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Monitoring Ecosystems with Remote Sensing

Mathieu Fauvel

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Submitted on 30 Mar 2023

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Monitoring Ecosystems with Remote Sensing



HDR DEFENSE

Mathieu Fauvel

March 29, 2023

CESBIO, Université de Toulouse, CNES/CNRS/INRAe/IRD/UPS, Toulouse, FRANCE

Jury Members

Agnès Bégué	DR	UMR Tetis, CIRAD, France	Reviewer
Lorenzo Bruzzone	Professor	University of Trento, Italy	Reviewer
Florence Tupin	Professor	Telecom Paris, France	Reviewer
Frédéric Garcia	DR	MIA Toulouse, INRAe, France	Examiner
Christian Germain	Professor	Bordeaux Sciences Agro, France	Examiner
Jordi Inglada	Senior Expert	CESBIO, CNES, France	Examiner
Mathias Ortner	Senior Expert	AIRBUS DS, France	Invited

Introduction

Selected Curriculum Vitæ

Scientific Context

Selected Scientific Contributions

Functional Data Analysis For High Dimensional Remote Sensing Data

Gaussian Process For Irregular And Unaligned Time Series

Grassland plant taxonomic diversity estimation

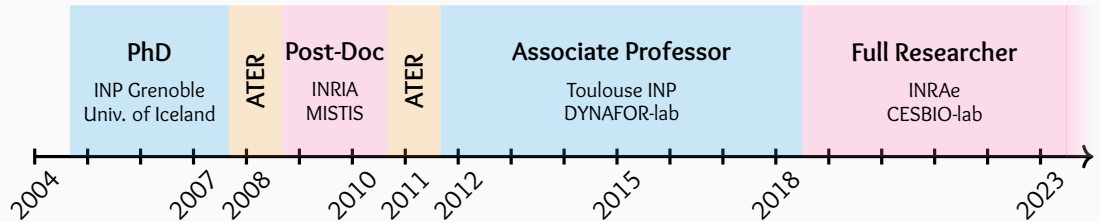
Perspectives

Introduction

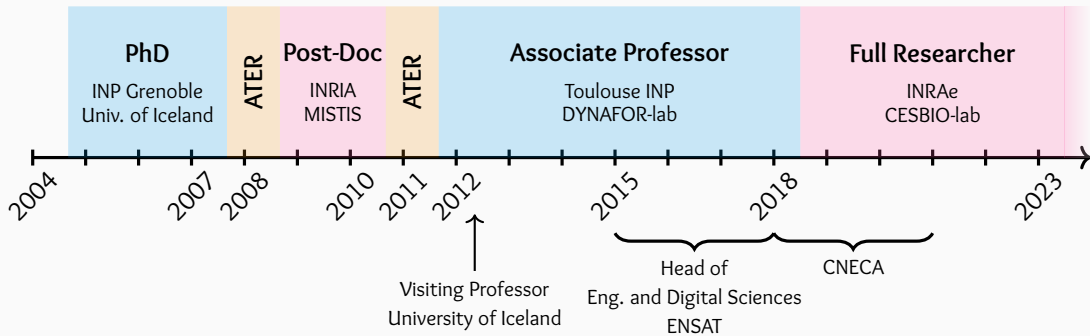
Introduction

Selected Curriculum Vitæ

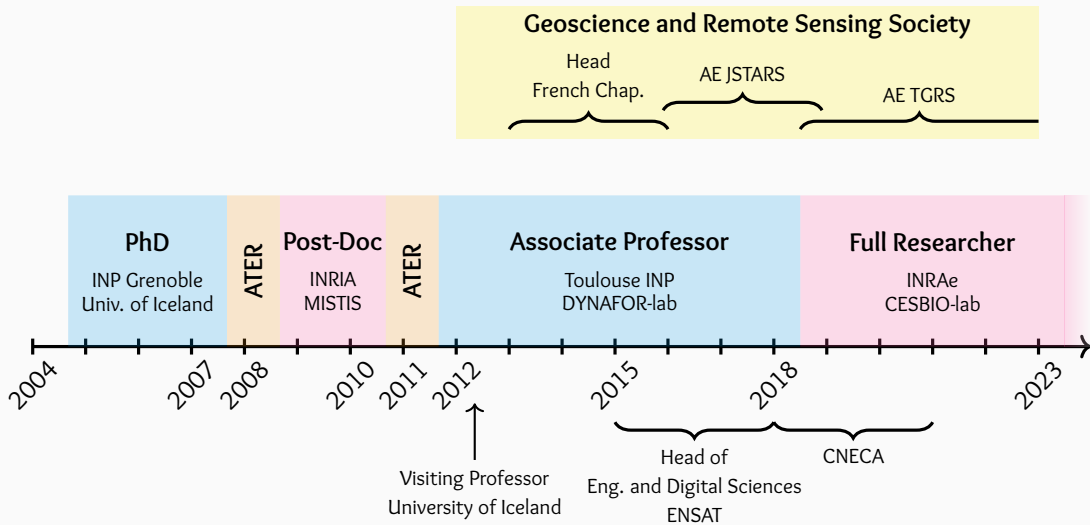
Education & Professional Experience



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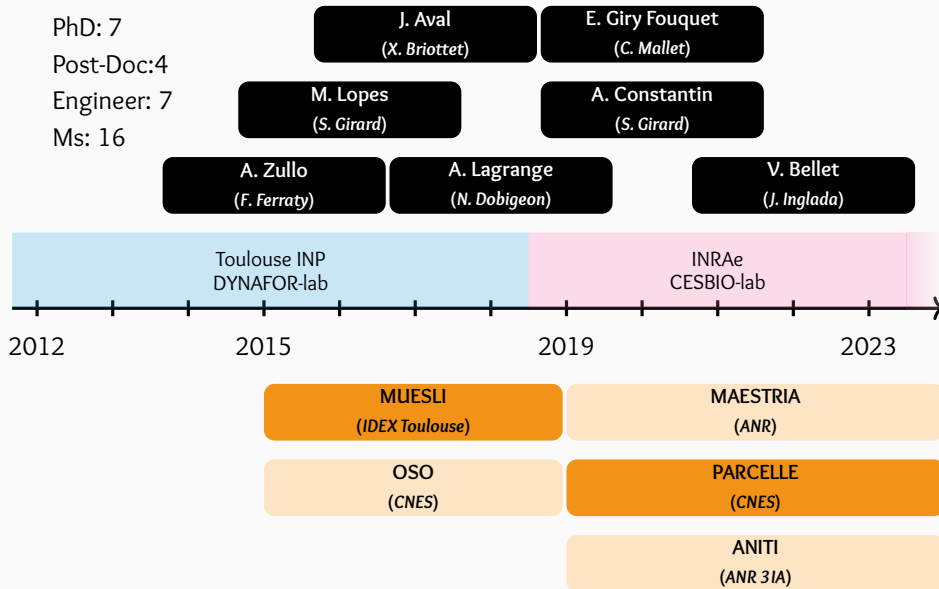
Education & Professional Experience

PhD: 7

Post-Doc: 4

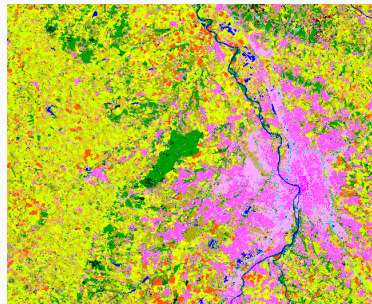
Engineer: 7

Ms: 16



Introduction

Scientific Context



$f(\text{pixel's features}) = \text{"Corn"}$

- Prediction: classification, regression, inversion ...
- Supervised learning, unsupervised, semi/self-supervised

- How to define predictive model for **tensorial** data ?

Image \times Spectra \times Time Series

- How to learn with **high number** of **correlated** features ?
 - ★ More features than sample
 - ★ Numerical instability
 - ★ Overfitting
- How to include **multi-source** data in the learning/inference framework ?
- How to deal with **missing values** in features ?

Challenges in Machine Learning

- How to define predictive model for **tensorial** data ?

- How to learn with **high**

- ★ More features than
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- How to include **multi-s**

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Spectra ×

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Exploit the **structure** of the data w.r.t the **application**

Spatial & Spectral Methods - [Hyperspectral, VHR]

- Morphological filters
- Definition of kernel functions
- OBIA

High Dimensional Space - [hyperspectral, SITS]

- Pseudo-distance between spectra
- Feature selection
- Functional data analysis (A. Zullo)
- Representation learning (A. Lagrange)

Spectro & Temporal Methods - [SITS]

- Irregular & unaligned time series (A. Constantin)

Thematic Applications

- Urban trees (*J. Aval*)
- Hedgerows network
- Grasslands (*M. Lopes*)

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Type	#
Journal	48
Chapter	4
Proceeding	53

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Quick look of my contributions

Spatial & Spectral Methods - [Hyperspectral, VHR]

- Morphological filters
- Definition of **“Advances in Spectral-Spatial Classification of Hyperspectral Images”** Fauvel, Tarabalka, et al.
- OBIA

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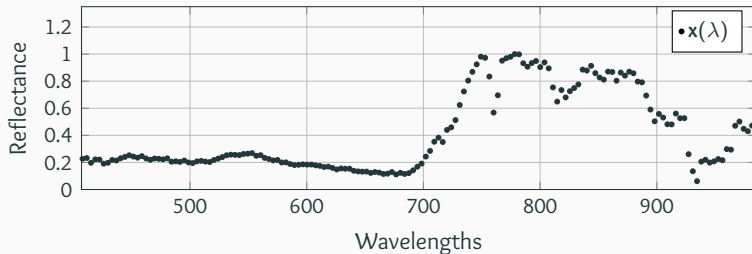
Selected Scientific Contributions

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Functional Data Analysis For High Dimensional Remote Sensing Data



Anthony Zullo, “Analyse de données fonctionnelles en télédétection hyperspectrale : application à l’étude des paysages agri-forestiers”

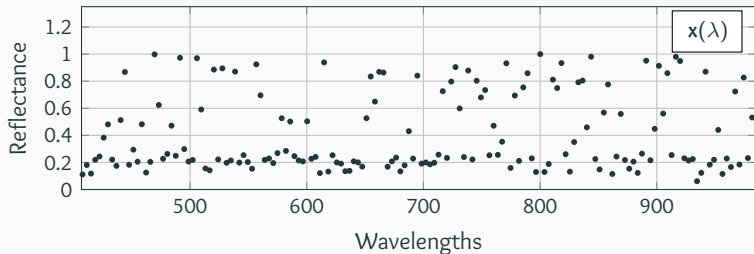


Random vector

- $\mathbf{x} = [x_{\lambda_1}, \dots, x_{\lambda_d}] \in \mathbb{R}^d$
- Invariant to random permutation

Random curves

- $\chi = \{\chi(\lambda), \lambda \in [\lambda_1, \lambda_d]\} \in \mathcal{F}$
- Ordering relation
- Integrate curves properties (derivative, smoothness)

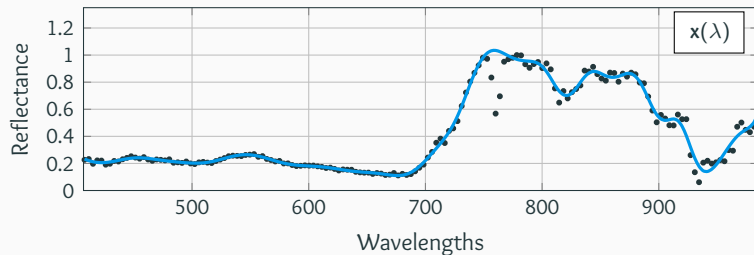


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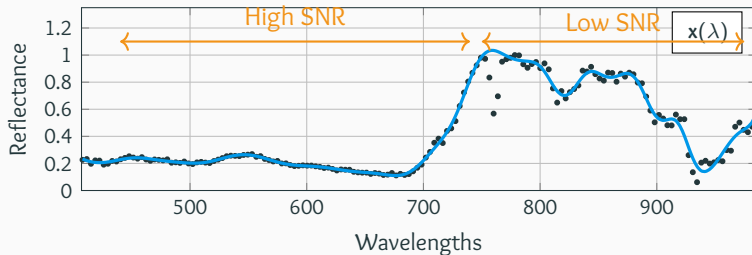


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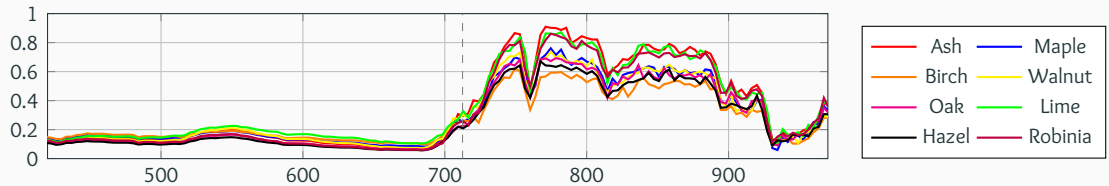
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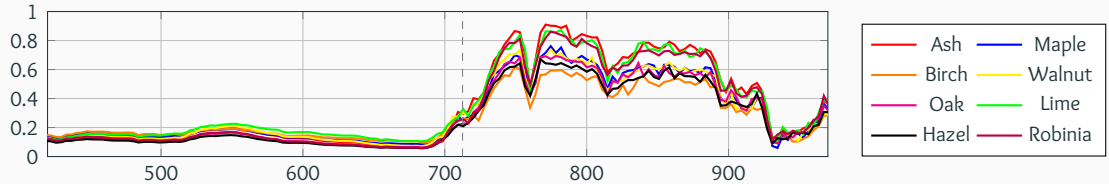
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Classification of Hyperspectral Data



Classification of Hyperspectral Data



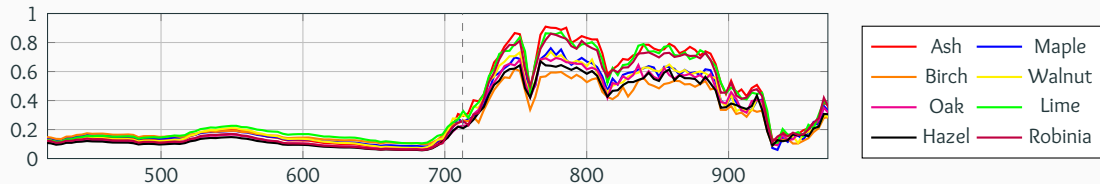
Heteroscedastic noise

$$\mathbf{X}_i(\lambda) \xrightarrow{g} \tilde{\mathbf{X}}_i(\lambda) \xrightarrow{f} \hat{Y}$$

$$\tilde{\mathbf{X}}_i(\lambda) = \sum_{j=1}^d a_{\lambda_j}(\lambda) \mathbf{X}_i(\lambda_j)$$

Ferraty, A. Zullo, and Fauvel, "Nonparametric regression on contaminated functional predictor with application to hyperspectral

Classification of Hyperspectral Data



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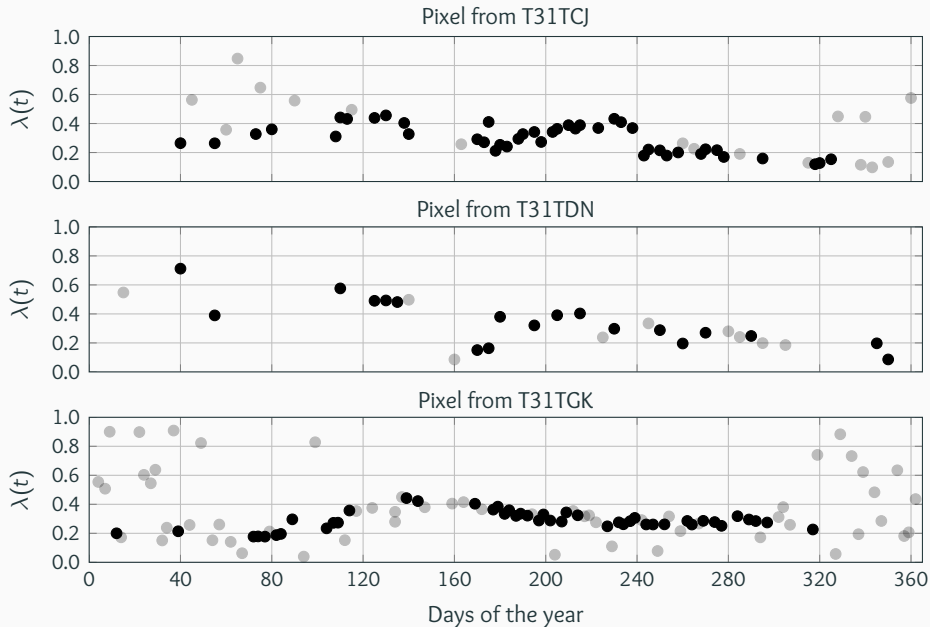
Classification results

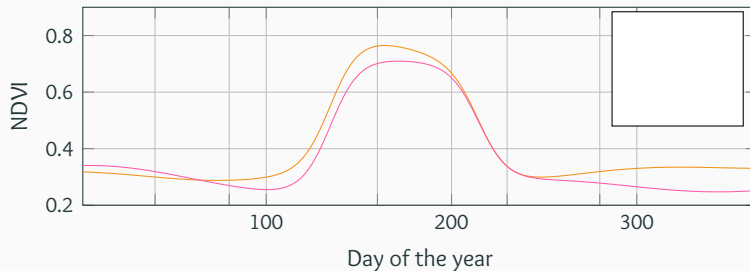
	Error rate	std
NPFE	10.5	1.0
GMM	14.9	1.3
SVM	13.8	1.4
RF	18.5	1.2

Selected Scientific Contributions

Gaussian Process For Irregular And Unaligned Time Series

Irregular and Unaligned SITS



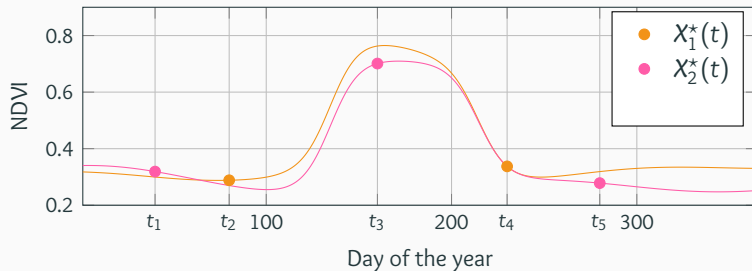


Definition

A Gaussian process (GP) is a stochastic process such that any finite-dimensional marginal follows a multivariate Gaussian distribution.

$$X \sim \mathcal{GP}(m, K), X(t) \in \mathbb{R}$$

Alexandre Constantin, “Analyse de séries temporelles massives d’images satellitaires : Applications à la cartographie des écosystèmes”

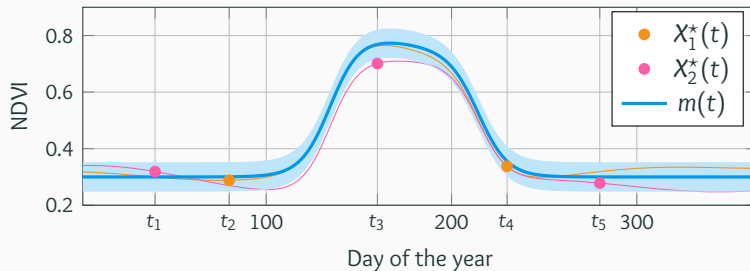


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$$\begin{bmatrix} X_1^*(t_1) \\ X_1^*(t_3) \\ X_1^*(t_5) \end{bmatrix} \sim \mathcal{N}_3 \left(\begin{bmatrix} m(t_1) \\ m(t_3) \\ m(t_5) \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} K(t_1, t_1) & \dots & K(t_1, t_5) \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ K(t_5, t_1) & \dots & K(t_5, t_5) \end{bmatrix} \right) \quad \begin{bmatrix} X_2^*(t_2) \\ X_2^*(t_4) \end{bmatrix} \sim \mathcal{N}_2 \left(\begin{bmatrix} m(t_2) \\ m(t_4) \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} K(t_2, t_2) & K(t_2, t_4) \\ K(t_2, t_4) & K(t_4, t_4) \end{bmatrix} \right)$$



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Definition

A Multivariate Gaussian Processes (MGP), conditionally to $Z = c$, is defined as

$$\mathbf{X}(t) = \mathbf{A}_c \mathbf{W}_c(t) + \mathbf{m}_c(t) \text{ with } \mathbf{W}_{cb} | Z = c \sim \mathcal{GP}(0, K_c)$$

A. Constantin, Fauvel, and Girard, “Mixture of multivariate Gaussian processes for classification of irregularly sampled satellite image time-series”

Multivariate Gaussian Processes (MGP) for SITS classification

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$$(\mathbf{x}^*)_l \sim \mathcal{N}_p(\cdot, \mathbf{\Lambda})$$

$$(\mathbf{x}^*)_k^\top \sim \mathcal{N}_q(\cdot, \mathbf{\Sigma})$$



$$\boldsymbol{\lambda}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} \lambda_1(t) \\ \vdots \\ \lambda_p(t) \end{bmatrix}$$

Multivariate Gaussian Processes (MGP) for SITS classification

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$$\boldsymbol{\lambda}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} \lambda_1(t) \\ \vdots \\ \lambda_p(t) \end{bmatrix}$$

- Negative log likelihood for class c

$$p \sum_{i|Z^i=c} \log |\boldsymbol{\Sigma}_i(\boldsymbol{\theta}_c)| + q_i \log |\mathbf{A}_c \mathbf{A}_c^\top| + \text{tr} \left[\sum_{i|Z^i=c} (\mathbf{X}_i^* - \boldsymbol{\alpha}_c \mathbf{B}_i) \{ \boldsymbol{\Sigma}_i(\boldsymbol{\theta}_c) \}^{-1} (\mathbf{X}_i^* - \boldsymbol{\alpha}_c \mathbf{B}_i)^\top \{ \mathbf{A}_c \mathbf{A}_c^\top \}^{-1} \right] + \kappa$$

- Classification of sample \mathbf{X}_u^* observed at timestamps T_u and imputation of time \tilde{t}_u

S2 Land Cover Classification

- 190,000 learning pixels for 3 tiles
- 14 land cover classes
- Non-parametric models RF
- Parametric model QDA

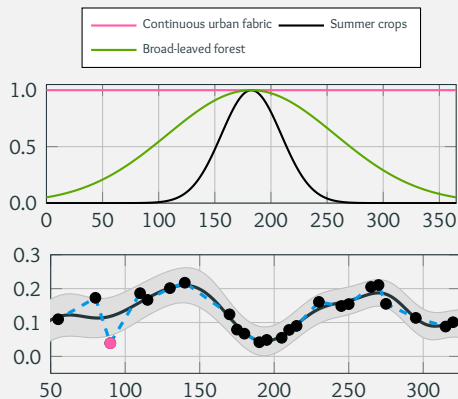
	Average F1	std F1
M2GP	63.1	1.15
QDA	64.2	1.36
RF	74.2	1.78

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By-product

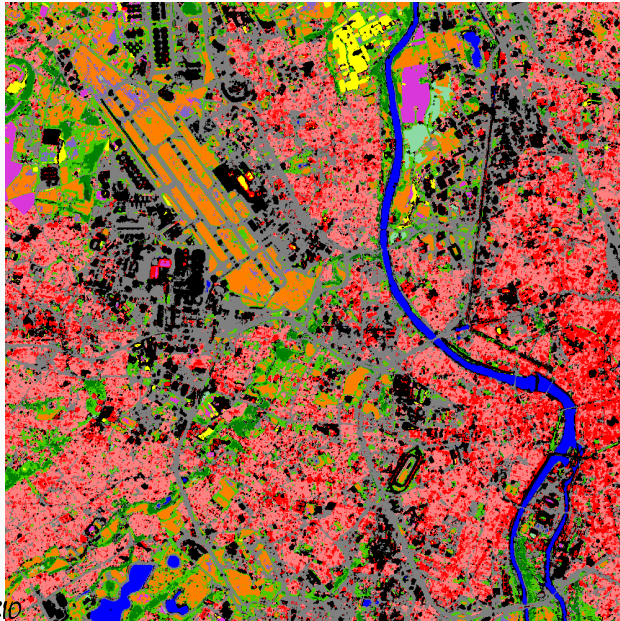


Classification and imputation of irregular and unaligned SITS

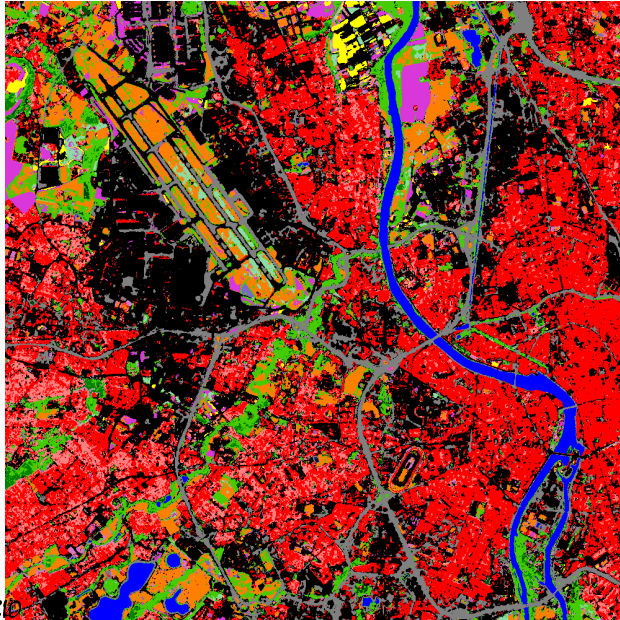


Summer crops
Winter crops
Broad-leaved forest
Continuous urban fabric
Discontinuous urban fabric
Industrial/commercial units
Meadow
Orchards
Road surfaces
Vines
Water bodies
Woody moorlands
Coniferous forest
Natural grasslands

Classification and imputation of irregular and unaligned SITS



Classification and imputation of irregular and unaligned SITS



Selected Scientific Contributions

Grassland plant taxonomic diversity estimation

State of the art (as of 2017)

- Plant diversity:
 - × MSR (e.g., MODIS)
 - ✓ VHSR (e.g., Rapid Eye)
 - ✓ Aerial hyperspectral data
- Limited in time and space !

State of the art (as of 2017)

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- Can Sentinel 1&2 help to monitor diversity ?

Plant diversity at scale

- Maïlys Lopes, “Ecological monitoring of semi-natural grasslands : statistical analysis of dense satellite image time series with high spatial resolution”
- ✓ Old/Young grassland classification
- Go beyond:
 - ★ Pixel wise prediction
 - ★ Joint use S1/S2

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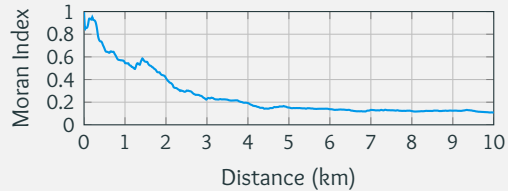
Objectives

- Predict diversity index: *Shannon* and *Simpson*
- Using all S1 & S2 from 2017-08 to 2018-12

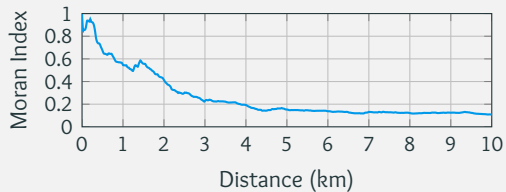
Data	S2	NDVI	NDVI-S2	PCA-S2	R-IR	S1	S1-S2	PCA-S1-S2
Size	188	47	235	49	94	279	467	117

Fauvel, M. Lopes, et al., “Prediction of plant diversity in grasslands using Sentinel-1 and -2 satellite image time series”

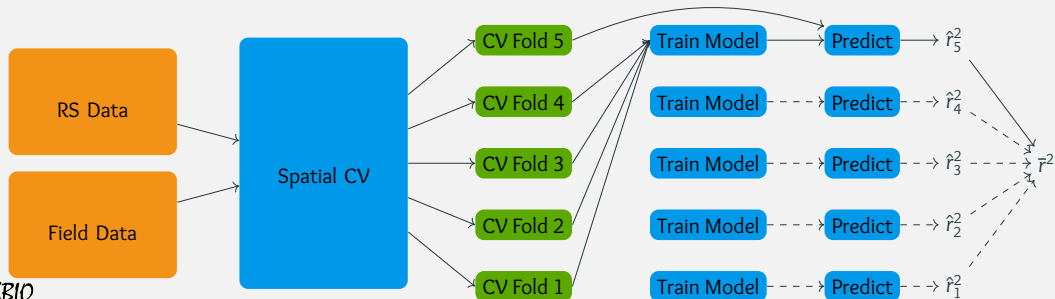
Spatial auto-correlation of the diversity index



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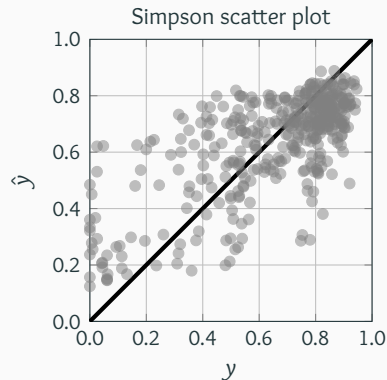
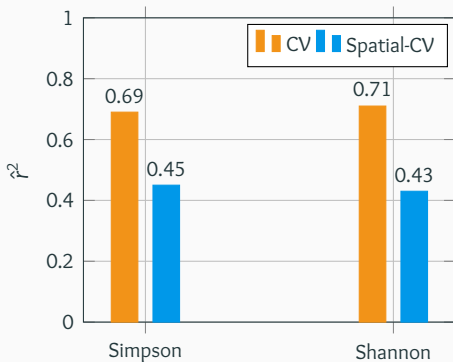


Estimation of the accuracy

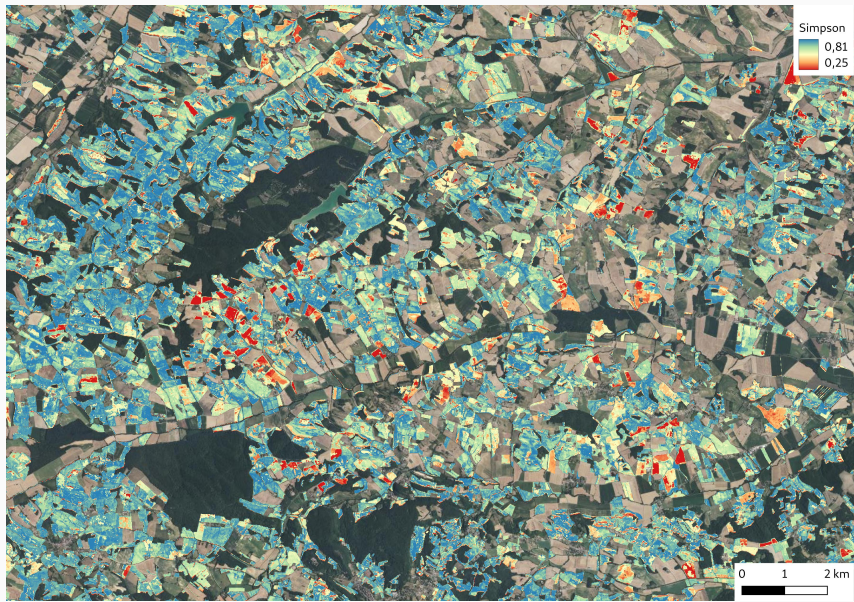


Results obtained with R-IR bands only, using RF

Influence of the spatial auto-corr.



Results and Discussion



Perspectives

Objectives

- State: composition and configuration
- Trend: vegetation dynamic index
- Various vegetation type: crops, grasslands, forests ...
- New practices: intercropping ...
- Reduce dependence on ground truth

Constraint

- Training
 - ★ Semi-/Weakly-/Self-supervised
 - ★ Scale w.r.t the number of sample
 - ★ Irregular sampled multi-resolution data
- Inference
 - ★ Function over space and time
 - ★ With *confidence*

- Applications

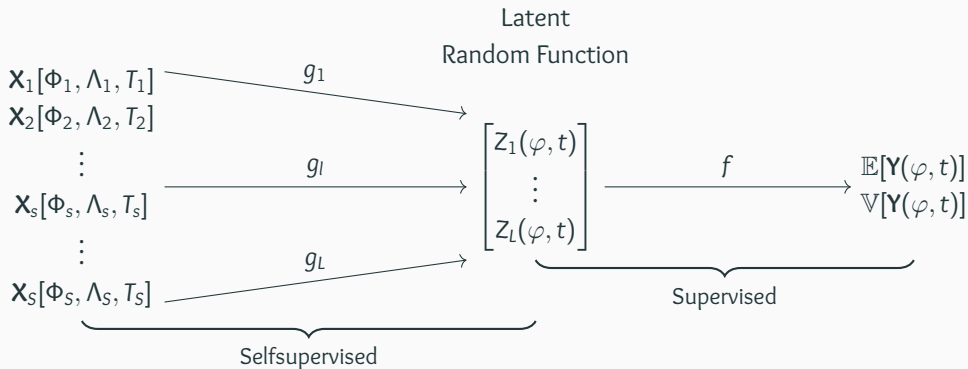


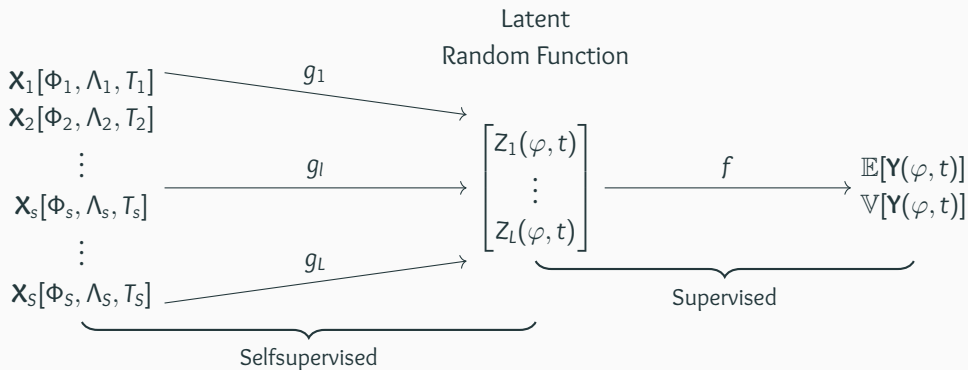
- ★ Plant/Animal diversity
- ★ Carbon storage
- ★ Adaptation to climate change

- Current issues

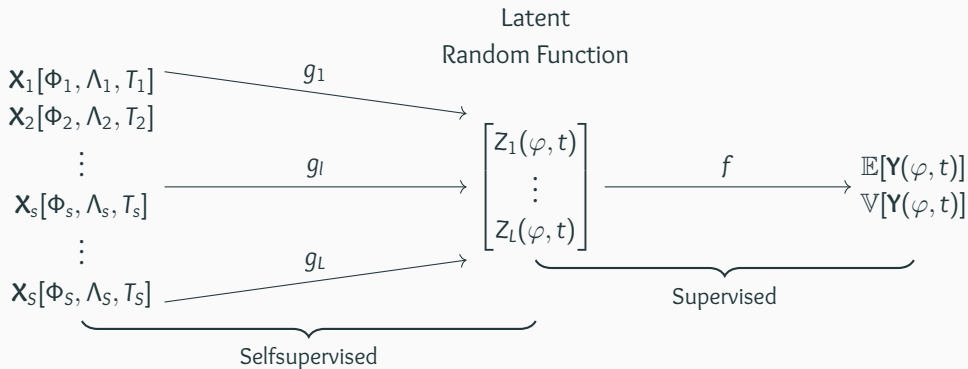
- ★ Coarse resolution
- ★ Unadapted model (e.g, double logistic)
- ★ Based on NDVI/LAI - derived spectral index
- ★ Limited use of S1 w.r.t S2

- CES Theia - Variables for biodiversity

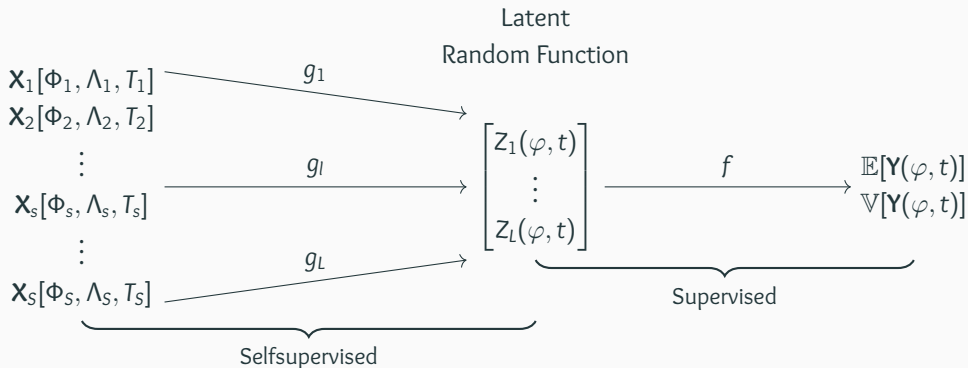




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- Link function f : analytic formulation (or easy approximation) for posterior



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- Link function f : analytic formulation (or easy approximation) for posterior
- **Latent functional space**
 - ★ Learn a fix discretization grid on virtual design points
 - ★ Decouple time and space: $Z_l(\psi, t) = \tilde{Z}_l(\psi) + \bar{Z}_l(t)$
 - ★ Learn parametric functional basis, e.g., *neural operator*

References

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Thank you for your attention



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