHER EHDV INTRODUCTION IN EUROPE

By which pathway?

HeatMap of Risk : source and destination combinations



- · France: major contributor of risk for both pathways
- Portugal contributes to risk outside EU (Israel/Palestine) by trade
- Italy: low contributor due to limited initial source zone

Conclusions

- Risk of EHDV introduction: broad risk area in EU but highly variable risk levels
- Wind: primary risk pathway to nearby countries (France & Spain)
- Trade: Low risk overall, basal risk in distant countries/cool periods
- France: Key risk source for both pathways







ISVEE17

 November 2024 • Sydney, Australia ternational Convention Centre Sydney International Symposium on Veterinary Epidemiology and Economics 2029 entary epidemiogra de acconnic down under in larger and bands

VetAgro Sup

Financé par

INRAØ





Financé par l'Union européen NextGenerationEU